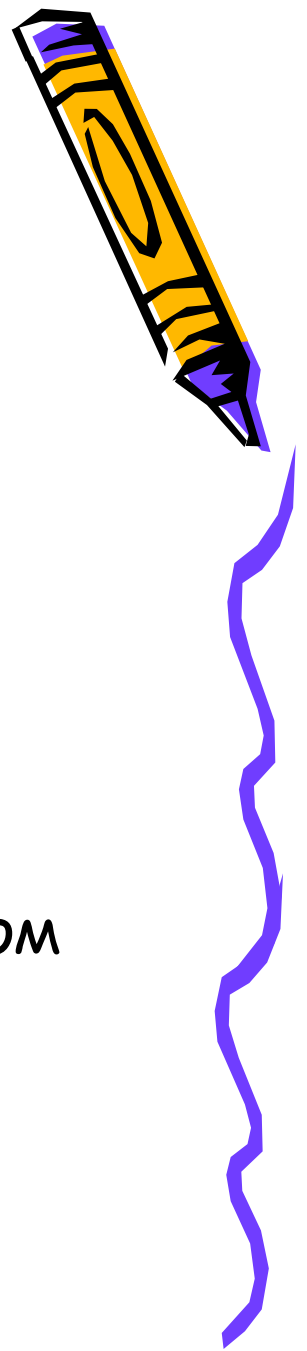


Целевое назначение и краткая аннотация:



Данная презентация рассчитана для уч-ся 8-11 классов.

Тип урока: ознакомление с новым грамматическим материалом "Conditional sentences".

Учебные цели:

1) Ознакомление с грамматическим материалом "Conditional sentences" («Придаточные предложения условия»);

2) Развитие грамматических навыков по теме.





Conditional Sentences

These sentences are sometimes called **if-clauses**.

The **conditional tense** says that an action is reliant on something else.

The two most common conditionals are **real and unreal**.



- The **real conditional** (often named 1st Conditional or Conditional Type I) describes situations based on fact.
- The **unreal conditional** (often named 2nd Conditional or Conditional Type II) describes unreal or imaginary situations.
- There is also what we call the **3rd conditional** (often named Conditional Type III), used to express no possibility of something having happened in the past, and the **0 conditional** (often called the zero conditional), used to express absolute certainty.



1st Conditional / Conditional Type I

The first conditional is used to express situations based on fact in the present or future (things which may happen).

(IF Clause)

Present Simple

(Main Clause)

Future

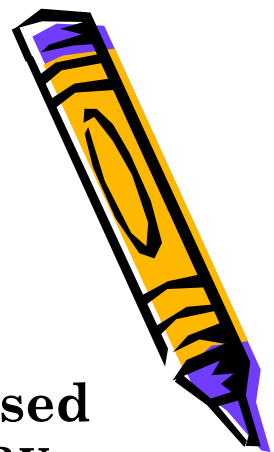
If I see you tomorrow, I will buy you a drink.

or...

(Main Clause)

(IF Clause)

I will buy you a drink if I see you tomorrow.



- We often use *unless* which means 'if ... not'

(IF Clause)

(Main Clause)

Unless you hand in your homework, I won't mark it.

means

If you don't hand in your homework, I won't mark it.

or

(Main Clause)

(IF Clause Clause)

I won't mark your homework unless you hand it in.

means

I won't mark your homework if you don't hand it in.



For example:

If I have time today, I will phone my friend.

=

I will phone my friend if I have time today.

(It is possible that I will have time - therefore the condition is real).

If I go to England, I will buy some Cheddar cheese.

=

I will buy some Cheddar cheese, if I go to England.

(It is possible that I will go to England - therefore the condition is real).

- Note! We never use **will**, or **won't** in the **if clause**



2nd Conditional / Conditional Type II

The 2nd conditional is used to express unreal situations in the present or future. Often used to express a wish.

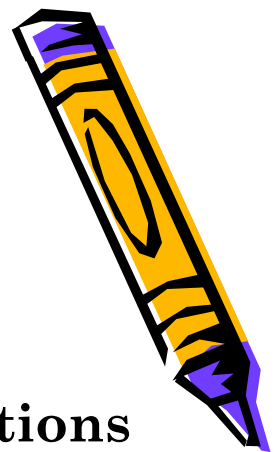
(IF Clause)
Past Simple

(Main Clause)
Conditional

If I won the lottery, I would buy a new house.

or...

(Main Clause) (IF Clause)
I would buy a new house if I won the lottery.



For example:

If I were you, I wouldn't do that.

=

I wouldn't do that, if I were you.

(I am not you - therefore the condition is unreal)

If I had more time, I would do more on my websites.

=

I would do more on my websites, if I had more time.

(I don't have more time - therefore the condition is unreal).

Note! We never use *would*, or *wouldn't* in the *if* clause



3rd Conditional / Conditional Type III



- Used to express conditions in the past that did not happen. Often used to express criticism or regret with would have, could have or should have.

(IF Clause)

Past Perfect

(Main Clause)

Conditional Perfect

If I had worked harder, I would have passed my exam.

If I had worked harder, I could have passed my exam.

If I had worked harder, I should have passed my exam.





Or...

(Main Clause)

(IF Clause)

I would have passed my exam if I had worked harder.

I could have passed my exam if I had worked harder.

I should have passed my exam if I had worked harder.

Note! We never use **would have**, or **wouldn't have** etc in the if clause.



For example:

If I hadn't helped you, you would have failed.

=

You would have failed, if I hadn't helped you.

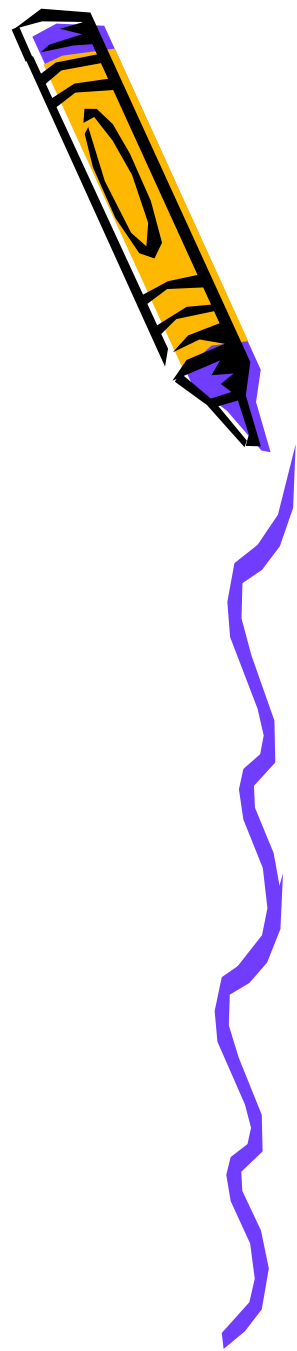
(I helped you so you didn't fail)

If it had been sunny, we could have gone out.

=

We could have gone out, if it had been.

(We didn't go out because it wasn't sunny)



Zero Conditional / Conditional 0

The conditional 0 is used to express general truths and facts
(often things based on scientific fact).

We use the simple present tense.

(IF Clause) (Main Clause)

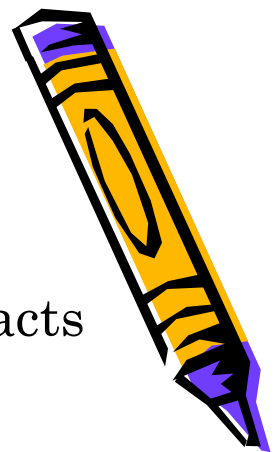
*If you **heat** water to 100°C, it **boils**.*

OR...

(Main Clause) (IF Clause)

*Water **boils** if you **heat** it to 100°C.*

Note! Most zero conditional sentences mean the same
thing if "*when*" is used instead of "*if*".





For example:

If you drop an apple, it falls.

=

An apple falls, if you drop it.

(This is an absolute truth based on scientific fact - gravity).

If you don't do your homework, I will be disappointed.

=

I will be disappointed, if you don't do your homework.

(This is a general truth based on previous knowledge - you know that I am disappointed if people don't do their homework).

