

A decorative graphic on the left side of the image, consisting of a network of light blue lines and small circles, resembling a circuit board or a neural network diagram. The lines are vertical and horizontal, with some diagonal connections, and the circles are placed at various points along these lines.

USED TO OR
PAST SIMPLE

КОНСТРУКЦИЯ USED TO

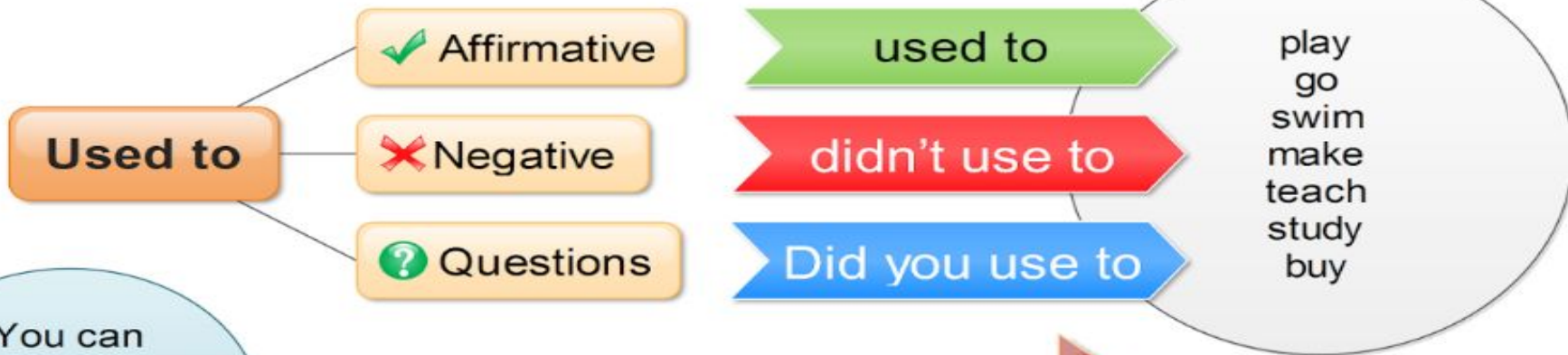
- **used to + I форма глагола (инфинитив)**
- "Used to" употребляется для описания действий, которые раньше происходили довольно часто, а сейчас не происходят вовсе. При переводе на русский язык часто добавляются слова "раньше", "прежде", и т.п.
- Конструкцию "used to" нежелательно использовать в вопросительных и отрицательных предложениях, но, иногда, в разговорном английском, такое употребление встречается. Тем не менее, в вопросительных и отрицательных предложениях лучше использовать Past Simple.
- В отрицательных предложениях есть одна особенность: вспомогательный глагол и частица (did not) в большинстве случаев заменяются на слово never (никогда). В таблице вы увидите, как строятся предложения с конструкцией used to do.

НАПРИМЕР

- I used to go to the beach every day.
- Christine used to eat meat, but now she is a vegetarian.
- I used to live in Paris.
- I used to eat a lot of chocolate but now I am on a diet.

USED TO

Form



You can always use past simple instead of USED TO.

Usage

- Yes** For repeated actions in the past, which are usually finished.
- No** For actions that happened only once in the past.

PAST SIMPLE

Auxiliary: DO **DID** DONE

Regular verbs (-ed)

	BASE FORM	PAST FORM	
TO	PLAY	PLAYED	PLAYED
TO	WALK	WALKED	WALKED
TO	STUDY	STUDIED	STUDIED

Affirmative: **SUBJECT** + **BASE FORM** -ed

EX. I / you / he / she / it / we / they played football yesterday

Irregular verbs (different ways)

	BASE FORM	PAST FORM	
TO	MAKE	MADE	MADE
TO	RING	RANG	RUNG
TO	GO	WENT	GONE

Affirmative: **SUBJECT** + **2nd FORM**

EX. I / you / he / she / it / we / they went to the cinema

Negative: **SUBJECT** + **DIDN'T** + **BASE FORM**

REGULAR VERBS: EX. I / you / he / she / it / we / they didn't play football yesterday

IRREGULAR VERBS: EX. I / you / he / she / it / we / they didn't go to the cinema last night

(Yes / No quest.) Interrogative: **DID** + **SUBJECT** + **BASE FORM** ?

REGULAR VERBS: EX. Did I / you / he / she / it / we / they play football yesterday ?

IRREGULAR VERBS: EX. Did I / you / he / she / it / we / they go to the cinema last night ?

(Wh- quest.) Interrogative: **WH- WORD** + **DID** + **SUBJECT** + **BASE FORM** ?

REGULAR VERBS: EX. What did I / you / he / she / it / we / they play yesterday ? Football

IRREGULAR VERBS: EX. Where did I / you / he / she / it / we / they go last night ? to the cinema

COMPLETE THE GAPS WITH USED TO.

1. Ann ... (buy) white bread, but now she buys brown bread.
2. Susan ... (drink) black coffee, but now she drinks white.
3. Henry ... (smoke) a pipe, but now he doesn't smoke at all.
4. My dad ... (run) 5 km every day, but now he doesn't run.
5. My wife ... (spend) much money on clothes, but now she spends it on travelling.

COMPLETE THE GAPS WITH PAST SIMPLE AND USED TO.

1. I ... (earn) enough money, but then I ... (lose) my job.
2. Bob ... (not like) football, but then he ... (change) his mind.
3. My mum ... (drive) a lot before she ... (have) that accident.
4. This telephone ... (work) well before my son ... (drop) it.
5. Mary ... (work) in a hotel, but then she ... (get) married.
6. He ... (play) basketball before he ... (break) his leg.