GRAMMAR

## NOUNS

I. Singular - Plural

Ex.: a dog - dogs; a boy - boys;
a baby - babies;
a fox - foxes; a bus - buses; a glass - glasses; a brush - brushes;
a watch - watches; a tomato - tomatoes;
!!! a radio - radios; a photo - photos; a video - videos; a piano - pianos
a wolf - wolves; a wife - wives; !!! a roof - roofs; a chief - chiefs

## NOUNS

!!! Irregular nouns:
a tooth - teeth; a foot - feet; a goose - geese;
a man - men; a woman - women; a child - children;

## A PERSON - PEOPLE;

a mouse - mice; an ox - oxen;
a sheep - sheep; a fish - fish; a deer - deer.

## NOUNS

2. Possessive case.

Ex.: Jane's umbrella; the girl's dog; the dog's food; the girls' dog; the parents' car; the men's hats; the children's toys;

This is Jack and Susan's laptop.
These are Jack's and Susan's laptops.

## PRONOUNS

| Personal pronouns |  | Possessive <br> Adjectives | Possessive <br> Pronouns |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (before verbs, <br> as subjects) | (after verbs, | as objects) | (followed by <br> nouns) |
| I | (not followed by |  |  |
| nouns) |  |  |  |

## PRONOUNS



## ADJECTIVES

Comparative and superlative forms.
Ex.: long - longer - the longest;
large - larger - the largest;
big - bigger - the biggest;
funny - funnier - the funniest;
helpful - more / less helpful - the most / least helpful;

## ADJECTIVES

## Types of Comparisons



The armchair is as comfortable as the sofa but it isn't as expensive as the sofa.


The ring is less expensive than the necklace. The earrings are the least expensive of all.

| 1as $\ldots$ (positive)... as <br> not so / as ...(positive)... as | Paul is as heavy as Tom. <br> Jane is not so / as tall as Mary. |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2 less ...(positive)... than |  |
| the least ...(positive)... of / in | Betty is less hard-working than Kate but <br> Jean is the least hard-working of all. |
| $\mathbf{3}$ the + comparative ..., the + comparative | The harder you work, the more money <br> you earn. |

## ADVERBS

Comparative and superlative forms.

|  | Positive | Comparative | Superlative |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| adverbs with the same form as adjectives | fast | faster | the fastest |
| two syllable adverbs ending in - - | early | earlier | the earliest |
| two-syllable or compound adverbs | often <br> clearly | more often <br> les clearly | the most often <br> the leas clearly <br> t |

## ADJECTIVES AND ADVERBS

## Irregular Comparatives and Superlatives

| Positive | Comparative | Superlative |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| good / well | better | best |
| bad / badly | worse | worst |
| much | more | most |
| many / a lot of | more | most |
| little | less | least |
| far | further / farther | furthest / farthest |

a) further / farther (adv) = longer (in distance)
His house is further / farther away from the bus stop than mine.
further $(\mathrm{adj})=$ more
For further information, see the secretary.
b) very + positive degree
much + comparative degree It's very cold today.
It's much colder today than yesterday.

## NUMBERS

- Cardinal and Ordinal numbers

Ex.: one - the first; two - the second; three - the third;
ten - the tenth; twenty - the twentieth; twelve - the twelfth;

- Cardinal and Multiplicative numbers

Ex.: one - once; two - twice; three - thrice*;
I play football once/twice/thrice a week.

## VERBS

## I.Tenses

Here is a list of examples of these tenses and their definitions:

|  | Simple <br> Forms | Progressive <br> Forms | Perfect <br> Forms | Perfect <br> Progressive <br> Forms |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Present | I play | I am playing | I have <br> played | I have been <br> playing |
| Past | I played | I was <br> playing | I had <br> played | I had been <br> playing |
| Future | I shall <br> play | I shall be <br> playing | I shall <br> have <br> played | I shall have <br> been <br> playing |



The Passive is formed with the appropriate tense of the verb to be + past participle.

| Active Voice | Passive Voice |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Present Simple | He delivers letters. | Letters are delivered. |
| Past Simple | He delivered the letters. | The letters were delivered. |
| Present Perfect | He has delivered the letters. | The letters have been delivered. |
| Past Perfect | He had delivered the letters. | The letters had been delivered. |
| Present Continuous | He is delivering the letters. | The letters are being delivered. |
| Past Continuous | He was delivering the letters. | The letters were being delivered. |
| Future Simple | He will deliver the letters. | The letters will be delivered. |
| Infinitive | He has to deliver the letters. | The letters have to be delivered. |
| Modal + be + past part. | He must deliver the letters. | The letters must be delivered. |

