



**State Budget Educational Organization
Secondary School
of General Education №849**

“AMAZON RIVER”

**Author: Eriomina Anastasia, 11-A
Tutor: Tokhter Olga Vladimirovna**

Moscow, 2013.

A lush green Amazon river scene. The river flows through a dense forest with sunlight filtering through the canopy, creating a dappled light effect on the water. The water is dark green and reflects the surrounding foliage. There are some white patches of foam or rocks in the river. The overall atmosphere is serene and natural.

AMAZON RIVER

CONTENT

An aerial photograph of a river meandering through a lush, green forest. The river is light blue and forms several large, sweeping loops. The surrounding land is covered in dense, vibrant green trees. The overall scene is serene and natural.

1. History. Origin of the name.

2. Location.

3. Climate.

4. Feeding type.

5. Drainage area.

6. Length, depth.

7. Runoff volume.

8. Sources, mouth.

9. Tributaries.

10. Plant life.

11. Wildlife.

12. Natural resources.

13. Ecology.



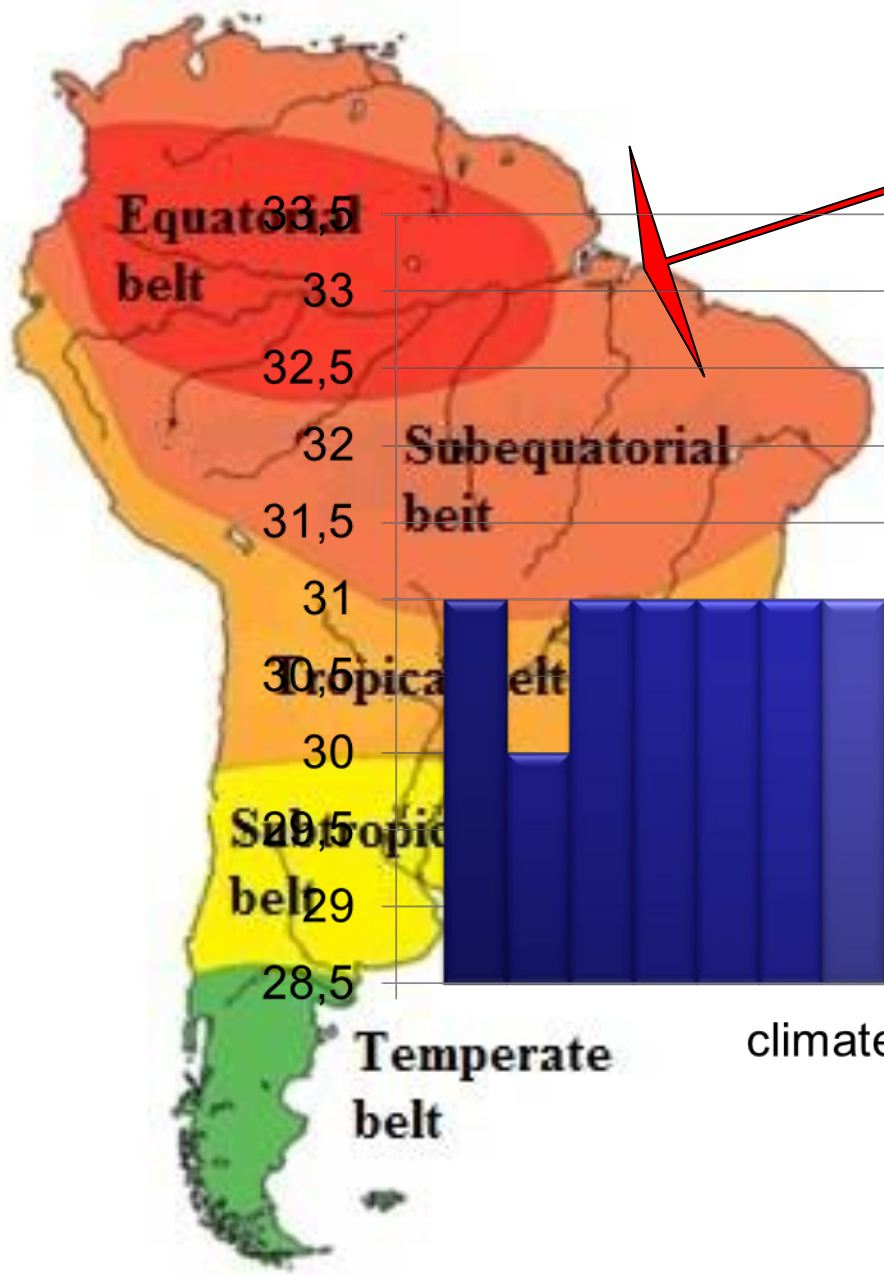
The Amazon river was discovered by Francisco de Orellana, the first man from Europe, who crossed South America in its widest part.



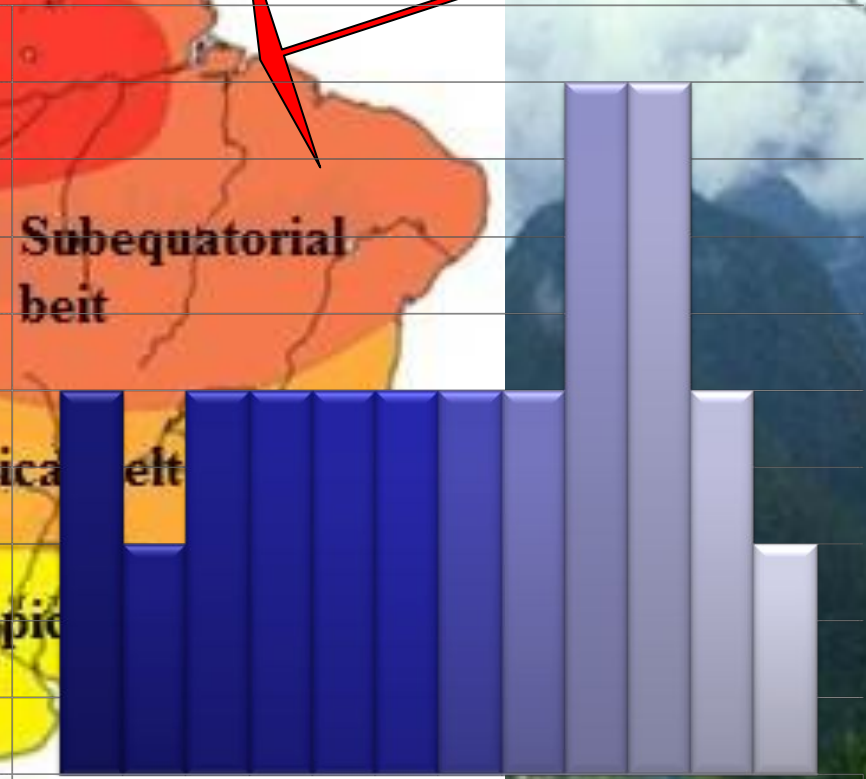


The Amazon drains from west to east, from Iquitos in Peru to all the way across Brazil to the Atlantic.

NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC
THE WORLD
SATELLITE MAP




33,5
33
32,5
32
31,5
31
30,5
30
29,5
29
28,5



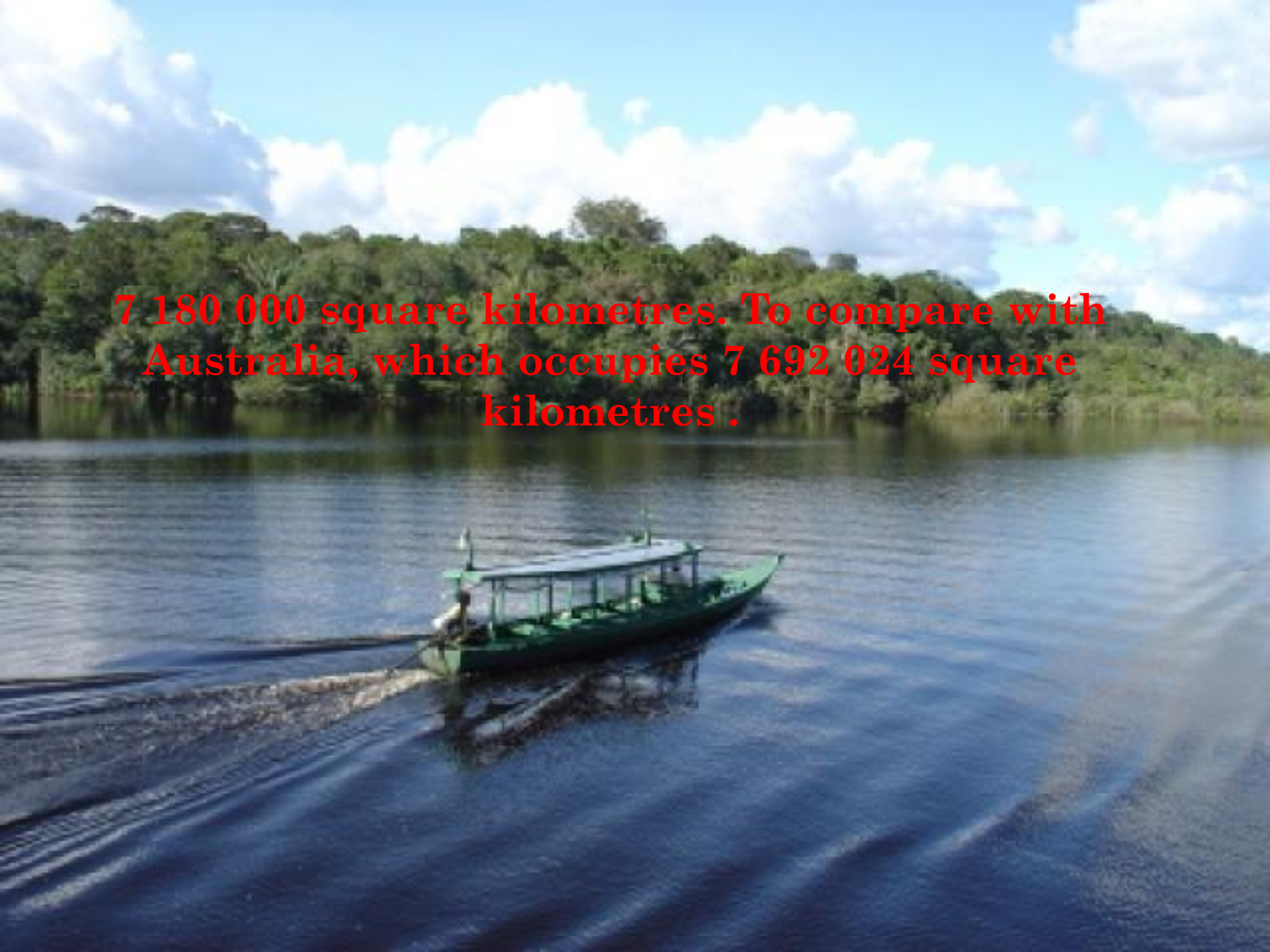
- January
- February
- March
- April
- May
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- July
- August
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- November
- December

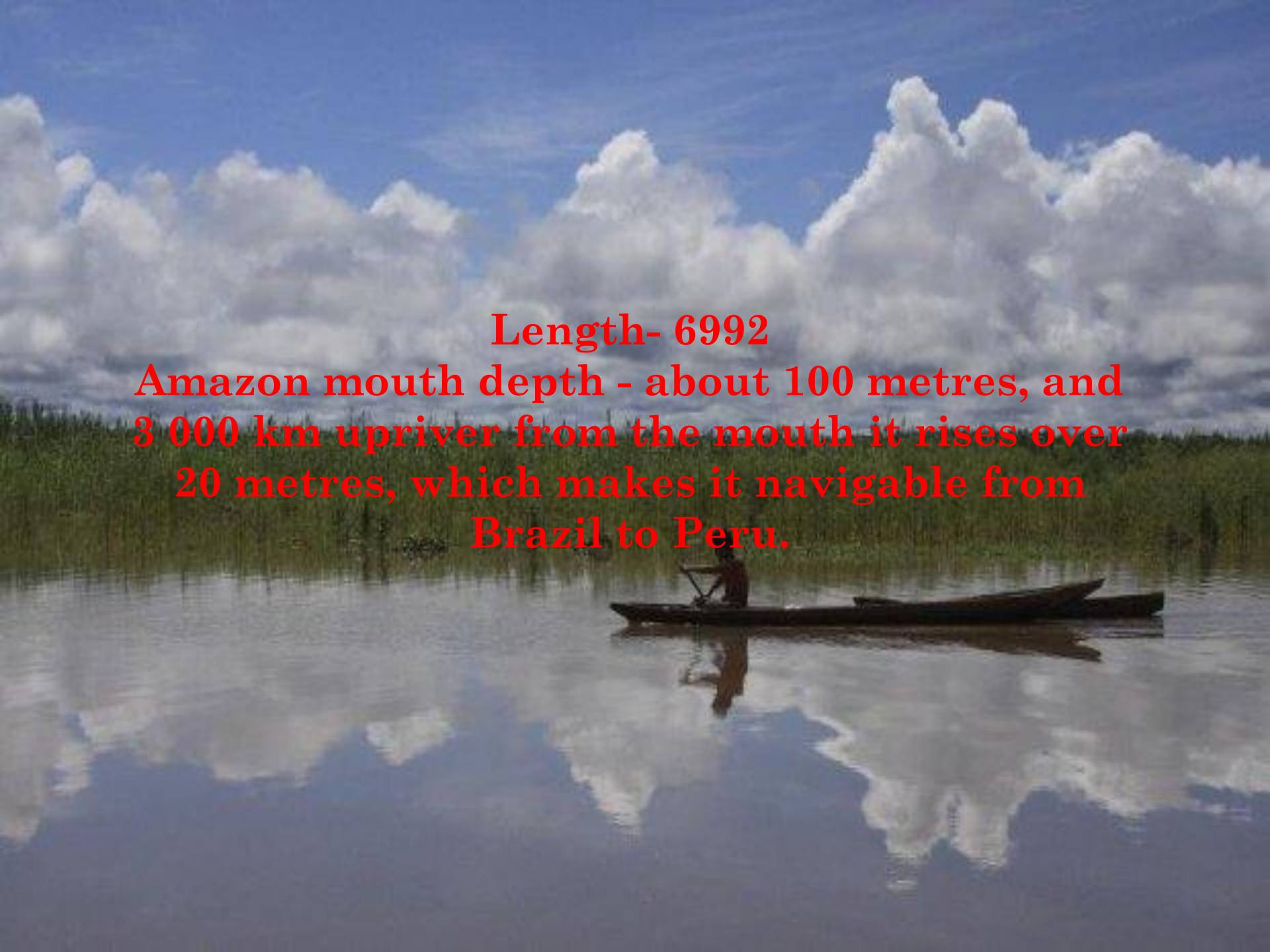
climate



The Amazon river feeds on various tributaries, also thanks to the humid climate the river gets much water from sediments. Upstream feeds mostly on snow.

**7 180 000 square kilometres. To compare with
Australia, which occupies 7 692 024 square
kilometres .**




A person is seen from behind, sitting in a long, narrow wooden canoe on a calm river. The water is still, creating a clear reflection of the person, the canoe, and the sky above. The sky is a vibrant blue, filled with large, fluffy white cumulus clouds. The background shows a dense line of green trees and vegetation along the riverbank.

Length- 6992
Amazon mouth depth - about 100 metres, and
3 000 km upriver from the mouth it rises over
20 metres, which makes it navigable from
Brazil to Peru.

A high-angle photograph of a dense, vibrant green forest. A river flows through the center of the forest, winding its way down a valley. The water is clear and reflects the surrounding greenery. The trees are tall and thick, creating a canopy of various shades of green. The lighting is bright, suggesting a sunny day, with some light filtering through the leaves.

**The annual runoff is about
7000 sq km (about 15 % of
total annual runoff of all the
rivers of the world).**

An aerial photograph of a river delta, showing a complex network of dark blue channels branching out from a larger river into a vast, green, marshy landscape. The text is overlaid in the center of the image.

**It is formed from the Marañon and
Ucayali confluence. The length
from the main source of the
Marañon is 6992.
The mouth is the Atlantic ocean.**



- left

**Maranon
Japura
Rio Negro**

- right

**Ucayali
Purus
Madeira
Xingo
Tocantins**



Lianas

Palm trees

Orchids



the largest species of river dolphin (Inia)

capybara

anaconda

piranha

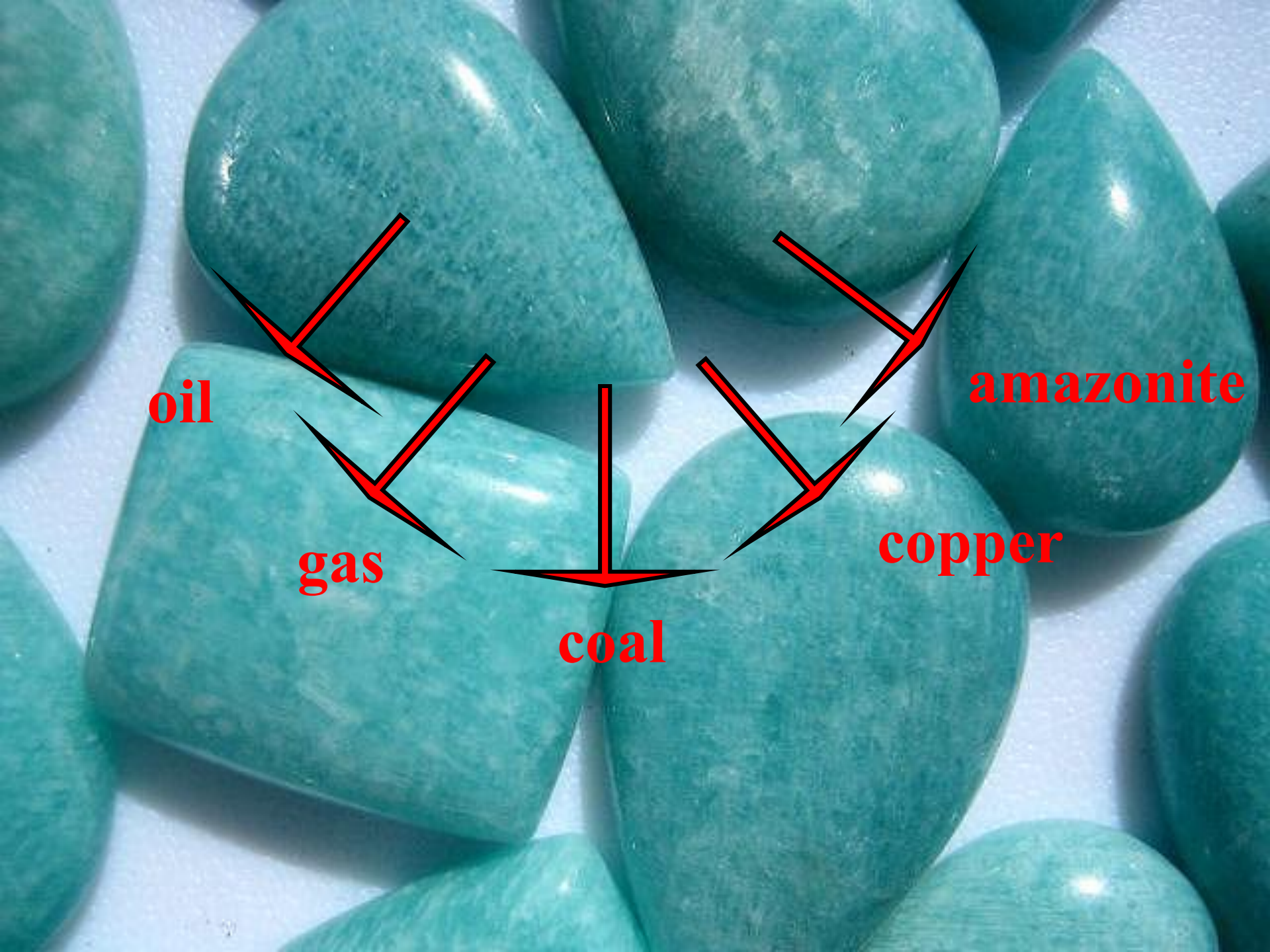
jaguar

tapir

nutria

tucan





oil

gas

coal

copper

amazonite

Rainforest is cut
down

many animal
and bird species
are endangered



