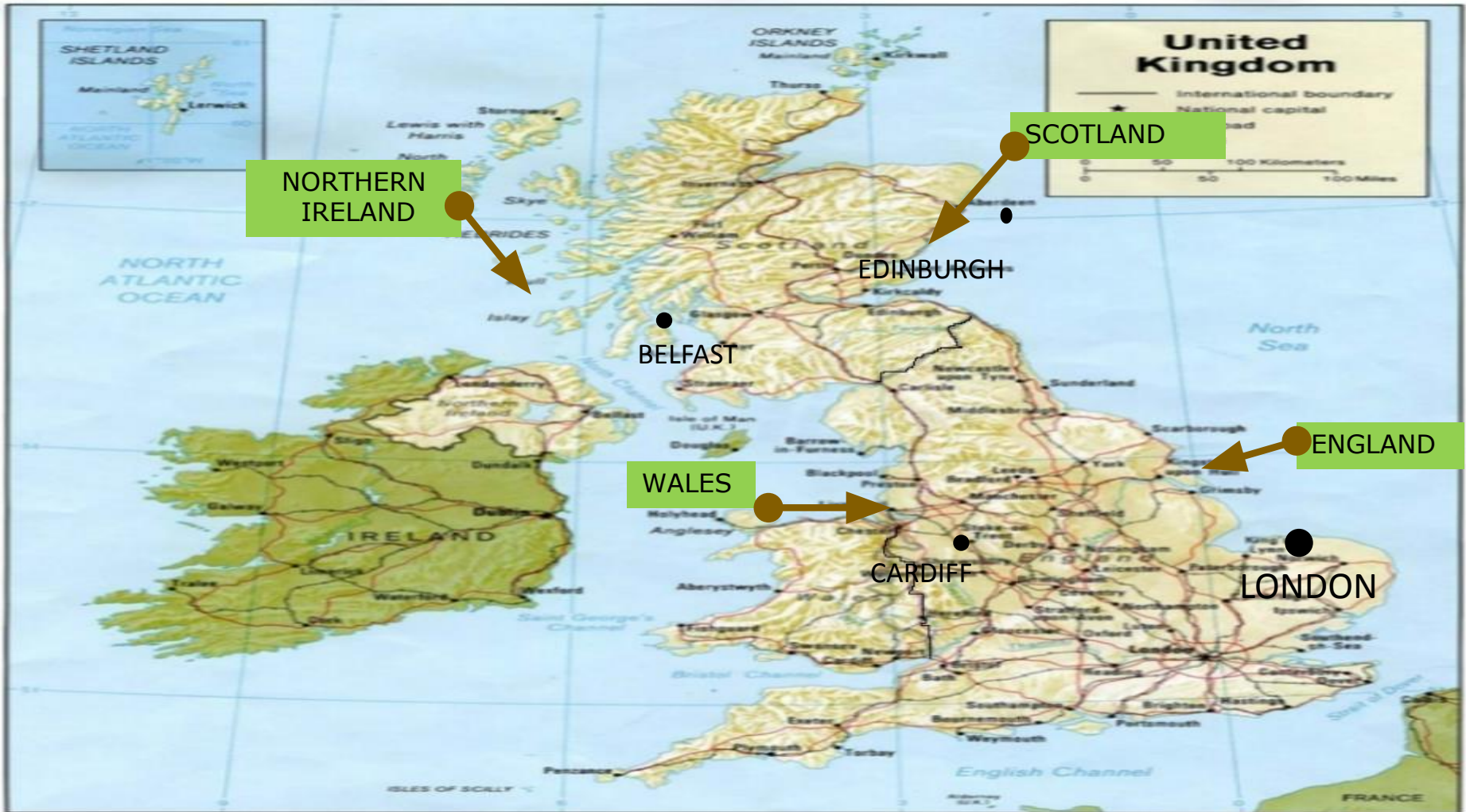


**So many countries all over the world
So many people life tales told
Different cities, languages, poems,
Amazing traditions, legends, stories.**



**We travel East, we travel West
To know so much is best,
If South is warm, North is cold,
We start our trip and off we go!**

THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND



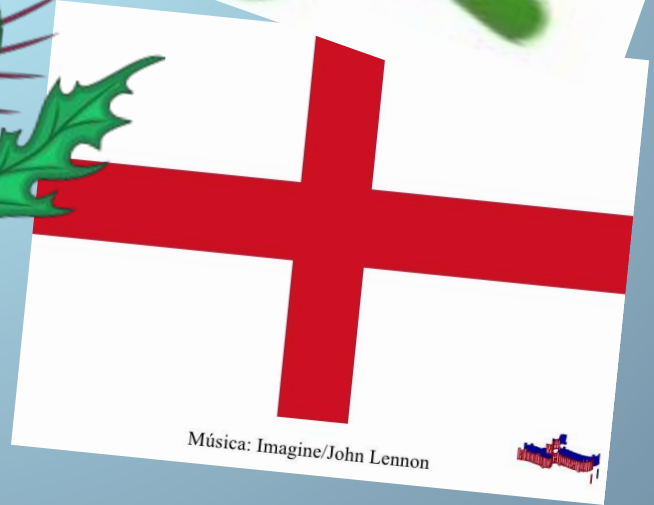
What do we know about the UK?

- How many countries does the UK consist of?
- The UK consists of four countries: England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.
- What is the capital of the country?
- The capital of the country is London.
- What is the official name of the whole country?
- The official name of the UK is the United Kingdom of Great Britain and the Northern Ireland.

- When was this name first used?
- This name was first used in 1707.
- How many islands does the UK consist of?
- The UK consists of more than 5000 islands of different sizes.
- What is the name of the largest island?
- The name of the largest island is Great Britain.
- What do British people call the national flag?
- British people call it “the Union Jack”.
- What is the official language of the country?
- English is the official language of the UK.

Name the symbols connected with the United Kingdom





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ENGLAND

- The capital of England is **London**.



The **red rose** is the national symbol of England. The flower has been adopted as England's emblem since the time of the Wars of the Roses - civil wars (1455-1485) between the royal house of Lancaster (whose emblem was a red rose) and the royal house of York (whose emblem was a white rose).



The flag of England is called **the St. George's Cross** after the name of the patron saint of the country. A story dating back to the 6th century tells that St George rescued a maiden from fire-breathing dragon.



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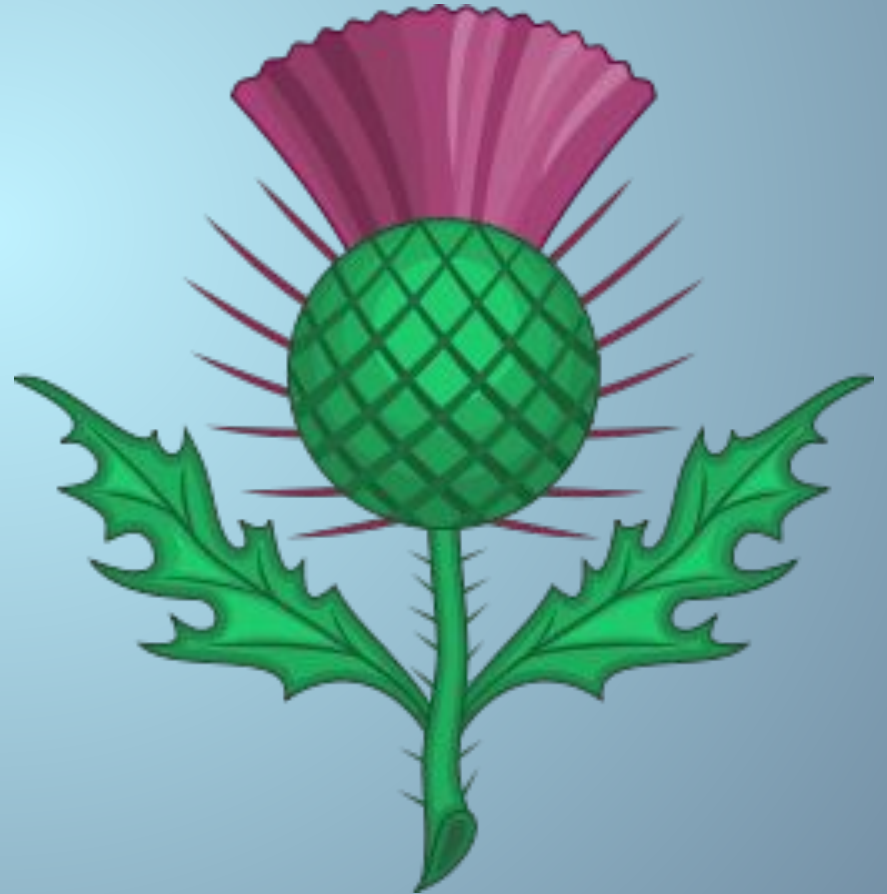


SCOTLAND

- The capital of Scotland is **Edinburgh**.



- The national emblem and the symbol of Scotland is the flower called **the thistle**. The thistle, a prickly-leaved purple flower which was first used in the 15th century as a symbol of defence.

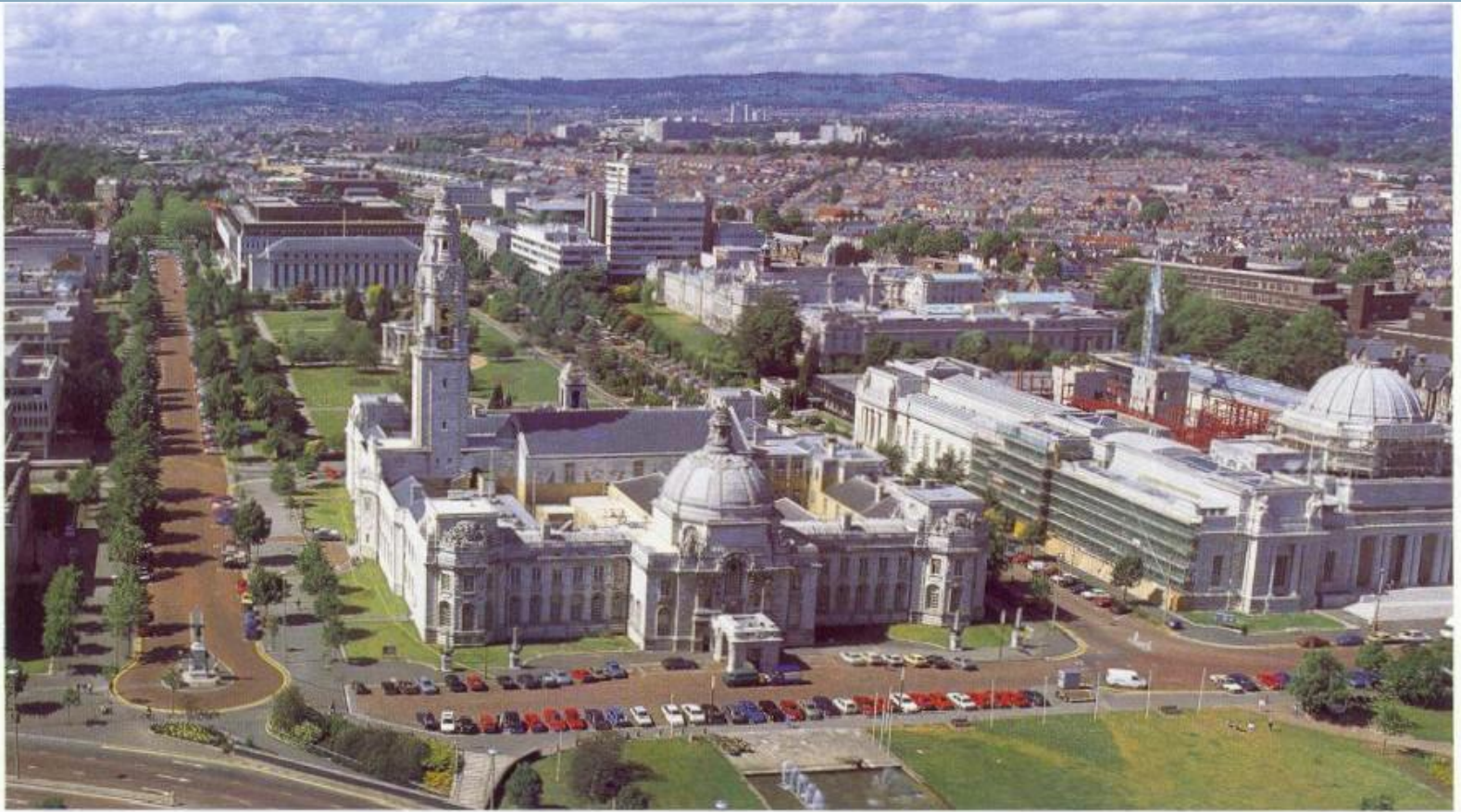


The flag of Scotland is called after the name of patron saint of the country - **the St. Andrew's Cross**. St. Andrew was one of Christ's twelve apostles. Some of his bones are said to have been brought to Scotland during the 4th century.



Wales

- **Cardiff** is the capital of Wales.



- The national symbol of Wales is **the daffodil**. St David's Day is commemorated by the wearing of daffodils or leeks. Both plants are traditionally regarded as national emblems.



- **The Red Dragon** is the name of the flag of Wales. The Welsh dragon does not appear on the flag of the UK because when the first Union Flag was created in 1606, Wales was already united with England from the 13th century.



Northern Ireland

- **Belfast** is the capital of Northern Ireland.



- The national symbol of the Northern Ireland is **the clover (the shamrock)**. According to the legend, St. Patrick, the patron of Ireland, illustrated the concept of the Holy Trinity with the help of shamrock during the process of Christianization of the state.



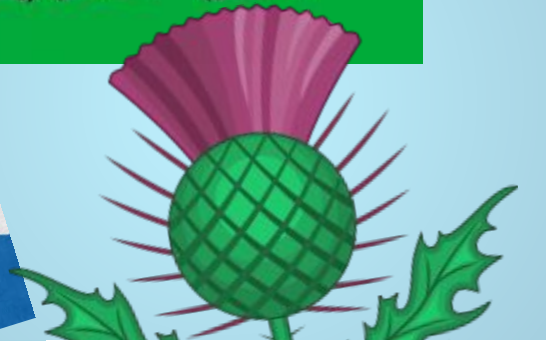
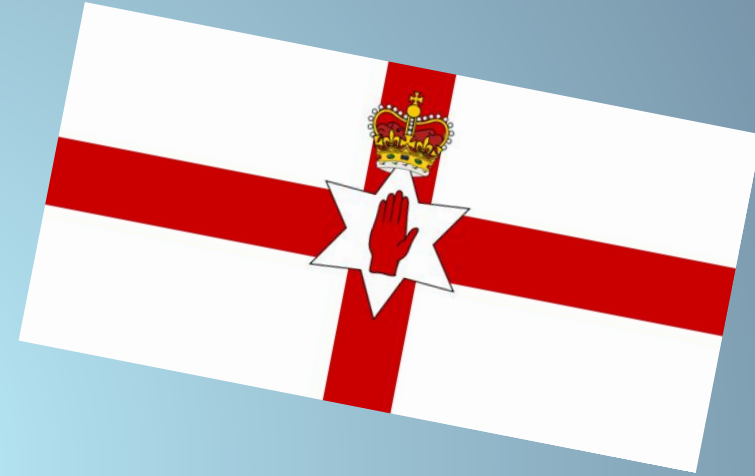
- The flag of Northern Ireland is called **the St. Patrick's Cross**. Now the Union Jack is Northern Ireland's official flag. The well known Red Hand Flag (shown at the bottom) has not been officially used since 1973.



A short rest.



Answer the questions



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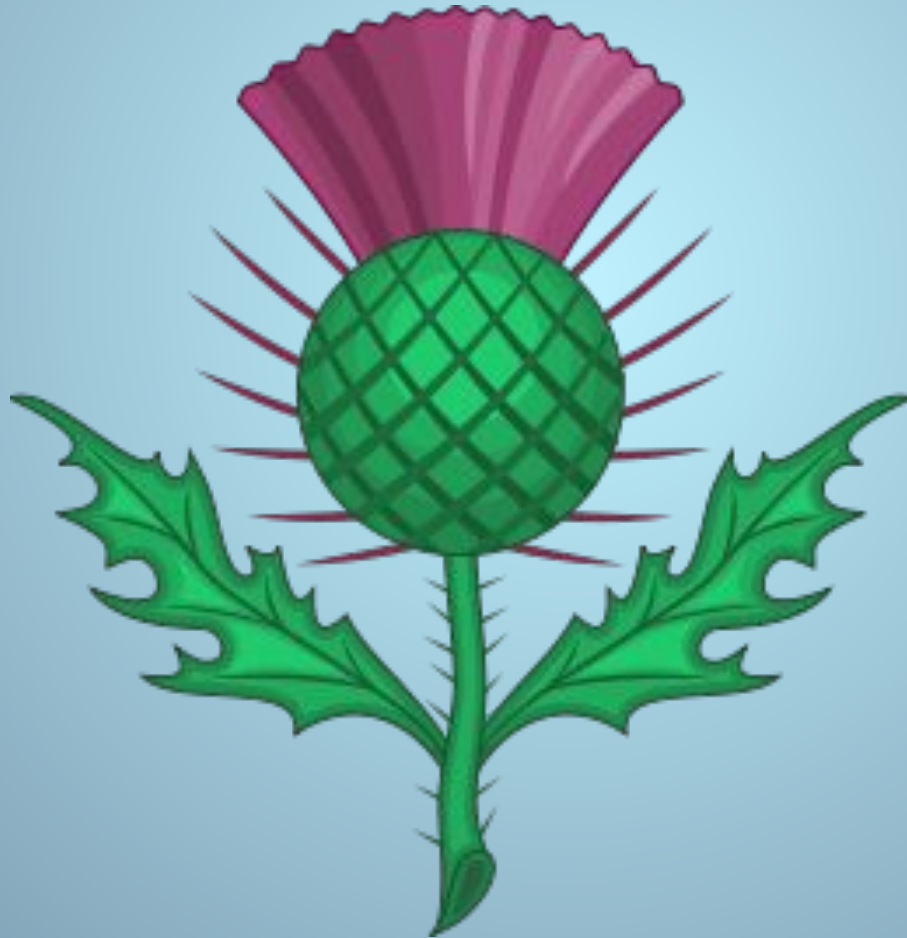


P. HENRY

What country is this flag of?



What country is this emblem of?



What country is this flag of?



What country is this emblem of?



What country is this flag of?



What country is this symbol of?



Complete the sentences



The capital of Scotland is...



The capital of England is



The capital of Wales is



The capital of Northern Ireland is

...



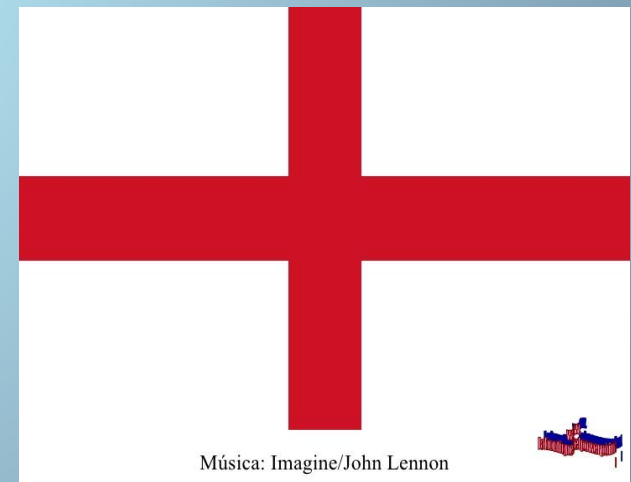
Correct the following sentences:

- London is the capital of France.
- The UK consists of three parts.
- Edinburg is the capital of Northern Ireland.
- Belfast is the capital of Wales.
- The colors of the British flag is white, green and blue.
- The national flag of the UK is named The Red Dragon.
- The red rose is a the floral symbol of Scotland.
- Leek is the symbol of Northern Ireland.
- David is the patron of England.
- We can find the Red Dragon on the Union Jack.
- The official language of the UK is French.
- The thistle is the national symbol of Wales.

Look at the pictures and speak about England:

Remember to say about:

- Its capital
- Its flag
- Its symbol



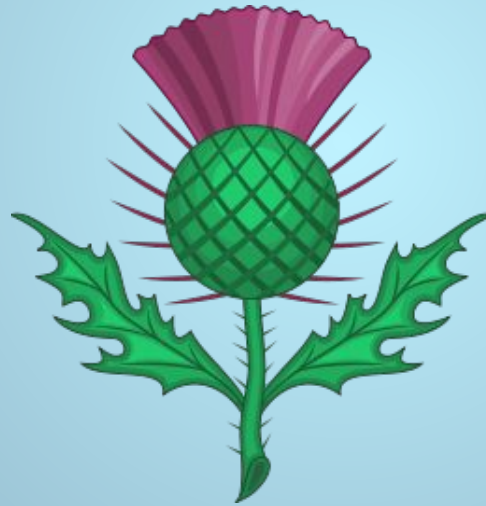
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Look at the pictures and speak about Scotland:

Don't forget to say about:

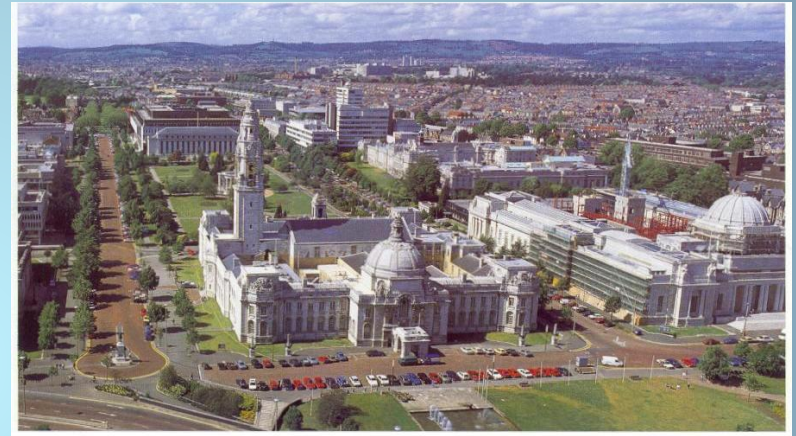
- Its capital
- Its flag
- Its symbol



Look at the pictures and speak about Wales:

Speak about:

- Its capital
- Its flag
- Its symbols



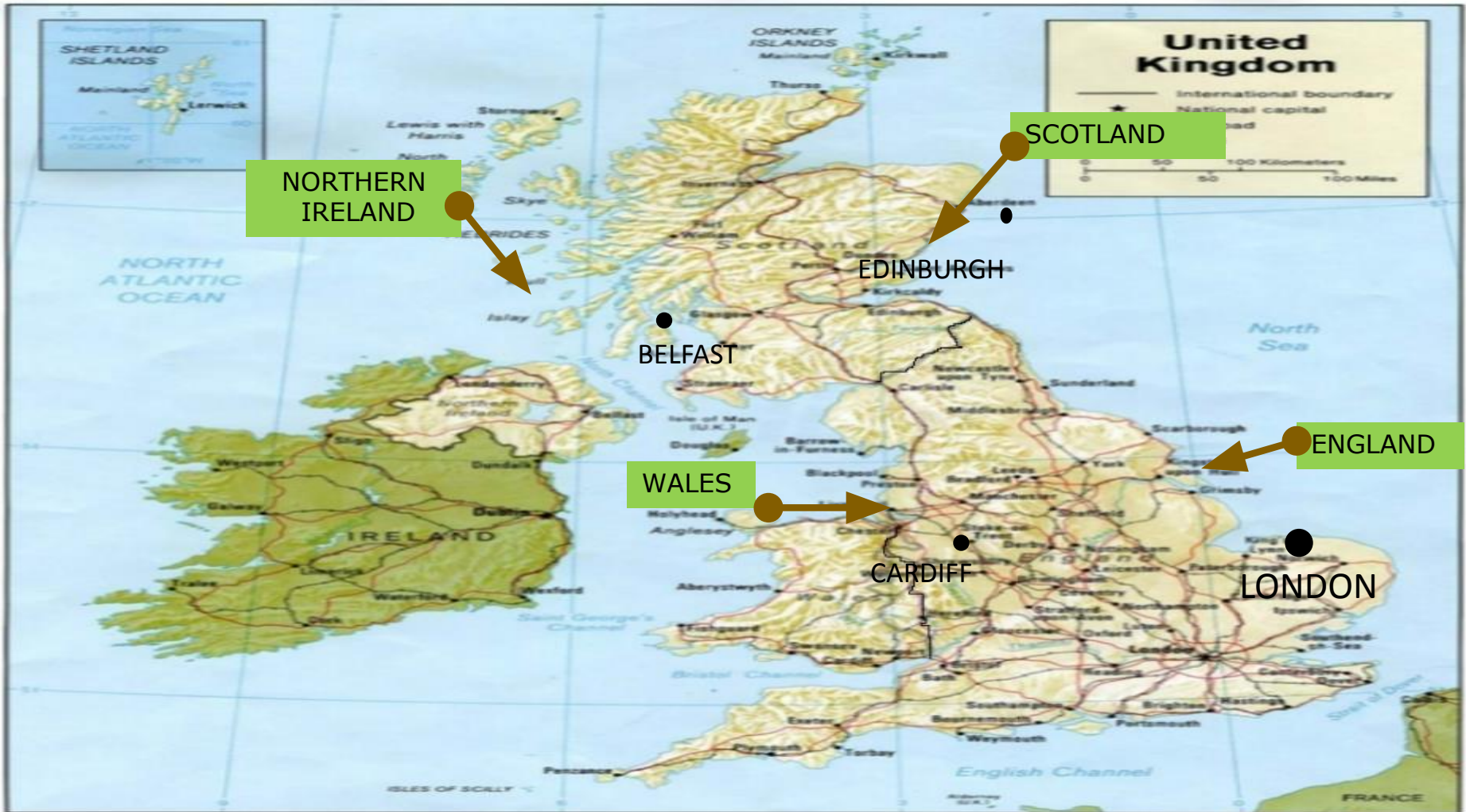
Look at the pictures and speak about Northern Ireland:

Remember to say about:

- Its capital
- Its flag
- Its symbol



THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND



- National symbols may be official and unofficial. Flag and anthem refer to the first group, while floral and fauna emblems, folk costume or some signs are associated with a state by its residents and other nations. However, all of them reflect country's history and traditions.
- One of the most interesting legends is about how the thistle became the emblem of Scotland. The legend tells of how Vikings tried to attack a party of Scottish warriors under cover of darkness. To avoid noise the king ordered his band of Vikings to remove their footwear. Unfortunately, one of the attackers stood on the prickly thistle and shrieked in pain. The warriors were alerted of the attack and Vikings were defeated by the Scots.
- In gratitude of this victory, the plant became known as the **Guardian Thistle** and was then adopted as the national **symbol of Scotland**.
- There's no historical evidence to back up the tale, however the story was probably based on a real event in the history of Scotland.

Look and learn

to have
(ИМЕТЬ)

trouble doing smth
trouble with
free time
a good experience

Look and learn

to be rich in
(быть богатым
чем-либо)

museums

parks

culture

Translate from English into Russian

- 1. Duke always has trouble using the computer.
- У Дюка постоянно возникают проблемы с использованием компьютера.
- 2. Our grandmother had trouble with sleeping.
- У нашей бабушки были проблемы со сном.
- 3. In summer children usually have much free time.
- Летом у детей много свободного времени.
- 4. Nick had a good experience in English at summer language camp.
- Ник имел большой опыт использования английского языка в летнем языковом лагере.

Translate from English into Russian.

- 1. London is rich in historical museums and wonderful parks.
- Лондон богат историческими музеями и прекрасными парками.
- 2. Moscow is a beautiful town rich in culture and traditions.
- Москва – это красивый город, богатый культурными традициями.