

Portraits of the USA Presidents on Mount Rushmore

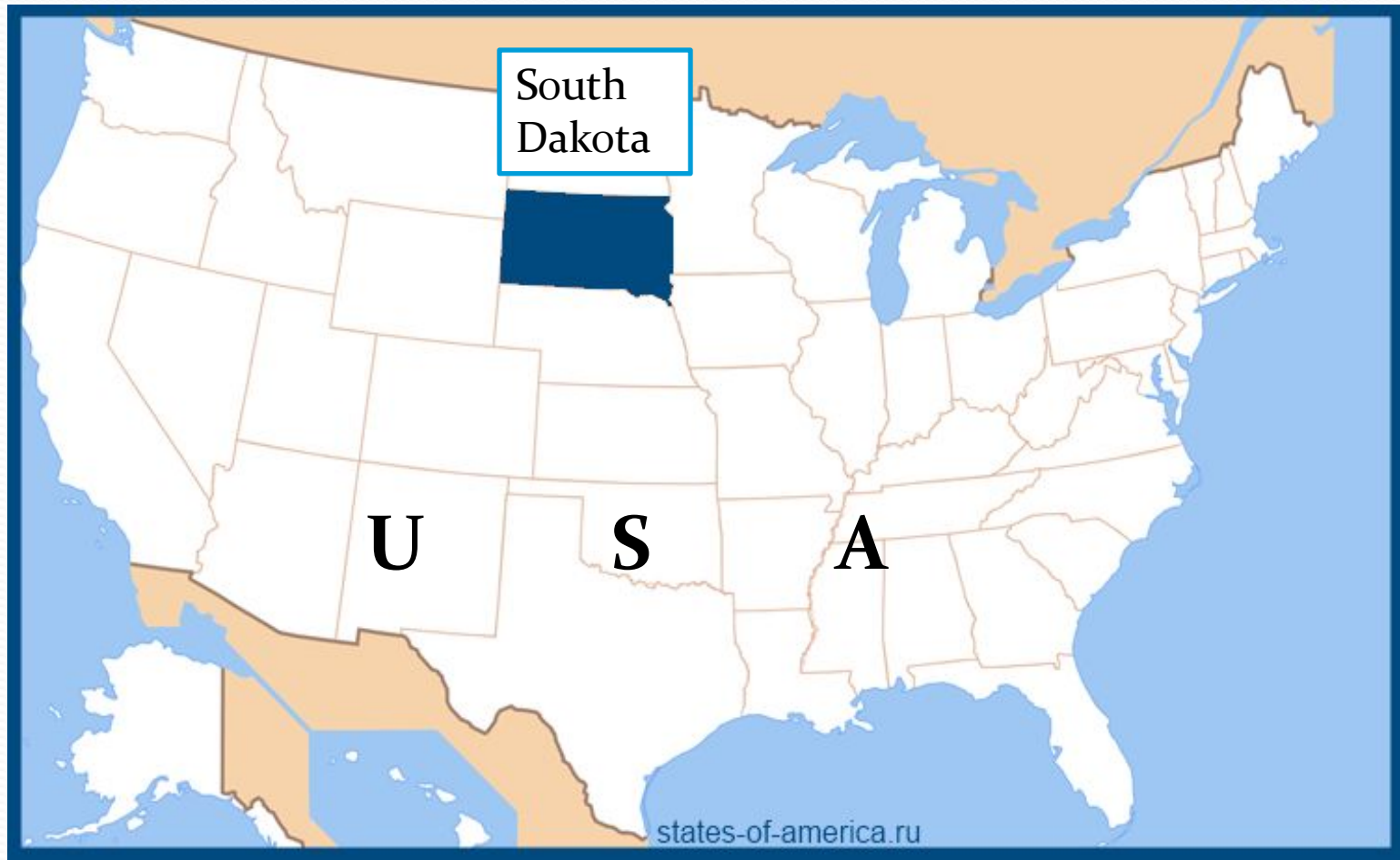


***Aim:** To study the problem of choosing the candidates for the sculptures of Mount Rushmore National Memorial*

Tasks:

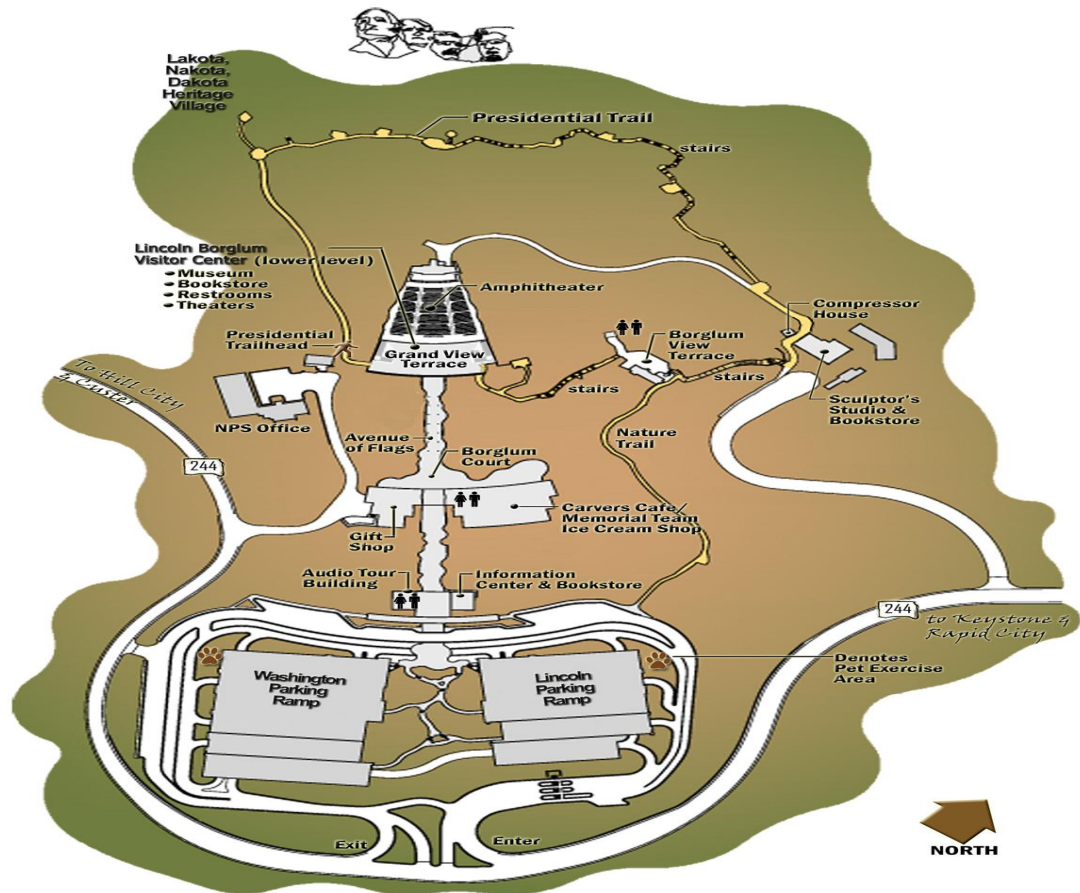
- 1. To systematize all the available materials on the problem.
- 2. To learn the new facts about the work and life of George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, Theodore Roosevelt, Abraham Lincoln.
- 3. To learn some new English words and expressions.
- 4. To improve my English.

Mount Rushmore National Memorial is a sculpture carved into the granite face of Mount Rushmore in Black Hills near Keystone, South Dakota, in the United States



Scheme of Mount Rushmore National Memorial

It is a large memorial which contains not only the monument itself but also Grand View Terrace, a museum, some offices and hotels. It covers 5.17 km²

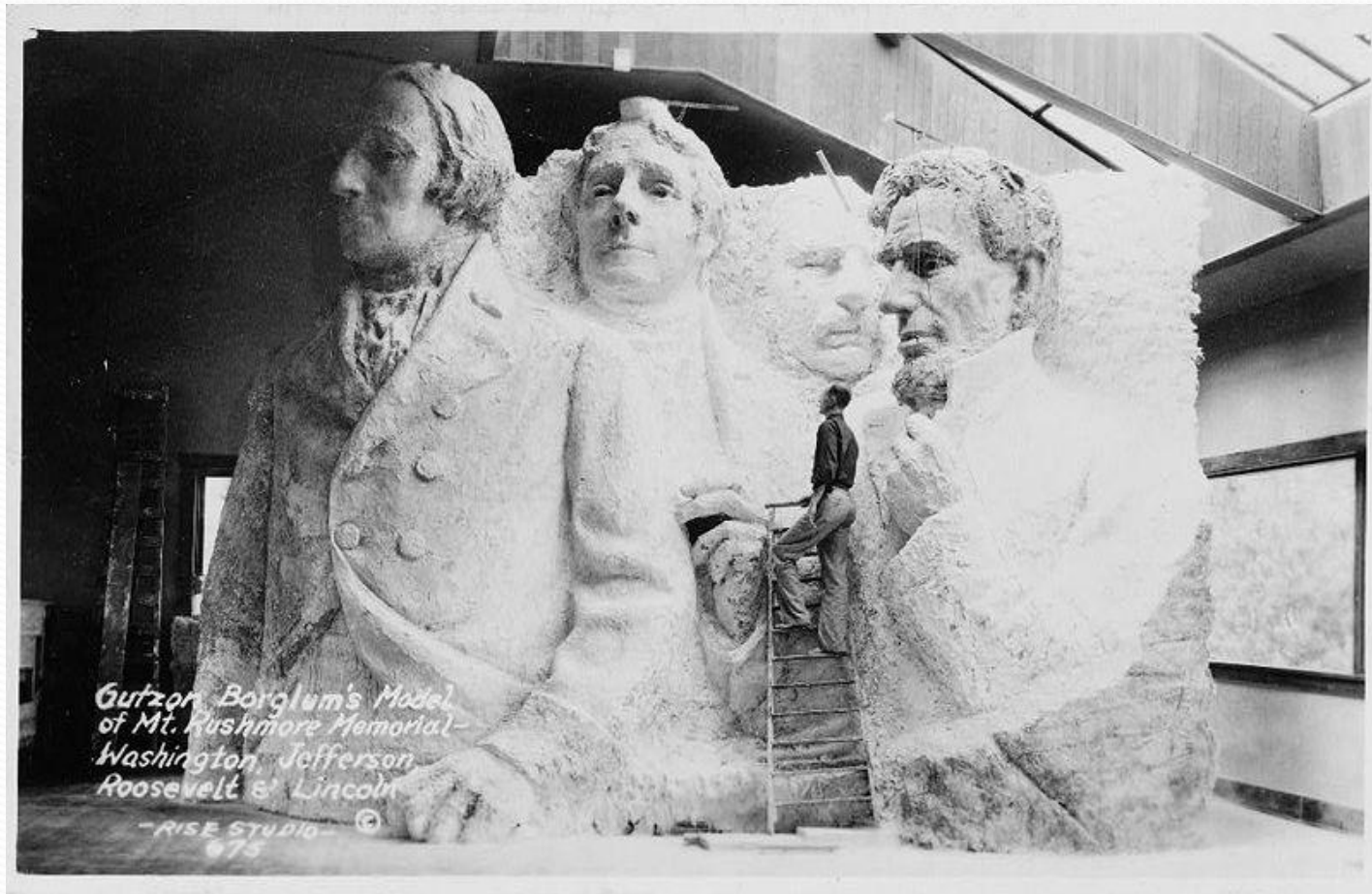


Portraits of the Four USA Presidents



Mount Rushmore features 60-foot (18 m) sculptures of the heads of former United States presidents (in order from left to right) George Washington, Thomas Jefferson, Theodore Roosevelt, Abraham Lincoln. It is 1 745 m (5 725 feet) above sea level

It was sculptured by Danish- American Gutzon Borglum and his son, Lincoln Borglum



Originally the mountain was named Six Grandfathers, but it was renamed after a New York lawyer Charles Rushmore during the expedition of 1885

Six Grandfathers in Black Hills



About 400 men worked at the project. Gutzon Borglum couldn't finish his work because of his death. His son Lincoln did it. In October 1941, the work at Mount Rushmore National Memorial came to an end

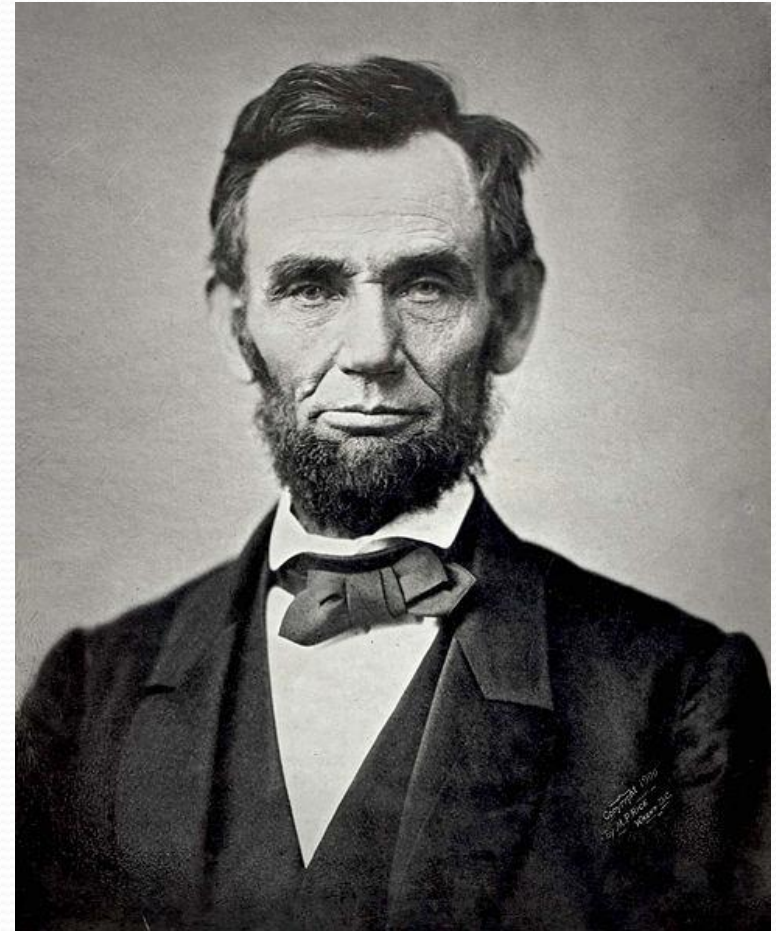


WHY WERE THEY CHOSEN?

George Washington

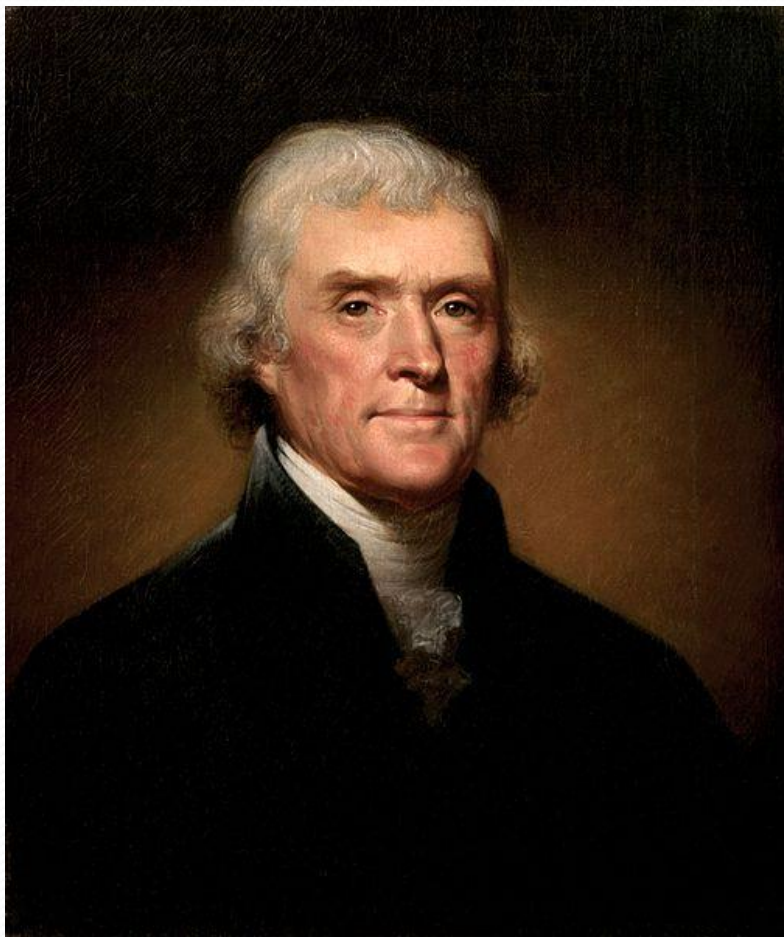


Abraham Lincoln

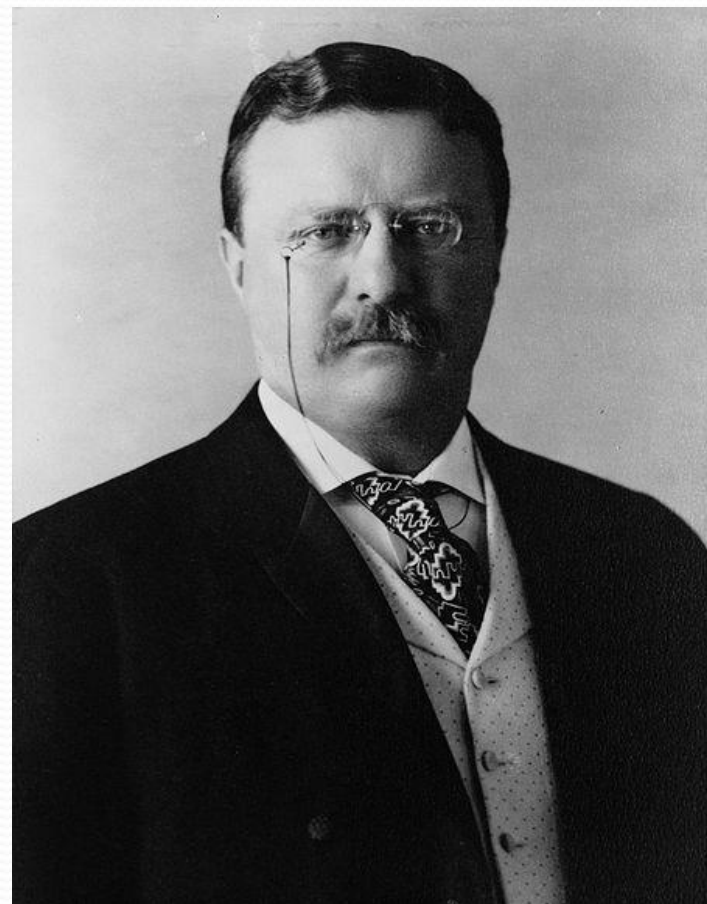


WHY WERE THEY CHOSEN?

Thomas Jefferson



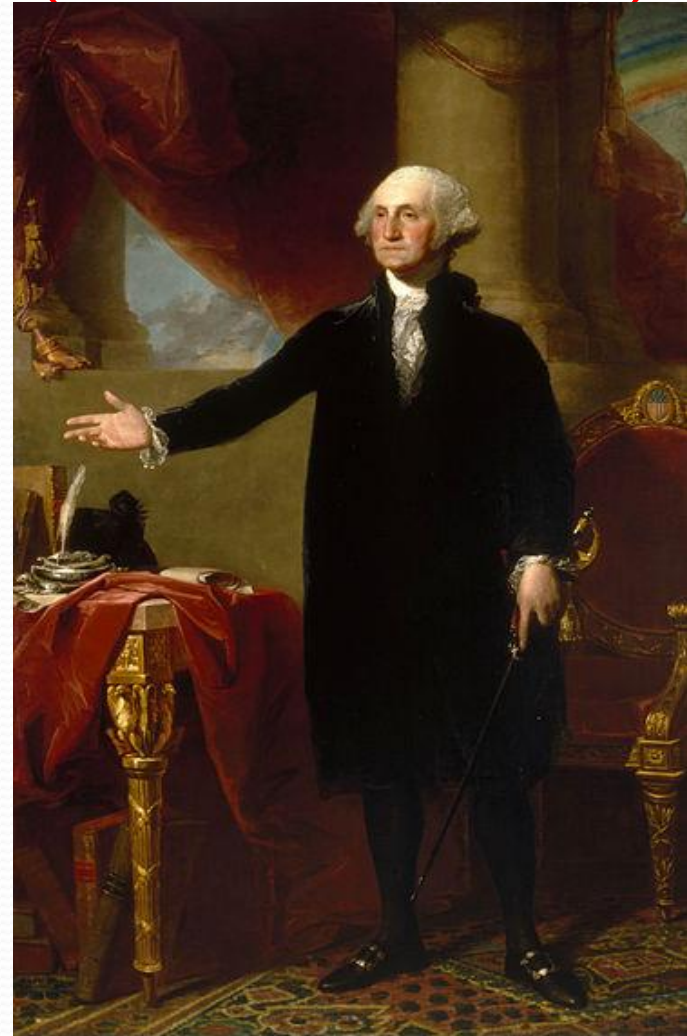
Theodore Roosevelt



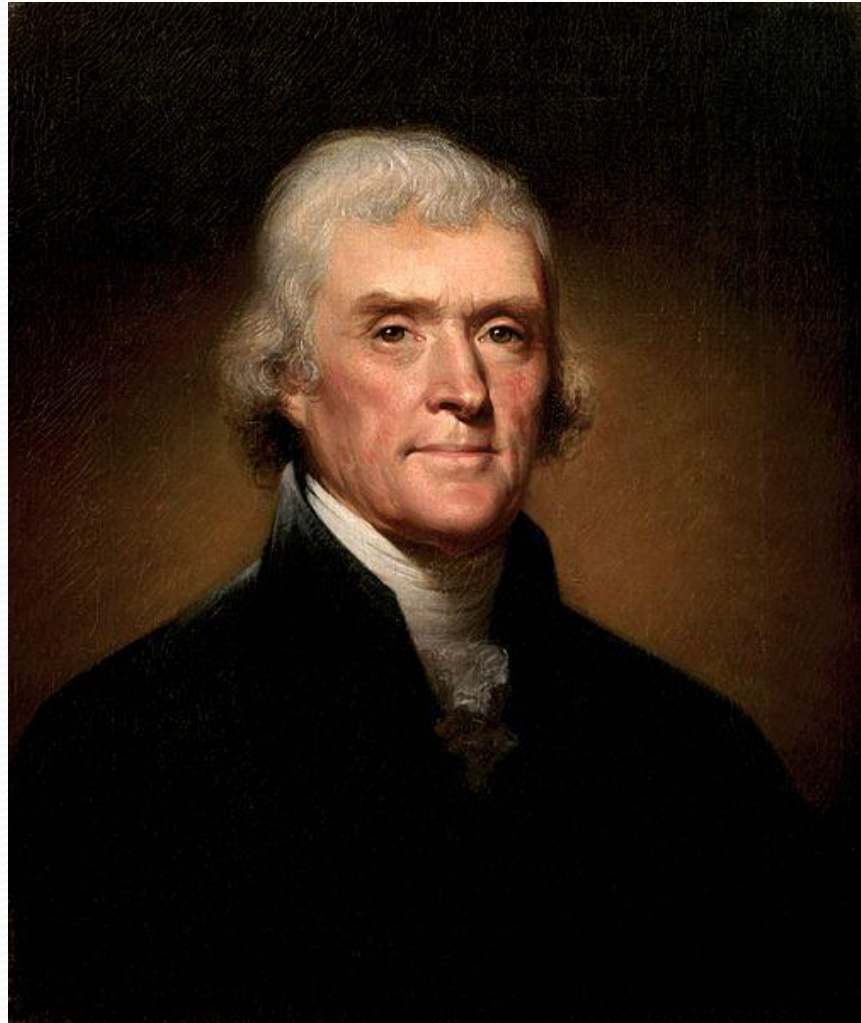
George Washington – “the Father of the Country” (1732 -1799)

Washington represented the American spirit of independence, he was instrumental in forming

the country’s federal government system. His face was the first one completed by Borghum and his crew in 1934



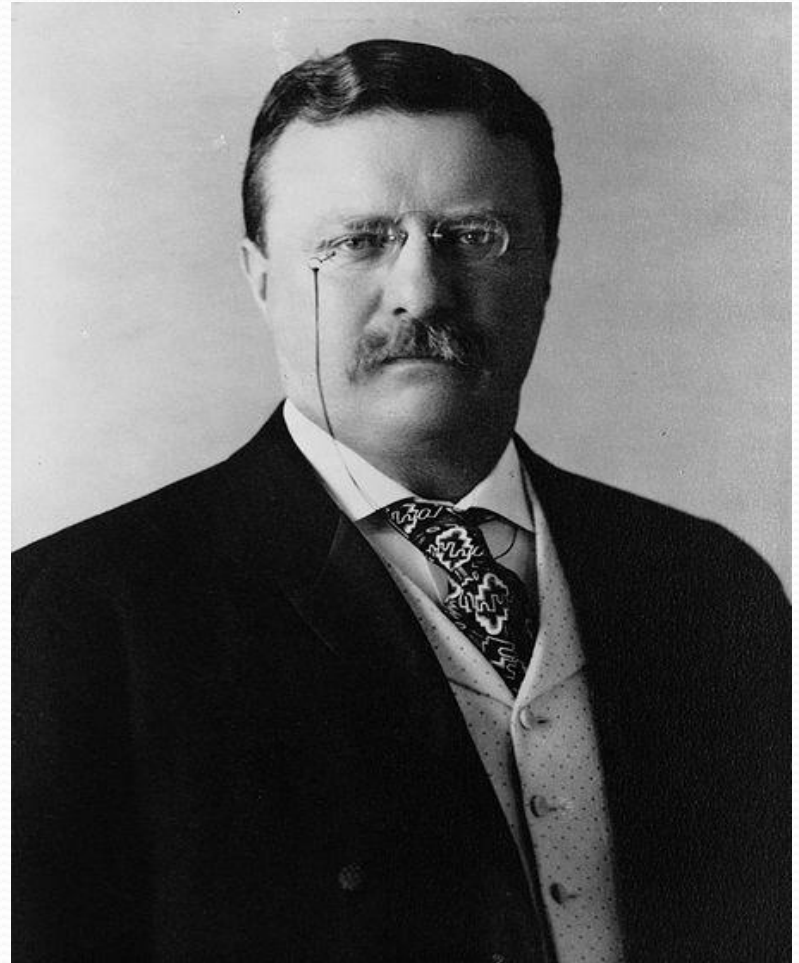
Thomas Jefferson – “the American Founding Father” (1743 – 1826)



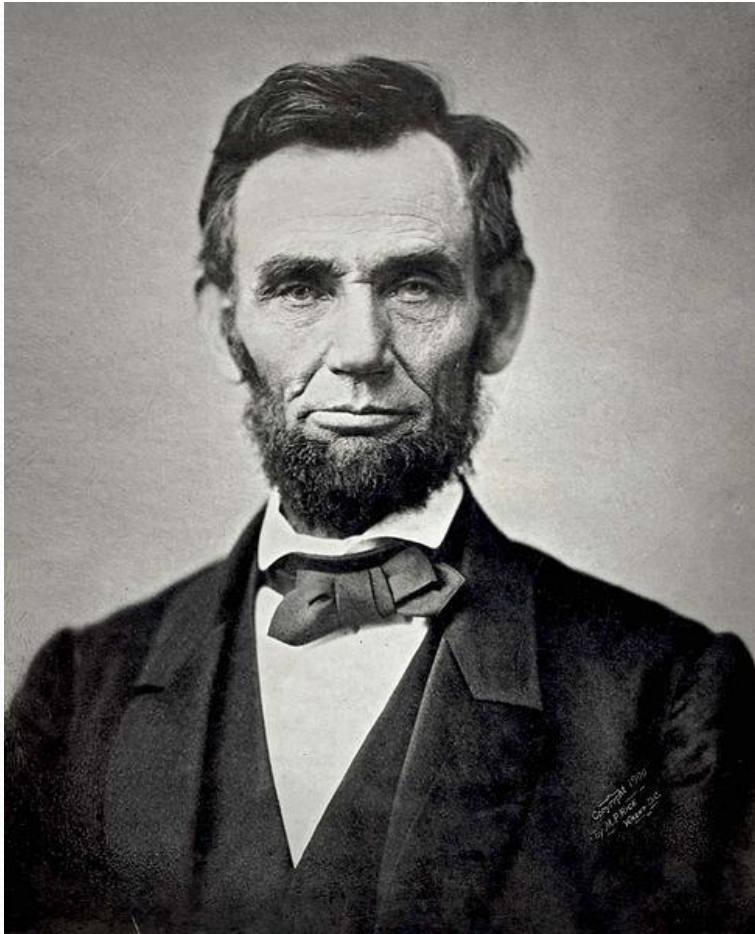
*Declaration of Independence inspired to
worked towards expanding both the p
borders of the United States. His portra*

Theodore Roosevelt connected the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans, led the country from isolationism (1858 – 1919)

President Roosevelt was one of the nation's youngest presidents, he was only 42 when became the President . He led the country from isolationism into the world arena. He led the connection of the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans. The image of President Roosevelt on Mount Rushmore even includes his distinctive pince-nes eyeglasses. His portrait was finished in 1939



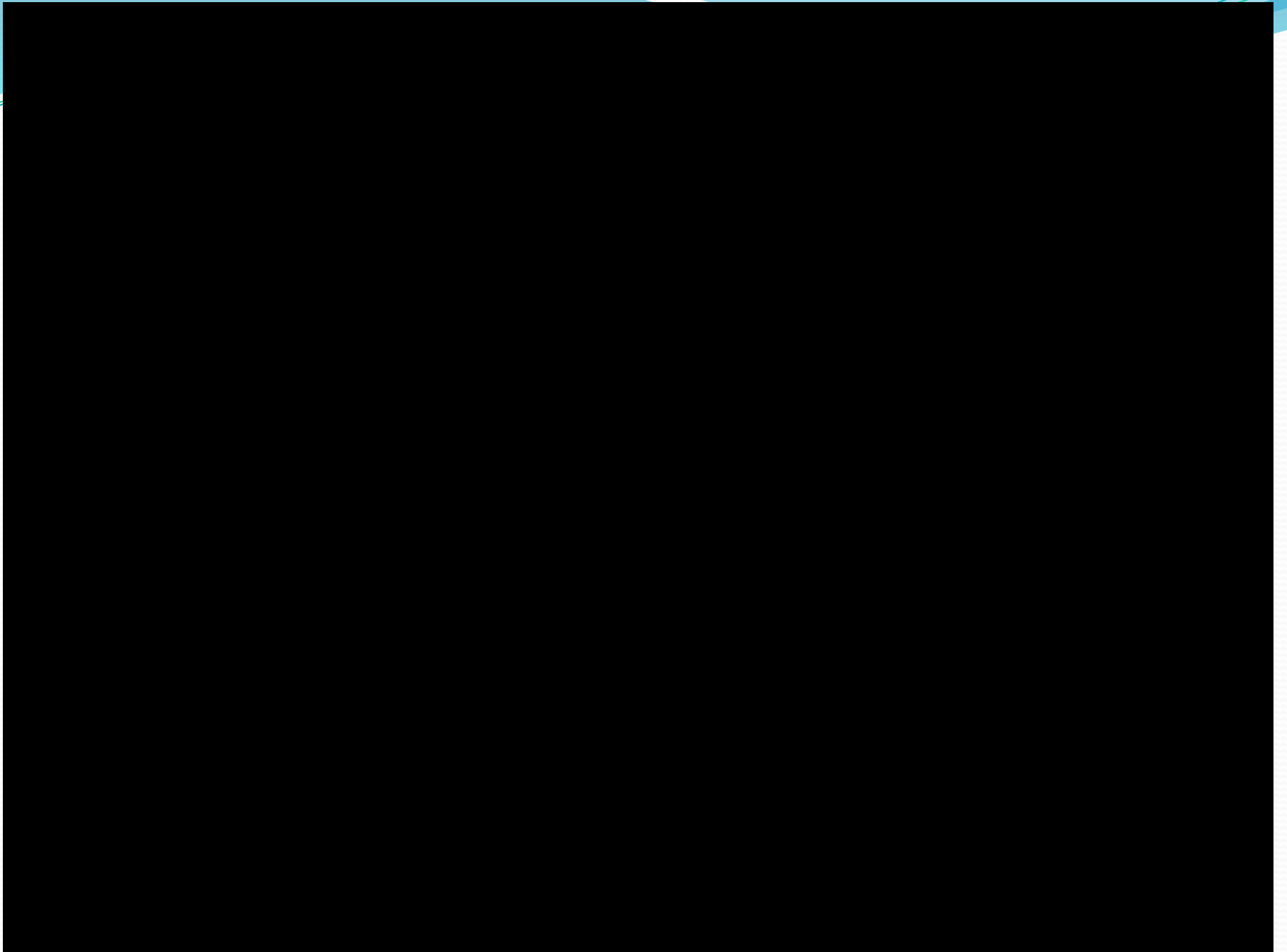
Abraham Lincoln – “the Great Emansipator” (1809 – 1865)



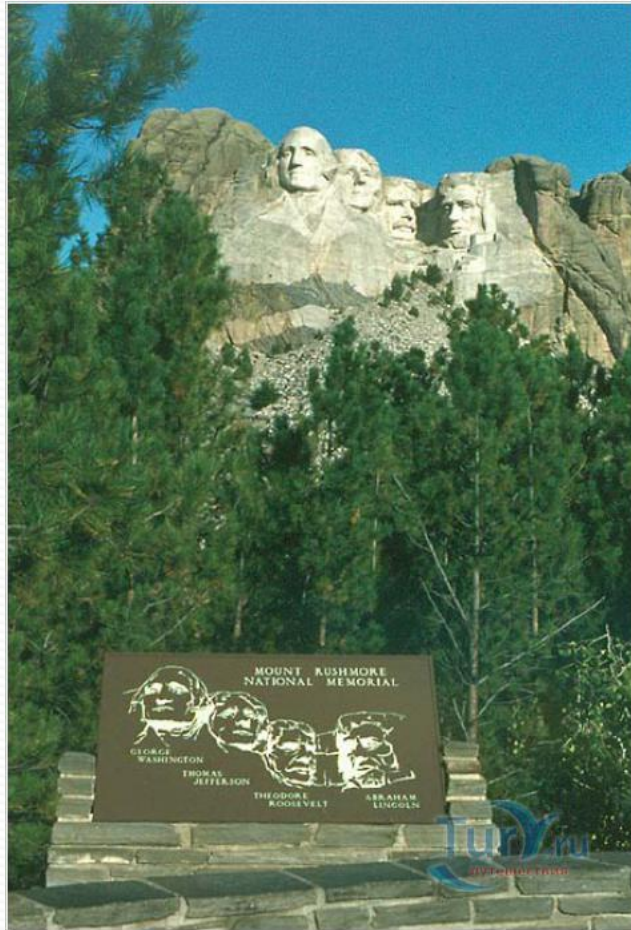
Abraham Lincoln was the third President featured on Mount Rushmore, but his portrait is situated at the end (the first from the right). While Borglum selected younger images of Washington and Jefferson as models for Mount Rushmore, he selected the familiar bearded face of an older Lincoln as representative of the President’s unwavering determination. His portrait was finished in 1937

Conclusion

- The faces of the four presidents were chosen because they best represented the
 - FOUNDATION
 - EXPANSION
 - PRESERVATION
- of the United States of America



Mount Rushmore from distance



More than 2 million 700 thousand people
from all over the world

come to Mount Rushmore National
Memorial every year because it is
a memorial national in character that
appeals to all Americans and guests of the
country

Entrance to Mount Rushmore National Memorial



...from the heith of bird's flight



Literature

- 1. Boller, Paul F. 1995. *Not So!: Popular Myths About America from Columbus to Clinton*. New York: Oxford University Press.
- 2. Burlingame, Michael .2008. *Abraham Lincoln: A Life* . Johns Hopkins University Press.
- 3. Borovich M., Sega M., Zhukova T. *Readings in Geography of the USA*.1971. Moscow: Vysshaya shkola.
- 4. McGeeveran, William A. Jr. etc.2004. *The World Almanac and Book of Facts 2004*. New York: World Almanac Education Group, Inc.
- 5. en.wikipedia.org