

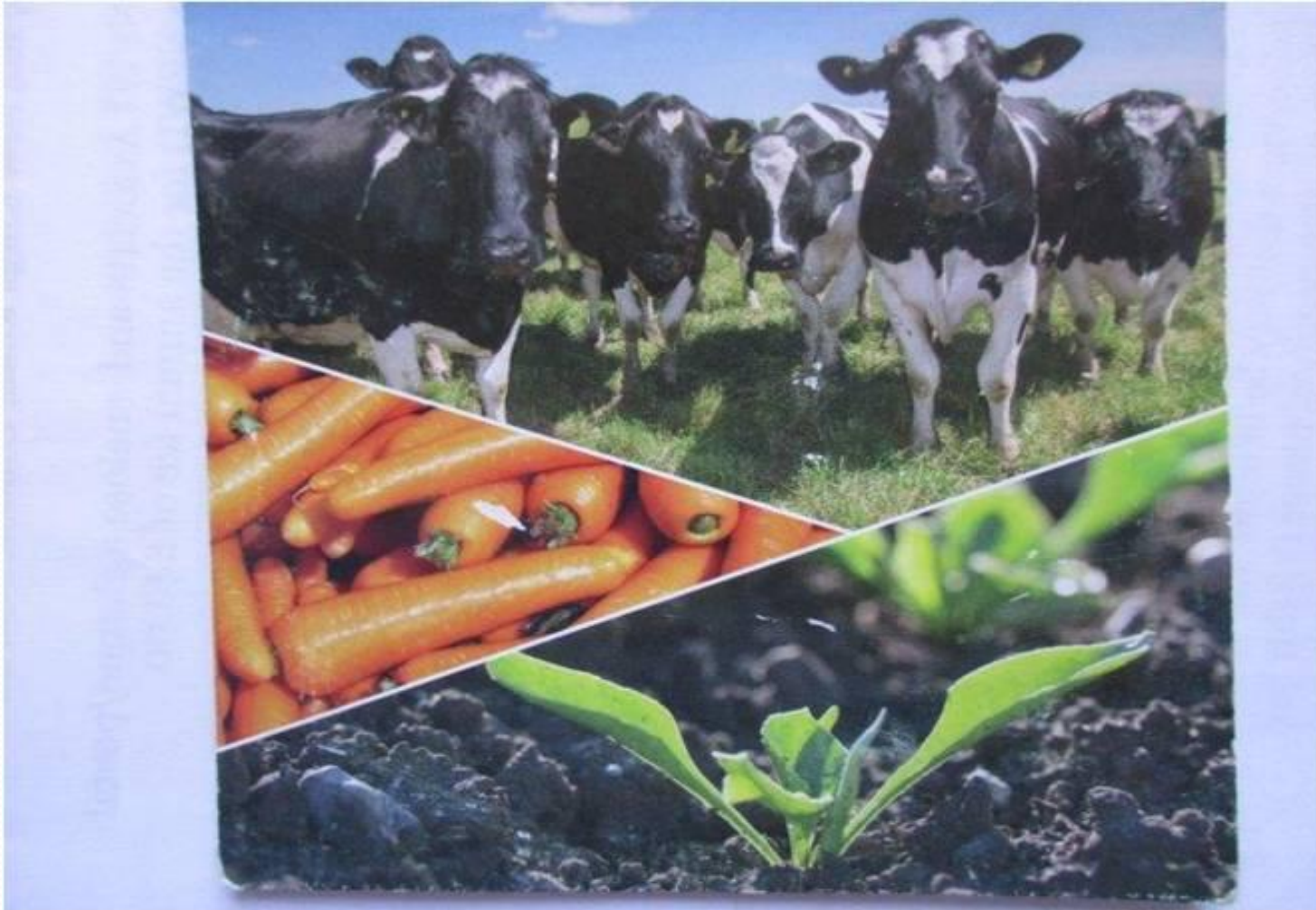
Agricultura in the UK

119-52

Sheep grazing safely – small fields encourage wildlife and reduce soil erosion



Crop rotation maintains soil fertility naturally





Food waste



45%
ROOTS & TUBERS
FOOD LOSSES

In North America & Oceania alone, 5 814 000 tonnes of roots and tubers are wasted at the consumption stage alone.



45%
FRUIT & VEGETABLES
FOOD LOSSES

Along with roots and tubers, fruit and vegetables have the highest wastage rates of any food products; almost half of all the fruit and vegetables produced are wasted.

Food waste



20%
OILSEEDS & PULSES
FOOD LOSSES

Every year, 22% of the global production of oilseeds and pulses is lost or wasted.



30%
CEREALS
FOOD LOSSES

In industrialized countries, consumers throw away 286 million tonnes of cereal products.



763 billion boxes of pasta

■ Agriculture ■ Distribution
■ Post-harvest ■ Consumption
■ Processing

Food waste



**20%
MEAT
FOOD LOSSES**

Of the 263 million tonnes of meat produced globally, over 20% is lost or wasted.



This is equivalent to 75 million cows.

■ Animal production
■ Slaughter
■ Processing
■ Distribution
■ Consumption



**20%
DAIRY
FOOD LOSSES**

In Europe alone, 29 million tonnes of dairy products are lost or wasted every year.



This is the same as 574 billion eggs.

■ Agriculture
■ Post-harvest
■ Processing
■ Distribution
■ Consumption

Food waste in the usa



Food waste in the UK



Agriculture in the uk

- The total labour force in agriculture on commercial holdings as at June 2015 was 476.000(including farmers and their spouses)
- The Utilised Agricultural Area (UAA) as at the same date was 17.1 million hectares (covering 70 per cent) of the total UK land area
- The average area per commercial holding as at the same date was 80 hectares

- Agriculture in the UK is intensive, highly mechanised and efficient by European standards, producing about 60% of food needs, with less than 1.6% of the labour force (535,000 workers). It contributes around 0.6% of British national value added. Around two-thirds of the production is devoted to livestock, one-third to arable crops. Agriculture is subsidised by the European Union's Common Agricultural Policy
- The UK retains a significant, though reduced, fishing industry. Its fleets, based in towns such as Kingston Upon Hull, Grimsby, Fleetwood, Great Yarmouth, and Lowestoft, bring home fish ranging from sole to herring.
- The Blue Book 2013 reports that "Agriculture" added gross value of 9.438 million to the UK economy in 2011. The UK is also rich in a number of natural resources including coal, petroleum, natural gas, tin, limestone, iron ore, salt, clay, gypsum, lead, silica and an abundance of arable land

● THANK YOU FOR ATTENTION

THANK YOU FOR ATTENTION