

EDUCATION IN GREAT BRITAIN

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Education in General

The school year begins in September

Full-time education is compulsory up to the 16 years

Christmas holidays - 2 weeks
Easter holidays — 2
weeks
Summer holidays — 6
weeks

Marks:

- A 90-100 excellent
 - B 80-89 good
- C 70-79 satisfactory
 - D 60-69 bad
 - E 0-59 poor

Sport in British schools



The most popular sports

are football,

basketball, cricket, tennis, rugby.

3 stages of education:

- PRIMARY (5-11)
- **SECONDARY** (11-16)
 - FURTHER (16-18)

Nursery schools



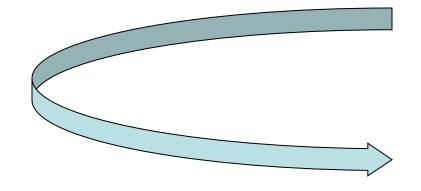
From the age of 3

PRIMARY EDUCATION

INFANT SCHOOLS (5-7)

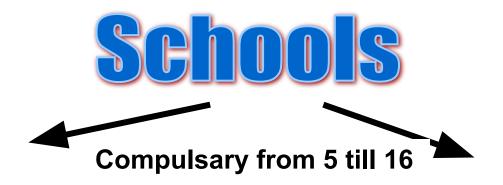
JUNIOR SCHOOLS (7-11)

Learn the first steps in reading,
Writing, using numbers



Secondary schools





State schools

are free
 schools provide
 their pupils with books equipment
 for their studies

Private schools

(Independent schools)

-parents pay money for these schools



SECONDARY EDUCATION

MODERN SCHOOLS (study practical subjects)

COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOLS (education for children from all strata) **GRAMMAR SCHOOLS**

Technical SCHOOLS

COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOLS

- Not controlled by the state
- Separete for boys and girls

High fee

Train for political, diplomatic, religuous service

These schools are famous for their ability to lay the foundation of a successful future by giving their pupils self- confidence

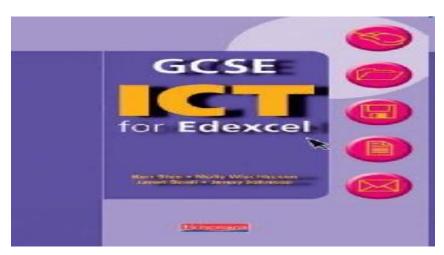
Private schools

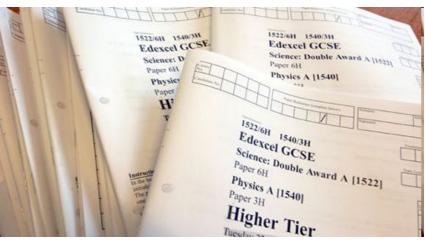


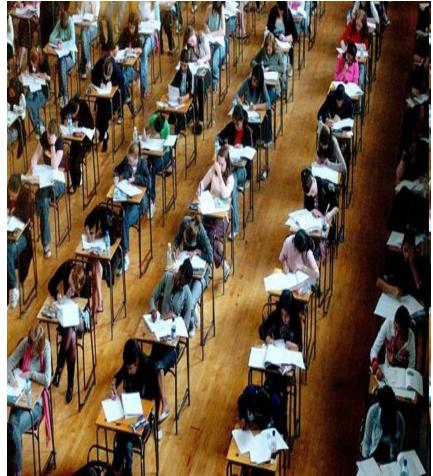




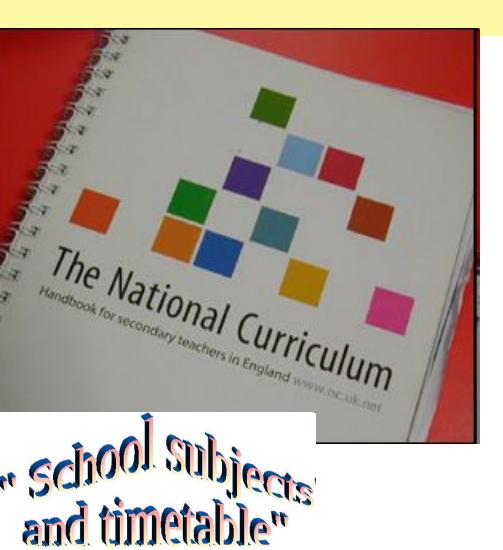








Curriculum



The aim of the National Curriculum is to raise standards of education, make sure all children learn basic skills, and prepare them for work or further study.













Rules



- Pupils at many secondary schools have to wear a school uniform.
- no high heels!
- Each school has its system of rewards: medals and prizes.

- The pupils who violate various school regulations may be punished in the
- following ways: for lateness, truancy they may be reported to the
- Headmaster or named in school assembly