

Famous travellers

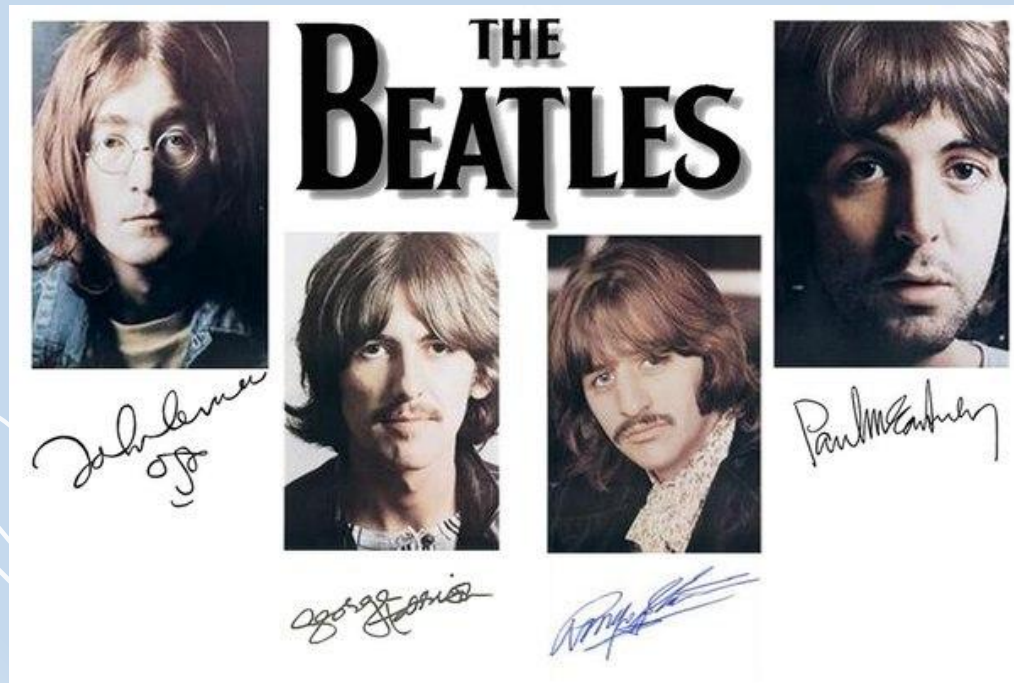


Внимание!



Phonetic exercise

- Song “Let it be”



- Let it be Мудрые слова **Осылай болсын**
 - Broken-hearted Темные времена **Жараланған
жүректермен**
 - Words of wisdom Разбитые сердца **Дана сөздер**
 - May be parted Звуки музыки **Олар айырылуы
мүмкін**
 - Hour of darkness Могут быть разлучены **Түнелген күндері**
 - The sounds of music Пришла ко мне **Музыка әуені**
 - Comes to me Да будет так **Маған келді**
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- **He travelled to space**
- **He discovered America**
- **He invented a submarine**
- **He invented an aqualung**





- He discovered Africa
- He painted Mona Lisa
- He discovered America
- He travelled to the North Pole

- He discovered the South Pole
- He travelled round the world
- He built the largest boat
- He travelled in Russia





- He invented the helicopter
- He discovered Australia
- He travelled across Central Asia
- He visited South America



- He Invented a submarine
- He discovered America
- He travelled in Russia
- He caught the biggest fish

Bloom's cube

- 1 Why
- 2 Explain
- 3 Call
- 4 Offer
- 5 Think up
- 6 Share



Complete the table “Insert”

I know	I knew	I want to know

Both - Either - Neither



Both = the two alternatives
= this AND that

Either = one of the two alternatives
= this OR that

Neither = none
= not this AND not the other

BOTH

English

AND

Spanish

I can speak **both** English **and** Spanish.

EITHER

English

OR

Spanish

I can speak **either** English **or** Spanish.
Which is easier for you to understand?

NEITHER

French

NOR

Arabic

I can speak **neither** French **nor** Arabic.

ALL



(total)

We use **ALL** to talk about the **total** number of things considered as a **group** and not individually.

Minimum of three things

ALL is used for the entire amount of something.

All + plural noun

- *All houses need to have a roof.*

ALL can be used to make a generalization.

- *All elephants are slow.*

*I say goodbye to **ALL** of the students as they leave the room.*

= "Goodbye students"

(I just say goodbye once)

EVERY



(collectively)

We use **EVERY** to talk about things **collectively** as a **group** more than individually.

Not for two things

EVERY is usually for a large number.

Every + Singular Noun

- *Every house on the street looks the same.*

Can be used for **how often** something happens.

- *I take a break **every** two hours.* (Every + Number + Plural Noun)

*I say goodbye to **EACH** student as they leave the room.*

= "Goodbye Mary" "Goodbye Daniel"...

(I say it to each student individually)

EACH



(one by one)

We use **EACH** to talk about the **individual** members of a group as **separate** items.

For two things or more

EACH is usually for a small number.

Each + Singular Noun

- *Each house on the street has a different number.*

Each of + You/Us/Them

- *She gave **each of us** a small gift.*

Reflection

- What can you tell me about today's lessons?
- What is sensible, useful...?



Home task

- The famous travellers-retelling
- Grammar

