Phrasal Verbs

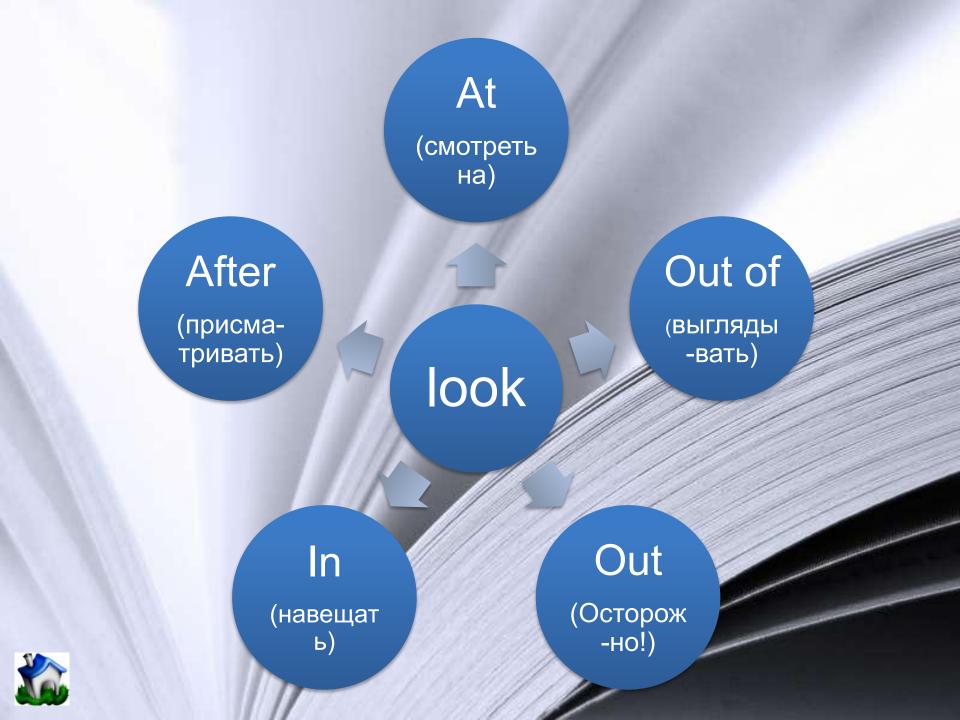
Подготовила учитель английского языка: Бондаренко Людмила Ивановна г. Санкт-Петербург

What is a phrasal verb?

It's a verb + a particle (preposition or adverb) that changes the meaning to make a new verb.

Contents (part one)





For (искать) Out Up for (искать в (быть loo k списке) осторожным с) Down Forwar on d to (смотреть (ждать) свысока)





Was he **looking in** his mother?

Just look at her. She is so funny!





- 1. Don't tell me that the concert has been cancelled. I was really looking forward it.
- 2. My grandmother is looking ____ my baby sister while my mother while.
- 3. When you travel abroad, you should look ____ pickpockets.
- 4. My Cousin is really arrogant. I hate the way he looks _____ everyone.



- 1. Look out! There is a car coming.
- 2. Could you look <u>after</u> my dog while I am on vocation?
- 3. I'll look in and see you next week.
- 4. If you don't know the word look it <u>up</u> in the dictionary.
- 5. Have you seen my shirt? I've been looking for it everywhere.
- 6. Look at this picture, please.







The frog took up dancing last week.



- 1. I want to take <u>up</u> tennis. Do you know where I can have lessons?
- 2. We're going to take you out ___ for your birthday, Dave!
- 3. She takes <u>after</u> her father. She looks and acts just like him.
- 4. Take off your shirt and I'll wash it for you.
- 5. Now that you've lost weight you should take your clothes ___in__.







"I've come across this book today".

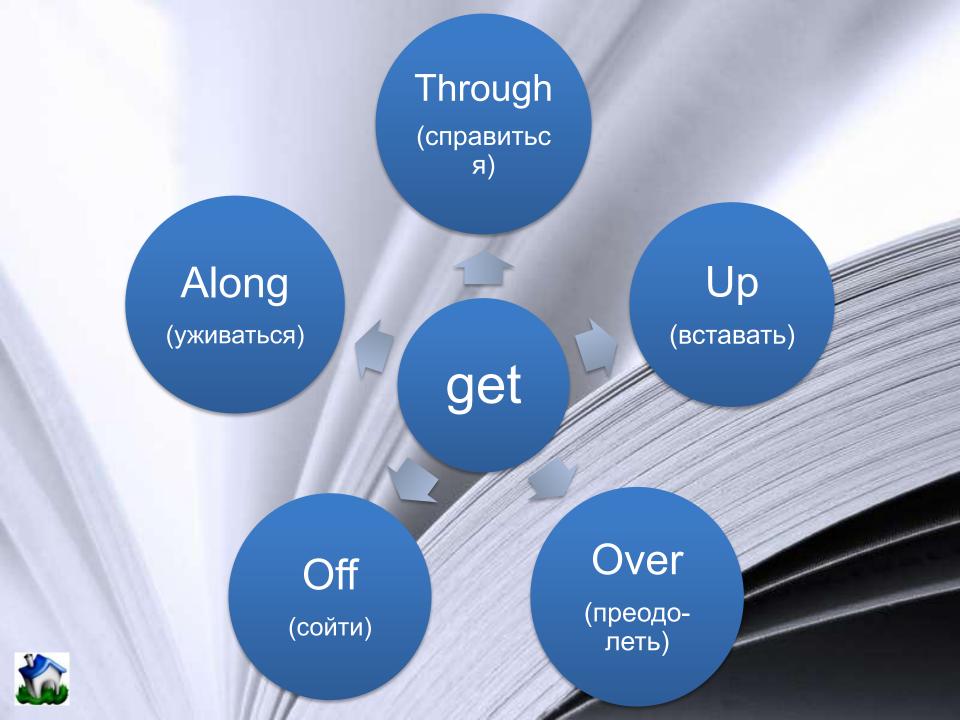
Goodbye! Come back soon.





- 1. Come on or we'll be late.
- 2. I came across this book in a little book shop.
- 3. Come back here. I want to talk to you.
- 4. Come ___along with us, or you will miss a bus.
- 5. The button has come ____off __ my coat.









The bus **gets in** at 2 p.m.
Don't be late!

In fact, they **get on** well with each other.
They are just playing.



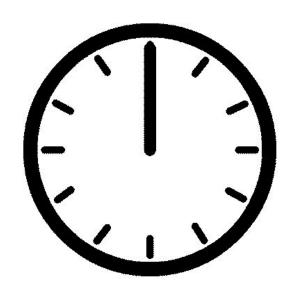
- 1. If he gets __up early, he'll come in time.
- 2. Take this bus and get ___off__in 15 minutes.
- 3. It was too hard for her to get <u>over</u> after that illness.
- 4. The more we get <u>together</u> the happier we'll be.
- 5. How do they get along ? Pretty well.



- 1. I haven't had much money since I lost my job, but I am getting by.
- 2. Does Tom get on well with his sister?
- 3. It's easy for tourists to get around the city by train, bus or tram.
- 4. What time does your flight get __in__?







The film has been going on for 3 hours. It was so boring.

Garfield can't **go** without donuts.





- 1. Mike doesn't go in for sports.
- 2. The meeting went on hours.
- 3. The lights went off and the film began.
- 4. You may take this book. I can easily go without it for a week.
- 5. Your blouse doesn't go together with this skirt.



On (работать на)

Out of

(исчерпать) Away from

run

(убегать от)

Into

(натолкнуться) Over

(переехать)





I guess we will run out of this ice-cream soon.

I remember the day when I've **run into** you.





- 1. He almost run <u>over</u> the neighbour's cat!
- 2. I hope we won't run out of petrol before we get home!
- 3. I run <u>into</u> Eddie in the supermarket yesterday.
- 4. Most cars run on unleaded petrol.
- 5. The robber tried to run away from the police but didn't manage to.





When you will **give back** the carrots that you've owed?



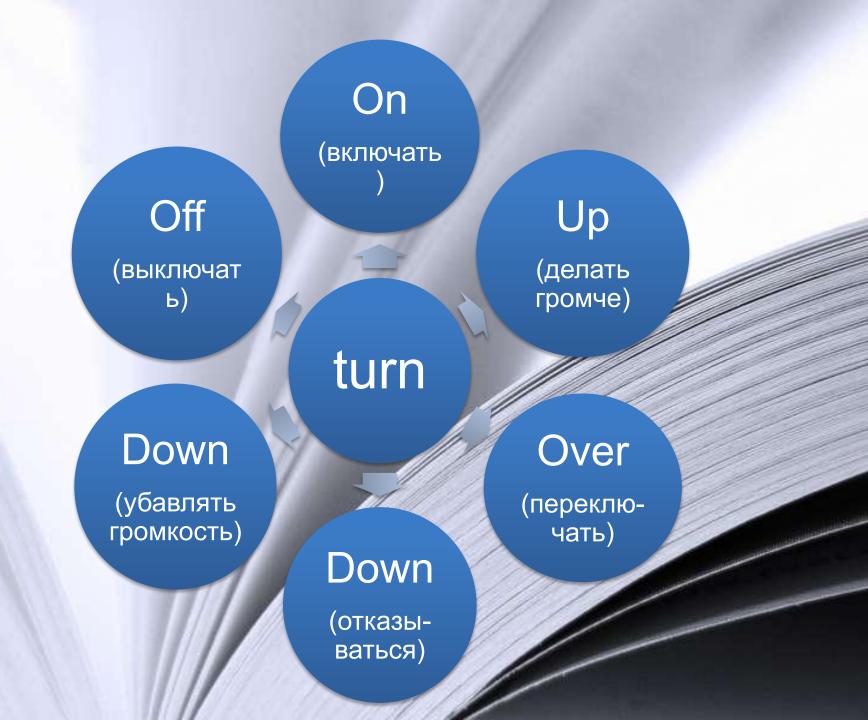


The meal is **giving off** steam it must be very hot.



- 1. Something in the fridge is giving off a horrible smell.
- 2. He has given <u>away</u> all his books when he moved house.
- 3. She decided to give <u>up</u> smoking.
- 4. Did you give back that book to Diana?
- 5. I give up . What's the answer?







Emma, don't forget to **turn up** the alarm clock.

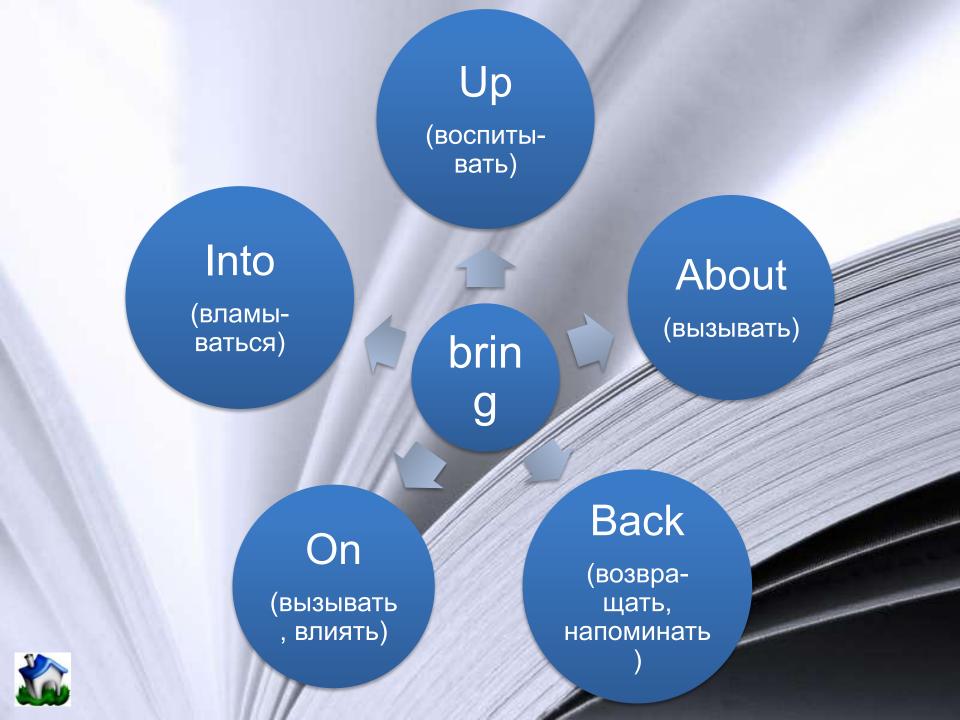
Someone turned over the page of this book.

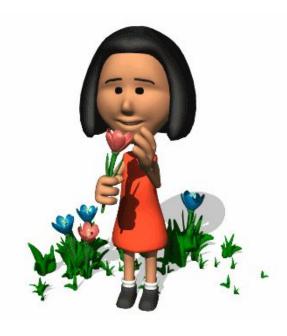




- 1. Let's turn on the air conditioning. It's really hot.
- 2. Turn down the radio, Simon. It's too loud.
- 3. I can hardly hear the TV. Can you turn it <u>up</u>.
- 4. Turn off the lights before you go.
- 5. I don't like this programme. Can you turn it <u>over</u> to news, please?







The smell of these flowers **brings back** memories.

Some medications have **brought about** her insomnia.





- 1. He brought back the tools he had borrowed from me yesterday.
- 2. Recent advances in technology have brought on great changes in our lives.
- 3. I was brought <u>up</u> in Delaware in the USA.
- 4. You look upset what brought that about.



Good Luck