

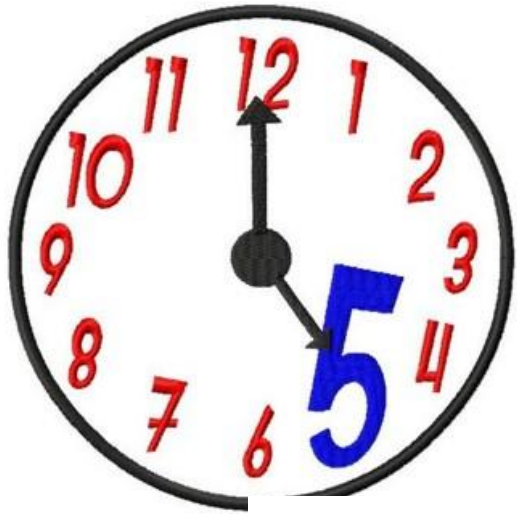


Где логика?

Where is logic?



Раунд I. Найди
общее.



5 o'clock tea (tea time)





Globe Theatre

The original Globe Theatre was built in 1599 by the playing company to which Shakespeare belonged.

PPT4WEB.ru

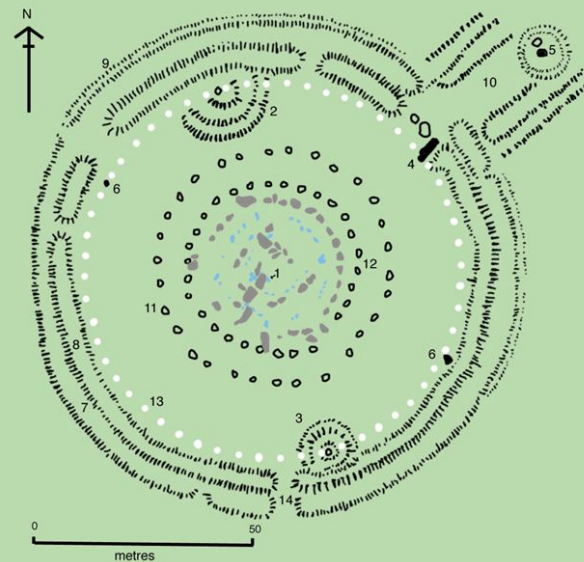




The London Eye

The London Eye is a giant Ferris wheel on the South Bank of the River Thames in London. Also known as the Millennium Wheel, its official name was originally the British Airways London Eye, then the Merlin Entertainments London Eye, and since January 2011, the Energy London Eye.





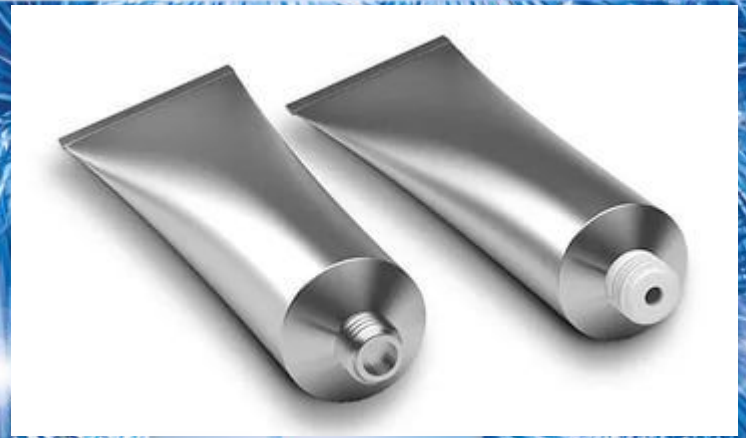
1. Алтарный камень - монолит 6 тонн зеленого слюдяного песчаника из Уэльса.
- 2, 3. Курганы без могил.
4. Упавший камень 4,9 метров в длину.
5. Пяточный камень.
6. Два, из первоначально четырех, вертикально стоящих камней (на плане нач. XIX века их положение указано иначе).
7. Ров.
8. Внутренний вал.
9. Внешний вал.
10. "Авеню" - параллельная пара ровов и валов, ведущая за 3 км на реку Эйвон. Сейчас эти валы едва различимы.
11. Кольцо 30 ям, т. н. Y лунки. В 1930-х лунки были обозначены круглыми столбиками, которые теперь убраны
12. Кольцо 30 ям, т. н. Z лунки.
13. Круг 56 ям, известный как лунки Обри.
14. Малый южный вход.



Stonehenge



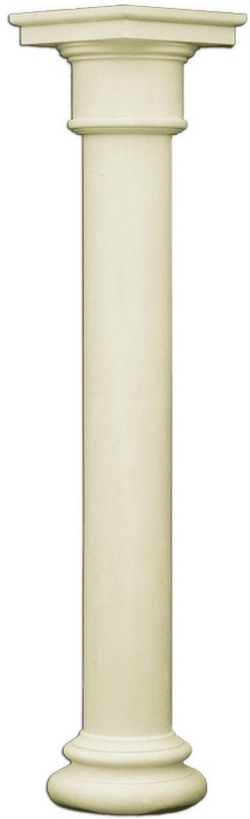
Stonehenge is one of the most popular prehistoric places in England. It is situated in the south-west of England. It is a circle of enormous stones (4 meters high) 80 meters across. Why it was built—is a mystery. However, there are suggestions. *One explorers say that it used to be an ancient observatory (there some astronomic Science in the position of stones), others—a temple and so on.*





- DISTRICT
- CIRCLE
- HAMMERSMITH & CITY
- BAKERLOO
- WATERLOO & CITY
- CENTRAL
- PICCADILLY
- JUBILEE
- METROPOLITAN
- VICTORIA
- NORTHERN





Trafalgar Square



Trafalgar Square is a geographical center of London. It's the largest among London's squares. On the column in the centre there is a statue of Admiral Nelson who defeated the French at the Battle of Trafalgar in 1805.

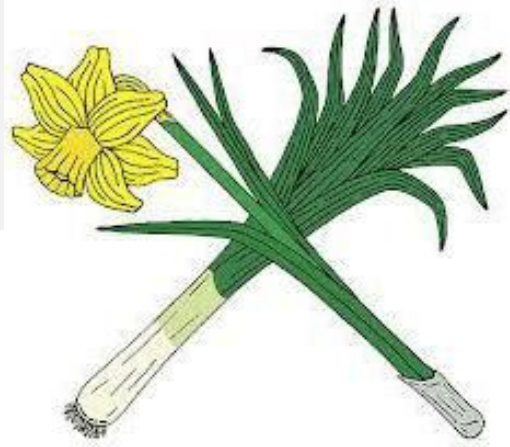




Who do you want to meet?

Madame Tussauds ☆







Symbols of Wales

The Red Dragon, The daffodil, The leek





The Symbols of Scotland



thistle



Lochs



Royal Standard of Scotland



bagpipes



Saint Andrew



flag of Scotland



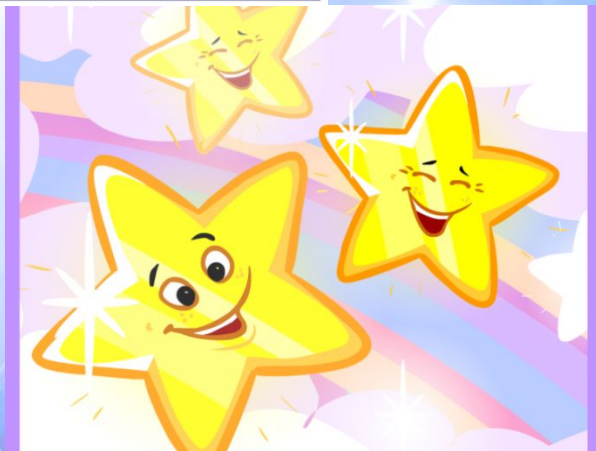
Scotch whisky



kilts



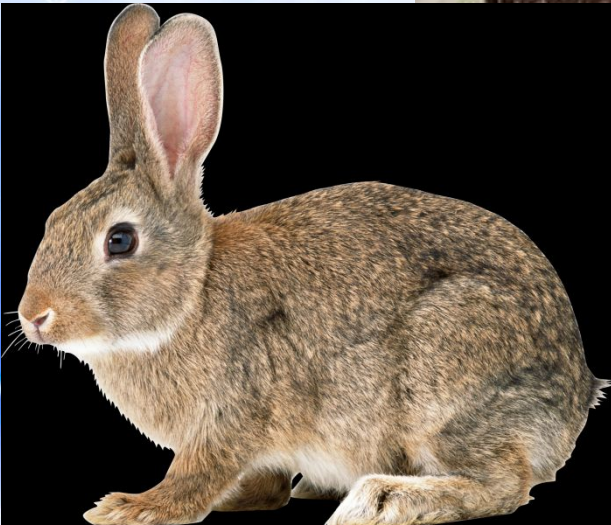
tartans

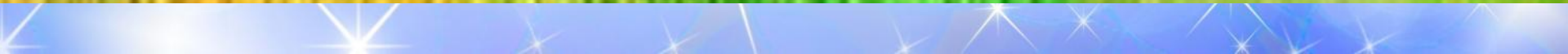






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PHILOSOPHIÆ
 NATURALIS
PRINCIPIA
 MATHEMATICA.

Autore **J. S. NEWTON**, Trin. Coll. Cantab. Soc. Matheseos
 Professore *Lucasiano*, & Societatis Regalis Sodali.

IMPRIMATUR.
 S. PEPYS, Reg. Soc. PRÆSES.
 Julii 5. 1686.

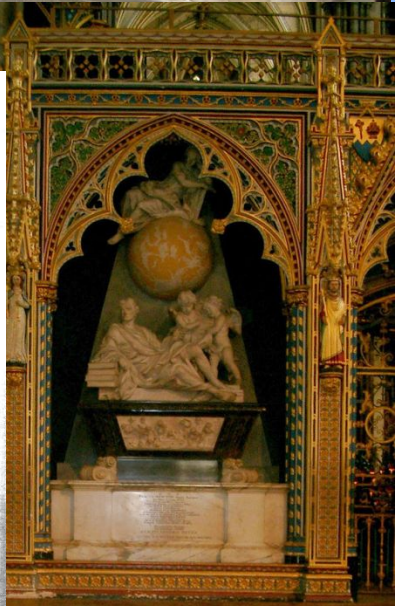
LONDINI,

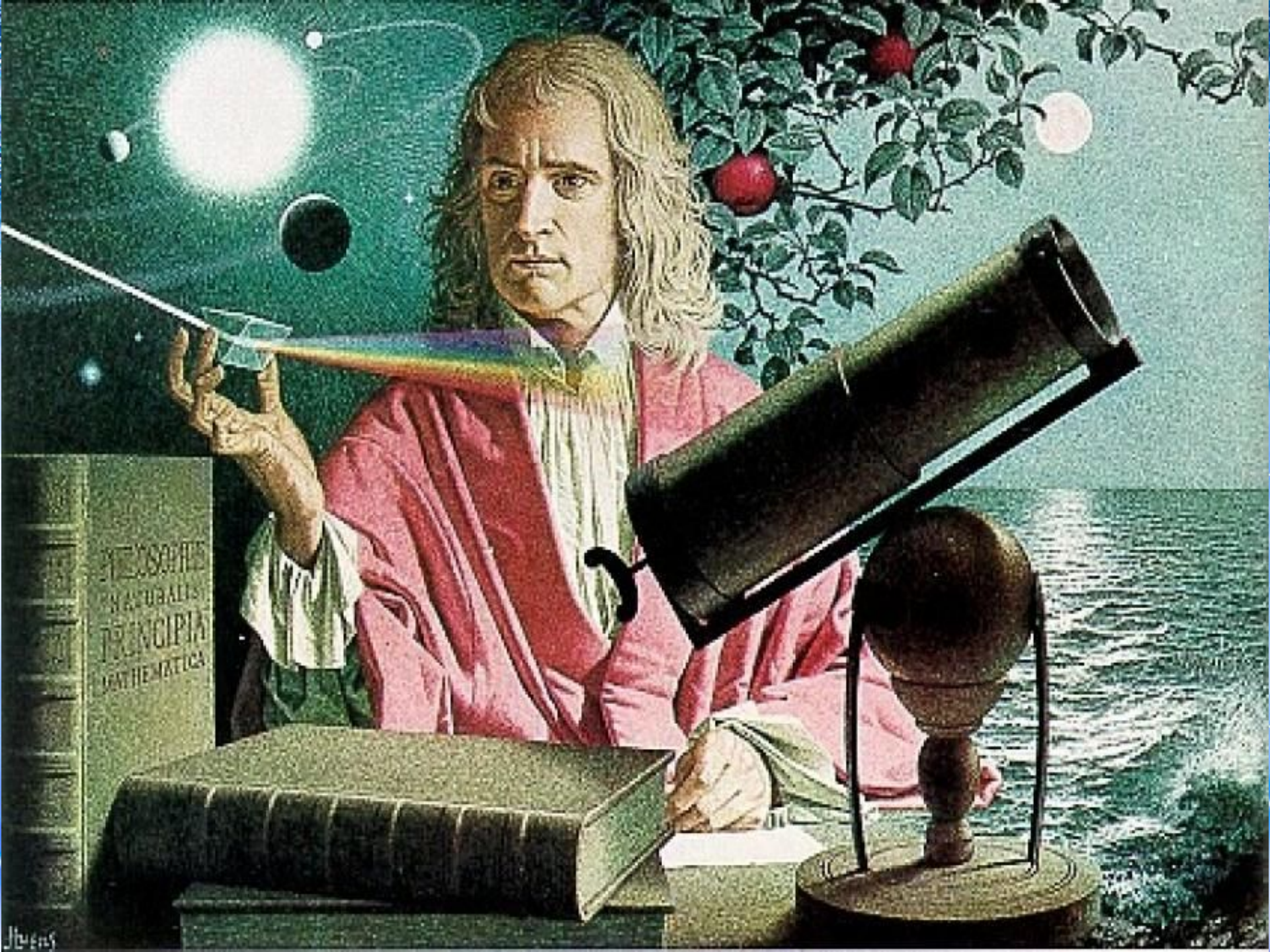
Jussu Societatis Regiæ ac Typis *Josephi Streater*. Prostat apud
 plures Bibliopolas. Anno MDCLXXXVII.

48 **PHILOSOPHIÆ NATURALIS**
De Motu **COROLL. 4.** Eisdem positis, est vis
 centripeta ut velocitatis bis directæ,
 & chorda illa inversæ. Nam veloci-
 tates cit reciprocè ut perpendicularium
ST per coroll. 1. prop. 1.
Coroll. 5. Hinc si datur figura quæ-
 vis curvilinea *APQ*, & in ea detur
 etiam punctum *S*, ad quod vis cen-
 tripeta perpetuo dirigatur, inventi potest lex vis centripetæ, que
 corpus quodvis *P* a curvâ rectilineâ perpetuo retractum in figurâ
 illius perimetro detineatur, camque revolvens describeret. Nimi-
 rum computandum est vel solidum $\frac{SP \cdot q \times \mathcal{Q}T^2}{QR}$ vel folidum $ST \cdot q$
 $\times PF$ huic vi reciprocè proportionale. Ejus rei dabimus exempla
 in problematis sequentibus.

PROPOSITIO VII. PROBLEMA II.
*Gyretur corpus in circumferentiâ circuli, requiritur lex vis
 centripetæ tendentis ad punctum quodcumque datum.*

Esto circuli circumferentiâ
VQP A; punctum datum, ad
 quod vis cœu ad centrum
 suum tendit, *S*; corpus in cir-
 cumferentiâ latum *P*; locus
 proximis, in quem movetur
Q; & circuli tangens ad locum
 priorem *P R Z*. Per
 punctum *S* ducatur chorda
PV; & acta circuli diametro
K A, jungatur *AP*; & ad
SP demittatur perpendicularium
QT, quod productum occur-
 rat tangenti *PR* in *Z*; ac de-
 nique per punctum *Q* agatur *LR*, que ipsi *SP* parallela sit, & oc-
 currat tum circulo in *L*, tum tangenti *PZ* in *R*. Et ob similitu tri-
 angula *ZQR*, *ZTP*, *VPA*; erit *RT* quad. hoc est $\frac{QR \cdot L}{ST}$ quad.





PHILOSOPHIAE
NATURALIS
PRINCIPIA
MATHEMATICA



**Раунд II. Угадай
произведение.**



“Tom Sawyer” by M. Twain



“Harry Potter” by J. Rowling



“Sherlock Holmes” by A. Conan Doyle



“Romeo & Juliet” by W. Shakespeare



Раунд III.
Чья это тень?



Winni-the-Pooh



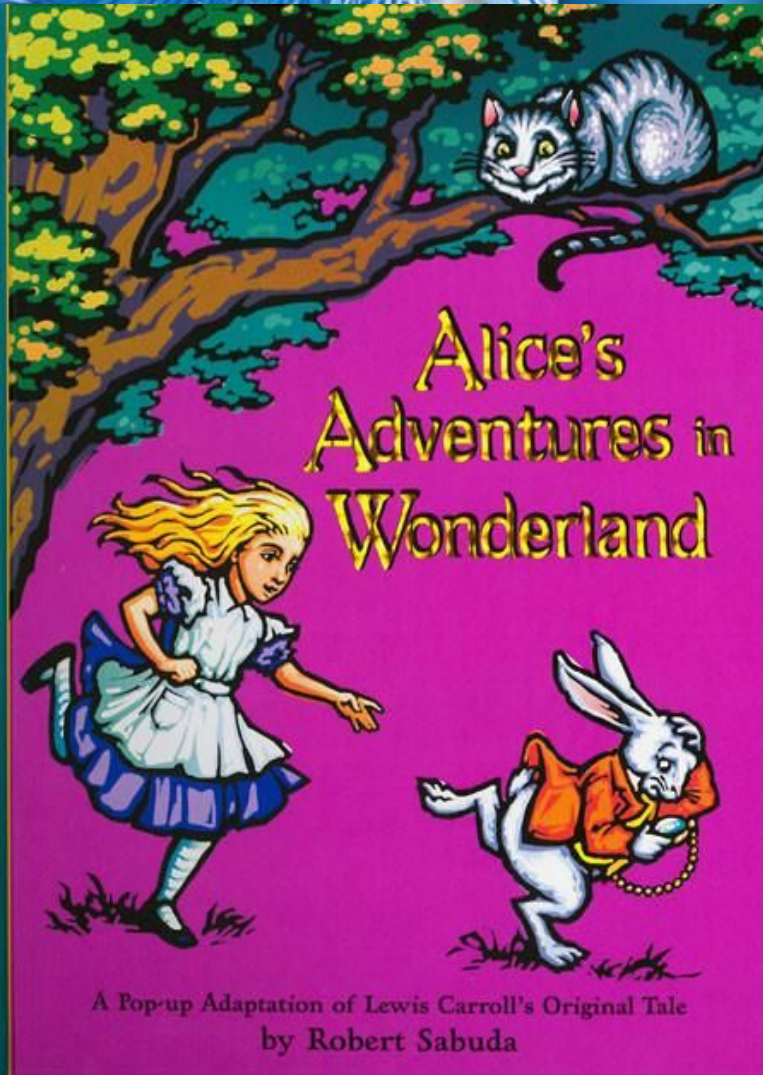




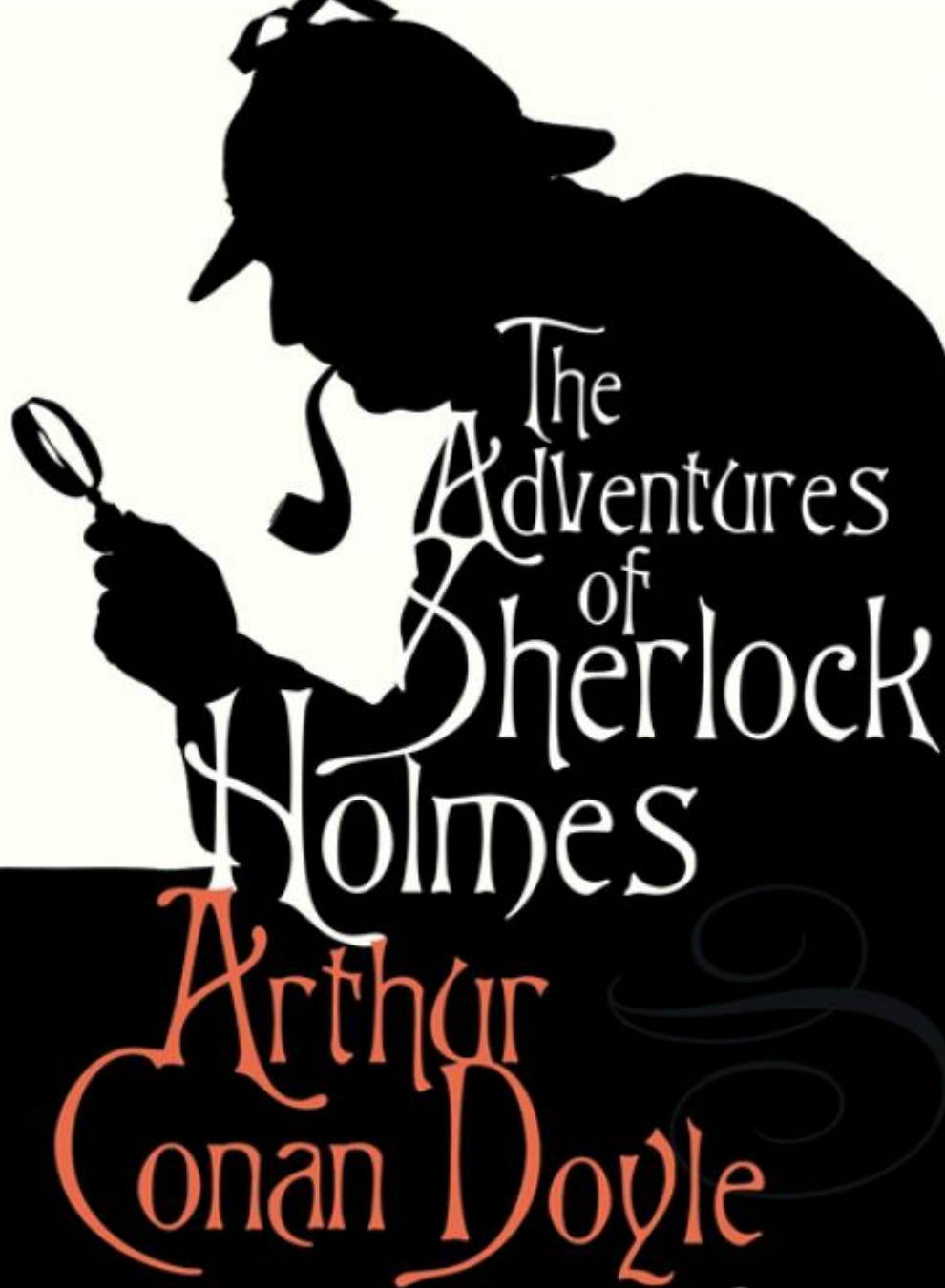




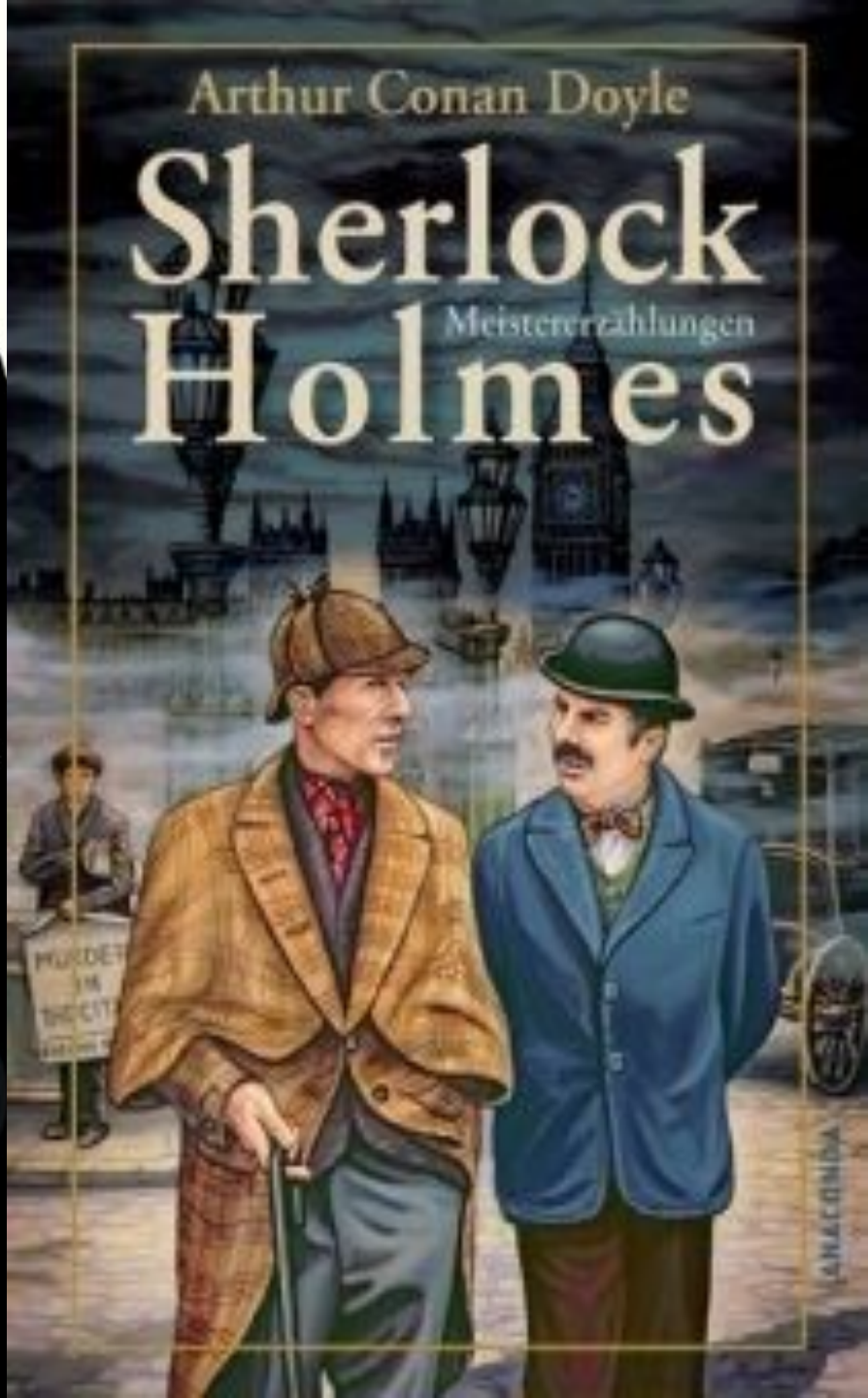








HARPERPERENNIAL CLASSICS





Раунд IV. Чего не хватает?









