

***Данное ЦОР- пособие
для студентов 1 курса ОЗО МЮИ,
автор Е.В.Андреев, Тула г., 2017***

The Main Topics

- 1. Classification of Branches of the Right*
- 2. Court System of the USA*

Independent assignment
Do the Test 1



Classification of Branches of the Right

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*What do you know of
the juridicial branch?*

*The branch is characterized by an
originality of a subject and a method
of legal regulation.*

*In turn the branch of the right is
subdivided into the separate
interconnected elements which are
called institutes of the right.*

Principal Bases for Division

*As the bases for division of the right for branches
are considered:*

***subject of legal regulation** — group of the public relations, uniform and separable from others;*

***method of legal regulation** — a set of methods, ways of impact on the public relations.*

***ability to interaction with other branches of the right** as subsystems of the same level.*

It is the third sign of branch of Russian law.

Most branches of the right belong to the category of

material:

- *constitutional (state) right;*
- *administrative law;*
- *civil law;*
- *enterprise right;*
- *labor law;*
- *financial right;*
- *criminal law;*
- *ecological right;*
- *family law;*
- *right of social security, etc.*

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Court System of the USA

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The juridicial branch works together with the legislative and executive branches to protect the constitution and the rights of people. The juridicial branch of the government is the system of courts in the United States. Its job is to enforce law.

State and Federal (National) Courts

*Within the juridicial branch, **authority is divided between** state and federal (national) courts. **At the head of** juridicial branch is **the Supreme Court**, the final interpreter of the Constitution. It **consists of 9** justices: one **Chief Justice** and 8 **associate justices**. The President **appoints** the justices, but **the Senate** must **approve** them. The justices **are appointed for life.***

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The Supreme Court...

*The Supreme Court makes sure that people obey laws, decides if a law passed by the Congress is not contradictory to the Constitution of the USA and may veto any law.
The Supreme Court settles disputes among states.*

The Main Functions of the Supreme Court

*The Supreme Court **hears** cases in which someone **claims** that a **lower court** ruling is **unjust** or in which someone claims that **Constitutional law** has been violated. **Its decisions are final.***

The Supreme Court has the power ...

*Although the Supreme Court does not
have the power to make laws, it does
have the power to examine actions of
the legislative, executive and
administrative institutions of the
government and decide whether they
are constitutional.*

The Constitution recognizes...

The Constitution recognizes that the states have certain rights and authorities beyond the power of the federal government.

States have the power to establish their own systems of criminal and civil laws, with the result that each state has its own laws, prisons, police force and state court.

County and City Courts

Within each state there are also county and city courts. Generally state laws are quite similar, but in some areas there is great diversity.

The minimum age for marriage and the sentence for murder, for example, vary from state to state.

Each State has...

Each state has a Constitution similar to the Constitution of the entire nation and all the power in each state is divided into executive, legislative and juridicial. The head of each state is the governor of the state.

The Federal Courts...

The federal courts are organized like a pyramid in three tiers.

At the bottom of the pyramid are the US district courts.

In the middle are the US courts of appeals.

At the top is the US Supreme court.

To appeal means to take a case to a higher court. The courts of appeals and the Supreme Court are appellate courts.

Federal courts hear disputes involving governments and *citizens* of different states.

State Courts and Federal Courts

*So, individuals fall under jurisdiction of two different court systems: their **state courts and federal courts**, but the vast majority of cases are resolved in the state courts.*

One of the most important rights is the trial by a jury of their fellow citizens. This right is guaranteed by the constitution of the United States.

Thanks for Work !

- 1. In conclusion, I'd say that I've learnt more about...***
- 2. As I know, it's of great interest and importance.***
- 3. To my mind, it's necessary for me to be well-educated specialist in law.***
- 4. So, as we know, we must learn as much as possible about all spheres of our daily life.***
- 5. As for me, English and Latin help me to be well-known lawyer in future.***



Independent assignment


Good Luck!

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Test 1

1. Закончите предложения в соответствии с содержанием текста:

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- 
1. The judicial branch works with...
 - a) the legislative branch
 - b) the legislative and executive branch
 - c) the legislative branch and the President
 - d) the President and the federal government

2. The judicial branch of the government...
 - a) makes laws
 - b) may veto any law
 - c) may not veto the law
 - d) enforces law



3. The Supreme Court...

a) makes laws

b) may veto any law

c) may not veto the law

d) enforces law


4. Each state has a Constitution similar to...

a) the Constitution of the city

b) the Constitution of the region

c) the Constitution of the entire nation

d) the Constitution of the state

- 
5. The Supreme Court consists of...
- a) one Chief Justice and nine associate justices
 - b) eight associate justices
 - c) one Chief Justice and eight associate justices
 - d) nine Chief Justices and eight associate justices
6. All the power in each state is divided into...
- a) executive and judicial
 - b) executive, legislative and judicial
 - c) legislative and judicial
 - d) executive and legislative




7. The head of each state is...

- a) the governor
- b) the president
- c) the administration
- d) the major

8. The trial by a jury of their fellow citizens...

- a) is guaranteed by the law of the United States.
- b) is guaranteed by the president
- c) is guaranteed by the Common Law
- d) is guaranteed by the constitution of the United States

- 
9. The Supreme Court has the power...
- a) to make the Constitution
 - b) to make laws
 - c) to examine actions
 - d) to enforce law

10. At the top of the federal courts is ...
- a) the US Supreme court
 - b) the US district courts
 - c) the US courts of appeals
 - d) the US state courts

. 2. Переведите данные ниже предложения
на английский язык

1. Что касается моего друга, он увлекается биатлоном.
2. Чем ты увлекаешься?
3. Они интересуются музыкой, литературой и правом.
4. Насколько я знаю, Тула известна своей историей.

3. Напишите предложенные ниже сочетания слов на английском, обратите внимание на перевод выделенных ниже предлогов

на поезде,
по воскресеньям,
по воздуху,
в офисе,
зимой,
в январе,
в 10 утра,
в течение 7 дней,
через три недели

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4. Прочитайте предложенные ниже слова и запишите только одно, которое не соответствует лексическому ряду каждой строки.

1. the International Law, the Common Law, the Criminal Code, the Family Law
2. the lawyer, the doctor, the prosecutor, the judge, the investigator

5. Прочитайте предложение,
переведите на русский язык и задайте все вопросы.

As for me, I am fond of History, Science and
Art.

6. Контроль умения в устном монологическом высказывании.

Расскажите о своих интересах, увлечениях,
кем Вы собираетесь стать

Рекомендуемая литература

- 1. А. Я. Зеликман, Английский для юристов, М., Высшая школа, 1999*

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Интернет- ресурсы

- <http://www.edu.ru> - Федеральный портал Российское образование;
- <http://www.school.edu.ru> - Российский общеобразовательный портал;
- <http://eor.edu.ru> - Федеральный центр информационно-образовательных ресурсов (ФЦИОР);
- <http://school-collection.edu.ru> - Единая коллекция цифровых образовательных ресурсов;
- <http://window.edu.ru> - Единое окно доступа к образовательным ресурсам

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