

# “ THE WHOLE WORLD KNOWS THEM



**LEONARDO DA VINCI**  
**ЛЕОНАРДО ДА ВИНЧИ**  
**(1452 - 1519)**

**He was born/died in ...**

**He belongs to Italy.**

**He's famous for his ...**



**WOLFGANG AMADEUS  
MOZART ВОЛЬФГАНГ  
АМАДЕЙ МОЦАРТ  
(1756 - 1791)**

**He was born/died in ...**

**He belongs to Austria.**

**He's famous for his ...**

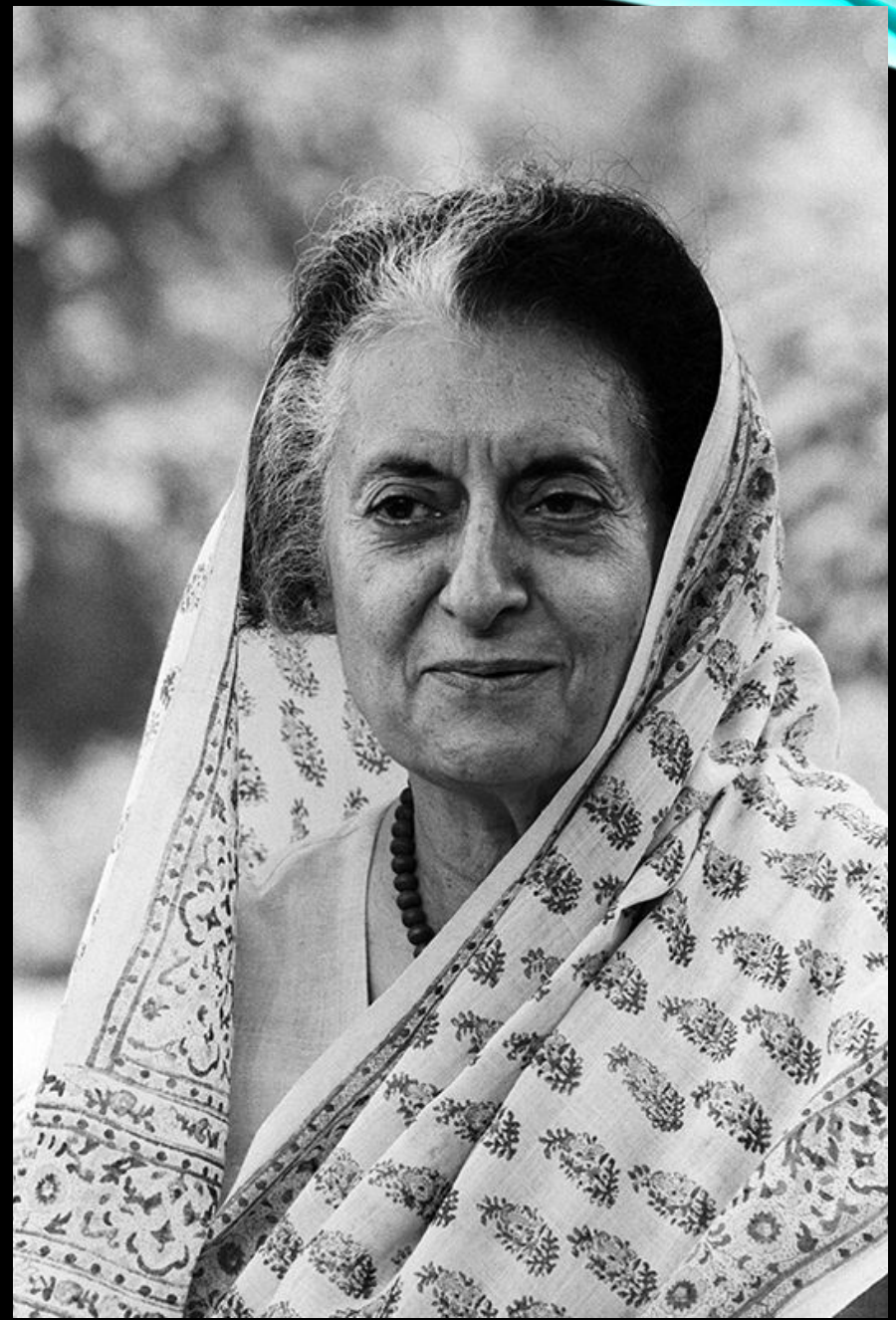


# INDIRA GANDHI ИНДИРА ГАНДИ (1917 - 1984)

**She was born/died  
in...**

**She belongs to India.**

**She's famous for her ...**



**TOMAS ALVA EDISON**  
**ТОМАС АЛВА ЭДИСОН**  
**АМЕРИКАНСКИЙ ИЗОБРЕТАТЕЛЬ**  
**(1847 - 1931)**

**He was born/died in ...**  
**He belongs to the USA.**  
**He's famous for his great inventions.**

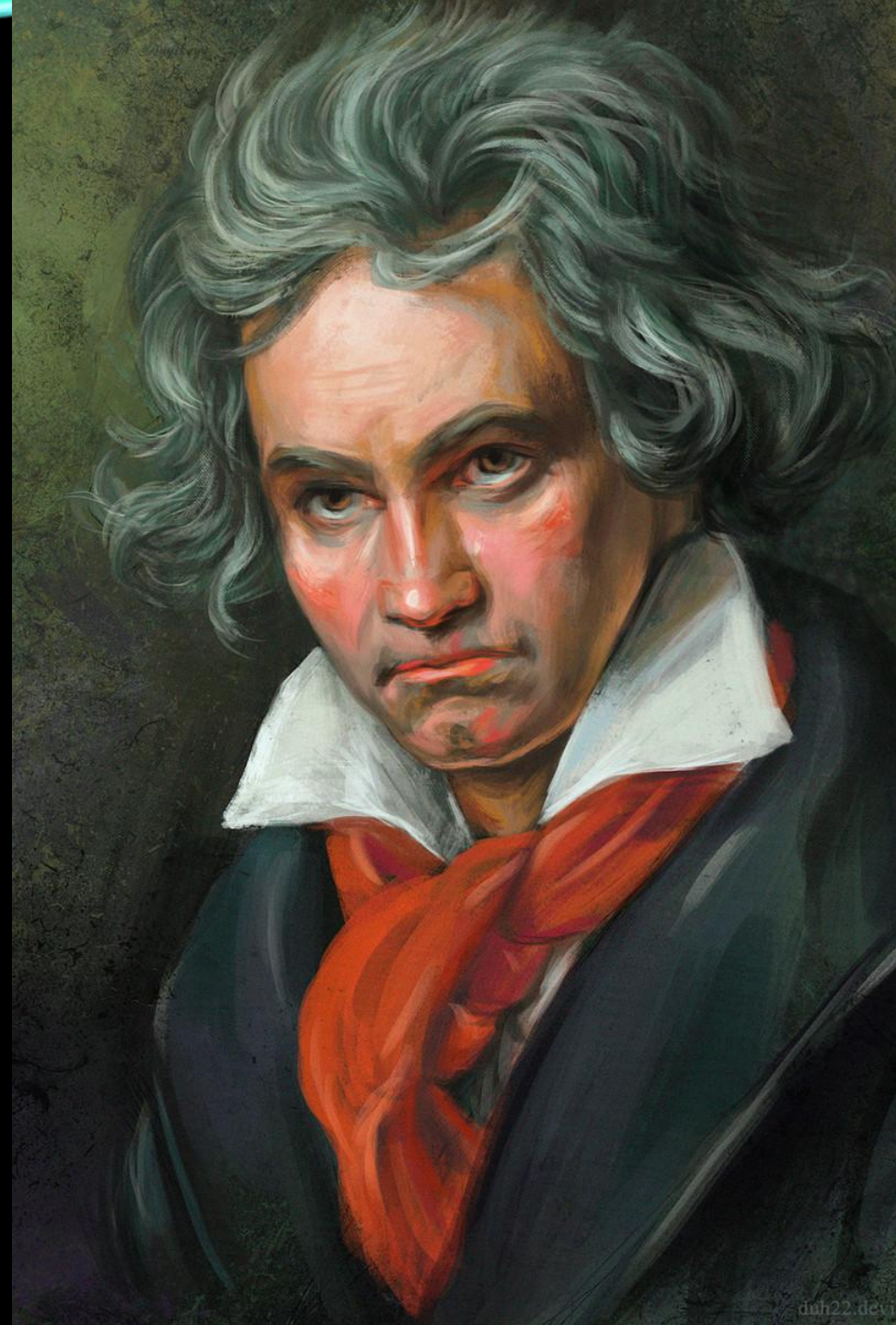


**LUDWIG van BEETHOVEN**  
**ЛЮДВИГ ван БЕТХОВЕН**  
**(1770 - 1827)**

**He was born/died in ...**

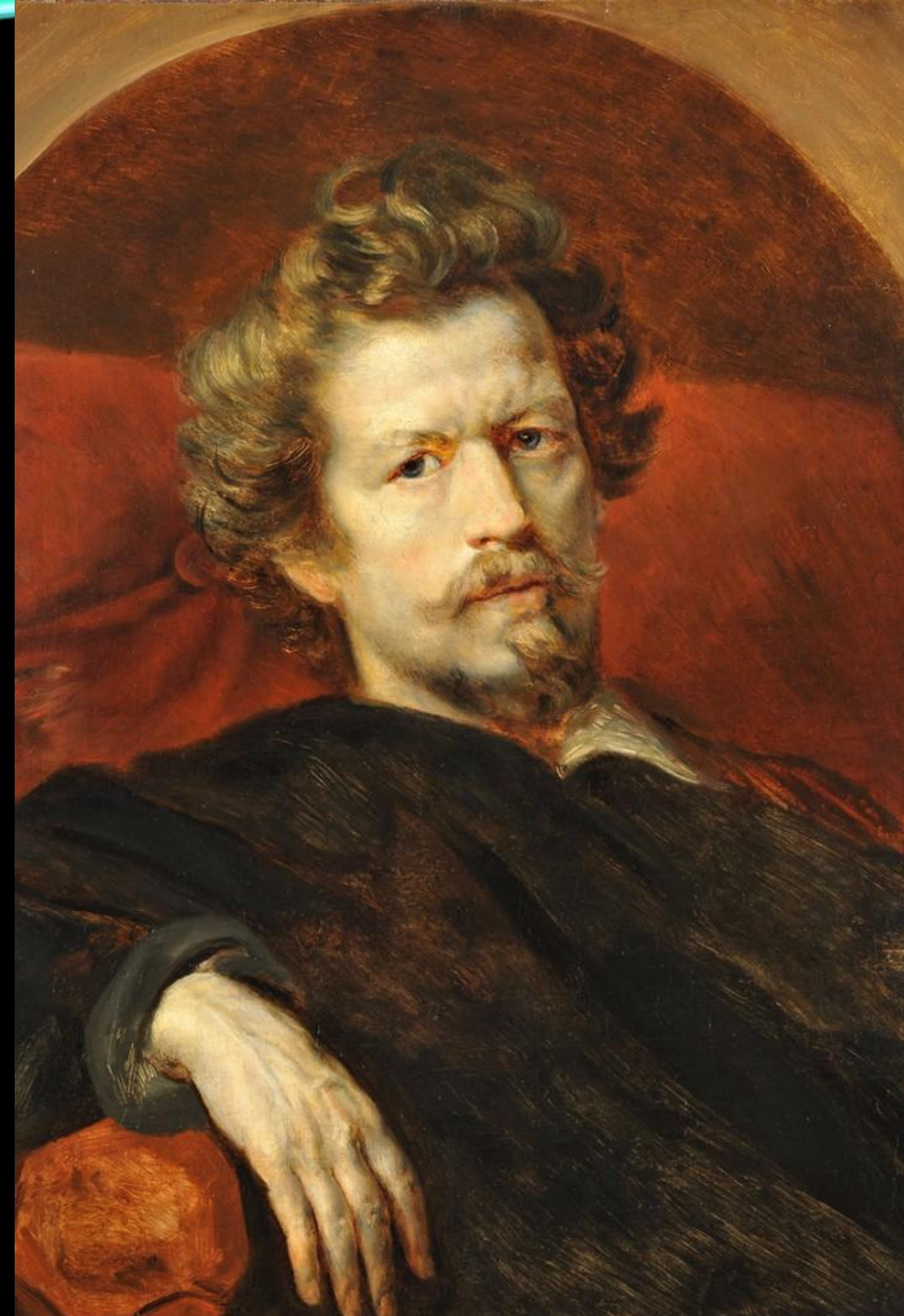
**He belongs to  
Germany.**

**He's famous for his ...**



**KARL BRYULLOV**  
**КАРЛ БРЮЛЛОВ**  
**(1799-1852)**

**He was born/died in ...**  
**He belongs to Russia.**  
**He's famous for his**  
**wonderful ...**



# КОНФУЦИЙ CONFUCIUS (ABOUT 551-479 BC)

He was born/died in ...  
He belongs to China.  
He's famous for his wise  
thoughts. He was a  
great teacher of China.





**ΝΑΡΟΛΕΟΝ ΒΟΝΑΡΑΡΤΕ**  
**ΝΑΠΟΛΕΟΝ ΒΟΝΑΠΑΡΤ**  
**(1769 - 1821)**

**He was born/died in ...**

**He belongs to France.**

**He's famous for his  
political deeds.**



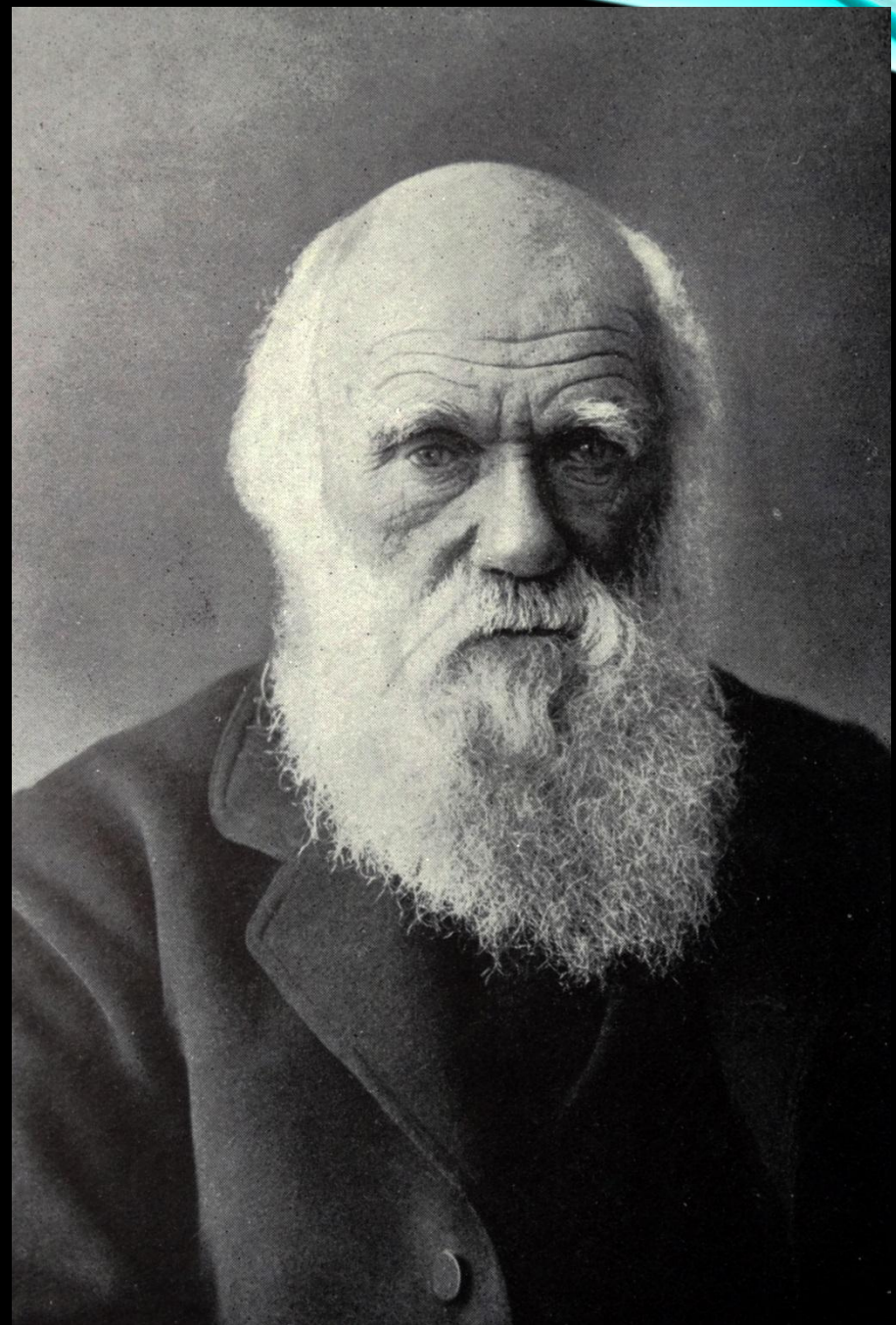
**WALTER SCOTT**  
**ВАЛТЕР СКОТТ**  
**(1771 - 1832)**

**He was born/died in ...**  
**He belongs to Scotland.**  
**He's famous for his**  
**historical novels.**



**CHARLES DARWIN**  
**ЧАРЛЬЗ ДАРВИН**  
**(1809 - 1882)**

**He was born/died in ...**  
**He belongs to England.**  
**He's famous for his**  
**evolution theory.**

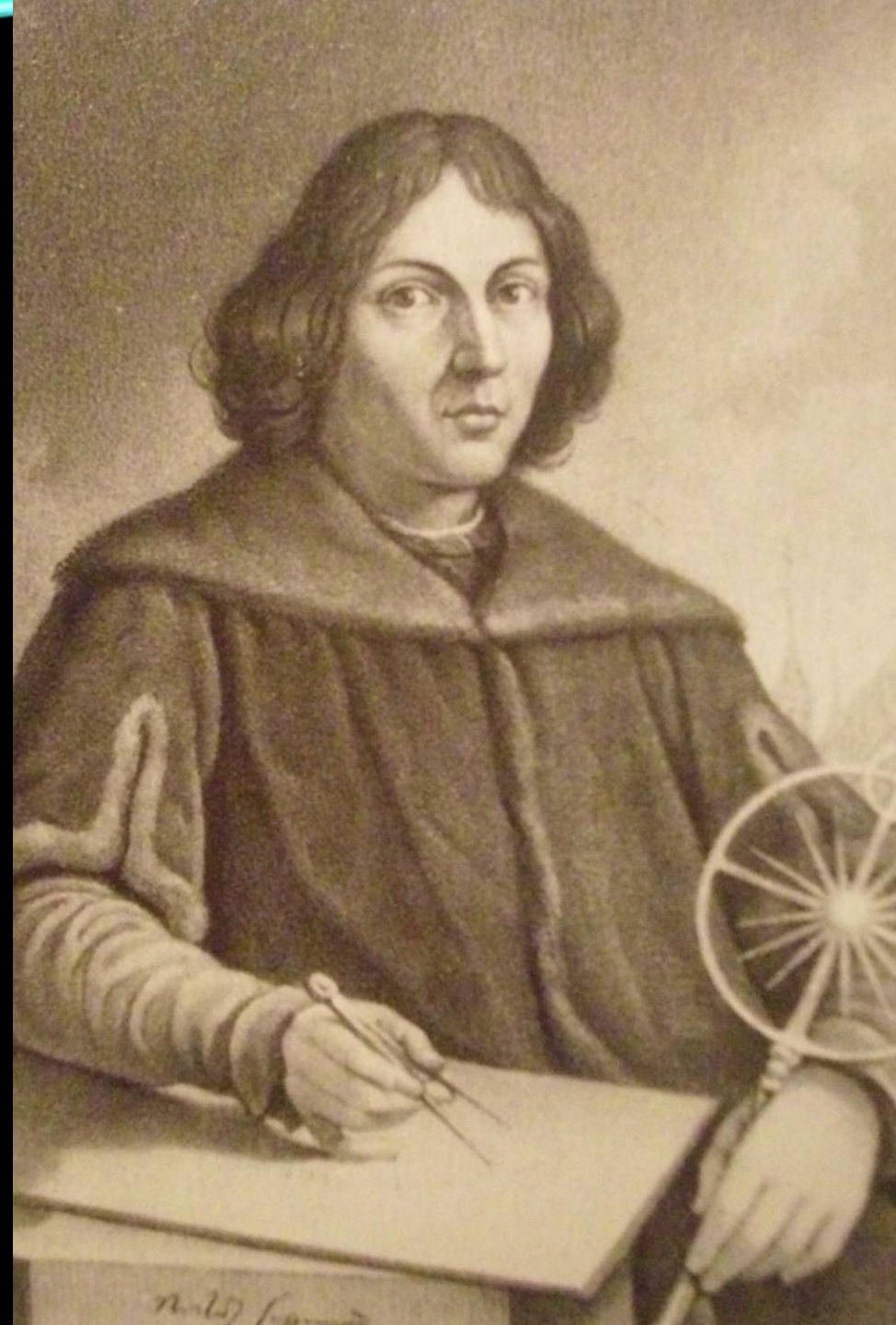


**NICHOLAS COPERNICUS**  
**НИКОЛАЙ КОПЕРНИК**  
**ПОЛЬСКИЙ АСТРОНОМ**  
**(1473 - 1543)**

**He was born/died in ...**

**He belongs to Poland.**

**He's famous for his  
Heliocentric system.**



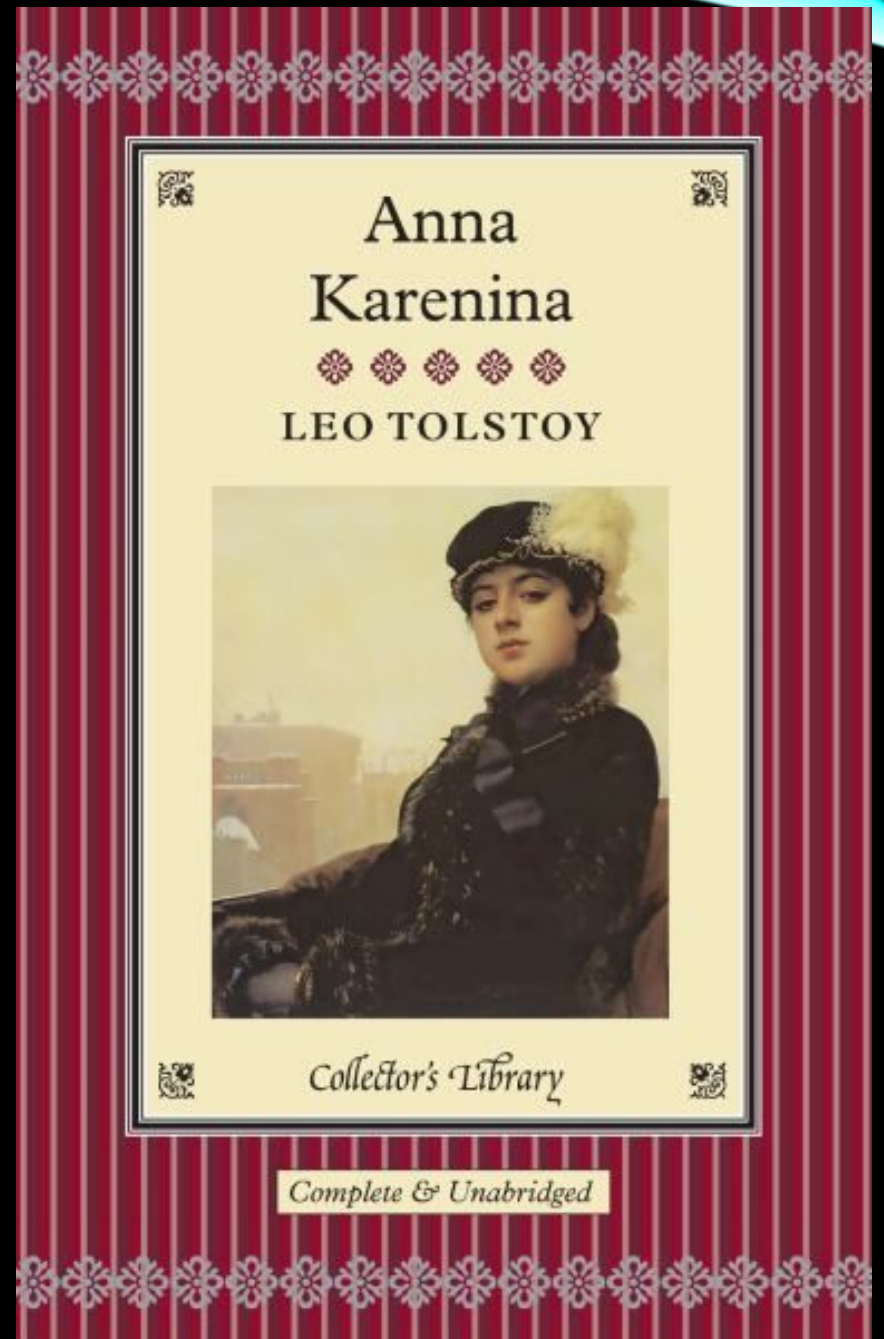
**REMBRANDT  
РЕМБРАНДТ  
(1606 - 1669)**

**He was born/died in ...  
He belongs to Holland.  
He's famous for his ...**



# HOMEWORK

Упр.2 стр. 53  
(загадки о русских  
знаменитостях)  
выполнить с  
переводом



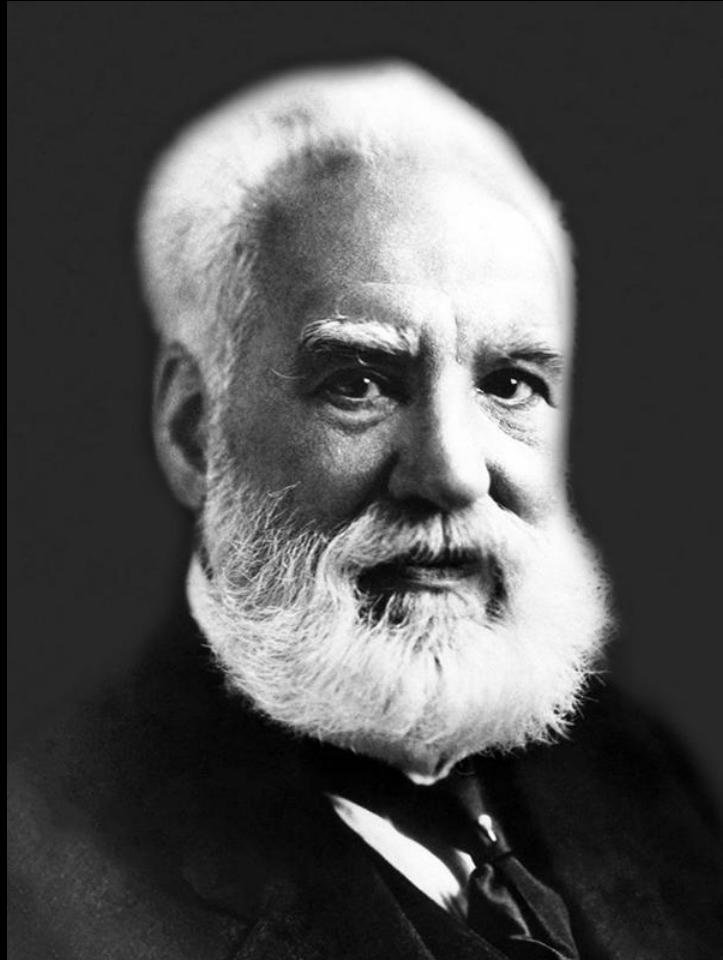
# WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE



(26 April 1564 – 23 April 1616)

was an English poet, playwright and actor, widely regarded as both the greatest writer in the English language and the world's pre-eminent dramatist. Among his best works are: Hamlet, Othello, King Lear, Romeo and Juliet and Macbeth.

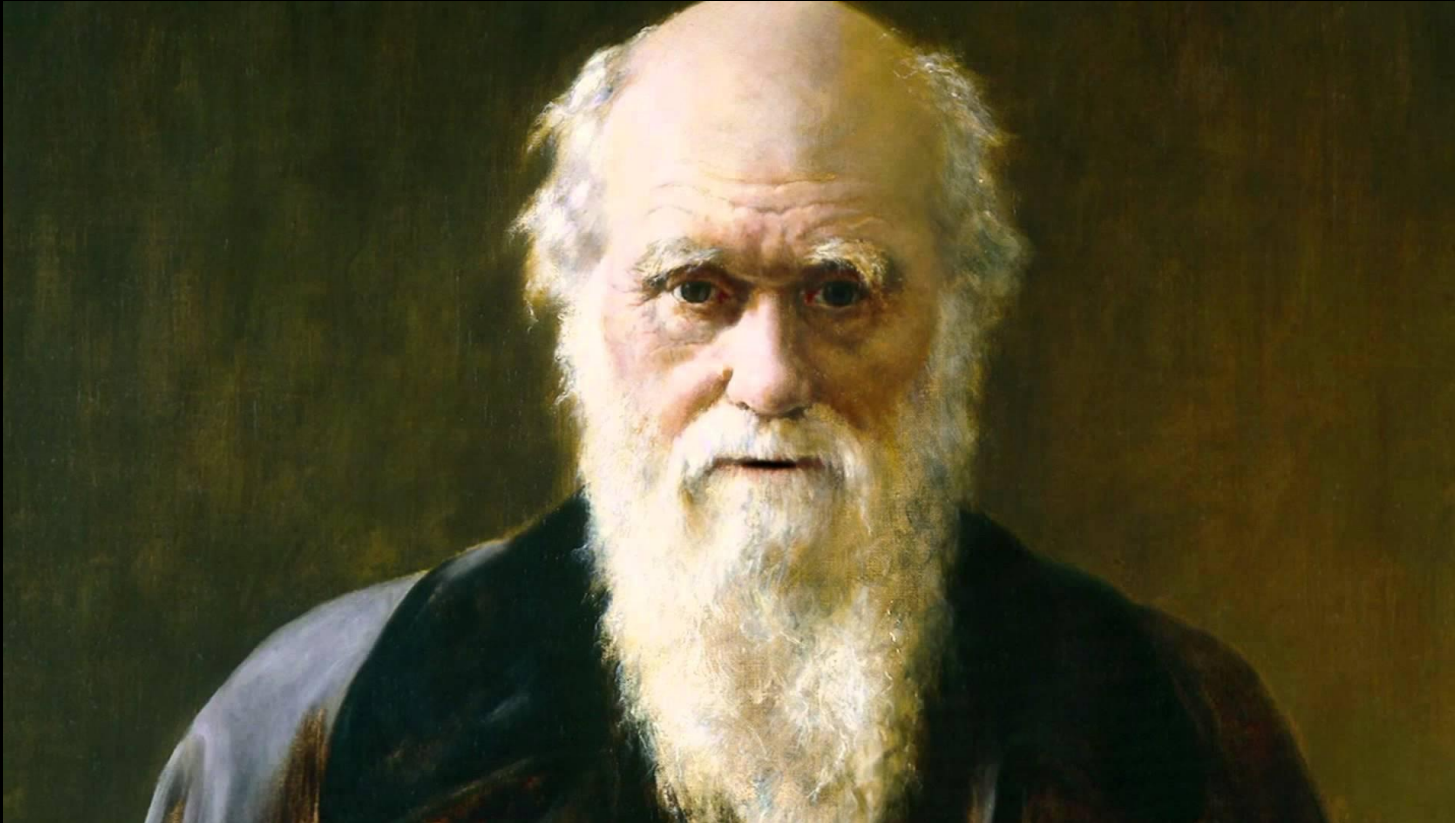
# ALEXANDER GRAHAM BELL



- (March 3, 1847 – August 2, 1922) was a Scottish-born scientist, inventor, engineer, and innovator who is credited with inventing and patenting the first practical telephone. He also founded the American Telephone and Telegraph Company (AT&T) in 1885.



# CHARLES DARWIN



- (12 February 1809 – 19 April 1882) was an English naturalist, geologist and biologist, best known for his contributions to the science of evolution.

# AGATHA CHRISTIE



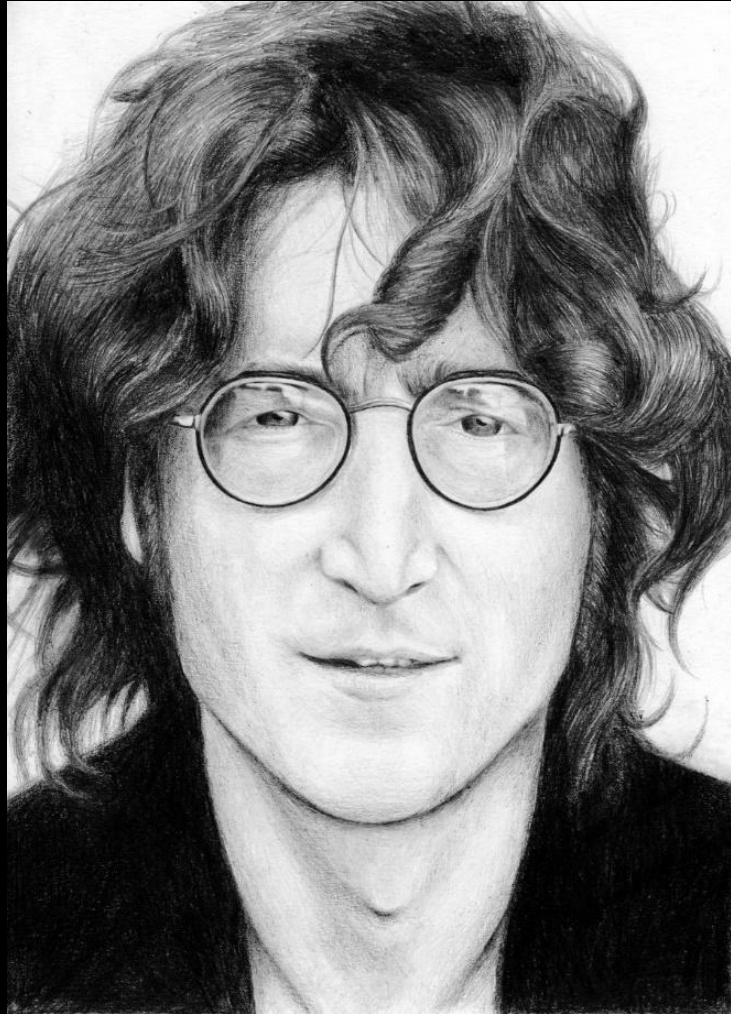
(15 September 1890 – 12 January 1976) was an English writer. She is known for her 66 detective novels and 14 short story collections, particularly those revolving around her fictional detectives Hercule Poirot and Miss Marple.

# CHARLIE CHAPLIN



(16 April 1889 – 25 December 1977) was an English comic actor, filmmaker, and composer who rose to fame in the era of silent film. Chaplin became a worldwide icon through his screen persona "the Tramp" and is considered one of the most important figures in the history of the film industry.

# JOHN LENNON



(9 October 1940 – 8 December 1980) was an English singer, songwriter, and peace activist who co-founded the Beatles, the most commercially successful band in the history of popular music. He and fellow member Paul McCartney formed a much-celebrated songwriting partnership. Along with George Harrison and Ringo Starr, the group would ascend to worldwide fame during the 1960s.

# WINSTON CHURCHILL УИНСТОН ЧЕРЧИЛЛЬ (1874 - 1965)



He was a British politician, army officer, and writer, who was Prime Minister of the United Kingdom from 1940 to 1945 and again from 1951 to 1955. Also praised as a social reformer and writer, among his many awards was the Nobel Prize in Literature.

