

# *“Education in Great Britain”*

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А.Жаутыков атындағы №1 қазақ орта мектебінің  
ағылшын тілі пәні мұғалімі Молдакулова  
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# Сабақтың мақсаты

- 1. Британиядағы білім тақырыбын меңгерту.
- 2. Оқушылардың сөздік қорын дамыта отырып, сұраққа жауап беру, ауызекі сөйлеу, оқу, жазу қабілеттерін дамыту.
- 3. Ойларын ықшамдап, өзін емін-еркін ұстай білуге, нақтылыққа, нақтылыққа, жүйелі жұмыс істеуге тәрбиелеу.



# I.Organisation moment

- Good morning, dear friends!
- Good morning, teacher!
- I am glad to see you!
- We are glad to see you, too!
- Sit down, please.
- Today we continue our theme about education . Are you ready? Let`s begin!

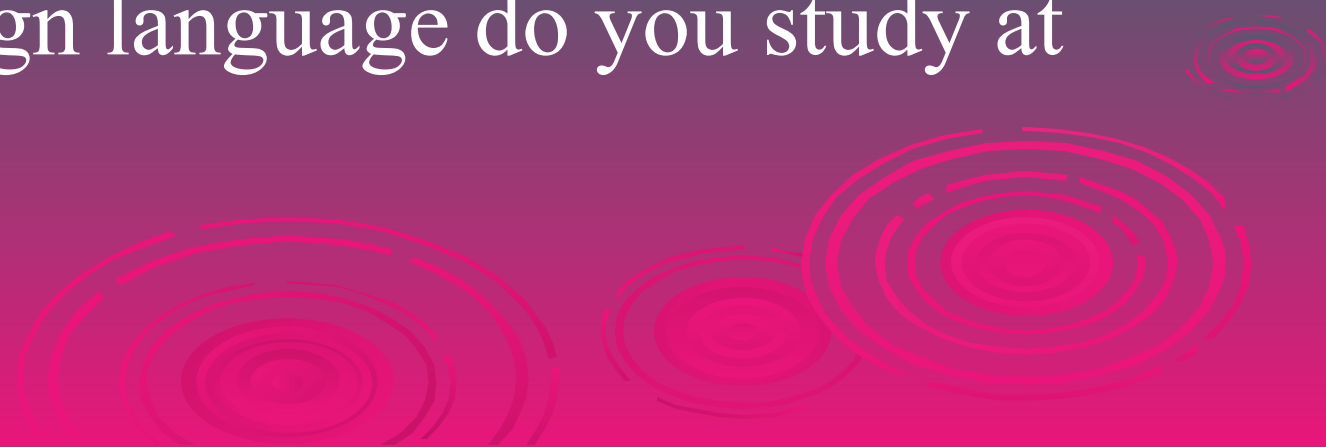
## II. Warm-up. Tongue-twister.

A big black bug bit the big black  
bear,  
but the big black bear bit the big  
black bug back!

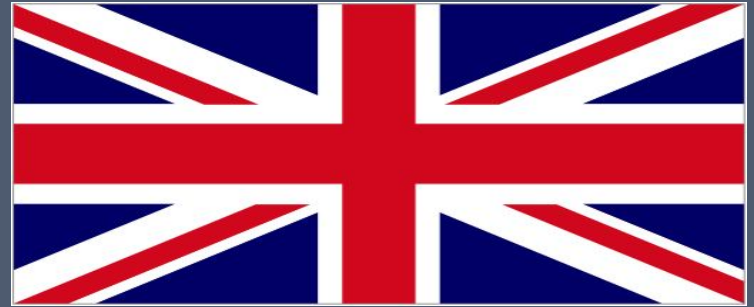


### III. Checking the homework.

#### ANSWER THE QUESTIONS

- How many floors has your school got?
  - What subjects you like best?
  - Which floor is your classroom located on?
  - Has your school got computer rooms?
  - What foreign language do you study at school?
- 

# Guess the theme of the new lesson



in



# VOCABULARY

*Compulsory* – міндетті – **обязательный**

*Infant school* – мектеп алды даярлық топ –  
дошкольный класс

*Junior school* – бастауыш мектеп (7-11 жас) –  
начальная школа

*Nursery school* – бала бақша – **детский сад**

*Primary school* – бастауыш мектеп –  
начальная школа

*Secondary school* - орта мектеп – **средняя школа**

*Private* – жекеменшік мектеп – **частная школа**

*Public school* – жекеменшік орта білімді интернат –  
частная средняя школа интернат

*State school* – мемлекеттік мектеп – **государственная школа**



# *The English Educational System*

AGE OF PUPILS	TYPE OF SCHOOL
<b>3 - 5 years</b>	<b>NURSERY</b>
<b>5 - 11 years</b>	<b>PRIMARY</b>
<b>5 – 7 years</b>	<b>Infant</b>
<b>7 – 11 years</b>	<b>Junior</b>
<b>11 – 16 years</b>	<b>SECONDARY</b>
<b>From 16</b>	<b>Higher</b>





# Nursery school

British children go to this school at the age of 3 or 4.



Children are taught to sing, draw, they play different creative games.

# Primary school

It is divided into two periods: infant schools (pupils from 5 to 7 years old) and junior schools (pupils from 7 to 11 years old).



There they have classes, read and write, do mathematics.

# Secondary school


At the age of 11-16 years they go to a secondary school




At secondary school pupils study English, Mathematics, Science, Geography, History, Art, Music, Foreign languages and Physical training.

# Types of Schools in Britain





There are two different types of school:

 state schools

 private schools



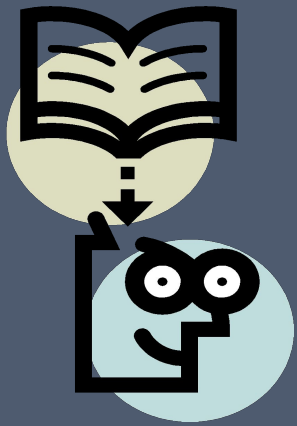
# State schools are divided into the following types:

-  Grammar schools
-  Technical schools
-  Modern schools
-  Comprehensive schools



The most famous public schools are Eton, Harrow and Winchester.





# SCHOOL RULES

EVERY BRITISH SCHOOL HAS ITS RULES,  
FOR EXAMPLE:

- Be polite
- Say hello when you see a teacher
- Come to school on time
- Stand up when a teacher comes into the class
- Wear your school uniform
- Don't eat or drink in the classroom
- Don't run in the corridors
- Don't bring mobile phones to class
- Don't talk to people in lessons



## Listening to the text.

### Education in Great Britain

In Great Britain compulsory education begins at the age of five when children go to primary school. Primary education lasts for six years. First they attend the infant school from five to seven.

When the children are seven they go to junior school which they attend until eleven. Boys and girls study at junior school for four years. Then they go to secondary school. There are some private schools in England. Boys and girls don't study together at these schools.

English pupils have school uniform. A boy's uniform consists of a special suit, a school cap, a tie and a blazer. A girl's uniform consists of a hat, a coat, a skirt and a blouse. As usual their uniform is dark



# Working in groups

1. group-complete the sentences
2. group- correct the sentences.
3. group- Say in English.



## Complete the sentences.

Compulsary education in England begins at the age of five when children go to \_\_\_\_\_ **primary** \_\_\_\_\_ school.

\_\_\_\_\_ **Primary** \_\_\_\_\_ education lasts for six years.

When the children are seven they go to \_\_\_\_\_ **junior** \_\_\_\_\_ school which they attend until eleven.

Then they go to \_\_\_\_\_ **secondary** \_\_\_\_\_ school.

There are some \_\_\_\_\_ **private** \_\_\_\_\_ schools in England.

A boy's \_\_\_\_\_ **uniform** \_\_\_\_\_ consists of a special suit, a school cap, a tie and a blazer.



## Correct the sentences.

In Great Britain compulsory education begins at the age of seven. *(five)*

Primary education lasts for three years. *(six)*

When the children are eight they go to junior school. *(seven)*

Boys and girls study at junior school for six years. *(four)*

English pupils haven't school uniform. *(have)*

As usual their uniform is blue. *(dark)*



# Say in English.

- Ұлы Британияда міндетті білім бес жастан басталады.

Compulsary education begins at the age of five.

- Балалар жеті жасқа келгенде, олар бастауыш мектепке барады.

When the children are seven they go to junior school.

- Қыздар мен ұлдар бастауыш мектепте төрт жыл оқиды.

Boys and girls study at junior school for four years.

- Одан кейін олар орта білімді мектепке барады.

Then they go to secondary school.

- Ағылшын оқушыларында мектеп формасы бар.

English pupils have school uniform.

- Олардың формалары қара.

Their uniform is dark.

# Relaxation moment



**Let's talk about English schools.  
Answers the questions (work in pairs).**

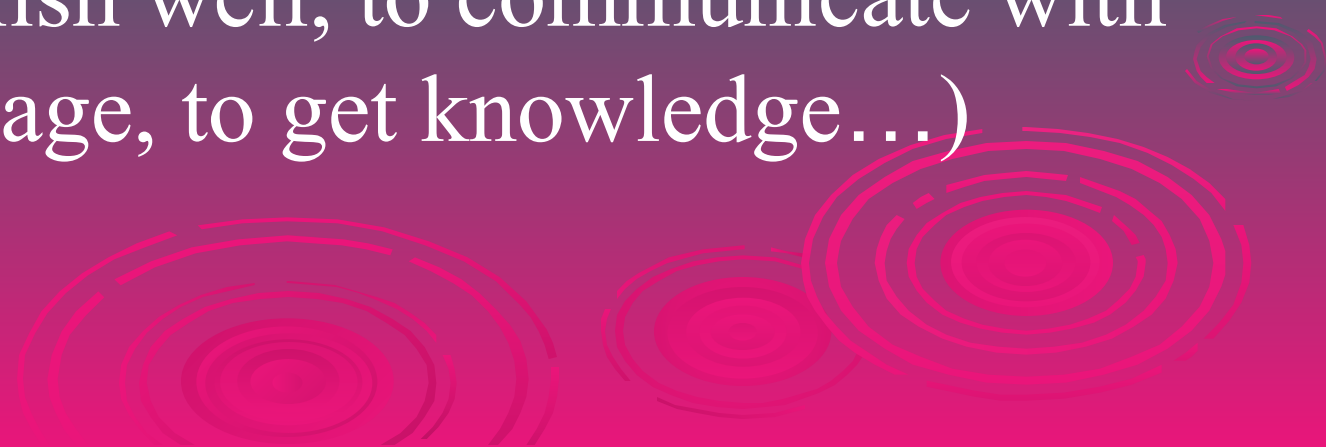
1. When do children start going to school in great Britain?
2. When does compulsory education begin?
3. How long does primary education last?
4. When do children go to junior school?
5. What do pupils study at secondary school?



## Speech development. (T→P 1, P 2, P 3...):

- I study at school because...
- I go to school because...

(To be well educated man, to get good marks, to know English well, to communicate with pupils of my age, to get knowledge...)



# Conclusion.

Draw the diagram:





# Reflection

**What school subjects you are ...**

I`m good at- Мен ... жақсымын

I`m bad at- Мен ... жаманмын

I`m interested in- Мені ... қызықтырады

I`m bored with- Мені ... жалықтырады

I`m keen on- Мен ... мықтымын





# Homework

To compare educational system of  
Great Britain and Kazakhstan.

Let`s have a rest singing a song  
«This is the way we go to school»



Thank you  
for your attention!

