PREPOSITIONS



- □Предлоги в английском и русском языках не совпадают в своих значениях.
- □Предлоги очень важны для построения и понимания английского предложения, т.к. являются одним из основных средств, указывающих на связь слов в предложении.
- □Английский предлог обычно имеет больше одного значения один и тот же предлог может быть и предлогом времени, и предлогом места и его значение при этом меняется.
- □ Английский предлог, как и в русском языке, обычно стоит перед существительным или местоимением. Но, если существительное или местоимение относиться к глагольным сочетаниям или фразовым глаголам, то предлог может стоять в конце предложения.
- □Английские предлоги могут выражать те значения, которые в русском языке передаются окончаниями косвенных падежей: of – родительным, to – дательным, with, by – творительным



ЧТО ВАЖНО ЗНАТЬ ОБ АНГЛИЙСКИХ ПРЕДЛОГАХ

- □ln в, внутри, по; через; на
- **□**On на, по, при
- □At в, за, у, рядом; на
- ■From из, с, от
- □Of из, о; предлог притяжательного падежа
- □ For для, за, в, из, из-за, по причине, ради, в обмен, в течение
- □Ву около, к; посредством, через, с помощью; предлог творительного падежа (кем?)
- □With c, со, предлог творительного падежа (чем?)
- □То в, во, к (обозначает направление)

НЕКОТОРЫЕ ПРЕДЛОГИ И ИХ ПЕРЕВОД



как предлоги места



Использование каждого из данных предлогов зависит от размеров упоминаемого места:

__ местонахождение или в очень большом, или в очень маленьком месте

<u>Оп</u> – в месте средних размеров

АТ – при упоминании «точки» на карте, конкретного адреса или места, в котором одновременно может находиться много людей

| Предлог | Пример |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| in большие размеры места | in the country, in the state, in the region, in the region, in the city, in the street, in the north. In the world, in the sky |
| on место средних размеров | on(at) the corner of the street, on the shore, on the bank, on the coast, on the river, on the ship, on the train, on the plane, on the way |
| at «точка» на карте | at 35, Carnival Drive, at the theatre, at the cinema, at the station, at the shop, at the stop, at the lesson, at school, at university |
| in очень маленькие места | in the corner of the room, in the room, in the building, in the park, in the car, in the boat, in bed, in a newspaper, in book, in a photo, in a picture |

как предлоги места

PRACTICE

Fill in the gaps with the right preposition of place – <u>in, on, αt</u>.



| 1. Her brother lives a small town the south coast of Spain. |
|---|
| 2. The sports results are the back page of the paper. |
| 3. They got married Birmingham. |
| 4. Vienna is the river Danube. |
| 5. His office is the fifth floor. |
| 6. Tom is sitting an armchair. |
| 7. The picture is the wall. |
| 8. We meet the station at 7pm. |
| 9. She was ill and stayed bed. |
| 10. Are there any good films the cinema this week? |
| 11. We went to see a play the National Theatre. |
| 12. She is still hospital and recovers from her holiday. |
| 13. We were sea for ten weeks. |
| 14. Because of delay we had to wait for three hours the |
| airport. |
| 15. I didn't see her party. |
| |

как предлоги места

- 1. Her brother lives <u>in</u> a small town <u>on</u> the south coast of Spain.
- 2. The sports results are <u>on</u> the back page of the paper.
- 3. They got married <u>in</u> Birmingham.
- 4. Vienna is <u>on</u> the river Danube.
- 5. His office is <u>on</u> the fifth floor.
- 6. Tom is sitting <u>in</u> an armchair.
- 7. The picture is on the wall.
- 8. We meet <u>at</u> the station at 7pm.
- 9. She was ill and stayed <u>in</u> bed.
- 10. Are there any good films <u>in</u> he cinema this week?
- 11. We went to see a play <u>at</u> the National Theatre.
- 12. She is still <u>in</u> hospital and recovers from her holiday.
- 13. We were <u>at</u> sea for ten weeks.
- 14. Because of delay we had to wait for three hours <u>at</u> the airport.
- 15. I didn't see her <u>at</u> party.





как предлоги времени



Важно помнить, что ряд словосочетаний, в отличие от русского языка, не требуют употребления предлога:

this year/month /week — в этом году/месяце, на этой неделе; - last year /month/ week —

в прошлом году, месяце, на прошлой неделе; next year/month/week — в следующем году/ месяце, на следующей неделе; every year/month/week —

каждый

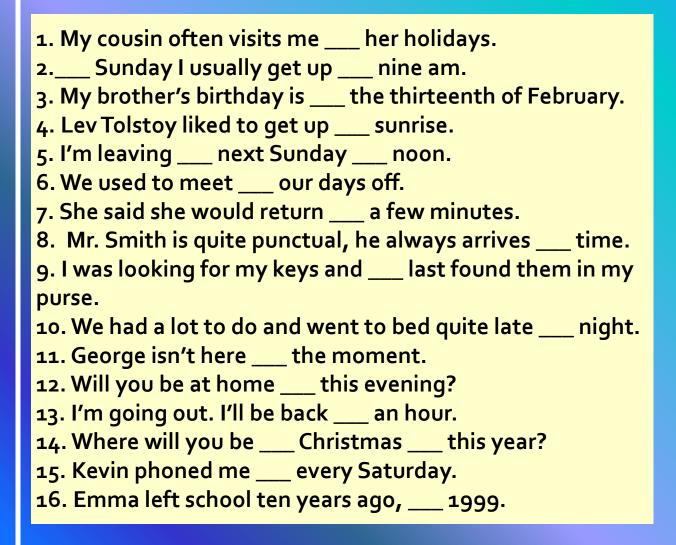
год/месяц/неделю

| Предлог | Пример |
|---|---|
| at «точка» на циферблате часов | at 6 o'clock, at midnight, at noon, at sunrise Ряд конструкций: at first - сначала, at last - наконец, at once - сразу, at our approach — при нашем приближении |
| on день, день недели, дата | on Thursday, on the 16 th of July on holiday, on my day off, on the week day |
| in год , месяц, период суток, время года | in 2009, in February, in the afternoon, in spring Может иметь значение «через»: in two hours, in a year, in a few minutes |
| В конструкциях | In time – пришедший успел и имеет в запасе время до начала события, к которому спешил; Оп time – пришедший явился точно в срок – не поздно и не рано |

как предлоги времени

PRACTICE

Fill in the gaps with the right preposition of time where necessary – <u>in</u>, <u>on</u>, <u>at</u>.





как предлоги времени



KEYS

- 1. My cousin often visits me <u>on</u> her holidays.
- 2. <u>On</u> Sunday I usually get up <u>at</u> nine am.
- 3. My brother's birthday is on the thirteenth of February.
- 4. Lev Tolstoy liked to get up <u>at</u> sunrise.
- 5. I'm leaving next Sunday <u>at</u> noon.
- 6. We used to meet on our days off.
- 7. She said she would return <u>in</u> a few minutes.
- 8. Mr. Smith is quite punctual, he always arrives <u>on</u> time.
- 9. I was looking for my keys and <u>at</u> last found them in my purse.
- 10. We had a lot to do and went to bed quite late <u>at</u> night.
- 11. George isn't here <u>at</u> he moment.
- 12. Will you be at home this evening?
- 13. I'm going out. I'll be back <u>in</u> an hour.
- 14. Where will you be <u>at</u> Christmas this year?
- 15. Kevin phoned me every Saturday.
- 16. Emma left school ten years ago, <u>in</u> 1999.

FOR, DURING, WHILE, BEFORE, AFTER

как предлоги времени

For – в течение к-л. периода времени

During – в течение, в продолжение

While – пока, в то время, как

Before - ∂o

After - после

| Предлог | Пример |
|--|---|
| for + период времени в течение | for three months, for ten years, for five minutes |
| during + существительное в течение | during our voyage, during the war, during the film |
| while + глагол пока | while we were eating, while they were talking |
| before/after + глагол с окончанием —ing до/после | before the film, after the film, before eating breakfast, after reading the newspaper |



Предлог *for* часто входит в состав фразовых глаголов или предложных конструкций:

look for – искать, wait for – ждать, blame smb. for – стыдить к-л. за, thank smb. for – благодарить к-л. за, praise smb. for - хвалить к-л. за, be responsible for – отвечать за

FOR, DURING, WHILE, BEFORE, AFTER

как предлоги времени

PRACTICE

Fill in the gaps with the right preposition of time – for, during, while, before, after.





FOR, DURING, WHILE, BEFORE, AFTER

как предлоги времени

- 1. We didn't speak <u>while</u> we were eating.
- 2. We didn't speak <u>during</u> the meal.
- 3. Mike and Nell played tennis <u>for</u> three hours.
- 4. <u>After</u> doing the shopping, they went home.
- 5. <u>Before</u> eating the apple, I washed it carefully.
- 6. George phoned while you were out.
- 7. Everybody was nervous **before** the exam.
- 8. I always have breakfast <u>before</u> going to school.
- 9. Sally wrote a lot of letters while she was on holiday.
- 10. Yesterday evening I watched TV <u>for</u> two hours.
- 11. Do you ever watch TV while you are having dinner?
- 12. Little Mike fell out of bed while he was sleeping.
- 13. Kate stayed in Rome <u>for</u> five days.
- 14. The student looked very bored <u>during</u> the lesson.
- 15. I don't usually watch TV <u>during</u> the day.
- 16. Henry started work <u>after</u> reading the newspaper.

<u>KEYS</u>



FROM...TO, UNTIL, SINCE

как предлоги времени

From...to... =
From...till... - c...
∂o...

Until = till – до какого-либо периода, до какого-либо либо времени

Since – с какоголибо времени в прошлом до настоящего момента

| Предлог | Пример |
|------------------------------|---|
| fromto с до | from Tuesday to Sunday, from early morning till late evening, from 1999 to 2009 |
| until до | until Saturday, until December, until 6 o'clock, till late at night, till I come back |
| since с каких-либо пор | since I arrived, since Monday, since 1987, since 2.30 |

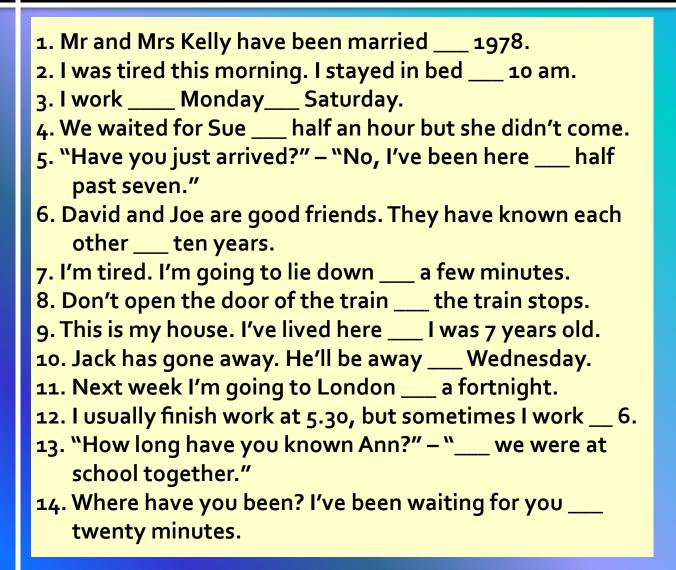


FROM...TO, UNTIL, SINCE

как предлоги времени

PRACTICE

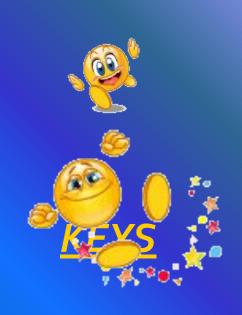
Fill in the gaps with the right preposition of time – until, since, from...to..., for.





FROM...TO, UNTIL, SINCE

как предлоги времени



- 1. Mr and Mrs Kelly have been married <u>since</u> 1978.
- 2. I was tired this morning. I stayed in bed <u>until</u> 10 am.
- 3. I work <u>from</u> Monday <u>to</u> Saturday.
- 4. We waited for Sue *for* half an hour but she didn't come.
- 5. "Have you just arrived?" "No, I've been here <u>since</u> half past seven."
- 6. David and Joe are good friends. They have known each other <u>for</u> ten years.
- 7. I'm tired. I'm going to lie down <u>for</u> a few minutes.
- 8. Don't open the door of the train <u>until</u> the train stops.
- 9. This is my house. I've lived here <u>since</u> I was 7 years old.
- 10. Jack has gone away. He'll be away <u>until</u> Wednesday.
- 11. Next week I'm going to London <u>for</u> a fortnight.
- 12. I usually finish work at 5.30, but sometimes I work <u>until</u> 6.
- 13. "How long have you known Ann?" "<u>Since</u> we were at school together."
- 14. Where have you been? I've been waiting for you <u>for</u> twenty minutes.