CONDITIONALS

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Conditionals <u>придаточные предложения</u> <u>условия</u>

Сложные предложения, в которых есть условие и следствие этого условия. Следствие может произойти, а может и не произойти. Также такие предложения сопровождаются



Условные предложения 0 Conditionals type 0

Репочнатиренноменияерфакты

Реаль Conditionals type 1 ситуация в будущем

If the Ryssent Simple yell Rresent, you get green.

(If Present

Simple uture

Simple Simple If he studies hard, yo<mark>u will</mark> get very good marks.

*Если придаточное предложение стоит перед главным, обе части разделяются запятой

*в придаточных времени, относящимся к будущему While /before/after/until/till/as/when/ whenever/once/as soon as/as long as/ by the time — PRESENT SIMPLE/PRESENT PERFECT



If you mix hydrogen and oxygen, you get water. You get water if you mix hydrogen and oxygen. Если соединить водород и кислород, вы получите воду.

<u>If she goes to Moscow, she visits her sister.</u> She <u>visits</u> her sister if she <u>goes</u> to Moscow. Если она едет в Москву, то она навещает свою сестру.

If she goes shopping, she buys very expensive clothes. If I can't fall asleep, I read.



She will stay in Moscow if she gets a job.

If you buy some apples, I will make an apple pie.

If I have enough money, I will buy a new dress.

If he comes, I will be glad.

If he doesn't come, she will be upset.

Will we take a taxi if it rains?

If it doesn't rain this afternoon, we can play tennis.

If it rains, we should stay home.

If it rains, I might decide to stay home.

If it rains, we are going to stay home.

Ask him to come if he calls.

I'll be off work tomorrow unless someone gets sick. — У меня завтра выходной, если никто не заболеет.







1 If you	(to drive) along	g the river	bank it	(to
be) twenty miles out	of your way. 2	If you	(to take)	your
mobile phone into cla	ass, it	(must) be turned (off. 3 We
(not use) ca				
If you (to p	ush) this butto	on, the vol	ume	(to
increase). 5 If you	(to c	close) the d	door, it	(to
lock) automatically. 6	l (t	to wear) m	y old boots v	when I
(to wor	k). 7 When I $_$		(to cook)	salads, I
(to use) o	nly olive oil. 8	When I		(to
concentrate), please		_ (not to m	ake) so muc	h noise. 9
Unless prices	(to rise), it_		(not to be) a	a good
investment. 10Unless	someone	(tc	ask) you po	litely,
(to refuse) to do anything.				



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If he ... (practice) every day, he ... (become) a champion
She ... (help) us if we ... (ask).
If they ... (have) enough money, they ... (open) a restaurant next
year.
I ... (not talk) to you anymore if you ... (insult) me.
If Bob ... (not keep) his word, Anna ... (be angry) with him.
1) If you ... (not help) me, I ... (not pass) the exam tomorrow. 2)
We ... (buy) this car if you ... (give) us a discount. 3 If my dad ...
(find) his tools, he ... (be able) to repair my bike. 4 If David ...
(not give up) smoking, Liza ... (not marry) him. 5 Mary ... (meet)
her friends from Italy if she ... (come) to the party. 6 If you ...
(lend) me the money, I ... (pay) you back next month. 7 They ...
(not let) you into the cinema if you ... (lose) your tickets. 8 If my
sister ... (travel) to Japan, she ... (buy) a kimono for me
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hanging out (phr v): spending time

average (adj): typical

equipment (n): things which are used for certain

purposes

innovations (n): newly invented things

consoles (n): panel with switches/buttons used

to control a machine/device

survey (n): set of questions to find out about

something

gadgets (n): small electronic devices

pocket money (n): money that your parents

give you every week

gold mine (n): a place where we dig for gold







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