

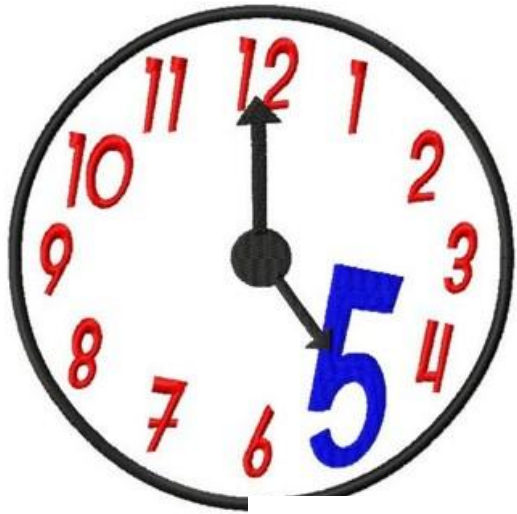


Где логика?

Where is logic?



Раунд I. Найди
общее.



5 o'clock tea (tea time)





Globe Theatre

The original Globe Theatre was built in 1599 by the playing company to which Shakespeare belonged.

PPT4WEB.ru

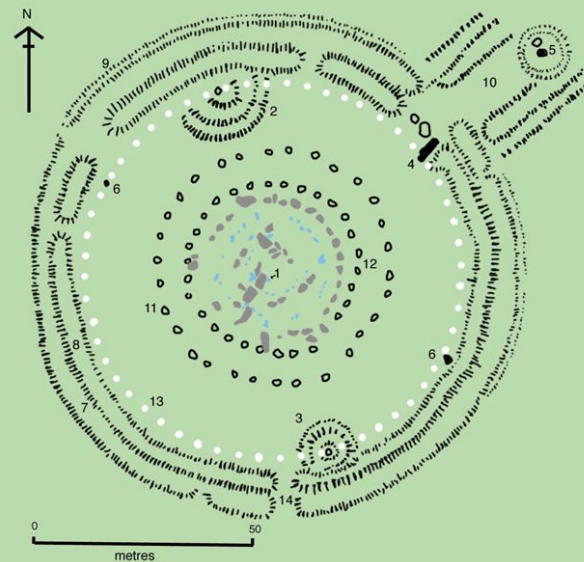




The London Eye

The London Eye is a giant Ferris wheel on the South Bank of the River Thames in London. Also known as the Millennium Wheel, its official name was originally the British Airways London Eye, then the Merlin Entertainments London Eye, and since January 2011, the Energy London Eye.





1. Алтарный камень - монолит 6 тонн зеленого слюдяного песчаника из Уэльса.
- 2, 3. Курганы без могил.
4. Упавший камень 4,9 метров в длину.
5. Пяточный камень.
6. Два, из первоначально четырех, вертикально стоящих камней (на плане нач. XIX века их положение указано иначе).
7. Ров.
8. Внутренний вал.
9. Внешний вал.
10. "Авеню" - параллельная пара ровов и валов, ведущая за 3 км на реку Эйвон. Сейчас эти валы едва различимы.
11. Кольцо 30 ям, т. н. Y лунки. В 1930-х лунки были обозначены круглыми столбиками, которые теперь убраны
12. Кольцо 30 ям, т. н. Z лунки.
13. Круг 56 ям, известный как лунки Обри.
14. Малый южный вход.



Stonehenge



Stonehenge is one of the most popular prehistoric places in England. It is situated in the south-west of England. It is a circle of enormous stones (4 meters high) 80 meters across. Why it was built—is a mystery. However, there are suggestions. *One explorers say that it used to be an ancient observatory (there some astronomic Science in the position of stones), others—a temple and so on.*



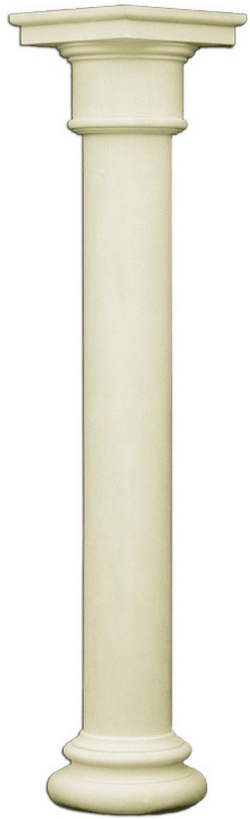
- DISTRICT
 - CIRCLE
 - HAMMERSMITH & CITY
 - BAKERLOO
 - WATERLOO & CITY
 - CENTRAL
 - PICCADILLY
 - JUBILEE
 - METROPOLITAN
 - VICTORIA
 - NORTHERN
- AllPosters





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- VICTORIA
- NORTHERN





Trafalgar Square



Trafalgar Square is a geographical center of London. It's the largest among London's squares. On the column in the centre there is a statue of Admiral Nelson who defeated the French at the Battle of Trafalgar in 1805.

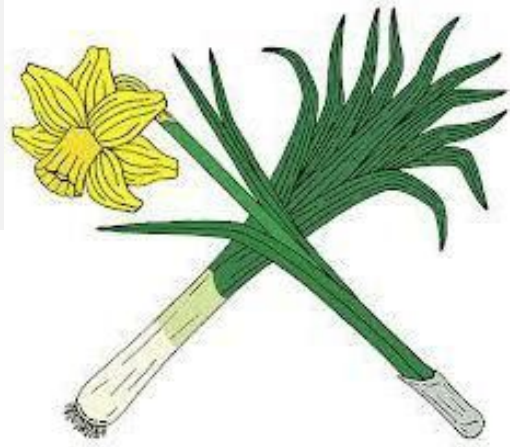




Who do you want to meet?

Madame Tussauds ☆







Symbols of Wales

The Red Dragon, The daffodil, The leek





The Symbols of Scotland



thistle



Lochs



Royal Standard of Scotland



bagpipes



Saint Andrew



flag of Scotland



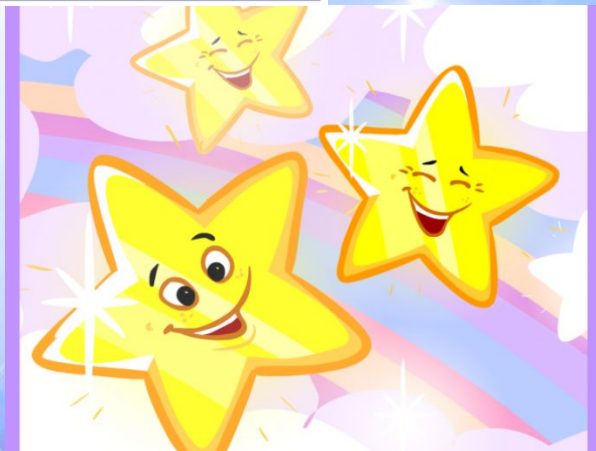
Scotch whisky



kilts



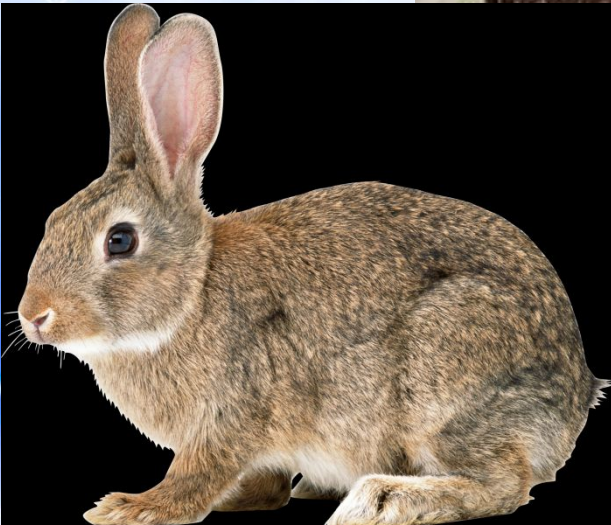
tartans







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PHILOSOPHIÆ
 NATURALIS
PRINCIPIA
 MATHEMATICA.

Autore $\text{J}^{\text{S.}} \text{NEWTON}$, Trin. Coll. Cantab. Soc. Matheseos
 Professore *Lucasiano*, & Societatis Regalis Sodali.

IMPRIMATUR.
 S. PEPYS, Reg. Soc. PRÆSES.
 Julii 5. 1686.

LONDINI,

Jussu Societatis Regiæ ac Typis *Josephi Streater*. Prostat apud
 plures Bibliopolas. Anno MDCLXXXVII.

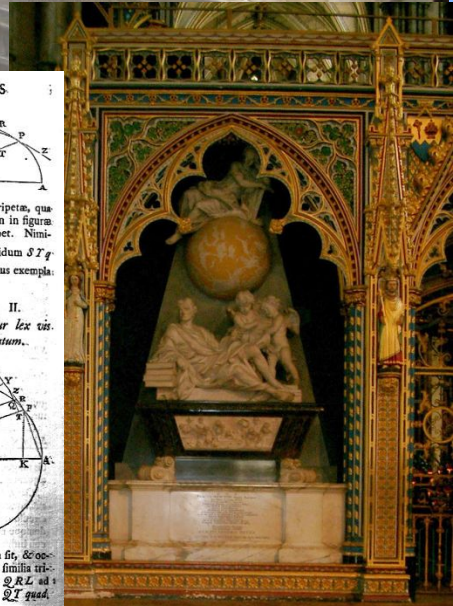
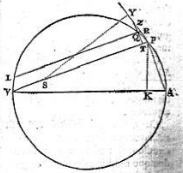
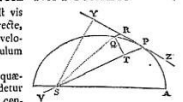
48 **PHILOSOPHIÆ NATURALIS**
De Motu Corporum.

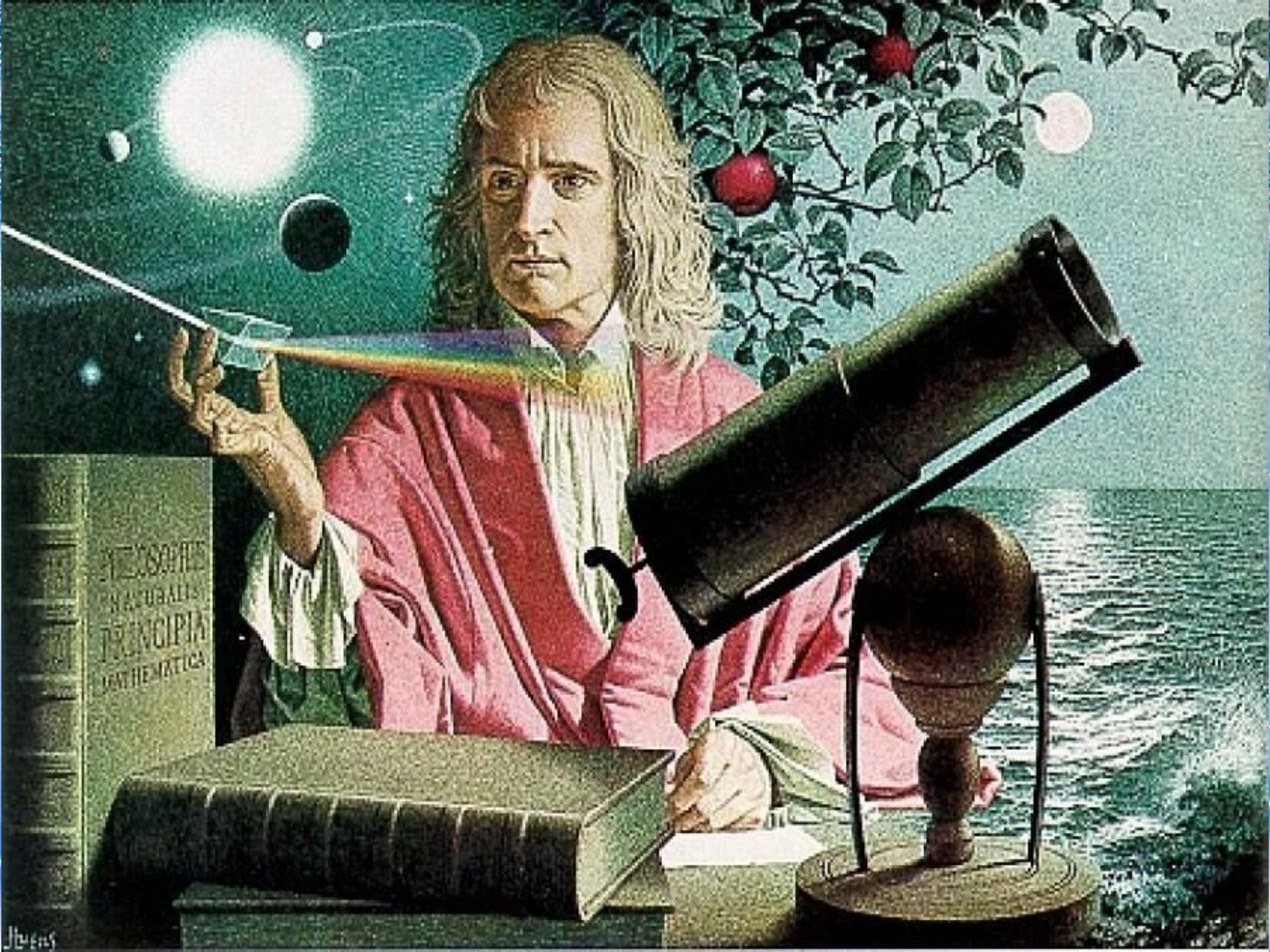
Corol. 4. Eisdem positis, est vis centripeta ut velocitatis bis directæ, & chorda illa inversæ. Nam velocitas est reciproce ut perpendicularium ST per corol. 1. prop. 1.

Corol. 5. Hinc si datur figura quavis curvilinea APQ , & in ea detur etiam punctum S , ad quod vis centripeta perpetuo dirigatur, inventi potest lex vis centripetæ, que corpus quodvis P a curvâ rectilineâ perpetuo retractum in figurâ illius perimetro detineatur, camque revolendo describat. Nimirum computandum est vel solidum $\frac{SPq \times QT^2}{QR}$ vel folidum $STq \times PF$ huic vi reciproce proportionale. Ejus rei dabimus exempla in problematis sequentibus.

PROPOSITIO VII. PROBLEMA II.
Gyretur corpus in circumferentiâ circuli, requiritur lex vis centripetæ tendentis ad punctum quodcumque datum.

Esto circuli circumferentiâ $VQPA$; punctum datum, ad quod vis ceu ad centrum suum tendit, S ; corpus in circumferentiâ latum P ; locus proximus, in quem movetur Q ; & circuli tangens ad locum priorem PRZ . Per punctum S ducatur chorda PP' ; & acta circuli diametro KA , jungatur AP ; & ad SP demittatur perpendicularium QT , quod productum occurrat tangenti PR in Z ; ac denique per punctum Q agatur LR , que ipsi SP parallela sit, & occurrat tum circulo in L , tum tangenti PZ in R . Et ob similitudinem triangulâ ZQR , ZTP , VPA ; erit RT quad. hoc est QL ad QT quad.





PHILOSOPHIAE
NATURALIS
PRINCIPIA
MATHEMATICA



**Раунд II. Угадай
произведение.**



“Tom Sawyer” by M. Twain



“Harry Potter” by J. Rowling



“Sherlock Holmes” by A. Conan Doyle



“Romeo & Juliet” by W. Shakespeare



Раунд III.
Чья это тень?



Winni-the-Pooh



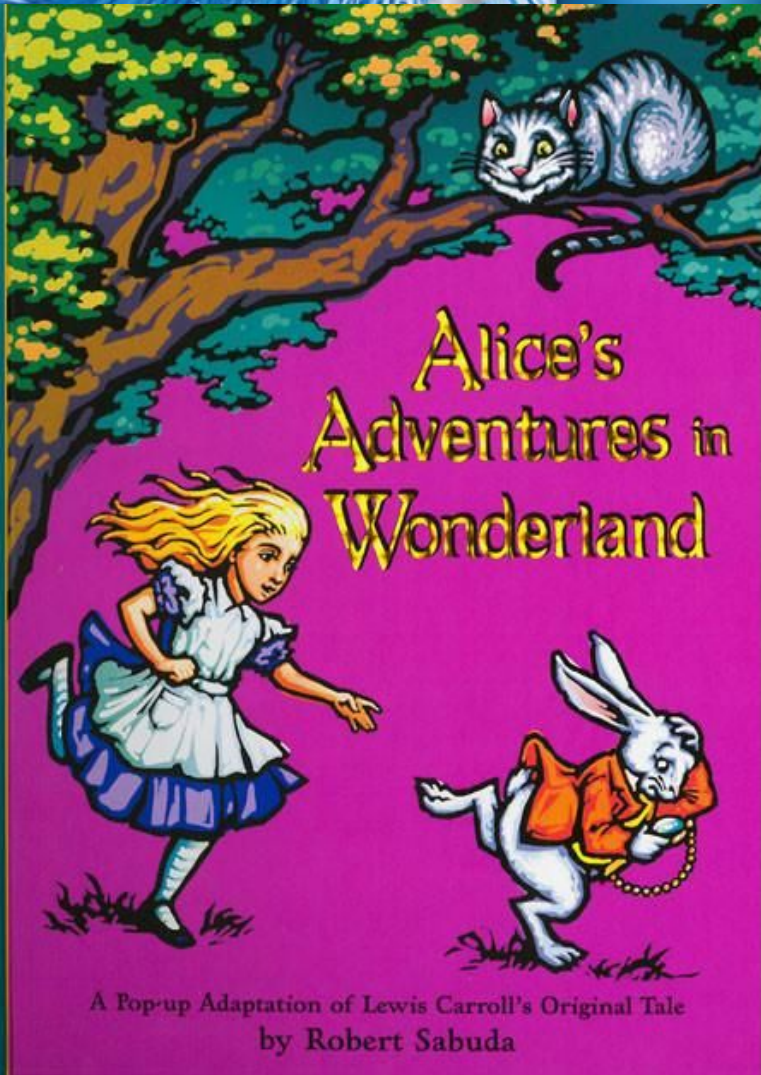




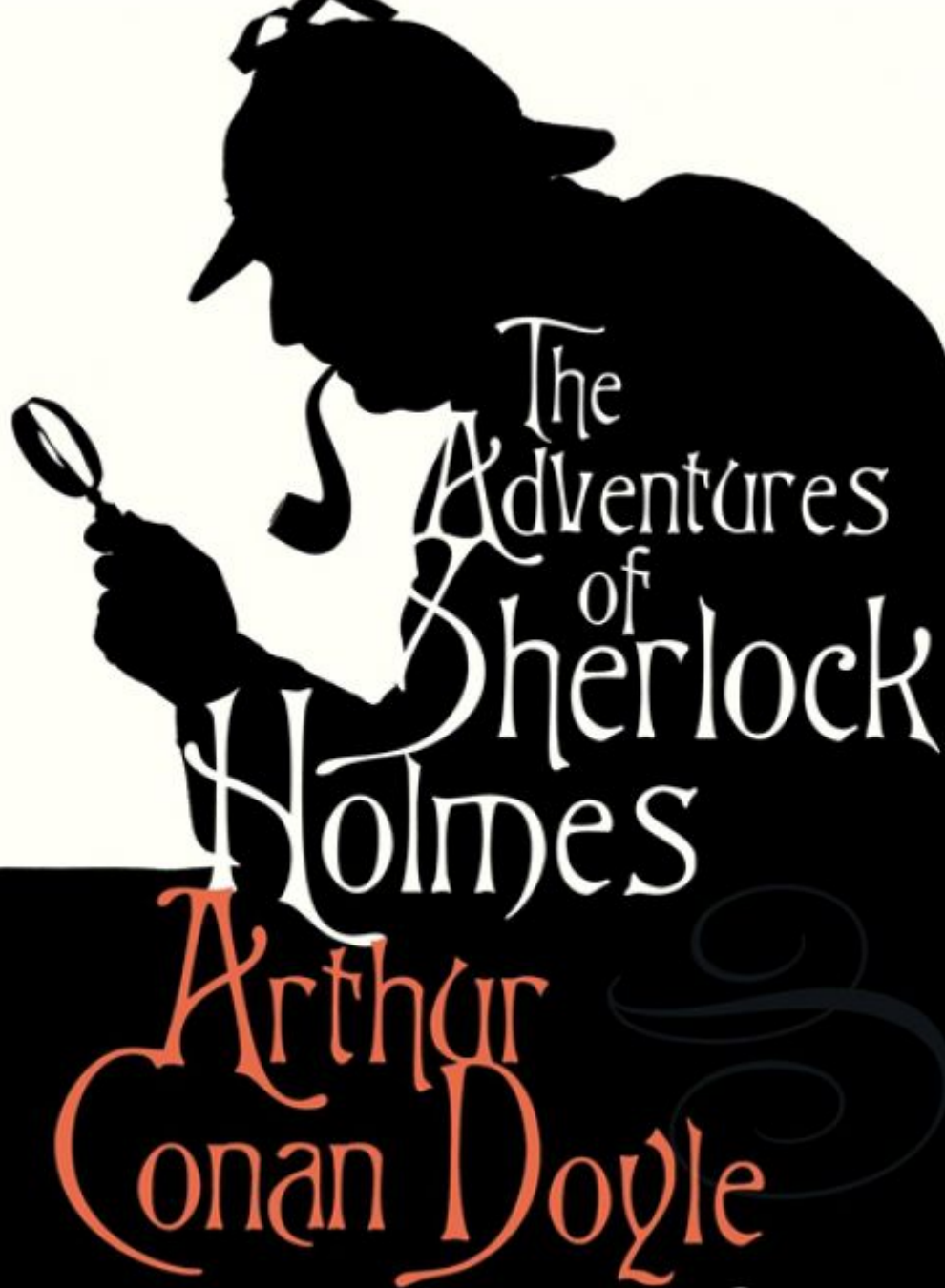




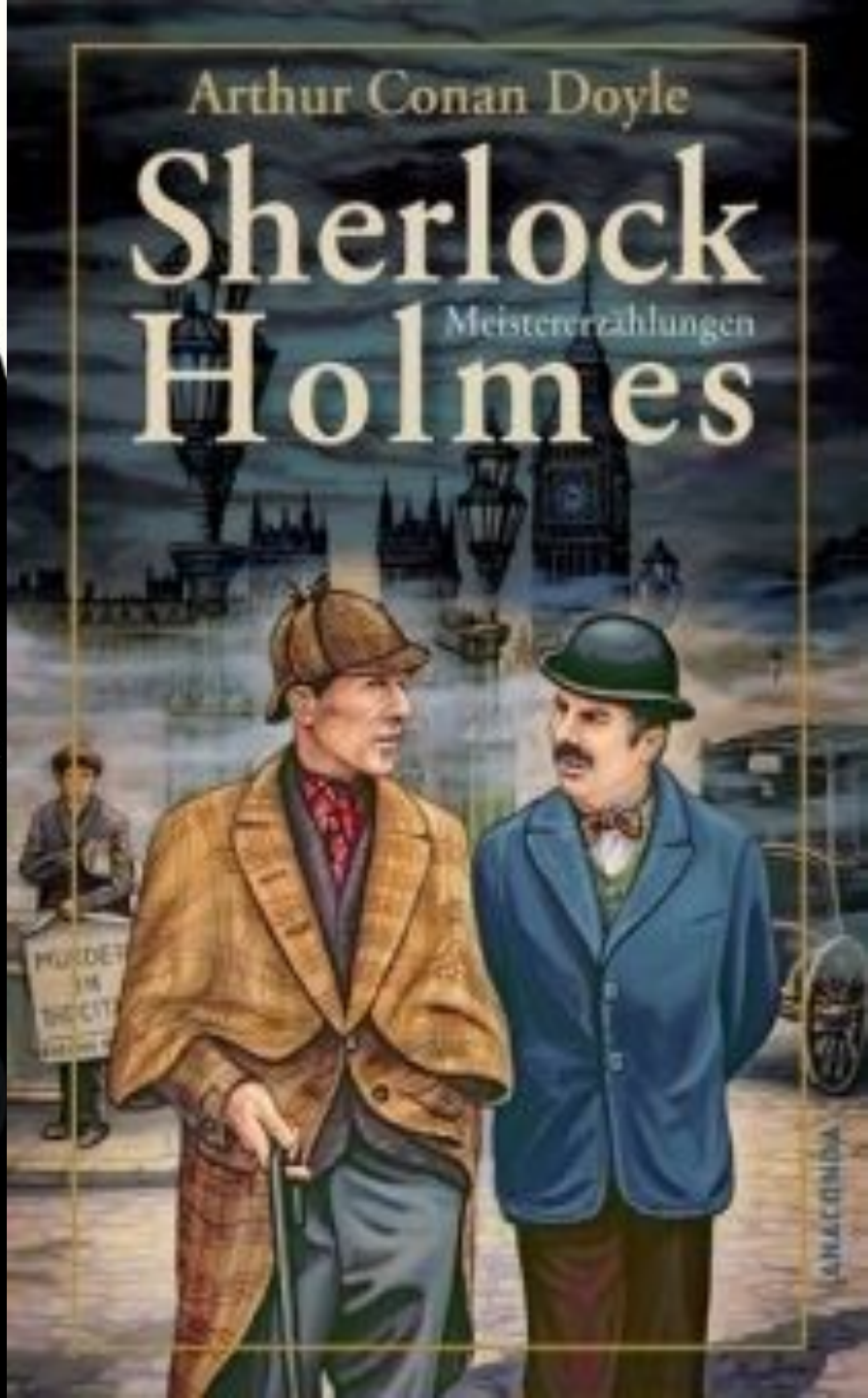








HARPERPERENNIAL CLASSICS





**Раунд IV. Чего не
хватает?**









