

Present Perfect Tense

(настоящее завершённое время)

**Обозначает действие, которое
произошло в прошлом,
но связано с настоящим.**

**Важно то, что это действие
связано с настоящей ситуацией,
которая является как бы
продолжением этого действия,
его результатом.**

Present Perfect Tense

(настоящее завершённое время)

Обозначает действие, которое произошло в прошлом, но связано с настоящим.

+

have/has + **V₃** (V₁+ ed) ; **has**-he, she, it

-

have/has not + **V₃** (V₁+ ed)

?

have/has подл. **V₃** - - - - ?

Слова – спутники

today	сегодня
this week (month, year)	на этой неделе
already	уже
just	ТОЛЬКО ЧТО
recently, lately	недавно
ever (?)	когда-нибудь
never (-)	никогда
yet (?/-)	еще не...
since	с (тех пор как)

Слова

- **Just**- ТОЛЬКО, ТОЛЬКО ЧТО.

We have **just** come.

- **Ever**- когда-либо.

Have you **ever** been to Greece?

- **Never**- НИКОГДА.

I have **never** seen a yellow cat.

- **Already** – уже

I have **already** done my homework.

- **Yet**- ещё не, уже

Употребляется только в конце (?) или (-) предложения.

Has he come **yet**? She hasn't cleaned the flat **yet**.

ставим
перед
основным
глаголом

V₃

Утвердительная форма **have/has + V₃** (V₁+
ed)

<i>I</i>	have done	have been
<i>you</i>	have done	have been
<i>he</i>	has done	has been
<i>she</i>	has done	has been
<i>it</i>	has done	has been
<i>we</i>	have done	have been
<i>you</i>	have done	have been
<i>they</i>	have done	have been

I, we, you, they have written

He, she, it has finished

I have written a letter to my friend.

She has finished her work.

Отрицательная форма **have/has not**

+V₂

<i>I</i>	have not done	haven't been
<i>you</i>	have not done	haven't been
<i>he</i>	has not done	hasn't been
<i>she</i>	has not done	hasn't been
<i>it</i>	has not done	hasn't been
<i>we</i>	have not done	haven't been
<i>you</i>	have not done	haven't been
<i>they</i>	have not done	haven't been

I, we, you, they have not written

He, she, it has not finished

I have not written a letter
to my friend.

She has not finished her work.

Вопросительная форма

?

~~have/has~~

ПОДП.
V₃

He **has written** an interesting book.

Has he **written** an interesting book?

What **has** he **written**?

What book **has** he **written**?

Who **has written** an interesting book?

He **has written** an interesting book, **hasn't** he?

Have I, we, you, they **written ... ?**

Has he, she, it **finished ... ?**

Have you written a letter to your friend? -
Yes, I have.

Has she finished her work? - No, she hasn't.

Ex.1 Find the sentences in Present Perfect:

- 1. We went to school at 7.30**
- 2. They have seen the Tower of London.**
- 3. I can play football.**
- 4. She has read all the books.**
- 5. He did his homework yesterday.**
- 6. My mother has cooked dinner.**
- 7. They have a cat.**
- 8. She has written a letter.**
- 9. I have been to Moscow.**
- 10. We were in Moscow last year.**

Ex. 2 Disagree with me.

Don't be afraid of not being polite.

- 1. I have watered the flowers in my study.**
- 2. I have cleaned the carpet in my study.**
- 3. I have locked the door.**
- 4. I have washed the floor.**
- 5. I have opened the window.**
- 6. I have visited your parents.**
- 7. I have counted all the people in the study.**

Ex.3 Составьте повествовательные предложения .

he / drive / a car = He has driven a car. (He's driven a car.)

- 1. we / our clothes / change**
- 2. He / cash / pay**
- 3. we / in London / live**
- 4. John / stamps / collect**
- 5. he / to school / go**
- 6. we / fish / eat**
- 7. you / a song / sing**
- 8. you / high / jump**
- 9. we / in the mountains / walk**
- 10. she / in a play / act**

Ex. 4 Составьте отрицательные предложения: he / drive / a car =

He has not driven a car.(He hasn't driven a car./He's not driven a car.)

- 1. he / her hand / touch**
- 2. Jenny / the door / lock**
- 3. she / her bike / push**
- 4. we / in London / live**
- 5. she / a bag / carry**
- 6. we / fish / eat**
- 7. she / me / ask**
- 8. you / a song / sing**
- 9. you / high / jump**
- 10. they / in the lake / swim**

Ex.5 Составьте вопросительные предложения.

he / drive / a car = Has he driven a car?

- 1. we / a mountain / climb**
- 2. he / around / turn**
- 3. Amelie / the door / close**
- 4. you / to the radio / listen**
- 5. we / the door / open**
- 6. they / us / call**
- 7. the teacher / the tenses / explain**
- 8. she / her teeth / brush**

Ex. 6 Ask general questions:

- 1. Mother has cooked dinner.**
- 2. The girl has danced a lot.**
- 3. The children have started to sing.**
- 4. They have had much fun at the cinema.**
- 5. They have joined us.**

**Ex.7 Make the sentences negative
and interrogative:**

- 1. They have just had breakfast.**
- 2. He has taken his dog for a walk lately.**
- 3. I have already made tea.**
- 4. You have visited your friends today.**
- 5. Liss has answered our questions.**

Ex.8 Make up sentences from the words:

- 1. Never, I, to her, have, spoken.**
- 2. Chess, not, has, he, played.**
- 3. This week, her, we, seen, have.**
- 4. The boys, the letters, have, already, written.**
- 5. Talked, Jane, on the phone, has?**
- 6. Hasn't, yet, she, paid, the bill.**

Ex. 9 Make up sentences:

1. read/a newspaper/yesterday

I haven't read a newspaper since yesterday.

2. have/a break/this morning

3. travel/abroad/last summer

4. watch/TV/last night

5. buy/a present/December

6. write/a letter/Christmas

7. eat/dinner at a restaurant/last month