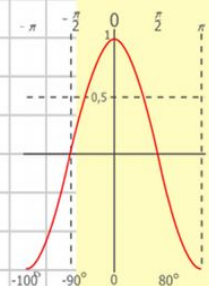
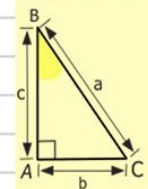
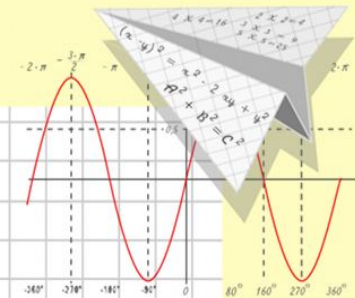
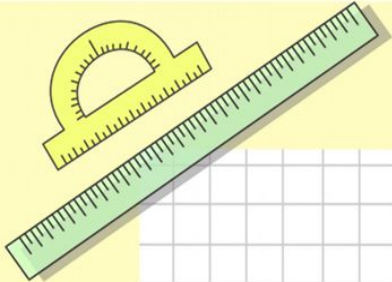


Математик

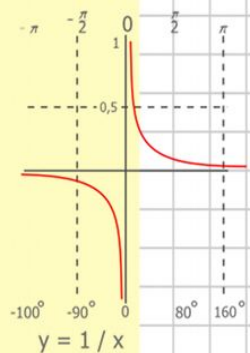
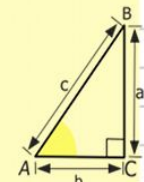
а

Формулы сокращенного умножения.



$y = \cos x$

- $2 \times 2 = 4$
- $3 \times 3 = 9$
- $4 \times 4 = 16$
- $5 \times 5 = 25$
- $6 \times 6 = 36$
- $7 \times 7 = 49$
- $8 \times 8 = 64$



$$\begin{array}{r} 2500 \\ \times 42 \\ \hline 210 \\ + 84 \\ \hline 10500 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

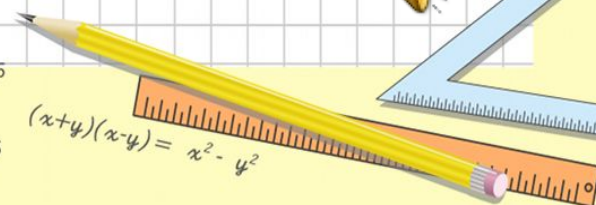
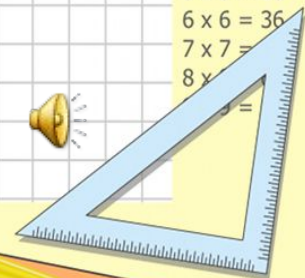
$$\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a+b}{c}$$

$$\sin 90^\circ = 1$$



$$\begin{cases} y = \sin 90 \\ x = 25y + 45 \\ y = 1 \\ x = 25 + 45 \\ \hline x = 70 \end{cases}$$

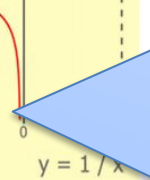
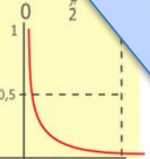
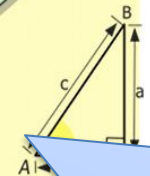
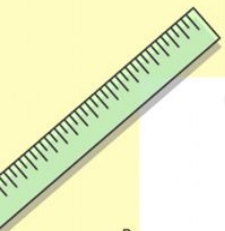
$$(x+y)(x-y) = x^2 - y^2$$



Три пути ведут к знанию:

- Путь размышления самый благородный,
- Путь подражания самый легкий
- И путь опыта это путь самый горький

Конфуций



$$\begin{array}{r} 1\ 2\ 5\ 00 \\ \times 42 \\ \hline 210 \\ + 84 \\ \hline 105\ 000 \end{array}$$



$$\frac{a}{A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a+b}{c}$$

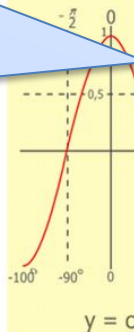
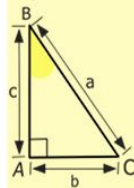
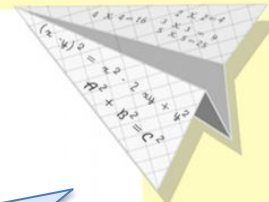
$$\sin 90^\circ = 1$$



$$\begin{cases} y = \sin 90 \\ x = 25y + 45 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = 1 \\ x = 25 + 45 \\ \hline x = 70 \end{cases}$$

$$(x+y)(x-y) = x^2 - y^2$$

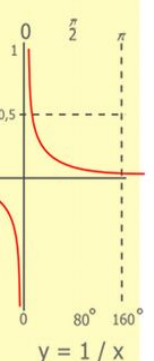
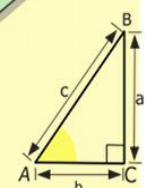
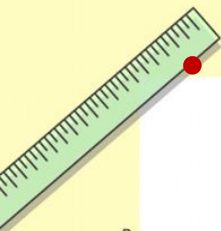


$$\begin{array}{l} 2 \times 2 = 4 \\ 3 \times 3 = 9 \\ 4 \times 4 = 16 \\ 5 \times 5 = 25 \\ 6 \times 6 = 36 \\ 7 \times 7 = 49 \\ 8 \times 8 = 64 \\ 9 \times 9 = 81 \end{array}$$

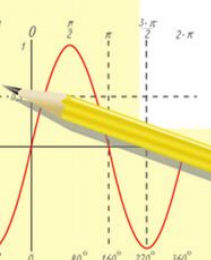


ВОПРОС - ОТВЕТ

- **Что называют одночленом?**
 - **Какие слагаемые называются подобными?**
 - **Что называют многочленом?**
 - **Как умножить степени с одинаковым основанием?**
 - **Как возвести произведение в степень?**
- СУММУ ОДНОЧЛЕНОВ
 - **Возвести в данную степень каждый множитель**
 - ПРОИЗВЕДЕНИЕ ЧИСЕЛ, ПЕРЕМЕННЫХ И ИХ СТЕПЕНЕЙ
 - **СЛАГАЕМЫЕ С ОДИНАКОВОЙ БУКВЕННОЙ ЧАСТЬЮ**
 - ОСНОВАНИЕ ОСТАВИТЬ ТЕМ ЖЕ, А ПОКАЗАТЕЛИ ПЕРЕМНОЖИТЬ



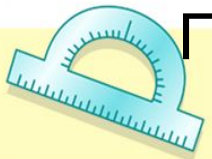
$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \ 2 \ 5 \ 00 \\ \times 42 \\ \hline 210 \\ + 840 \\ \hline 105000 \end{array}$$



$$\frac{a}{A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

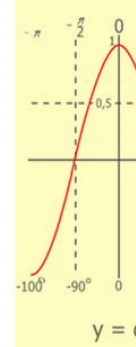
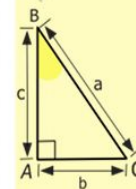
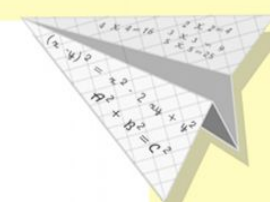
$$\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a+b}{c}$$

$$\sin 90^\circ = 1$$

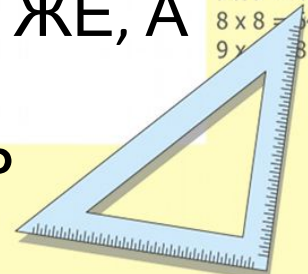


$$\begin{cases} y = \sin 90 \\ x = 25 + 45 \\ x = 70 \end{cases}$$

$$(x+y)(x-y) = x^2 - y^2$$



$$\begin{array}{l} 2 \times 2 = 4 \\ 3 \times 3 = 9 \\ 4 \times 4 = 16 \\ 5 \times 5 = 25 \\ 6 \times 6 = 36 \\ 7 \times 7 = 49 \\ 8 \times 8 = 64 \\ 9 \times 9 = 81 \end{array}$$



- Квадрат b .

- Разность квадратов a и b :

b^2

- Сумма квадратов a и b :

$+b^2$

- Произведение a и b :

- Удвоенное произведение a и b :

$2ab$

- Сумма a и b :

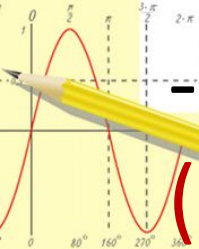
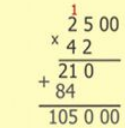
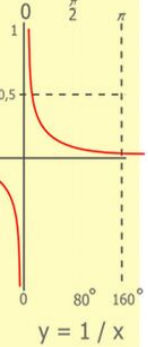
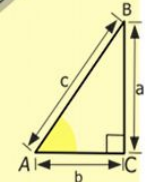
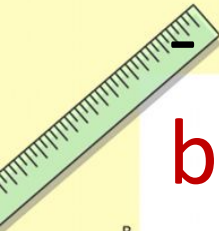
- Разность a и b :

$a-b$

- Квадрат суммы a и b :

$(a+b)^2$

$a^2 -$



$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

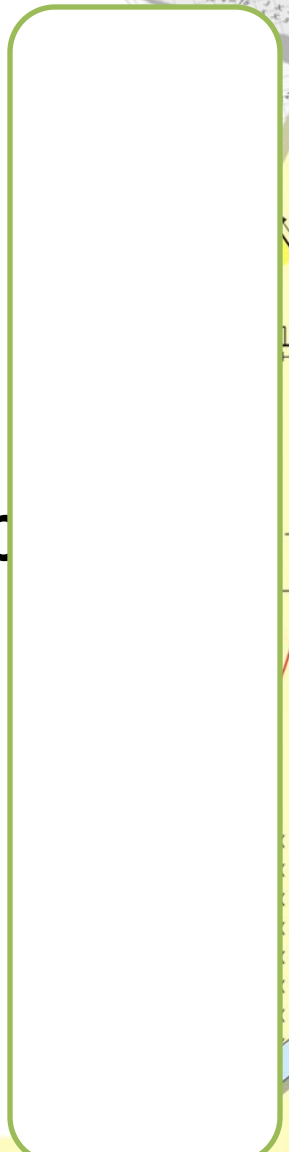
$$\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a+b}{c}$$

$$\sin 90^\circ = 1$$

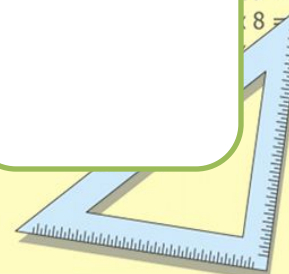


$$\begin{cases} y = \sin 90 \\ x = 25y + 45 \\ y = 1 \\ x = 25 + 45 \\ x = 70 \end{cases}$$

$$(x+y)(x-y) = x^2 - y^2$$



- $2 = 4$
- $3 = 9$
- $4 = 16$
- $5 = 25$
- $6 = 36$
- $7 = 49$
- $8 = 64$
- $9 = 81$



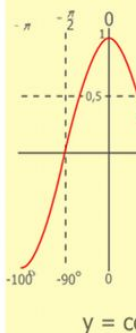
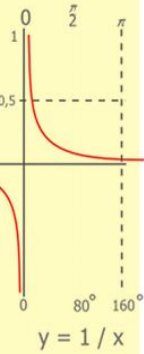
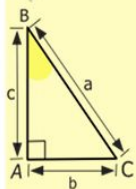
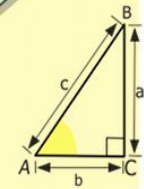
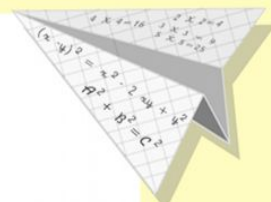
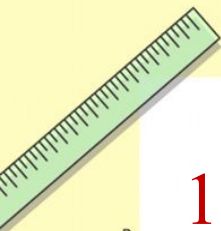
1. Найдите произведение $5b$ и $3c$. Чему равно удвоенное произведение этих выражений?

2. Прочитайте выражения.

- а) $x + y$ в) $(k + 1)^2$ д) $(a - b)^2$
б) $c^2 + p^2$ г) $p - y$ е) $c^2 - x^2$

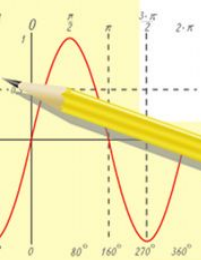
3. Перемножить данные многочлены.

$(4 - a) \cdot (3 + a) =$



$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 2500 \\ \times 42 \\ \hline 210 \\ + 84 \\ \hline 10500 \end{array}$$

- 2 x 2 = 4
- 3 x 3 = 9
- 4 x 4 = 16
- 5 x 5 = 25
- 6 x 6 = 36
- 7 x 7 = 49
- 8 x 8 = 64
- 9 x 9 = 81



$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a+b}{c}$$

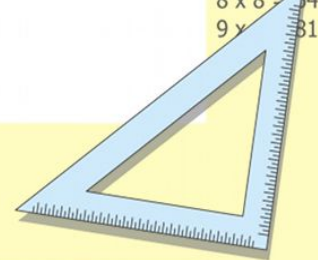
$$\sin 90^\circ = 1$$



$$\begin{cases} y = \sin 90 \\ x = 25y + 45 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = 1 \\ x = 25 + 45 \\ \hline x = 70 \end{cases}$$

$$(x+y)(x-y) = x^2 - y^2$$

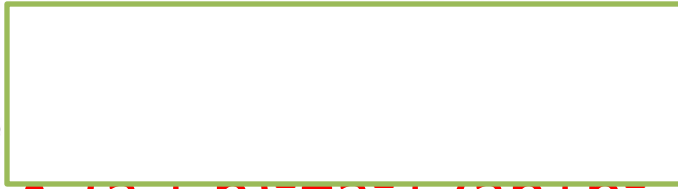


Выполните умножение многочлена на

многочлен:

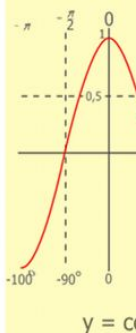
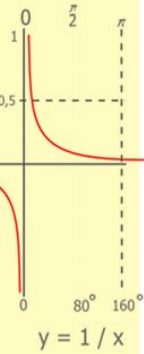
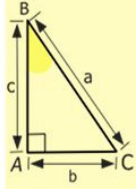
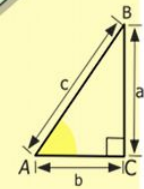
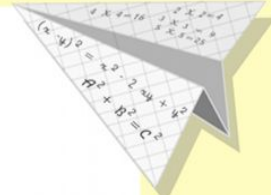
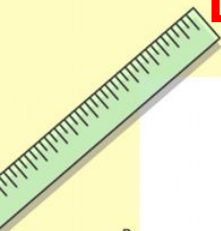
- $(x + y)^2$
- $(c + d)^2$
- $(2p + s)^2$

- $(2m - 3n)^2$
- $(x - 4y)^2$
- $(3p - 4s)^2$



~~• $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$~~

~~• $(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$~~



$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{1}{2} 500 \\ \times 42 \\ \hline 210 \\ + 84 \\ \hline 10500 \end{array}$$

- 2 x 2 = 4
- 3 x 3 = 9
- 4 x 4 = 16
- 5 x 5 = 25
- 6 x 6 = 36
- 7 x 7 = 49
- 8 x 8 = 64
- 9 x 9 = 81



$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a+b}{c}$$

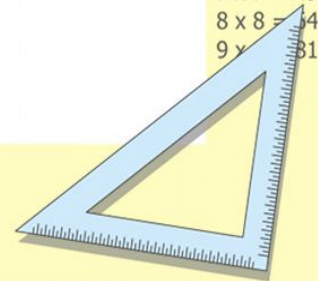
$$\sin 90^\circ = 1$$

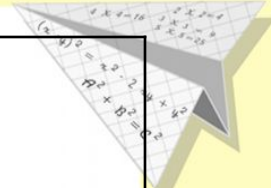
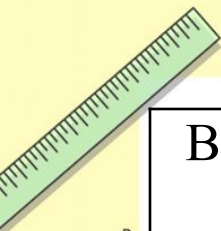


$$\begin{cases} y = \sin 90 \\ x = 25y + 45 \end{cases}$$

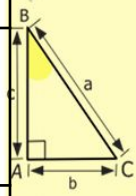
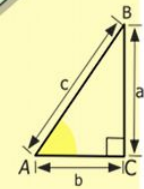
$$\begin{cases} y = 1 \\ x = 25 + 45 \\ \hline x = 70 \end{cases}$$

$$(x+y)(x-y) = x^2 - y^2$$





Выражение	Квадрат 1 выражения	Удвоенное Произведение	Квадрат 2 выражения	Итог
$(a + 4)^2$	a^2	$8a$	16	$a^2 + 8a + 16$
$(8 - x)^2$				
$(2y + 1)^2$				
$(0,5b - 2)^2$				



$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 2500 \\ \times 42 \\ \hline 210 \\ + 84 \\ \hline 105000 \end{array}$$

- 2 x 2 = 4
- 3 x 3 = 9
- 4 x 4 = 16
- 5 x 5 = 25
- 6 x 6 = 36
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$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a+b}{c}$$

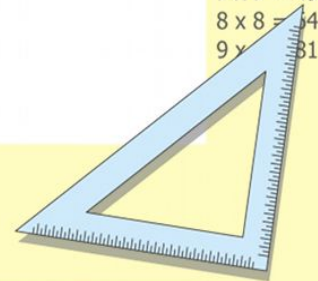
$$\sin 90^\circ = 1$$

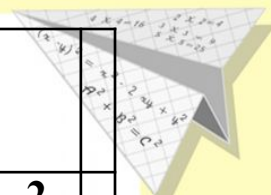
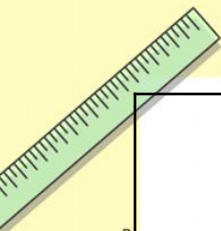


$$\begin{cases} y = \sin 90 \\ x = 25y + 45 \end{cases}$$

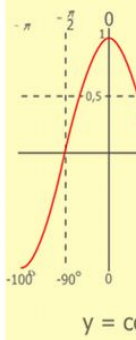
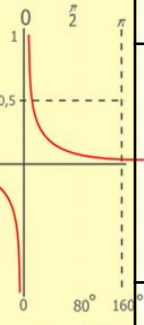
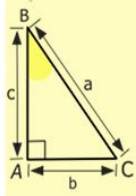
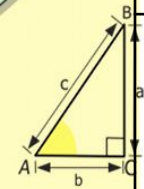
$$\begin{cases} y = 1 \\ x = 25 + 45 \\ \hline x = 70 \end{cases}$$

$$(x+y)(x-y) = x^2 - y^2$$



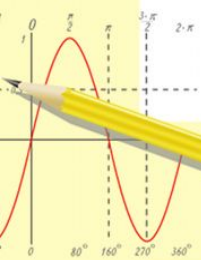


	$(y - 9)^2$	$(5x+4y)^2$	$(2a - 0,5x)^2$
1	$y^2 - 9y + 81$ A	$25x^2 - 20xy + 16y^2$ Г	$4a^2 - 2ax + 0,25x^2$ A
2	$y^2 + 18y + 81$ H	$25x^2 + 40xy + 16y^2$ P	$4a^2 + 2ax + 0,25x^2$ Д
3	$y^2 - 18y + 81$ У	$25x^2 + 20xy + 16y^2$ О	$4a^2 - ax + 0,25x^2$ Е
4	$y^2 + 9y + 81$ М	$25x^2 - 40xy + 16y^2$ Л	$4a^2 + ax + 0,25x^2$ Ц



$\frac{1}{2} \times 500$
 $\times 42$
 $\frac{210}{84}$
 $\frac{105000}{84}$

- 2 x 2 = 4
- 3 x 3 = 9
- 4 x 4 = 16
- 5 x 5 = 25
- 6 x 6 = 36
- 7 x 7 = 49
- 8 x 8 = 64
- 9 x 9 = 81



$$a \sin A = b \sin B = c \sin C$$

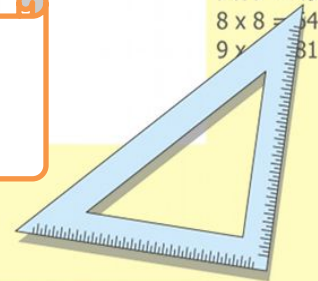
$$\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a+b}{c}$$

$$\sin 90^\circ = 1$$



$$\begin{cases} y = 1 \\ x = 25 + 45 \\ x = 70 \end{cases}$$

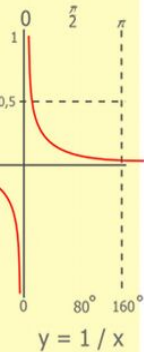
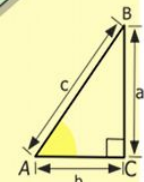
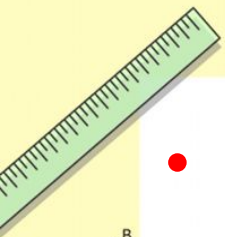
$$(x+y)(x-y) = x^2 - y^2$$



Домашнее задание.

- № 729- *путь подражания* преобразовать в многочлен, используя формулы квадрата суммы и квадрата разности.
- № 731 – творческое задание, заполнить пустые пропуски – *путь размышления*

- Внимание! Для любознательных!
* доказать геометрический смысл формулы $(a+b)^2$ стр.189.



$$\begin{array}{r} 1\ 2\ 5\ 00 \\ \times 4\ 2 \\ \hline 21\ 0 \\ + 84\ 0 \\ \hline 105\ 0\ 00 \end{array}$$



$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$\frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a+b}{c}$$

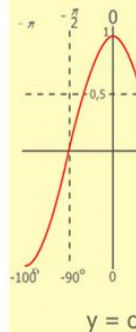
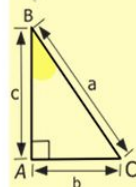
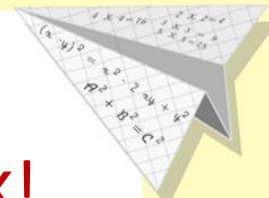
$$\sin 90^\circ = 1$$



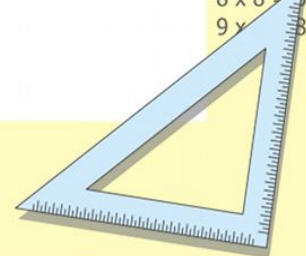
$$\begin{cases} y = \sin 90 \\ x = 25y + 45 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} y = 1 \\ x = 25 + 45 \\ \hline x = 70 \end{cases}$$

$$(x+y)(x-y) = x^2 - y^2$$



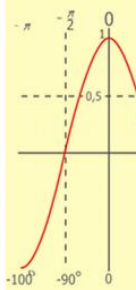
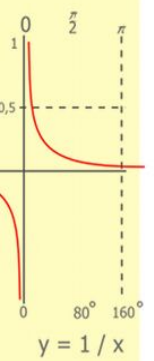
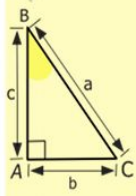
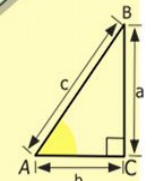
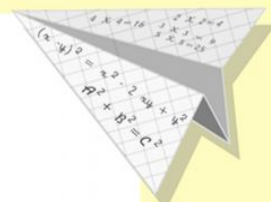
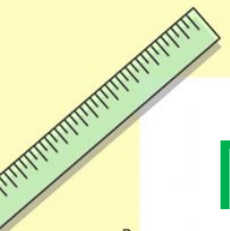
$$\begin{array}{l} 2 \times 2 = 4 \\ 3 \times 3 = 9 \\ 4 \times 4 = 16 \\ 5 \times 5 = 25 \\ 6 \times 6 = 36 \\ 7 \times 7 = 49 \\ 8 \times 8 = 64 \\ 9 \times 9 = 81 \end{array}$$



Путь размышления самый
 благородный,
 кто размышлял, получил «4» и «5»

- украсьте дерево красными
 цветами.

Путь подражания самый
 легкий ...кто делал по образцу- синими
 цветами.



$$\begin{array}{r} 2500 \\ \times 42 \\ \hline 2100 \\ + 8400 \\ \hline 105000 \end{array}$$

- 2 x 2 = 4
- 3 x 3 = 9
- 4 x 4 = 16
- 5 x 5 = 25
- 6 x 6 = 36
- 7 x 7 = 49
- 8 x 8 = 64
- 9 x 9 = 81



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