



GREENPEACE

Structure of presentation:

- Introduction
- Mission statement
- National and regional offices
- Priorities and campaigns
- Think tanks
- History
- Resource



Introduction part

Greenpeace is an international non-governmental organization for the protection and security of the environment. Greenpeace is a global environmental organization that consists of Greenpeace International (Stichting Greenpeace Council) in Amsterdam.



Mission statements

- Problem solving climate change (global warming)
- Saving the oceans
- Saving ancient forests
- Peace and nuclear disarmament
- Promoting sustainable agriculture
- Eliminating toxic chemicals

National and regional offices:

Greenpeace has a worldwide presence with national and regional offices in over 40 countries, which are affiliated to the Amsterdam-based Greenpeace International.

Oceania

- Australia, Fiji, Papua New Guinea, Solomon Islands, New Zealand

Europe

- Belgium, Czech Republic, France, Germany, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Spain, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Portugal

Greenpeace Nordic:

- Denmark, Finland, Norway, Sweden

Greenpeace Central and Eastern Europe:

- Russia, Austria, Hungary, Slovak Republic, Poland, Romania, Bulgaria, Slovenia, Serbia, Montenegro and Bosnia

Greenpeace Mediterranean:

- Israel, Cyprus, Malta, Tunisia, Turkey,

Americas

- Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Mexico, United States

Asia

- Lebanon, China, India, Japan, South Korea, Philippines, Indonesia, Thailand

Africa

Priorities and campaigns



The organization currently addresses many and varied environmental issues with a primary focus on efforts to stop global warming and the saving of the world's oceans and ancient forests. In addition to conventional environmental organization methods, Greenpeace uses nonviolent direct action in many of its campaigns.

Think tanks

Think tanks, under the Greenpeace umbrella, propose blueprints for world's transition to renewable energy. The focus is to reduce carbon emissions without compromising on economic growth. Greenpeace think tanks also focus on individual nation's energy scenarios.

History

The origins of Greenpeace lie in the peace movement and the Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament generally, and particularly in the "Don't Make A Wave Committee". Bill Darnell has received the credit for combining the words "green" and "peace", thereby giving the organization its future name. Irving Stowe, Paul Coté and Jim Bohlen are co-founders of Greenpeace. Greenpeace History The year 1996 is a year of celebration for greenpeace

GREENPEACE




**GIVE
ME
YOUR
HAND**
GREENPEACE



Resource:



- [Http://www.greenpeace.org](http://www.greenpeace.org)
- [Http://www.wikipedia.org](http://www.wikipedia.org)

The background of the slide features the Greenpeace logo, which consists of a stylized white globe with a green leaf-like shape on the right side, all set against a dark green background.

I think that organization
Greenpeace make a good job
for our life. "If everybody to
plant a tree we can easier to
breathe. "

GREENPEACE



Thanks for your
attention!

Maria Nesterova

GREENPEACE
greenpeace.org/turtles