

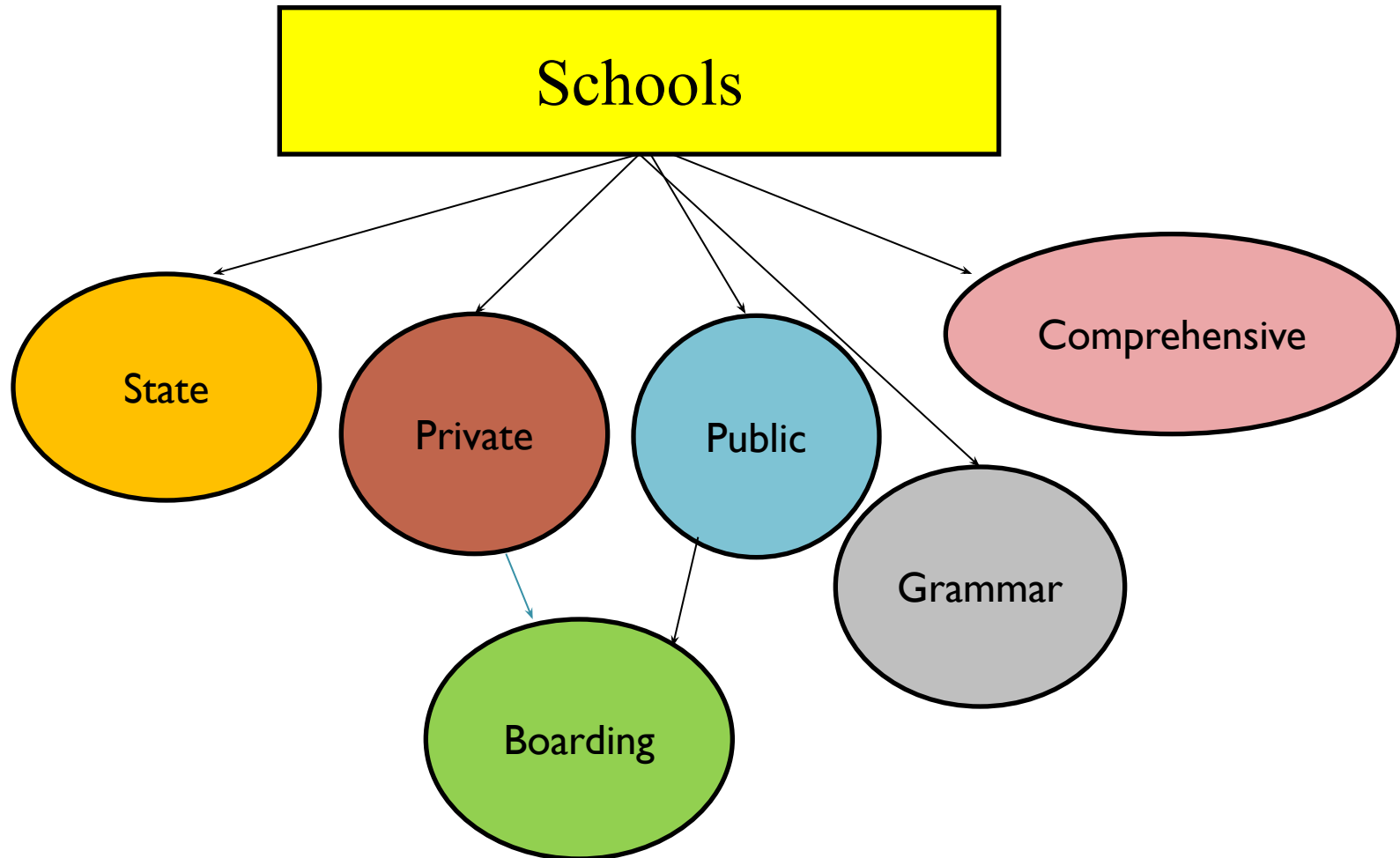
What are similarities and differences between the Russian and English systems of education?



What do you know about the education system in England?



What types of schools are there in England?



Match the school to its definition

- 1. State school
 - 2. Private school
 - 3. Primary school
 - 4. Grammar school
 - 5. Boarding school
 - 6. Comprehensive school
- a) parents pay for this school
 - b) a school for children from 11 of 16
 - c) children attend this school for 6 years
 - d) this school provide free education
 - e) children live and study there
 - f) you have to pass the exam if you want to study at this school
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- ```
graph LR; S1[1. State school] --> D4[d) this school provide free education]; S2[2. Private school] --> A[a) parents pay for this school]; S3[3. Primary school] --> C[c) children attend this school for 6 years]; S4[4. Grammar school] --> B[b) a school for children from 11 of 16]; S5[5. Boarding school] --> E[e) children live and study there]; S6[6. Comprehensive school] --> F[f) you have to pass the exam if you want to study at this school];
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# Match the words and word combinations with their definition

|                                 |                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Primary school</b>           | - the oldest and the most famous public schools in Britain.                                                            |
| <b>Comprehensive school</b>     | - an examination in a range of subjects, which is done by students in schools in Britain, usually at the age of 15-16. |
| <b>11+exam</b>                  | - a document that tells schools what subjects must be studied and what standards should be achieved by the pupils.     |
| <b>GCSE</b>                     | - a school for children between 5 – 11 years old in Britain.                                                           |
| <b>The National Curriculum</b>  | - a selection test which is usually passed by the students who want to study at a grammar school.                      |
| <b>Eton, Harrow, Winchester</b> | - a state school in Britain for children over the age of 11 of all abilities.                                          |

## TEXT 1

- In Britain most children attend \_\_\_\_\_ where education is free.
- Some children attend either \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_ where parents pay for their children's \_\_\_\_\_.
- Schools where children not only study but also live are called \_\_\_\_\_.
- Education is \_\_\_\_\_ between the ages of 5 and 16.
- At the age of 5 most British children start \_\_\_\_\_.
- Comprehensive schools provide \_\_\_\_\_.
- At the end of each stage pupils take \_\_\_\_\_.
- If pupils want to enter \_\_\_\_\_, they must pass 11+ \_\_\_\_\_.
- Pupils take \_\_\_\_\_ at the end of each stage of education.

# The Education System in Russia





# Types of schools

|                                 |                            |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| - A school of general education | общеобразовательная школа  |
| - a lyceum                      | лицей                      |
| - a gymnasium                   | гимназия                   |
| - pre-school education          | дошкольное образование     |
| - basic education               | основное общее образование |
| - preparatory classes           | подготовительные классы    |
| - a compulsory exam             | обязательный экзамен       |



# Complete the text

There are two types of schools in Russia —  schools and  schools. State schools provide  education. Parents have to pay for their children's education if they want to  a private school. Only 1 % of schools in Russia is . Education in Russia is  between the ages of 6 and 15.  education takes 9 years, it includes 4 years of  school and 5 years of  school. At  school pupils learn reading, writing, arithmetic, arts and sport. At  school the number of subjects grows. Besides schools of general education in Russia there are  and . At the end of the 9-year course pupils take a .

Pre-school education is . It is provided by  and  in schools.

# Word building

- Compare v – сравнивать

**Comparison n- ?**

- Similar a– подобный, похожий, сходный

**Similarity n - ?**

- Different a – непохожий, отличный

**To differ v - ?**

- Prepare v – готовить

**Preparation n - ?**

**Preparatory a - ?**

# Are there any similarities and differences between the systems of education in Russia and in Britain?

Both in Britain and in Russia most children attend \_\_\_\_\_ schools where the \_\_\_\_\_ is free. Some children attend \_\_\_\_\_ schools where parents must \_\_\_\_\_ for their children's education. But in Britain there are also \_\_\_\_\_ schools which are one of the most expensive and prestigious schools.

Secondary education is \_\_\_\_\_ in both countries but in Britain children must \_\_\_\_\_ school between the \_\_\_\_\_ of 5 and 16 and in Russia between the ages of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_. The period of primary \_\_\_\_\_ in Britain is \_\_\_\_\_ years. In Russia it takes \_\_\_\_\_ years. Just as in Britain the secondary school in \_\_\_\_\_ takes five \_\_\_\_\_.

Both in \_\_\_\_\_ and in Russia students must \_\_\_\_\_ exams. But in Britain they have \_\_\_\_\_ exams at the end of each \_\_\_\_\_ and in Russia they \_\_\_\_\_ their compulsory exam at the end of Year \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_ 11.

# Complete the missing information

- -Children start school at the age of 5.
- -Children attend primary school between the ages of 6 and 10.
- -There are no entrance examinations in comprehensive schools.
- -Pupils take national exams at the end of each stage of education.
- - If a pupil wants to study at a grammar school, he or she has to pass exams.
- -Education is divided into 4 stages.
- -Basic education takes 9 years.





# Compare the Russian and British systems of education

1. In comparison with the British (Russian) system of education.....
2. Just as in Britain (in Russia) .....
3. Both in Britain and in Russia .....
4. In contrast to Britain, in Russia .....

# Reported questions

1. He asked me: “**Have you finished** the report in History?”

He wanted to know **if I had finished** the report in History.

2. Sam asked: “**Where will you spend** your summer holidays?”

Sam was interested **where I would spend** my summer holidays.

3. Kate asked Sue: “**May I take your** player?”

Kate asked Sue **whether she might take her** player.

## *Grammar Card 2*

- Kate: “What types of schools are there in Russia?”
- Kevin: “Do Russian children start to go to school at the age of 5 or 6?”
- Mary: “When do children in Russia have their holidays?”
- Sue: “Do Russian students take many exams during the school course?”

## *Grammar Card 2*

- Stacy: “How many terms are there in Russian school year?”
- Alex: “What subjects do children learn at primary school in Russia?”
- Nancy: “Does the number of subjects grow in secondary school in Russia?”
- Max: “When do Russian students leave school?”



# Proverbs

- 1. Practice makes perfect → a) Уча других, учатся сами
- 2. It is never too late to learn → c) Учиться никогда не поздно
- 3. Men learn while they teach → b) Знания-сила
- 4. Knowledge is power → d) Повторение-мать учения
- 5. Never put off till tomorrow what you can do today → e) Не откладывай на завтра, что можно сделать сегодня

# Gymnasium of Oriental Languages

