

Модальный глагол HAVE TO

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Цель урока:

Повторим

Научимся

Выучим

Конструкция **have to / has to**

- выражает *необходимость что-либо сделать* и переводится как «должен», «необходимо».

You **have to** wash the dishes. –

Ты **должен** помыть посуду.

Утвердительные предложения (+)

Have to в настоящем времени
изменяется в зависимости от

I, you, we, they	he, she, it
(+) have to	(+) has to

I **have to** go shopping. He **has to** go shopping.

Отрицательные предложения

(-)

Отрицательное предложение с have to в настоящем времени образуется с помощью вспомогательного глагола to do в отрицательной форме (do not, does

I, you, we, they	he, she, it
(+) have to	(+) has to
(-) don't have to	(-) doesn't have to

We **don't have to** do our homework.

She **doesn't have to** do her homework.

6. **Заполни пропуски** *have to, don't have to, has to, doesn't have to.*

1. We have to go to school every day, but we don't have to go to school on Sunday. 2. My brother and I don't have to make breakfast. Our mum makes it. 3. Mum doesn't have to go shopping. Dad goes shopping twice a week. 4. Dad has to wash our car at weekends. 5. Mum doesn't have to drive to work. She walks. 6. We have to wear a school uniform. It's dark blue. 7. I have to get up early on weekdays, but I don't have to get up early on Sunday. 8. I have to do my homework every day.

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I, you, we, they	he, she, it
(+) have to	(+) has to
(-) don't have to	(-) doesn't have to

12. Прочитай текст и выпиши, что должны и не должны делать дети по дому.

I'm Harry and I've got a lot of friends. My friends always help their parents about the house. Violet has to go shopping and wash the dishes. She doesn't have to clean her room because her sister does it once a week. Ben has to wash their car and clean his room. He doesn't have to wash the dishes or go shopping. Mary always makes breakfast for her little sister and plays with her when her mum cooks in the kitchen. She never goes shopping. I have to clean my room twice a week and I sometimes wash the dishes after supper. I don't have to go shopping.

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1. Violet has to _____
She doesn't have to _____
2. Ben has to _____
He _____
3. Mary _____

4. Harry _____

Вопросительные предложения (?)

Вопросительное предложение образуется с помощью вспомогательного глагола to do, стоящего в нужной форме в начале предложения или после

вопрос

How и др.

I, you, we, they	he, she, it
(+) have to	(+) has to
(-) don't have to	(-) doesn't have to
(?) Do ___ have to	(?) Does ___ have to
Yes, ___ do.	Yes, ___ does.
No, ___ don't.	No, ___ doesn't.

/hen,

Do you have to help your mother?

8. Прочитай вопросы и ответь на них кратко, как показано в образце.

1. Do you have to go to school? – *Yes, I do./No, I don't.*

2. Does your mum have to wear a uniform?

– *Yes, she does./No, she doesn't.*

3. Do you have to get up early on weekdays?

Yes, I do./No, I don't.

4. Does your mum have to work at night?

Yes, she does./No, she doesn't.

5. Do your grandparents have to go to work?

Yes, they do./No, they don't.

6. Does your friend have to go to school on Saturday?

Yes, he does./No, he doesn't.

I, you, we, they	he, she, it
(+) have to	(+) has to
(-) don't have to	(-) doesn't have to
(?) Do __ have to	(?) Does __ have to
Yes, __ do.	Yes, __ does.
No, __ don't.	No, __ doesn't.

Homework:

СУ с.38-39 у.7;

повторить слова и

правила мод.2

Используемые ресурсы:

- 1) Английский в фокусе. Сборник упражнений. 4 класс : пособие для учащихся общеобразовательных организаций /Н.И. Быкова, М.Д. Пospelова. - 2-е изд. - М.: Просвещение. 2004.
- 2) <https://grammarway.com/ru/have-to>