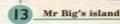
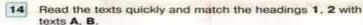
Стратегии смыслового чтения и работа с текстом на базе УМК «Форвард» 5-8 классы



Reading and speaking



FORWARD! Magazine Did you know?

- 1 Did you know the original title of "Robinson Crusoe"?
- 2 Did you know that Defoe used a real life story for his book?

...(A) Robinson Crusoe is the main character of a famous novel by Daniel Defoe, an 18th century English writer. The book is known as "Robinson Crusoe". But its original title is "The Life and Strange Surprising Adventures of Robinson Crusoe, of York, Mariner: Who Lived Eight and Twenty Years, All Alone in an Un-inhabited Island on the Coast of America, Near the Mouth of the Great River of Oroonoque; Having Been Cast on Shore by Shipwreck, Wherein all the Men Perished but Himself. With an Account How He Was at Last as Strangely Delivered by Pirates."

The title, as you can see, actually tells the story of Robinson Crusoe in short! The book was published in 1719.

...(B) The story of Robinson Crusoe is based on real facts. Alexander Selkirk, a shoemaker's son from Scotland, went to sea in 1695. He was only 19 years old at that time. In 1704, his ship was damaged and he decided to get off and not sail any further. He landed on a desert island and the ship sailed away. Alexander had only his clothes, a gun, a few tools, tobacco and the Bible. He spent about five years on the island. In 1709, English seamen rescued him.

- Read the text about the original title of "Robinson Crusoe".
 Don't pay attention to the words you don't know. Find the words you know and answer the following questions.
 - 1 How many years did Robinson Crusoe live on an island?
 - 2 Where was this island?
 - 3 How did he get to the island?
 - 4 Who saved Robinson?
- Read the text about the real life story again. Then read these statements. Are they true or false?
 - 1 Robinson Crusoe was a shoemaker's son from Scotland.
 - 2 Alexander Selkirk was 28 years old when he decided to land on a desert island.
 - 3 Alexander Selkirk spent about ten years on the island.
 - 4 English seamen rescued Alexander Selkirk.
- 17 Read about the novel by Daniel Defoe. Match the pictures with the paragraphs.

The Story of Robinson Crusoe

(1) Robinson Crusoe, a young man, lives in England. He is eighteen years old. His father wants him to study at university, but Robinson dreams of the sea. He runs away from home and his adventures begin.

(2) One of his sea voyages ends with a shipwreck. Robinson finds himself alone on a desert island.

Предтекстовый этап

1.Прочитайте быстро тексты и соедините заглавия 1.2 с текстами АВ'

Текстовый этап

1 Прочитайте текст о первоначальном происхождении названия «Робинзон Крузо»

Не обращайте внимание на слова, которые вы не знаете

2Подберите слова ,которые вы знаете и ответьте на вопросы

ЗПрочитайте текст об истории из реальной жизни. Затем прочитайте эти утверждения. Они верны или нет?

4Прочитайте о романе Даниеля Дефо. Соедините рисунки с абзацами

Послетекстовый этап

1Ответьте на вопросы

2 Расскажите историю Робинзона Крузо. Используйте вопросы из упражнения 18 и глаголы в прошедшем времени



Look at the pictures. Do you know these books? Do you read them in Russian? What character gave the name to a theme park in St. Petersburg?

13 Read the beginning of "Gulliver's Travels". Who is the main character in this book?

I. I was born in England. When I was only fourteen years old my father sent me to Cambridge to study medicine. I studied there for three years. When I left college I went on with my studies and became a doctor. I always wanted to travel. I became a doctor on a ship, sailing both to the East and to the West Indies. On May 4, 1699, I sailed from Bristol for the South Seas as a doctor of a ship named the Antelope.

At first, everything went well, but then there was a great storm. The ship came very close to the rocks and crashed into them. Some of the sailors and I got a boat into the water. It was a small boat. When a big wave hit it, we all fell into the sea. I was swimming for a very long time and got very tired. I felt that I could not swim any longer. But the shore was not far away and soon my feet touched the ground. I walked out of the sea to a beach — there were no houses, there were no people. I was so tired that I lay down and fell asleep.

14 Find the information in the text and complete the sentences.

Gulliver became a doctor...

- a) before he was seventeen.
- b) when he was seventeen.
- c) when he was over seventeen.

When the Antelope crashed, Gulliver ...

- a) tried to save the ship.
- b) took a small boat.
- c) started swimming to the shore.

15 Match the pictures to the text. Describe the pictures.







Текстовый этап

- 1.Посмотри на рисунки.Ты знаешь эти книги?
- 2.Ты читал их на русском языке? Какой герой дал название тематическому парку в Санкт- Петербурге?

тематическому парку в Санкт- петероурге?

Текстовой этап:

- 1.Прочитай начало книги «Путешествие Гулливера» Кто главный герой в этой книге?
- 2. Найди информацию в тексте и закончи предложения...
- 3.Соедини рисунки с текстом. Опиши рисунки

Послетекстовый этап Расскажи другу о Гулливере

Listening and reading

LANGUAGE FOCUS: Talking about time of the day

17

T014 Listen and read.

She wakes up at five o'clock in the morning. I usually go home at quarter to four. We have lunch at quarter past one. They often finish school at half past four. He goes out on Friday at 7 p.m.

She doesn't often go to bed before 11 p.m.

Remember!

a.m. (ante meridiem) before noon, the time from midnight to noon p.m. (post meridiem) after noon, the time from noon to midnight 12 a.m. — midnight (полночь) 12 p.m. — noon (полдень)

P Listen and repeat.

18 Read the text quickly and choose the best title for it.

A Trevor's school B Trevor's day C Trevor's hobby



I love sleeping, so I never get up before 8 a.m. My mum usually wakes me up. I always have breakfast (usually at half past eight). I go to school at quarter to nine. School starts at nine o'clock in England. I have lunch at school at half past twelve. Lessons start again at 1.15 p.m. We finish school at 3.30 p.m. I usually come home at quarter to four.

After school I'm always tired and I never do my homework before dinner. My brain works best after dinner. We usually have dinner at 6 p.m. I often watch TV after school. My favourite sport programme starts at twenty past four. I don't often go to bed before 11 p.m but I never go to bed after midnight.



- 19 Read the text again and say whether these statements are true or false.
 - 1 Trevor enjoys getting up early in the morning.
 - 2 He goes to school at 8.45.
 - 3 He goes home to have his lunch.
 - 4 After lunch, lessons start again at quarter past one.
 - 5 Trevor goes home at half past three.
 - 6 He does his homework before dinner.
 - 7 His favourite news programme starts at 4.20.
 - 8 Trevor always goes to bed before midnight.

Текстовой этап:

- 1.Прочитайте текст быстро и выберите наилучший заголовок
- 2.Прочитайте текст еще раз и скажите верны ли след. утверждения

Послетекстовый этап:

1. Напишите о дне Тревора, используя текст и картинки

Reading

19 Look at the pictures and try to guess what the most popular pets in the UK are.

The RAP

Did you know?

prevention

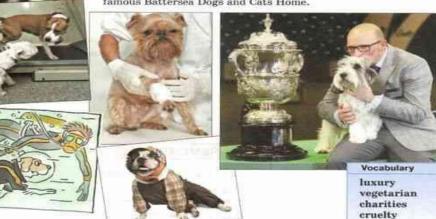
Quickly read the article and check your guesses. What kinds of pets are mentioned in the article?

The British and their pets

THE BRITISH LIKE PETS! In fact one in two families in the UK has a pet. There are 6.7 million dogs, 7.2 million cats, 1.42 million budgies, 1.4 million rabbits and approximately 24.38 million fish.

People in the UK spend a lot of money on pet medicines — £248,000,000 each year. And of course pet food is big business, too. Luxury foods for pets are fashionable and include vegetarian dog food, cat's milk with extra vitamins, sugar-free chocolate drops and yoghurt drops.

There are many animal charities in Britain, including the RSPCA (the Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals) and many homes for abandoned dogs, for example the famous Battersea Dogs and Cats Home.



- 21 Find sentences with the main ideas of the article. Was it difficult for you? Why? Why not? What kind of information follows these sentences?
- 22 Match the amazing facts about the British pets with the pictures.
 - A Mutley the dog goes scuba diving with his owner.
 - B Crufts is a famous competition for dogs in Britain.
 - C In England there are fitness classes for dogs!
 - D You can buy a fashionable outfit for your dog!
 - E British people sometimes keep pets as a cure for stress.

Предтекстовый этап 1Посмотри на картинки и постарайся угадать кто является самым популярным домашним питомцем в Соединенном Королевстве

Текстовой этап

1.Быстро прочитайте текст и проверьте свои догадки. Какие домашние животные

упоминаются в статье?

2. Найди предложения, содержащие основные мысли статьи. Было ли это трудно для тебя?

Почему? Почему нет? Какая информация следует за этими предложениями?