

# What date is it today?

Today is the  
twentieth  
of November.



# What day is it today?

Today is  
Wednesday.



**How are you today?**

**Are you ready to  
start the lesson?**

**Let's start our lesson**

**[t]**- tea, water, meat, biscuits

**[s]**- sandwich, sausage, soup,  
juice

**[n]**- money, banana, lemon

**[dʒ]**- porridge, sausage, juice

# Repeat the rhyme

I like ice-cream

She likes sweets

I like cookies

He likes cheese

I like coffee

She likes tea.

I love you

Do you love me?

У меня много ...

I have got \_\_\_\_\_ friends.

I have got \_\_\_\_\_ money.

I have got \_\_\_\_\_ relatives.



**Когда у вас много всего - это хорошо. Особенно, если дело идет о друзьях, деньгах и родственниках. Но как грамотно рассказать об этих радостях по-английски?**





How many sandwiches are there?

There are ten sandwiches.



How much cheese is there?

There's a lot of cheese.



How much juice is there?

There's a lot of juice.



How many cakes are there?





apples



bananas



birds



bottles



bread



CDs



cheese



glasses



grass



hair



juice



kittens



music



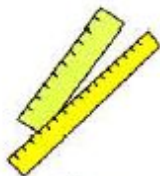
paint



pens



rice



rulers



soup



water



children

### Исчисляемые

apples

### Неисчисляемые

bread





apples



bananas



birds



bottles



bread



CDs



cheese



glasses



grass



hair



juice



kittens



music



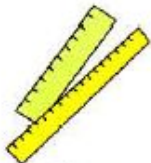
paint



pens



rice



rulers



soup



water



children

### Исчисляемые

apples

**Bananas**

**Birds**

**Bottles**

**CDs**

**Glasses**

**Kittens**

**Pens**

**Rulers**

**Children**

### Неисчисляемые

bread

**Cheese**

**Grass**

**Hair**

**Juice**

**Music**

**Paint**

**Rice**

**Soup**

**Water**

# Choose the right variant

1. How **much** / many milk is there?
2. How much / many chairs are there?
3. How much / many coffee is there?
4. How much / many juice is there?
5. How much / many girls are there?
6. How much / many bread is there?
7. How much / many children are there?
8. How much / many water is there?

# Insert the right form of the verb “to be”

1. How many bananas are there?
2. How many books there?
3. How much milk there?
4. How much paint there?
5. How much water there?
6. How many cats there?
7. How many pencils there?
8. How much soup there?

# Make up the questions:

1. there much is how water

**How much water is there?**

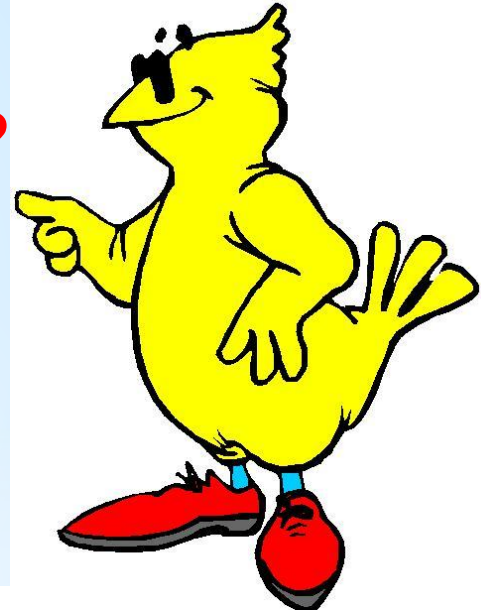
2. there many how are desks

3. there how many is lemonade

4. how there many are giraffes

5. money much is how there

6. there is how coffee much



girls

1



How many girls are there?  
.....

boys

2



milk

3



soup

4



pens

5



water

6



glasses

7



juice

8



The word “**money**” in English is an uncountable noun.

Englishmen think that is impossible to count it 😊

“I have got much money”



# Make the dialogue:



- Ask your classmate how many books is in his / her bag.
- Ask your classmate how much homework he has for tomorrow.
- Ask your classmate how many pens are on the table.

## How much/How many

В английском языке, как и в русском, существуют исчисляемые и неисчисляемые существительные. Исчисляемые существительные обозначают предметы, которые можно посчитать (**an orange, a boy**). Неисчисляемые обозначают вещества, которые нельзя пересчитать (**milk, juice**).

Выражения **How much** и **How many** означают «сколько?».

Мы употребляем **How many** с исчисляемыми существительными.

**How many sandwiches are there?**

Мы употребляем **How much** с неисчисляемыми существительными.

**How much cheese is there? How much juice is there?**

Запомни, что неисчисляемые существительные всегда употребляются с глаголом в единственном числе!

There **is** juice in the fridge. ✓

There ~~are~~ juice in the fridge.

I have got \_\_\_\_\_ friends.

I have got \_\_\_\_\_ money.

I have got \_\_\_\_\_ relatives.



**I have got many friends.  
I have got much money.  
I have got many relatives.**



# Homework

Tell your friends  
what you have in quantity  
(At least 7 sentences)

**“So many men,  
so many minds”**

**“Сколько людей,  
столько и мнений”**



**“How much is it”**

**“СКОЛЬКО ЭТО СТОИТ”**

**“So much for that”**

**“Ну хватит об этом”**

