

Бекітемін

Мектеп директоры:

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# GREAT BRITAIN



DEMONSTRATION LESSON



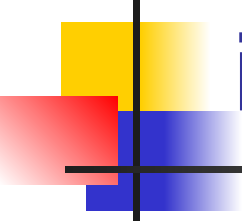
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# The aims of the lesson:

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- Educational
- Mastering of new lexis and its use in speech.
- Developing  
To develop pupils skills and habits dialogic speech through asking questions learning and understanding.
- To develop the pupils speaking, listening, writing habits.
- To develop the pupils habits on pronunciation.



# Let's read one small but interesting poem

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## “Travelling”

Don't cry bitterly and go to Italy.

Don't miss your chance and go to France.

Take your pan and go to Japan.

Buy some cheese and go to Greece.

# The map of Great Britain



*Do you know... ?*

*Which is the flag of Great Britain?*



*What country consists of four parts?*



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1) ~~the USA~~

3) the UK

2) Canada

4) Australia

# What is the capital of ... ?



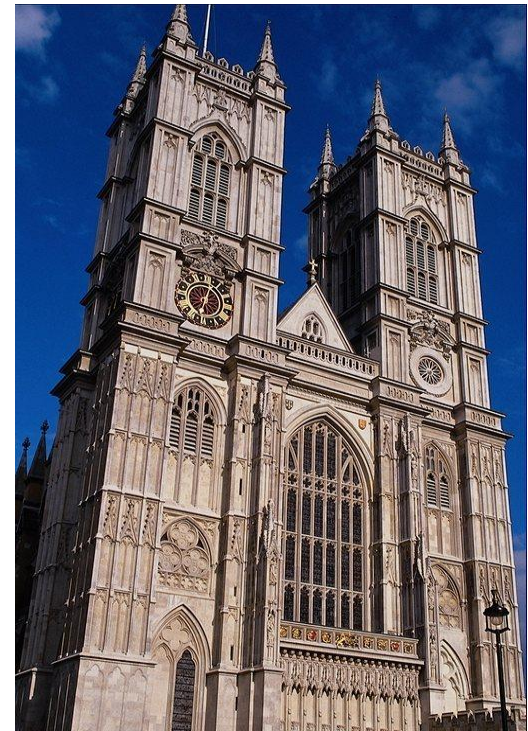
<i>Country</i>	<i>Capital</i>
The United Kingdom	Washington, D.C.
Scotland	Ottawa
England	Cardiff
Wales	Wellington
Northern Ireland	Astana
The USA	Edinburgh
Australia	Belfast
New Zealand	London
Kazakhstan	Canberra

# The famous places of Great Britain

## ■ Westminster Abbey

the ancient large church in London in which the coronation ceremony of almost all the English kings and queens has taken place .

Many famous people are buried there.





# St. Paul's Cathedral

is the greatest work of England's greatest architect, Christopher Wren. The Cathedral was begun in 1675. It was opened in 1697 but was finished only in 1710, when Wren was almost eighty years old. There are memorials to many famous men of England in the Cathedral.



# Big Ben

['big 'ben]

— the bell which strikes the hours in the Clock Tower of the Houses of Parliament in London. It was made in 1858 and was named after Benjamin Hall.



# Trafalgar Square

is in the centre of the West End of London. On the north side there is the National Gallery; in the north-east corner there is the National Portrait Gallery and in the centre there is Nelson's Column. Trafalgar Square is the place where mass meetings and demonstrations take place.



# Thames

[temz]

— a river (346 km long) rising in South England, and flowing east to the North Sea, navigable [**'nævigəbl**] by large ships up to London.



# Divide the sentences into two groups



**true**

**false**

Great Britain consists of 3 parts.

Great Britain is one of the smallest countries in the world.

London is the biggest city in the world.

London is the biggest city in Europe.

London has the biggest airport in the world.

Paris is the capital of Great Britain



# Vocabulary work

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Берилган ҳарфларни туғри қуйиб, суз ясанг ва ёзиб олинг.

- dcthrlaae \_\_\_\_\_ cathedral
- onrcuyt \_\_\_\_\_
- mtiecal \_\_\_\_\_
- autdetsi \_\_\_\_\_
- tnceanint \_\_\_\_\_
- gomdink \_\_\_\_\_
- ursereco \_\_\_\_\_



# Do you know that ...

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<b>Country</b>	<b>Capital</b>	<b>Nationality</b>
Wales		
	London	
	Astana	
	Edinburgh	
		British
		Irish
America		

# Match the pictures and the words

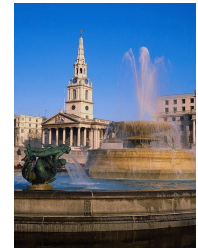
Westminster Abbey

St. Paul's Cathedral

Piccadilly Circus

Big Ben

The Thames





Who is she?





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***THE LESSON IS OVER.***

**GOOD BYE!**