



**Grade: 5 th**

# **The aims:**

**Use adjectives, including possessive adjectives, on a growing range of general and some curricular topics to describe things.**

**Use simple one- syllable and some two-syllable adjectives.**

**[comparative and superlative ] to make comparisons**



Big



Bigger



The biggest  MyShared

Small	smaller (than)	the smallest
Long	longer (than)	the longest
Tall	taller (than)	the tallest
Short	shorter (than)	the shortest
Cold	colder (than)	the coldest
New	newer (than)	the newest



# Constitution

- The Constitutional Convention (1787) – Конституционный конвент
- to ratify – ратифицировать, утверждать
- 7 articles
- 27 Constitutional Amendments
- The Bill of Rights – Билль о правах
- civil liberties – права граждан, гражданские свободы

# The guiding principles of the Constitution

- Popular Sovereignty Rule – принцип народного суверенитета
- Limited Government – ограничение власти
- Federalism – федерализм
- Separation of Powers – принцип разделения властей
- Checks & Balances – система «сдержек и противовесов»

# The Legislature

(the) Congress

(the) Senate  
the upper chamber

(the) House of  
Representatives  
the lower chamber

# The Senate

- 100 voting members – senators
- popular vote – всенародное  
ГОЛОСОВАНИЕ
- to run for – баллотироваться на пост
- The Vice – President of the USA serves  
as the President of the Senate (presiding  
officer)



# The House of Representatives

- 435 voting members + 2 representatives from Puerto Rico & the District of Columbia
- representatives/congressmen (congresswomen)  
– конгрессмен, член палаты представителей
- The presiding officer of the House of Representatives – the Speaker of the House

# Party Leaders

- the majority leader
- the minority leader

party caucuses (party meeting) – партийно-фракционное закрытое совещание

Standing Committee – постоянный комитет

Joint Committee – объединенный комитет

# Law making process

1) A new bill is proposed

2) The bill is referred (sent) to a committee for discussion

floor – места членов парламента в зале заседаний

3) The bill is debated on the floor of each house

# 4 ways of voting in Congress

**A voice vote** (viva – voce voting) – голосование вслух, подачей голоса

“Aye” (“Yea”) – yes

“Nay” – no

**Division vote** – раздельное (групповое) голосование

**A teller vote** – голосование с участием счетчиков ГОЛОСОВ

**A record vote** – регистрируемое голосование, **a roll –call vote** – поименное голосование

4) The bill goes to the President  
to override – отвергать, не принимать во  
внимание

“pocket veto” – «карманное вето»

to adjourn – объявлять перерыв в работе

# Other functions of law making Congress

- It lays & collects taxes
- Pays the debts of the USA, borrows money
- Regulates trade between the states
- Coins money, establishes post offices, etc.
- Performs the function of investigation

“Watergate hearings”

to impeach – производить процесс импичмента

the Capitol – Капитолий, здание конгресса

the Capitol Hill – Капитолийский холм, конгресс

state legislature – законодательный орган штата

# The United States Congress



# The Capitol





# The Executive Branch

- The president is:
  - the head of state
  - the Chief Executive – глава исполнительной власти
  - Commander-in-Chief – Верховный главнокомандующий

senior official – высшее должностное лицо

term of office – срок полномочий

43<sup>rd</sup> president – George Bush, Junior (a Republican)

# White House in Washington



- The Executive Office of the president – исполнительное управление президента
- The National Security Council – СНБ
- The White House Office – аппарат Белого дома
- 18 departments & over 40 independent agencies, such as:
  - the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) – ЦРУ
  - the National Aeronautics & Space Administration (NASA)
  - the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

civilian – гражданский чиновник

civil servant, government employee –  
государственный служащий

federal bureaucracy – федеральные  
(государственные) чиновники

# Department of

1. State – Государственный департамент (headed by Secretary of State)
2. the Treasury – Министерство финансов
3. Defense – обороны
4. the Air Force – Военно-воздушных сил
5. the Army – Сухопутных сил
6. the Navy – Военно-морского флота
7. Justice – юстиции (headed by Attorney General)
8. the Interior – внутренних дел
9. Agriculture – сельского хозяйства

10. Commerce – торговли
11. Labor – труда
12. Health and Human Services – здравоохранения и социальных служб
13. Housing and Urban Development – жилищного строительства и городского развития
14. Transportation – транспорта
15. Energy – энергетики
16. Education – образования
17. Veteran's Affairs – по делам ветеранов
18. Homeland Security – национальной безопасности

# The Judicial Branch

- **The Supreme Court**
- **Courts of federal jurisdiction**
- **Courts of state jurisdiction**

to review – пересматривать

judicial review – судебное ограничение, судебный надзор

district court – окружной суд

to appeal – подавать апелляционную жалобу, обжаловать

# Criminal cases under federal jurisdiction include:

- treason - государственная измена
- destruction of government property
- counterfeiting – подделка, фальшивые деньги , подложный документ
- hijacking – угон самолета, судна
- narcotic violations

# Civil cases deal with violations of other people's rights, such as:

- damaging property – причинять ущерб, убыток, повреждать
- violating a contract
- libel – клевета, диффамация

jury – коллегия присяжных, суд присяжных

randomly – наугад

legal procedure - судопроизводство



# The Supreme Court Building



# Supreme Court Seal



# Political Parties and Elections

## The Democratic Party

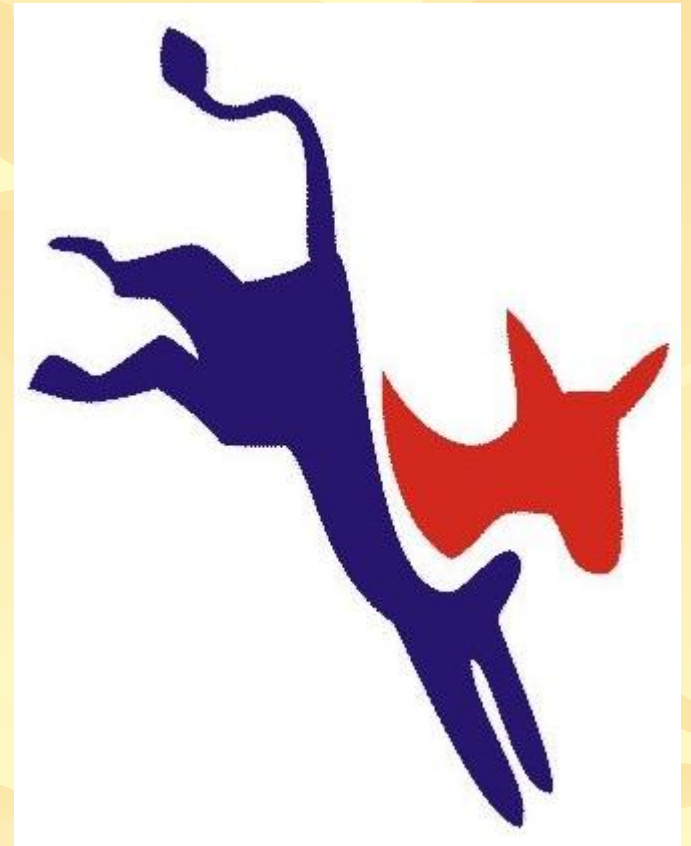
Traditionally the Democratic strongholds are:

the state of New York

the South

the trade unions

Its symbol is the Donkey –  
демократический осел



- **The Republican party**  
nickname: the Grand Old  
Party (GOP) – Великая  
старая партия  
It's symbol is the Elephant



- to split one's vote – голосовать одновременно за кандидатов разных партий
- split ticket – избирательный бюллетень, в который внесены кандидаты двух или более партий
- to vote the straight ticket – голосовать за кандидатов одной партии
- membership dues – членские взносы

# Elections are held in the USA to elect:

- the president & the vice president
- the Senate
- the House of Representatives
- governors
- state legislatures

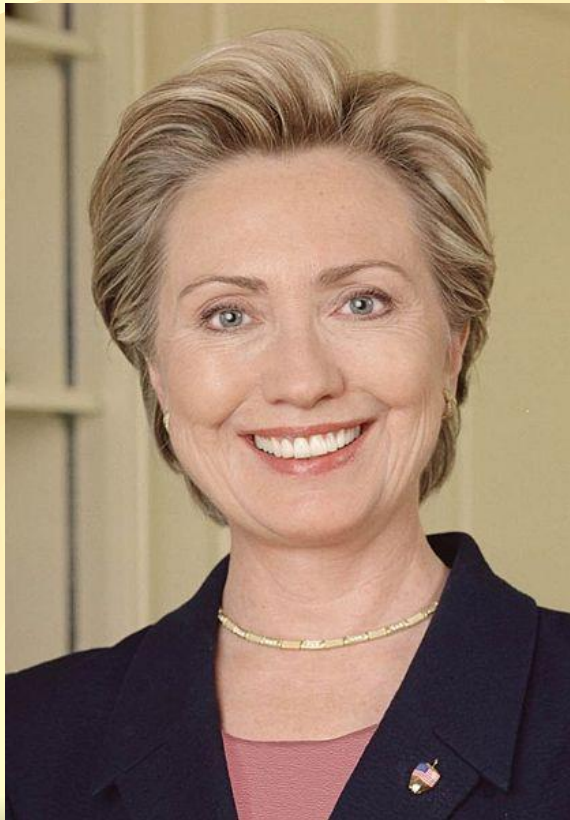
# Presidential elections

- They are held every 4 years
- The main stages of presidential election campaign are:
  - 1) Primaries – предварительные выборы
  - 2) National Conventions (съезд)
  - 3) Election of the electors (выборщики)
  - 4) Election of the president by the electoral college (коллегия выборщиков)
  - 5) A joint session of the Congress to open the ballots
  - 6) Inauguration of the president

# Presidential Elections 2008

## Candidates for the Democratic Party

**Hillary Clinton**, U. S. Senator  
from New York and former  
First Lady



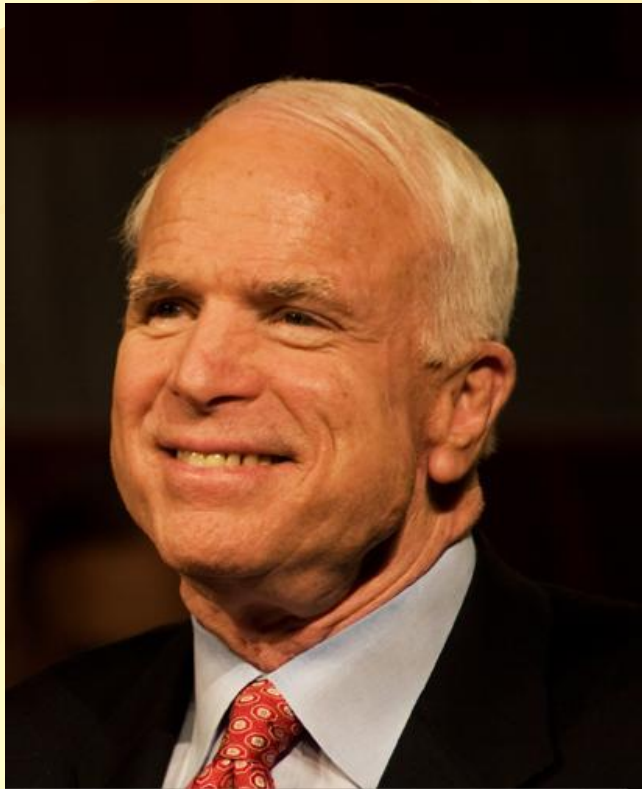
**Barack Obama**, U.S. Senator  
from Illinois





# Candidates for the Republican Party

Presumptive Nominee  
Senator **John McCain**  
of Arizona



Congressman **Ron Paul** of  
Texas

