

In the list of UNESCO World Heritage Sites included: Tower, Palace of Westminster, Westminster Abbey, St Margaret's, Westminster, the ensemble of buildings at Greenwich and the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew [87].



Elizabeth Tower and environs, including [St Margaret's Church](#), [Parliament Square](#), [Portcullis House](#), and the [London Eye](#).



# Trafalgare Square

Trafalgar Square view  
from National Gallery.  
*Nelson's Column*)





**Her Majesty's Royal Palace and Fortress,**  
known as the **Tower of London,** is a  
historic [castle](#) located on the north bank of  
the [River Thames](#) in [central London](#).





## [Saint Paul's Cathedral](#)

St Paul's Cathedral, London, is an Anglican cathedral, the seat of the Bishop of London and the mother church of the Diocese of London. It sits at the top of Ludgate Hill, the highest point in the City of London.





Houses of Parliament, London View of Victoria Tower to the left, and the Houses of Parliament and Big Ben to the right.

# Palace of Westminster

*The Houses of Parliament*

The House of Commons is the building which is called the Chamber of Deputies. It is also called the House of Commons. It is one of the two Houses of Parliament. The other is the House of Lords. The House of Commons is the lower house of the British Parliament. It is made up of 650 members. The House of Lords is the upper house. It is made up of 26 members. The House of Commons is elected by the people. The House of Lords is appointed by the monarch. The House of Commons is the more powerful of the two houses. It is the one that makes the laws. The House of Lords can only delay the laws. The House of Commons is the one that controls the government. The House of Lords is the one that approves the government. The House of Commons is the one that votes on the budget. The House of Lords is the one that approves the budget. The House of Commons is the one that passes the laws. The House of Lords is the one that approves the laws. The House of Commons is the one that elects the Prime Minister. The House of Lords is the one that approves the Prime Minister. The House of Commons is the one that controls the government. The House of Lords is the one that approves the government. The House of Commons is the one that votes on the budget. The House of Lords is the one that approves the budget. The House of Commons is the one that passes the laws. The House of Lords is the one that approves the laws. The House of Commons is the one that elects the Prime Minister. The House of Lords is the one that approves the Prime Minister.

The Palace dates from medieval times.

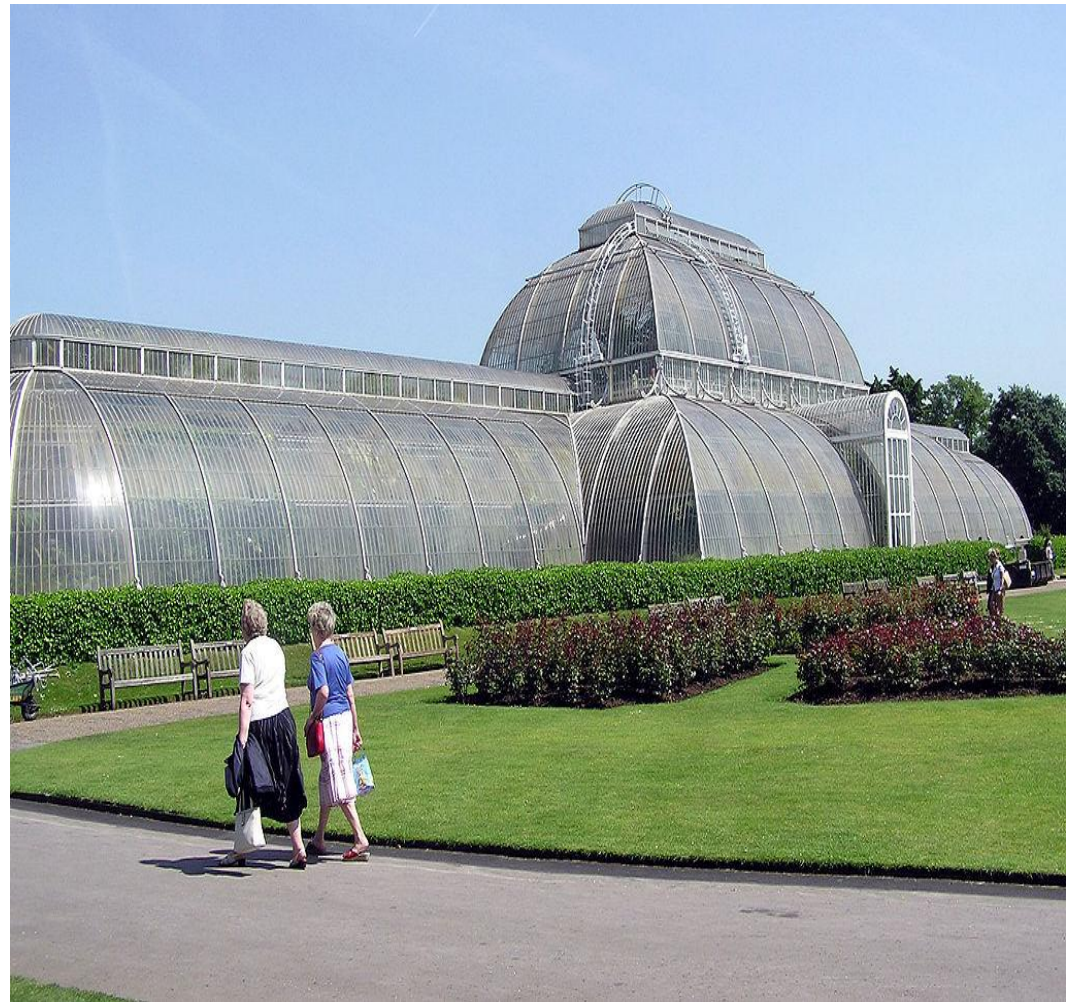
In November 1834 a fire called the Great Fire of Westminster destroyed the Palace.





## The Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew\*\*

The Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew—a 300 acre (121 hectare) World Heritage Site on the south bank of the Thames in south-west London—feature showpiece gardens, historic Victorian and modern plant houses, collections of endangered plant species and ongoing scientific research all of which contribute to its sterling international reputation



## Westminster Abbey in [London](#).



**Westminster Abbey**, formally titled the **Collegiate Church of St Peter at Westminster**, is a large, mainly [Gothic](#) church in the [City of Westminster](#), London, located just to the west of the [Palace of Westminster](#). It is one of the most notable religious buildings in the United Kingdom and has been the traditional place of [coronation](#) and burial site for [English](#) and, later, [British](#) monarchs.



The church of **St Margaret, Westminster Abbey**, is situated in the grounds of [Westminster Abbey](#) on [Parliament Square](#), and is the [Anglican parish church](#)<sup>[1]</sup> of the [House of Commons of the United Kingdom](#) in London. It is dedicated to [Margaret of Antioch](#).





Big Ben is the nickname for the Great Bell of the clock at the north end of the Palace of Westminster in London,[1] and often extended to refer to the clock and the clock tower.[2]

The tower is officially known as the Elizabeth Tower, renamed as such to celebrate the Diamond Jubilee of Elizabeth II (prior to being renamed in 2012 it was known as simply "Clock Tower")



The **London Eye** is a giant [Ferris wheel](#) on the [South Bank](#) of the [River Thames](#) in [London](#). Also known as the **Millennium Wheel**, its official name was originally published as the [British Airways](#) London Eye, then the [Merlin Entertainments](#) London Eye, then the [EDF Energy](#) London Eye. Since mid-January 2015 it has been known in branding as the [Coca-Cola London Eye](#), following an agreement signed in September 2014.





# Vlenheim Palace (Бленимский дворец)



# Glossary «give an order»

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1. Trafalgar → A – Eye
2. Palace of Westminster → B – Westminster
3. London → D – London
4. Abbey → C – Cathedral
5. Saint Paul's → F – Botanic Gardens,
6. Kew → G – Great Bell
7. Tower of → H – Square
8. Big Ben → I – Houses of Parliament
- A – Eye**
- B – Westminster**
- C – Cathedral**
- D – London**
- F – Botanic Gardens,**
- G – Great Bell**
- H – Square**
- I – Houses of Parliament**