

# Topic



# Lesson objectives

- to revise sports and games;
- to know more about Olympic Games;
- to develop your interest in sport and healthy lifestyle;
  - to play some games.

# Sports



# Play

Play is used with ball sports or competitive games where we play against another person:

- *How often do you play tennis?* - tennis is a ball sport.
- *I play billiards with my friends on Friday night.* - billiards is a competitive game. We play to win.
- *I don't like playing chess.* - computer games are competitive so we use play.



# Go

Go is used with activities that end -ing.

We go somewhere to do something:

- *I go fishing on Sunday.*
- *Do you go skiing this winter?*
- *She said she went swimming.*



# Do






Do is used for a recreational activity or an individual sports that you do in a gym and do not use a ball:

- *I heard that you do karate.* - karate is an individual activity that you do in a gym.
- *I do crossword puzzles in my free time.* - crossword puzzles are not competitive.



Complete the following sentences using appropriate forms of do, go or play.

1. Did you..... dancing yesterday?

- a) do 
- b) play 
- c) go 

2. I find.....yoga to be very relaxing.

- a) doing 
- b) playing 
- c) going 



3. He likes to ..... a good game of chess from time to time.

- a) do
- b) play
- c) go



4. I ..... rafting in the mountain river last holidays.

- a) did
- b) played
- c) went



5. She will ..... gymnastics next month.

- a) do
- b) play
- c) go





6. He ..... cricket for a local club.

a) does ❌

b) plays ✅

c) goes ❌

7. He ..... sailing every week.

a) does ❌

b) plays ❌

c) goes ✅

8. My friend.....martial arts last year.

a) did ❌

b) played ❌

c) went ✅



# Ask and answer

Example:

- A: What sports do you do?
- B: I *play (go, do)* .... And you? What sports do you do?
- A: *I play (go, do)* ....

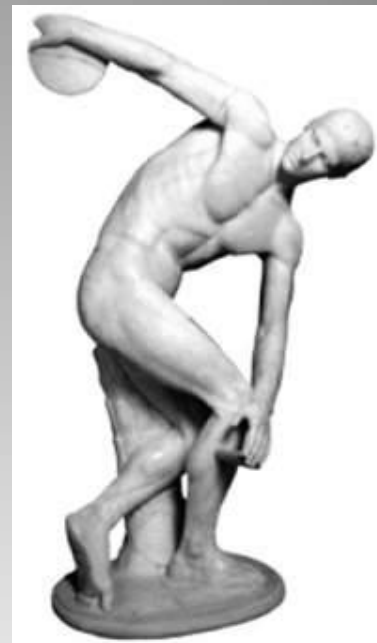


**Do** is used for a recreational activity or individual sports that you do in a gym and do not use a ball:  
*do karate*

**Play** is used with ball sports or competitive games where we play against another person:  
*play football*

**Go** is used with activities that end -ing. We go somewhere to do something:  
*go swimming*

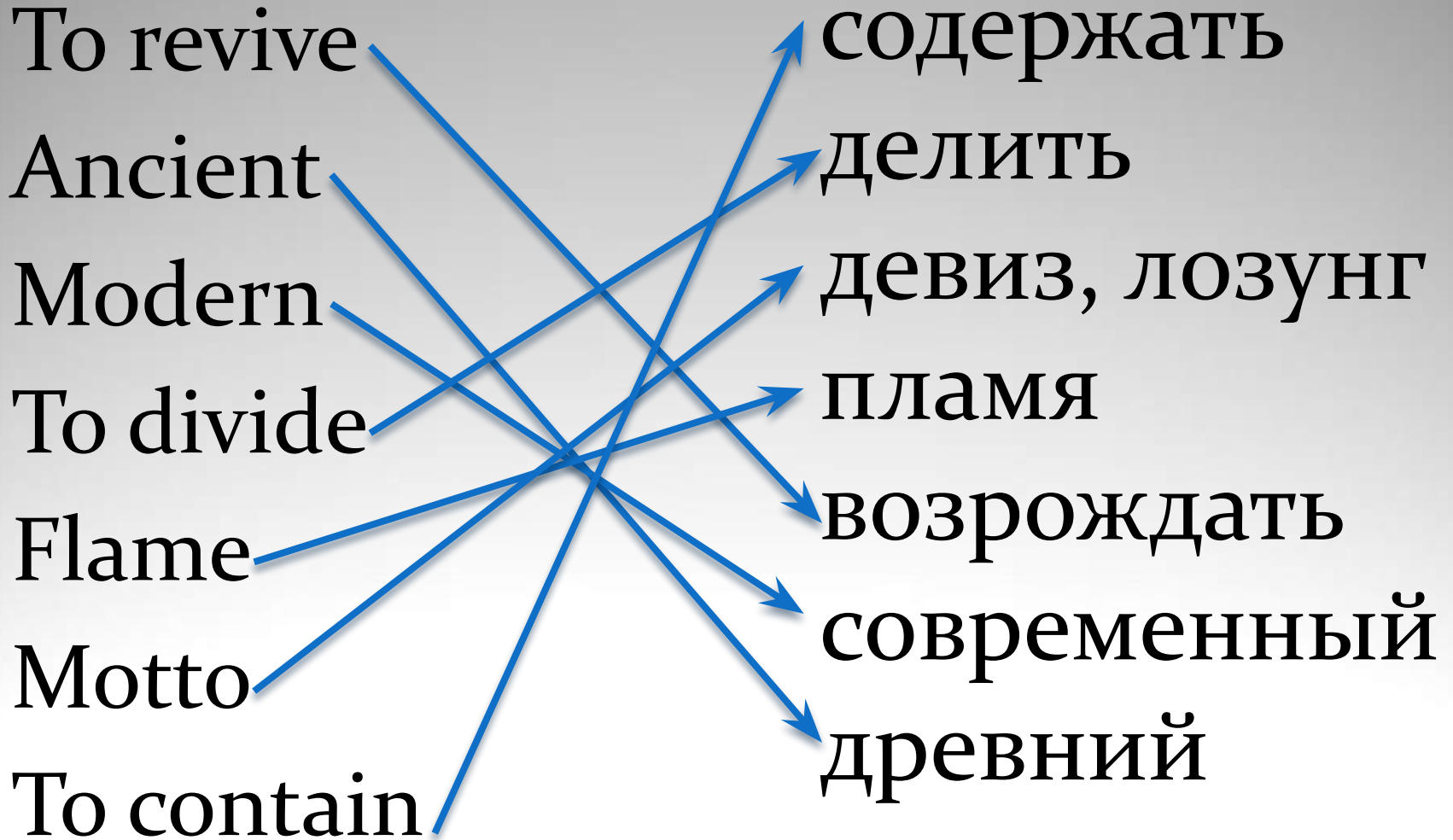
# OLYMPIC GAMES



# VOCABULARY

- Ancient [ˈeɪnʃənt] древний
- Modern [ˈmɒdərn] современный
- To revive [rɪˈvaɪv] возрождать
- To divide [dɪˈvaɪd] делить
- Flame [fleɪm] пламя
- To contain [kənˈteɪn] содержать
- Motto [ˈmɒtəʊ] девиз, лозунг

# MATCH THE WORDS



Olympic Games were first held at a place called Olympia in Ancient Greece. There have been two Olympic eras — ancient and modern. The ancient Olympic games took place in 776 before Christy, and since then they are held every four years. The modern era began in 1896 when a Frenchman called Baron Pierre de Coubertin revived the Games.

Now Olympic games are divided into summer and winter games which last for 16 days each.

There was always a flame at the ancient Games at the Opening Ceremony. It was used in the modern Olympic Games in 1928 (in Amsterdam). It is lit at Olympia from the rays of the sun. Then it's carried to the Games by thousands of runners. It burns in the stadium from start to finish at every Olympics.

The symbol of the Olympic Games is 5 rings. Each ring is in different colour: blue, black, red, yellow and green (all against a white background). Every national flag in the world contains one or more of these five colours.

The motto of the Olympic movement is *Citius, altius, fortius* which is Latin for *Faster, higher, stronger*.

# Exercise 4, page 82

1. Olympic, they, called, Games, Olympic, called, they?

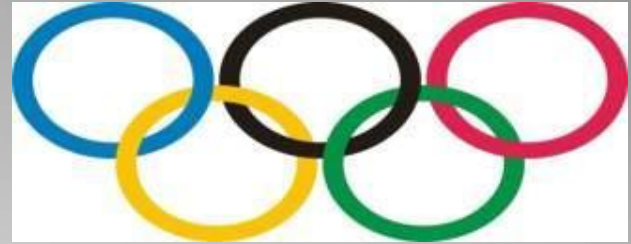
c. Because they were first held at a place called Olympia in Ancient Greece. There have been two Olympic eras — ancient and modern. The modern era began in 1896 when a French man called Baron Pierre de Coubertin revived the Games.





22. How long do the Summer Games last, the?

a. Sixteen days.



3. 3. What are the Winter Games, are there to?

h. Yes, there are. The first Winter Olympic Games took place in 1924.

4. What do the five circles on the Olympic flag represent, five?

e. They stand for five colours. Each circle is in different colour: blue, black, red, yellow and green (all against a white background). Every national flag in the world contains one or more of these five colours.

5. What happens at the beginning of the Olympic flame, of?

b. There was always a flame at the ancient Games. It was used in the modern Olympic Games in 1928 (in Amsterdam). It is lit at Olympia from the rays of the sun. Then it's carried to the Games by thousands of runners. It burns in the stadium from start to finish at every Olympics.

6. What happens at the Olympic Opening?

g. There's a huge display of song, dance and music by people from the host country.



7. Are the medals really made of gold, silver, bronze, and?

f. Silver and bronze medals are, but gold medals aren't. They are made of silver covered with gold.

8. What's the motto of Olympic movement, the?

d. Citius, altius, fortius which is Latin for Faster, higher, stronger.

# Homework.

Make a project “My favourite kind of sport”.

**THANK YOU!**

**GOOD BYE!**