

Form of the passive: *be + past participle*

simple present

present progressive

*present perfect**

simple past

past progressive

*past perfect**

*simple future**

be going to

ACTIVE-Məlum növ

Mary **helps** the boy.
Mary **is helping** the boy.
Mary **has helped** the boy.
Mary **helped** the boy.
Mary **was helping** the boy.
Mary **had helped** the boy.
Mary **will help** the boy.
Mary **is going to help** the boy.

PASSIVE-Məchul növ

The boy **is helped** by Mary.
The boy **is being helped** by Mary.
The boy **has been helped** by Mary.
The boy **was helped** by Mary.
The boy **was being helped** by Mary.
The boy **had been helped** by Mary.
The boy **will be helped** by Mary.
The boy **is going to be helped** by Mary.

The Use of Tense Forms in the Passive Voice

Present Simple am/ is/ are +PII

I am asked	We are asked
You are asked	You are asked
He (she, it) is asked	They are asked

Past Simple Simple was/ were+ +PII

I was asked	We were asked
You were asked	You were asked
He (she, it) was asked	They were asked

Future Simple shall be/ will be +PII

I shall be asked	We shall be asked
You will be asked	You will be asked
He (she, it) will be asked	They will be asked

Present Continuous am/ is/ are +being +PII

I am being asked	We are being asked
You are being asked	You are being asked
He (she, it) is being asked	They are being asked

Past Continuous was / were +being

I was being asked	We were being asked
You were being asked	You were being asked
He (she, it) was being asked	They were being asked

Present Perfect have/ has+been + PII

I have been asked	We have been asked
You have been asked	You have been asked
He (she, it) has been asked	They have been asked

THE PASSIVE VOICE

Present Simple Passive

I
He/she/it
We/you/they

am
is
are

→ + V_{3/ed}

Past Simple Passive

I/you/he/she/it was
We/you/they were

→ + V_{3/ed}

Interesting books are read with great pleasure.

The pyramids were built by the Egyptians.
"Guernica" was painted by Picasso

Tense Forms	Sentences in the Active	Yes/No Questions in the Active	Sentences in the Passive	Yes/No Questions in the Passive
Present Simple	Students speak English at the English lesson.	Do students speak English at the English lesson?	English is spoken at the English lesson.	Is English spoken at the English lesson?
	Students organize productive projects.	Do students organize productive projects?	Productive projects are organized by students.	Are productive projects organized by students?
Past Simple	The students organized an extra curricular activity.	Did the students organize an extra curricular activity?	An extra curricular activity was organized by students.	Was an extra curricular activity organized by students?
	Strict teachers taught students in Victorian Schools.	Did strict teachers teach students in Victorian schools?	Students were taught by strict teachers in Victorian schools.	Were students taught by strict teachers in Victorian schools?

FUTURE SIMPLE PASSIVE

shall/will +be +V3/ed	General Questions	Negative form
I/ we+ shall be + V3/ed ▪ We shall/we'll be sent to the conference in a week.	Shall I/we be + V3/ed ▪ Shall we be sent to the conference in a week?	I//we+ shall not/shan't be + V3/ed ▪ We shall not/shan't be sent to the conference in a week.
You/he/she/it/they+ will be + V3ed ▪ These questions will be solved soon.	Will I/you/he/she/it/they+ be + V3/ed ▪ Will the questions be solved tomorrow?	You/he/she/it/they + will not/won't be + V3/ed ▪ The questions won't be solved .

Modal auxiliary verbs

can, could, shall, should, may, might, will, would, must

+ v1 = modal + be + v3

She can speak Chinese.

Chinese can be spoken by her.

We must preserve the tigers.

Tigers must be preserved .

Modal verbs +be +V3/ed	General Questions	Negative form
<p>I/you/he/she/it/we/you/they +can be + V3/ed The letters can be sent at once</p>	<p>Can I/you/he/she/it/we/you/ they+ be + V3/ed Can the letters be sent at once?</p>	<p>I/you/he/she/it/we/ you/they+cannot/can't be + V3/ed The letters can't be sent at once.</p>
<p>I/you/he/she/it/we/you/ they+must be + 3/ed These questions must be solved.</p>	<p>Must I/you/he/she/it/we/ you/they+ be + V3/ed Must the questions be solved?</p>	<p>I/you/he/she/it/we/ you/they+mustn't be + V3/ed The questions mustn't be solved.</p>
<p>I/you/he/she/it/we/you/ they+should be + V3/ed New houses should be built.</p>	<p>Should I/you/he/she/it/we/ you/they+be + V3/ed Should new houses be built?</p>	<p>I/you/he/she/it/we/ you/they+should not shouldn't be + V3/ed New houses shouldn't be built.</p>

How do we form questions in Passive voice?

Məchul növdə sual formaları necə düzəlir?

(Simple Present)-sual forması

Form of be (To be) formaları	Subject Mübtəda	past participle V3/ed	Rest Qalanlar
Is	the test	written	in room 311?
Are	grapes	grown	in California?

(Simple Present)-Xüsusi sual sözləri ilə

Question word Xüsusi söz	Form of be (To be) formaları	Subject Mübtəda	past participle V3/ed	Rest Qalanlar
Where	is	the test	written?	
Why	are	grapes	grown	in California?

How do we form questions in Passive voice?

Məchul növdə sual formaları necə düzəlidir?

(Past Simple)-sual forması

Form of be (To be) formaları	Subject Mübtəda	past participle V3/ed	Rest Qalanlar
Was	the book	taken	to the classroom?
<i>(Past Simple)-Xüsusi sual sözləri ilə</i>		grown	in California?

Question word Xüsusi söz	Form of be (To be) formaları	Subject Mübtəda	past participle V3/ed	Rest Qalanlar
Where	was	the book	taken?	
Why	were	the students	taught	at home?

Passive voice – Other Tense Forms

Məchul növ - digər Zaman formaları

Tense ZAMAN	Auxiliary KÖMƏKÇİ	Subject MÜBTƏDA	Verb FEI
Present Perfect	Has	the house	been built?
Past Perfect	Had	the house	been built?
will-future	Will	the house	be built?
going to-future	Is	the house	going to be built?
Future Perfect	Will	the house	have been built?

Passive voice – Progressive tense forms Məchul növ – davamedici zaman formaları

Tense Zaman	Auxiliary Köməkçi	Subject Mübtəda	Verb Fel
Present Progressive	Is	the house	being built?
Past Progressive	Was	the house	being built?

Changing interrogative sentences into the passive

Sual cümlələrinin Məchul növə çevrilməsi

Active voice: **Did** she recognize you?

Passive voice: **Were you recognized** by her?

Məchul növə çevirdikdə (DO, DOES, DID) işlənmir.

Active voice: **Can** anybody cure(treat) it?

Passive voice: **Can it be** cured (by anybody)?

Active voice: **Have** you finished work?

Passive voice: **Has the work been finished** by you?

Sual cümlələrində- Məlum növü məchul növə çevirdikdə

HAS, HAVE, HAD, WILL, SHALL, CAN, MAY cümlənin əvvəlində qalır.

Active voice: When will they announce the results?

Passive voice: When will the results **be announced** (by them)?

Sual cümlələrində-Məlum növü məchul növə çevirdikdə

when, why, where, how or what cümlənin əvvəlində olduğu kimi qalır.

Active voice: **Who** wrote this book?

Passive voice: **By whom** was this book written?

Qeyd : WHO olur BY WHOM

Whom did you invite? (Active Voice)

Who was invited by you? (Passive Voice)

Qeyd : WHOM olur WHO

Passive cümlənin mübtədasını sual verdikdə sual sözü mübtəda rolunda çıxış edir

What is **eaten** at breakfast in Azerbaijan?
(Azərbaycanda səhər yeməyində nə yeyilir?)

What **will be eaten** at lunch?
(naharda nə yeyiləcək?)

Tamamliğin sualını məchula çevirəndə mübtədanın sualı yaranır.

*What **do** they **produce** at this plant? — What **is produced** at this plant?*

*What **did** you **produce** there? — What **was produced** there?*

Mübtədanın sualını məchula çevirəndə tamamliğin sualı yaranır və söz düzümü yenə aşağıdakı kimi olur:

Sual sözü + köməkçi fel + mübtada + V3(əsas fel)

*Who opened the door? **cümləsini iki cür məchul növə çevirmək olar:***

1. Who was the door opened by?

2. By whom was the door opened?

Məchul növün inkar formasını düzəldərkən inkar ədatı köməkçi feldən sonra gəlir.

The documents haven't been translated.

Əgər cümlədə söz önü tələb edən fellər işlənirsə, onların məchul nova çevirilməsi aşağıdakı qaydada olur:

*He **sent for** the doctor — The doctor **was sent for**.*

*Nobody **lived in** that old house — That old house **wasn't lived in**.*

*The doctor **will operate on** him tomorrow. — He **will be operated on** tomorrow.*

*Everybody **listened to** the lecturer. — The lecturer **was listened to**.*