

# LOSS of PLOSION

1. Plosive consonants – взрывные согласные.
2. The same place of articulation – такое же место артикуляции.
3. To be in contact within a word взаимодействуют в слове.
4. At a word junction – на стыке слов.
5. A complete loss of plosion – полная потеря взрыва.

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6. The obstruction – преграда.
7. Different places of articulation –  
отличительные по месту  
артикуляции.
8. Any cluster – любое сочетание.

# LOSS of PLOSION

\* [dd / dt],[gg / gk],[pp / pb],[kk / kg], [bb / bp], [tt / td] - plosive consonants of the same place of articulation.

Midday – when two plosive consonants [dd] are in contact within a word, there is a complete loss of plosion of the 1-st consonant [d], the obstruction is removed and the plosion is heard only after the 2-nd consonant [d]. The sound phenomenon **loss of plosion** takes place.

**bookcase, cupboard.**

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2. big girl - when two plosive consonants [gg] are in contact at a word junction, there is a complete loss of plosion of the 1-st consonant [g], the obstruction is removed and the plosion is heard only after the 2-nd consonant [g].

**Deep purple, back gate, what time, what day.**

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[pt], [tk], [db], [tb], [gd] - plosive consonants of different places of articulation.

attemptpt - when two plosive consonants of different places of articulation [pt] are in contact within a word, the obstruction of the 1-st consonant [p] is not removed until the articulation of the 2-nd consonant [t] has started: the release of the 1-st consonant [p] is weak and the plosion is heard only after the 2-nd consonant [t].

**Begged, architect, football.**

# Nasal plosion

1. At the junction – на стыке
2. Nasal sonorants – носовые сонанты
3. The mouth cavity – ротовая полость
4. The air stream – струя воздуха
5. The nasal cavity – носовая полость

# Nasal plosion

1. [t / d / p / b / k / g] - plosive consonants.
2. [m / n] - nasal sonorants.

Shoulddn't – at the junction of the plosive consonant [d] with the nasal sonorant [n] the articulation of the sonorant [n] starts when the articulation of the plosive consonant [d] is not yet finished: the air stream passes through the nasal cavity producing the effect of the nasal plosion.

**Wouldn't, meet my aunt.**

# Lateral plosion

1. [l] – lateral sonorant – боковой сонант.
2. Along the sides of the tongue – вдоль краев языка.

**Place** – at the junction of a plosive consonant [p] with the lateral sonorant [l] the plosion is heard during the pronunciation of the sonorant [l]: the air stream passes along the sides of the tongue. The phenomenon is known as lateral plosion.

**Blow, glance, kettle.**