



**British Parliament**







# British Parliament



# Prime Minister



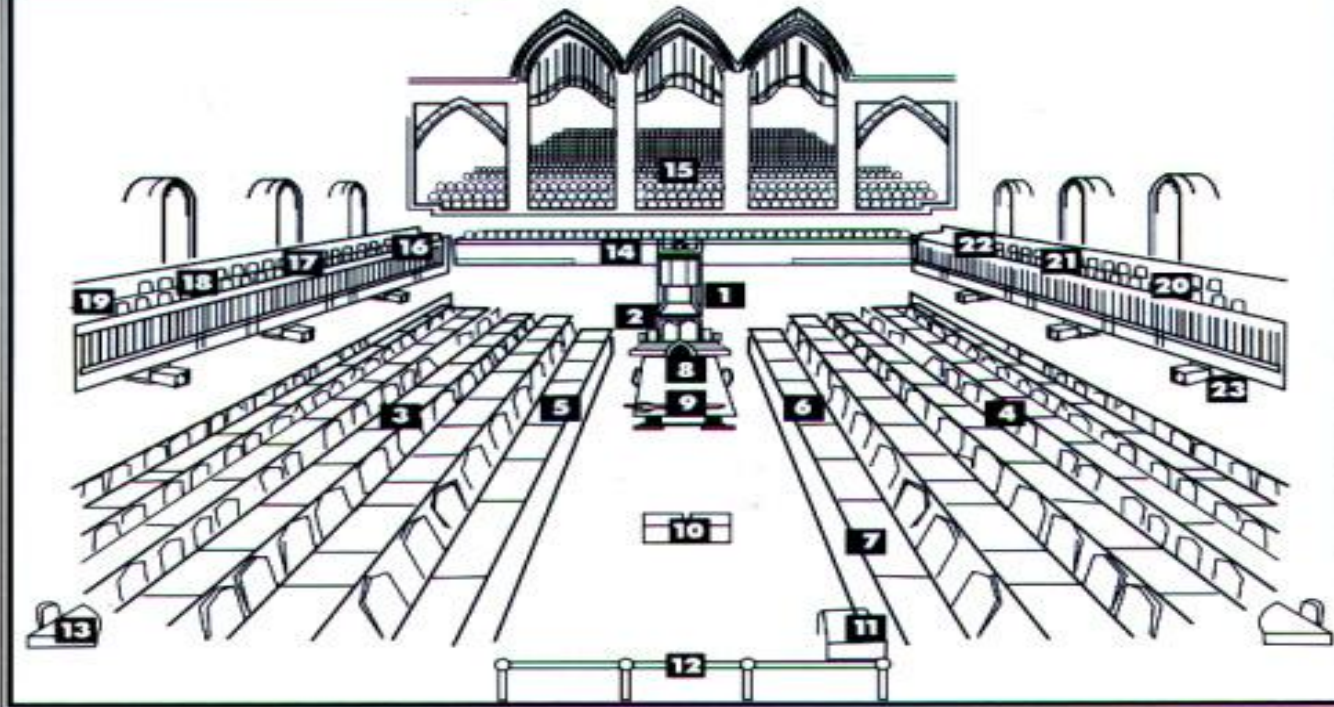
**Gordon Brown**



# *House of Commons*



## THE HOUSE OF COMMONS



- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>1</b> Speaker  | <b>13</b> Interpreters                       |
| <b>2</b> Pages  | <b>14</b> Press Gallery                      |
| <b>3</b> Government Members                               | <b>15</b> Public Gallery                     |
| <b>4</b> Opposition Members                               | <b>16</b> Official Gallery                   |
| <b>5</b> Prime Minister                                   | <b>17</b> Leader of the Opposition's Gallery |
| <b>6</b> Leader of the Official Opposition                | <b>18</b> Members' Gallery                   |
| <b>7</b> Leader of the Second Largest Party in Opposition | <b>19</b> Members' Gallery                   |
| <b>8</b> Clerk and Table Officers                         | <b>20</b> Members' Gallery                   |
| <b>9</b> Mace   | <b>21</b> Speaker's Gallery                  |
| <b>10</b> Hansard Reporters                               | <b>22</b> Senate Gallery                     |
| <b>11</b> Sergeant-at-Arms                                | <b>23</b> T.V. Cameras                       |
| <b>12</b> The Bar   |  |



# *House of Lords*



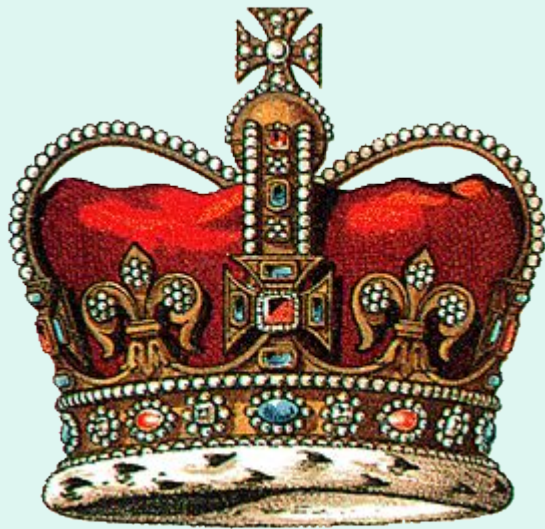




# *The Monarchy*



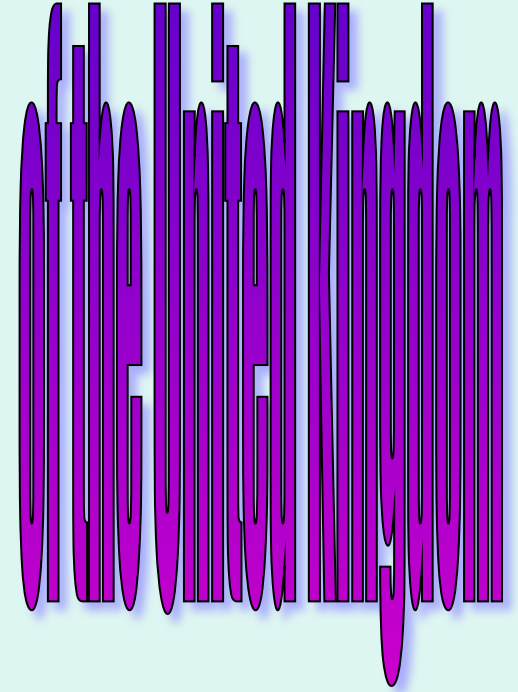
# *Символы Британской монархии*







queen



**Elizabeth II**

(Elizabeth Alexandra Mary )



# *В Британском парламенте*





*И снова там же ...*





*Вот так работает Британский парламент ...*

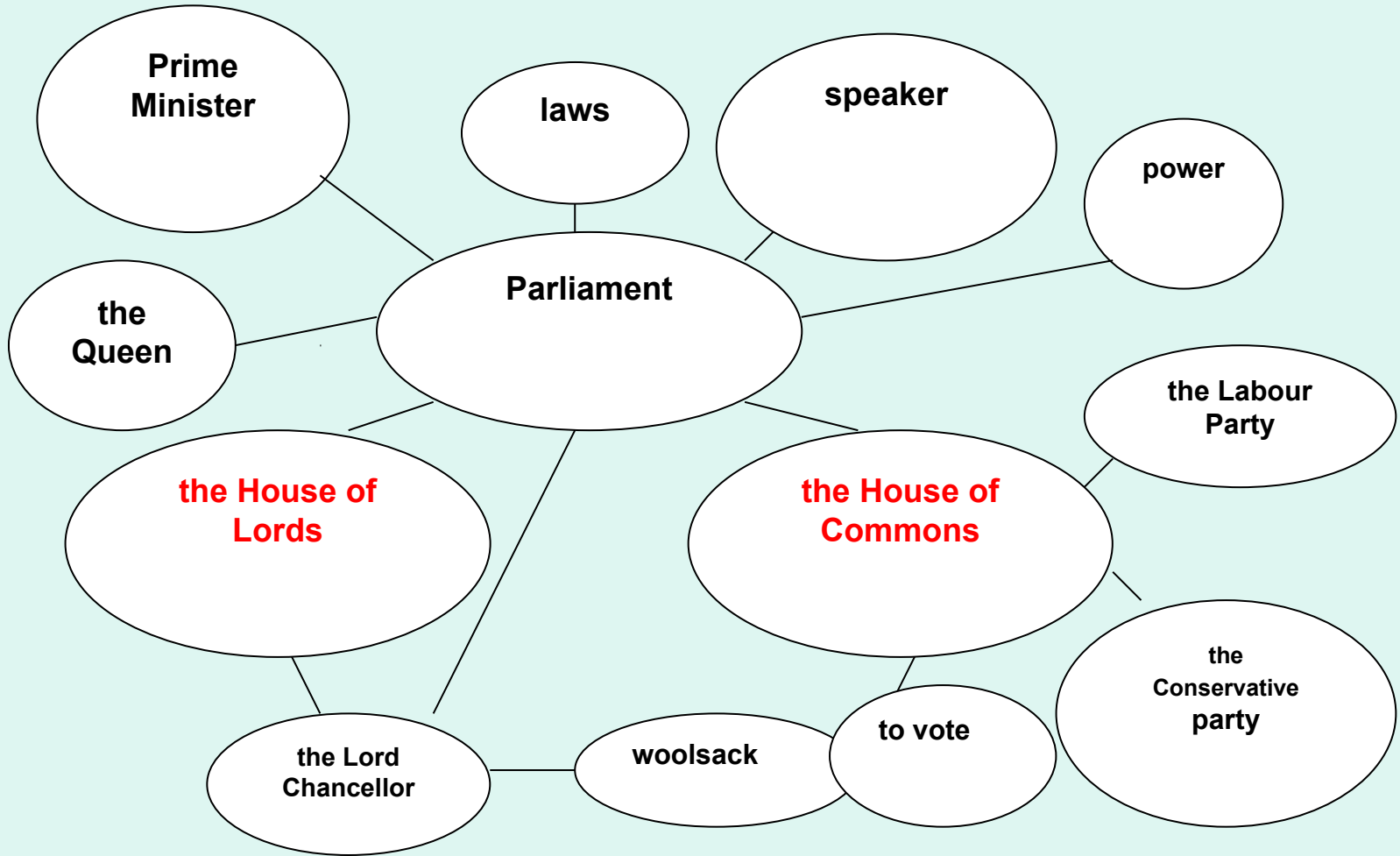




*И снова за работой ...*







По мере чтения текста, заполните таблицу, маркируя текст предложенным способом.

V - уже знал  
(have already known)

+ - новая  
информация  
(new information)

— - не знал, думал  
иначе (didn't know,  
thought differently)

? - не понял  
(didn't understand)

V	+	—	?



# Let's see what you have learnt about the British Parliament now

## Fill in the gaps.

1. In the UK there is no president, the Queen is ... of the ... .
2. There are two Houses in the Parliament:  
... and ... .
3. People who sit in the ... Commons are called ... .
4. People who sit in the ... Lords are called ... .
5. British people ... for MPs at a general ... .
6. The party which wins a general ... forms the ... and their leader becomes ... .
7. After the Queen approves the bill, it becomes ... .

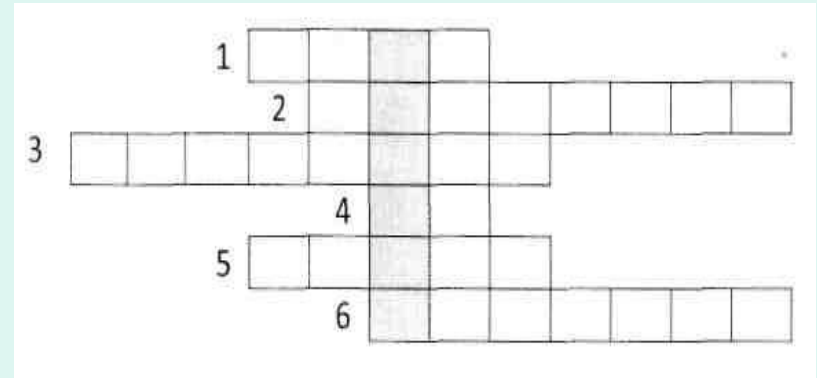
## Say true or false.

1. The British Parliament sits in 2 buildings.
2. There is a general election when the Queen decides.
3. The Queen rules the country in fact.
4. Members of the House of Commons never make important decisions.
5. Life peers get into the House of Lords because their parents were rich.
6. The United Kingdom is a monarchy.
7. If the Queen disagrees with a bill, she has to approve it.
8. Every member of the House of Lords and the House of Commons is called an MP.

## Fill t in the crossword puzzles and

1. What do MPs do with their feet?
2. What is the surname of one of the most famous British Prime Ministers (“the Iron Lady”)?
3. What does the Lord Chancellor sit on?
4. What are the members of the House of Commons called?
5. Who opens the Parliament?
6. Who presides over the House of Commons?

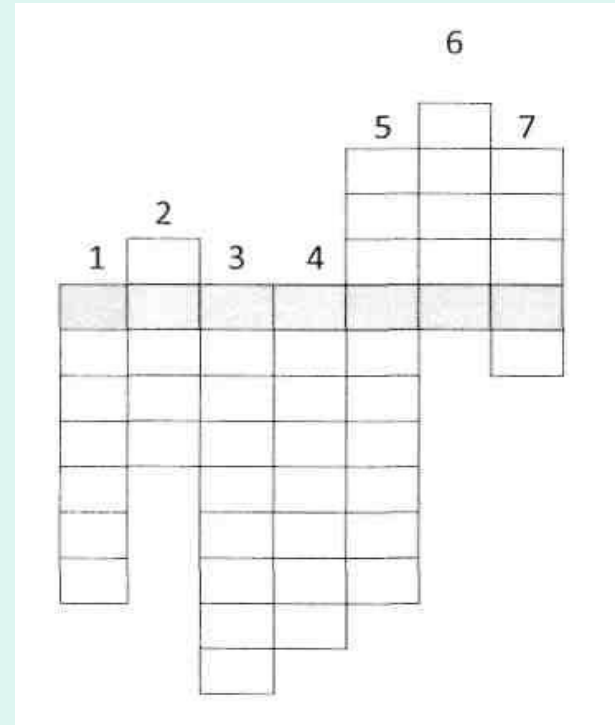
a) *read the name of the river where the Palace of Westminster stands.*





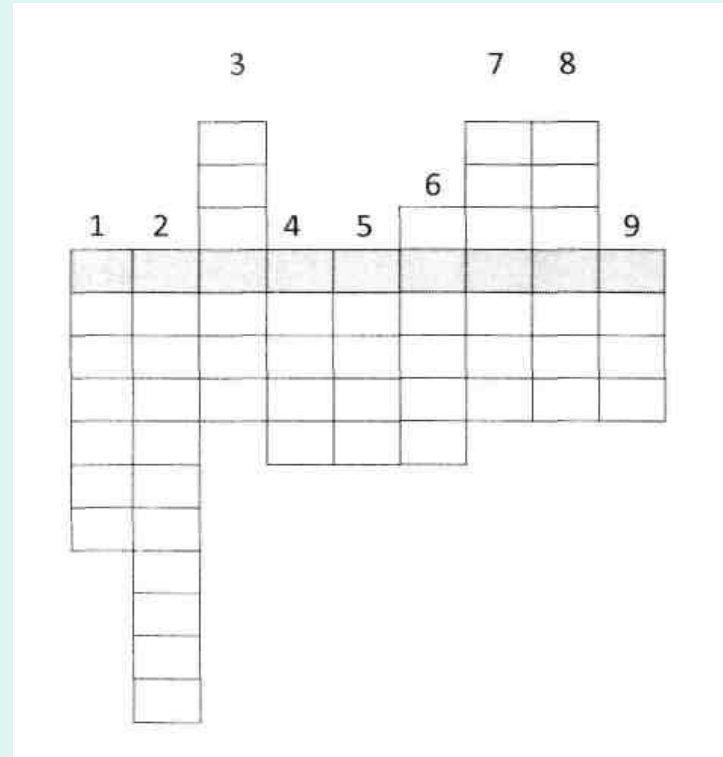
1. A group of the most important ministers.
2. Non-elected members of Parliament.
3. Persons who are responsible for the government policies.
4. The number of seats the leading party has.
5. The party that challenges the official policy.
6. The head of state in Britain now.
7. The name of the chambers are called ... .

b) *Which institution exercises the power of the people in Great Britain?*



1. He was a member of the House of ... .
2. He worked very much. He was ... .
3. He was very ... with the nation during the Second World War.
4. During the Second World War he had to make decisions that could bring success or failure. He was ... .
5. He smoked much and in many pictures he is depicted with a ... .
6. The British think that he always knew what he ... do in difficult situations.
7. He could wait, he was ... .
8. He was reputed to be a ... politician because many times he showed his ability to do well his job.
9. Many years passed after his death but the British still remember and ... him.

c) *the name of one of the most respected and devoted British politicians.*



**I want you to make up cinquain in English or in Russian on the topic “The British Parliament”**

## Cinquain Poetry

A Cinquain Poem focuses on one idea. It has five lines and follows a pattern

Line 1: One word as a title ( Noun).

Line 2: Two words describe the title (Adjectives).

Line 3: Three words express action (Verbs).

Line 4: Four words express a feeling.

Line 5: One word (another word for the title) (Noun).



P1 : Parliament  
democratic, strong  
rule, discuss, examine  
it's a wonderful system  
perfect

P2 : Lords

permanent, non-elected

examine, revise, delay

it is unfair system (or I don't like this house)

silly (or useless)



P3 : Commons  
elected, powerful  
discuss, make, control  
it's the main house  
great