

## The main stages of education in Britain

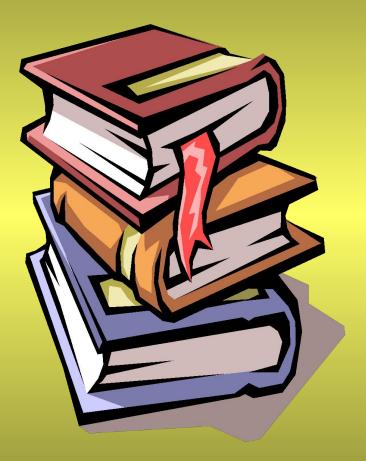
- Pre-school education
- PRIMARY EDUCATION
- SECONDARY EDUCATION
- FURTHER EDUCATION

#### The major stages of education in UK

2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Pre-school education			Primary education						Secondary education							
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### VOCABULARY

- compulsory обязательный
- free бесплатный
- fee платный
- infant подготовительный
- junior младший
- nursery детский сад
- primary начальный
- secondary средний
- private частный
- public общественный
- Public school частная школа
- State school государственная школа
- Boarding school интернат
- All-boys school школа для мальчиков



- Many British children start school at the age of 2 or 3 at a <u>play school</u> near their house.
- These schools are <u>nursery</u> schools and they are not compulsory.



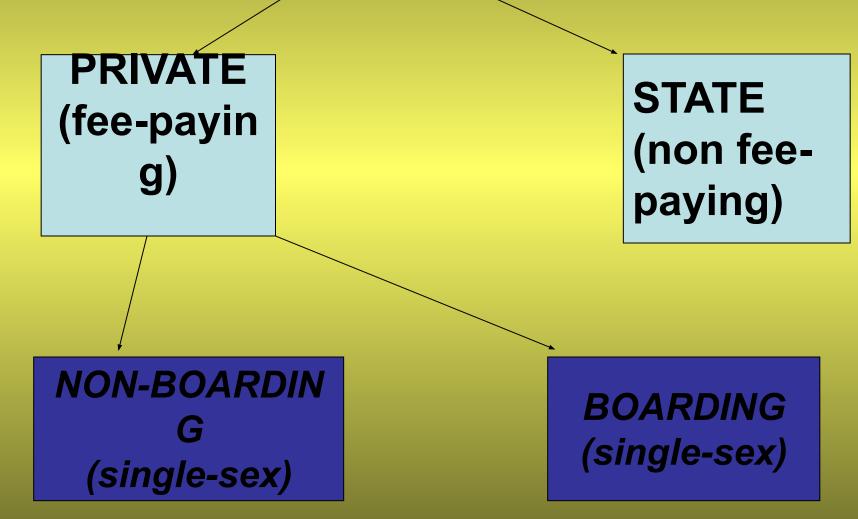
- Children are taught to sing, draw, they play different creative games.
- Pre-school education is often on a fee-paying basis.



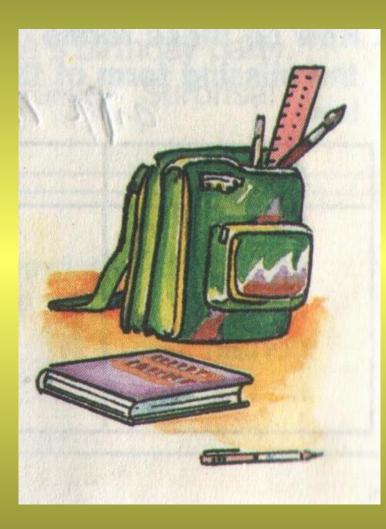
• Compulsory education begins at the age of 5, when children go to <u>primary school.</u>

#### **UK Schools**

#### PRIMARY EDUCATION 5 - 11



# PRIMARY EDUCATION



All children start primary school by the age of 5. Primary education lasts for six years.

They attend the <u>infant school</u> from 5 to 7 and then <u>junior school</u> untill they are 11.

Some parents pay for their children to attend <u>a private school</u> but all children have the right to go to <u>a</u> <u>state school</u> which is <u>free.</u>

Private schools are called <u>public</u> schools.

Most of them are <u>boarding schools</u>. More than 90% of British children attend state schools.

#### The usual age for transfer to secondary schools is eleven in England.

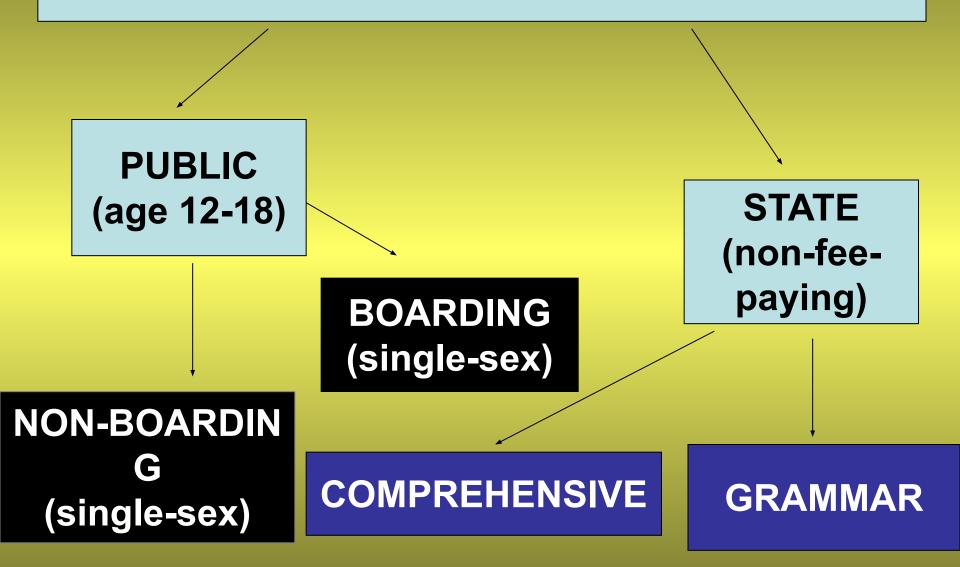
- 1. What are the main stages of education in Britain?
- 2. What age do British children start school?
- 3. How are these schools called?
- 4. Are they compulsory or optional?
- 5. What are the main stages of PRIMARY EDUCATION ?
- 6. What age does compulsory education begin?
- 7. What age does PRIMARY EDUCATION end?
- 8. What age do British children attend the infant school ?
- 9. What age do British children attend the junior school ?
- 0. What is usual age for transfer to secondary schools in England?

# VOCABULARY

- core обязательный
- subject школьный предмет
- courses курсы
- optional по выбору (факультативный)
- Science предметы естественно-научного цикла
- Arts предметы гуманитарного цикла
- fee-paying платный
- free-paying бесплатный



#### **SECONDARY EDUCATION 12-16/18**



STATE SCHOOL – is a non-fee-paying school run by the state PUBLIC SCHOOL – is a long-established, with long traditions, fee-paying school. **PRIVATE/ INDEPENDENT SCHOOL – is a** fee-paying school, sometimes connected with one religion **COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOL** – is a state school where students of all abilities are taught together **BOARDING SCHOOL** – is a school where the students live. **GRAMMAR SCHOOL** is a school for children of high academic abilities who have to pass an 11+ exam. is a school which is either A SINGLE-SEX SCHOOL -

for all boys or all girls.

#### **SECONDARY EDUCATION** Children study <u>compulsory (core)</u> subjects:

- English, Literature
- Mathematics
- IT (information technology)
- Religious Education

#### and optional courses:

- one foreign language
- one science subject
- one art subject
- History
- Geography
- PE (physical education)
- Design and Technology

#### **SECONDARY EDUCATION**

- Compulsory education ends at 16.
- Some people leave secondary school and go to colleges for further education.
- Some choose to stay at secondary school for two years more and prepare for a university.
- At age sixteen pupils in England may transfer to sixth form colleges leading to A level





- The most famous public schools in Britain are Eton, Harrow, Winchester.
- A year at Eton costs 17,000 pounds. It is very old, and a lot of important people used to be students there. It is an <u>all-boys school</u>.
- Prince William, the Queen's grandson, went to Eton too.



# The major methods of teaching In PRIMARY SCHOOL

- Class teacher teaches all subjects
- At the ages of 7 and 11 national tests in English, mathematics and science

#### In SECONDARY SCHOOL

- different teachers for different subjects
- regular homework
- Issues the separate of the separa

- *1. When does secondary education start in Britain?*
- 2. What schools are fee-paying in Britain?
- 3. What is the difference between PUBLIC and PRIVATE/ INDEPENDENT schools?
- 4. What schools are free-paying?
- 5. What are the main stages of SECONDARY EDUCATION ?
- 6. What is the difference between a schools?
- 7. How are all-boys or all-girls schools called?
- 8. What is **BOARDING SCHOOL**?
- 9. What courses are compulsory at secondary schools?
- 0. What courses are optional at secondary education?
- *1. What age do British children attend the secondary education?*
- 2. What age do British children attend the high school?
- *3.* Is High School compulsory or not in Britain?



Age	Name of school	Type of test / exam				
Pre-school education						
2 - 5	Nursery	not yet				
5 - 11	Primary education					
5 - 7	Infant school	SAT test				
7 - 11	Junior school	SAT test & 11+ exam				
11 - 18	Secondary education					
11 - 16	Secondary school	Age 14 - SAT test Age 16 - GCSEs				
16 - 18	High school	Age 18 – A level				
	or the Sixth Form					

#### SAT TESTS

#### **Standard Assessment Test**

- tests that students in schools in Britain take at the ages of 7, 11, and 14, to see whether they have reached the standard set by the National Curriculum.
- taken in all core subjects.

### 11+ (the eleven plus) exam

- The Eleven Plus is an examination which is given to students in their last year of primary education.
- The name derives from the age group of the students: 11+.
- The exam came to be seen as determining whether a student went to a grammar school The exam came to be seen as determining whether a student went to a grammar school or to a

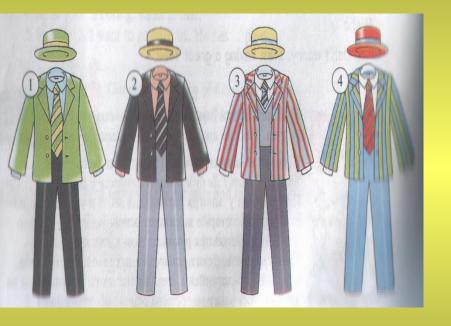
#### GCSE = General Certificate of Secondary Education

- Courses are taken in a variety of subjects
- GCSEs are not compulsory
- Taken by 16-years-old in Britain in 5 subjects: 3 core (English, Maths and Science) and 2 additional (the Arts, French)
- Marks are given for each subject separately
- System of marks is uniform 
   A-G. A, B, C are regarded as "good" grades.
- These examinations are taken by students of all levels of ability.

#### A Levels = Advanced Levels

- Higher-level academic exams
- Taken mostly by people around the age of 18 who wishes to get *higher education*
- Taken at least in 3 subjects
- A-levels are graded from A to E, anything lower is unclassified (U)
- A-level examinations, usually are not in more than 3 subjects. It is necessary to have
   A-levels in order to go to a university or other institutions of higher education

# SCHOOL UNIFORM



A lot of people think that school uniforms in England are for the children from rich families at the country's best schools. But it isn't always true. In fact, uniforms first came to schools for poor because they were cheaper. Today a lot of British schools have uniforms. Usually they differ only in colours but include a blazer, a pullover, a shirt (a blouse), trousers (a skirt), tights or socks, shoes and boots, a scarf and gloves of a certain colour, a cap or a hat. School badge is on a cap and on a blazer's pocket.

One of the most important elements of the uniform is <u>a school tie.</u>



School tie – у англичан есть выражение "To be true to your school tie"-"Быть верным своему школьному галстуку".Это означает, что и через много лет выпускники сохраняют верность своим школьным друзьям и всегда готовы помочь им.

Для выпускников престижных частных школ такой галстук является не только символом дружбы и взаимопомощи, но и пропуском в общество самых известных и влиятельных людей страны.



# MARKS

ENGLISH		RUSSIAN
A*(star)	Excellent	-
Α	Very good	5
В	Good	4
С	Satisfactory	3
D	Poor	2
E	Very poor	1
F	Awful	-



#### SCHOOL RULES EVERY BRITISH SCHOOL HAS ITS RULES, FOR EXAMPLE:

- Be polite
- Say hello when you see a teacher
- Come to school on time
- Stand up when a teacher comes into the class
- Wear your school uniform
- Don't eat or drink in the classroom
- Don't run in the corridors
- Don't bring mobile phones to class
- Don't talk to people in lessons



# AGE OF PUPILS YOURSELF

3 - 5 years	

J	years	

5 – 7 y	ears
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7 – 11 years

11 – 16 years

16 – 18 years

## CHECK Public school means that F

- The school is private
- The school is for everybody
- 2. Boarding school means that
- Students live there
- There are only boys there
- It is abroad
- 3. Eton is
- A famous public school
- A famous state school
- 4. Core courses are
- Music, drama, home economics
- English, Maths, IT.

Read once more

Well done !

### The organisation of a school year



## The organisation of a school day

- A five-day week
- Schools are closed on Saturdays and Sundays
- The day lasts from 9 a.m.- 3-5 p.m.
- Lunch break lasts about an hour-and-a-quarter

The School currently operates a seven day cycle (???) with a six period day, the timings of which are as follows:

- ASSEMBLY 09:15 09:30
- PERIOD 1
- PERIOD 2
- BREAK
- PERIOD 3
- PERIOD 4
- LUNCH
- PERIOD 5
- PERIOD 6

- 09:35 10:20
- 10:25 11:10
- 11:10 11:30
- 11:30 12:15
- 12:20 13:05
- 13:05 14:10
- 14:15 15:00
- 15:05 15:45



