

Political system of Kazakhstan

Phonetic drill

- Constitution
- President
- Parliament
- the Majilis
- the Senate
- the Supreme Court
- the Judicial system
- Prime Minister
- national referend
- unitary state
- representative bo



Political system of According Kottakhattution, adopted at the national referendum on August 30, 1995, the Republic of Kazakhstan is a unitary state with a presidential form of government, which has three independent branches: executive, legislative and **judicial**

presentation-creation.ru

National flag of the Republic of Kazakhstan

- National flag of the Republic of Kazakhstan is a rectangular breadth of blue colour with the image of the sun in its center with a soaring steppe eagle underneath.
- Along the flagstaff there is a vertical band with the national ornamental patterns.
- · The images file ays, eagle and ornam den colour.

National coat of arms of the Republic of Kazakhstan



the Emblem

Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan



The Constitution of the Republic of Kazakhstan is the highest law of Kazakhstan, as stated in Article 4. The Constitution was approved by referendum on 30 August 1995

President





President is the head of the state, elected by a national popular vote.

Presidential term is seven years.

Current President of the Republic of Kazakhstan is Nursultan Nazarbayev (since 24 April 1990).

presentation-creation.ru



 The Government of Kazakhstan exercises executive power, heads the system of executive bodies and provides guidance of their activities.

The Head of the government is appointed by the President when the candidature of the premier has been approved by the majority of Parliament. Personal composition of the government is appointed by the President by the presentation of candidatures by premier.

 Structure and composition of the government of Kazakhstan.

 Prime-minister submits for a consideration to the President the structure of the government. The structure of the government is the creation ru

Parliament The legislative branch in









The Senate

 The Senate is established by elections in each region, city and the capital of Kazakhstan

deputies at joint session of deputies of all

representative bodies of regions, cities of

republican importance and the capital.

• Seven deputies of Senate are appointed by the president. There 39 deputies in the Upper Chamber, 32 of them are elected, 7 are appointed by the Head of state.







Majilis

- Majilis deputies are elect direct, equal and universal suffrage at secret ballot. Deputy corps of Majilis is formed by deputies elected by proportional and majority systems.
- There are 77 deputies in the Lower Chamber of Parliament.
- 10 deputies of Majilis are elected on the proportional system by single national constituency. The rest 67 deputies are elected by single candidate territorial constituency according to the administrative and territorial division of the country.

Executive branch

 Executive power is exercised by the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan.

 Composition of the Government is formed by the President of the

Repub accord



tion-creation.ru

Legislative branch

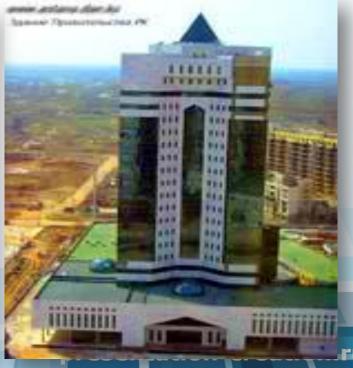
- Legislative power is vested in the bicameral parliament. Parliament has two chambers: the Senate and the Majilis.
- The Senate consists of deputies: two persons from each province, city of national importance and the capital.
- The Majilis consists of 107 members. Member of the Parliament cannot be simultaneously a member of both chambers. The term of office of the



Judicial branch

- Judicial power is vested in the Constitutional Court and a system of local courts.
- Courts of the Republic are the Supreme Court of the Republic, local courts and other courts of the Republic, established by the





Local

- · Akimat is Mitabality ecutive body in Kazakhstan.
- Akim is the head of akimat and represents the President and the Government of the Republic in the





Question 1 When the referendum was accepted?



Answer: 30 August, 1995



presentation-creation.ru

What independent offices of the state do you know?



Answer:

executive, legislative and judicial

How many years the president

elected



Answer: every 7 years

Question 5 How many chambers are in parliament? Call them.

Answer:

Parliament: a Lower Chamber - the Majilis, and an Upper Chamber the Senate.

How many deputies on the Lower Chamber of Parliament?



There are 77 deputies in the Lower Chamber of Parliament.

How many deputies on the Upper Chamber of Parliament?

Answer:

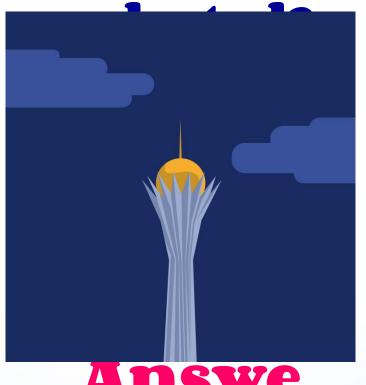
There 39 deputies in the Upper Chamber, 32 of them are elected, 7 are appointed by the Head of state

presentation-creation.ru

What are the duties of the Prime minister?

Answe Prime-minister submits for consideration to the President the structure of the

Question 9 When the first President of the Republic of Kazakhstan was



Answe
24 April 1990

Question 10 What is the Akimat?



Akimat is a regional executive body in Kazakhstan.

Match the words with their definitions

| 1 | Constituti on | a | is a group of people who are elected to govern a country or a city. |
|---|------------------|---|---|
| 2 | Council | b | is the main law of the country. |
| 3 | President | C | is the lower House of Kazakhstan Parliament. |
| 4 | Senate | d | is the leader of the republic. |
| 5 | Majilis | e | is the upper House of Kazakhstan Parliament. |
| 6 | The Supreme | f | is the place where legal trials take place and creation.ru |

Complete the sentences

- 1) Kazakhstan declared itself as_____
- 2) The President of the Republic of Kazakhstan is the head of state and_____
- 3) Parliament consists of two chambers acting on basis of
- 4) Kazakhstan is a member of many international organizations, including____
- 5) The "Nur Otan" party



Thanks for your attention!!!