



**Present Continuous  
(Progressive)  
*настоящее  
продолженное время***

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# Когда мы употребляем Present Continuous Tense

- Present continuous обозначает
- длительное действие, которое совершается
- **в настоящее время, в момент речи.**
- 
- 
- 
- 



**Сейчас** она сажает розу.  
She is planting a rose now.

**В данный момент** панда кушает.  
Panda is eating at this moment.



# Remember

I **am**

He **is**

She **is**

It **is**

We **are**

You **are**

They **are**

**V**ing

play – play**ing**

sleep – sleep**ing**

write - writ**ing**

get - get**ting**

# Особенности правописания

put - putting

run - running

**BUT**

think - thinking

work - working

write - writing

dance - dancing

**BUT**

see - seeing

play - playing

fly - flying

# Утвердительные предложения (+)

## Affirmative

### Long form

I am working

You are working

He is working

She is working

It is working

We are working

You are working

They are working

### Short form

I'm working

You're working

He's working

She's working

It's working

We're working

You're working

They're working



I **am** writing.



She **is** writing.

He **is** writing.



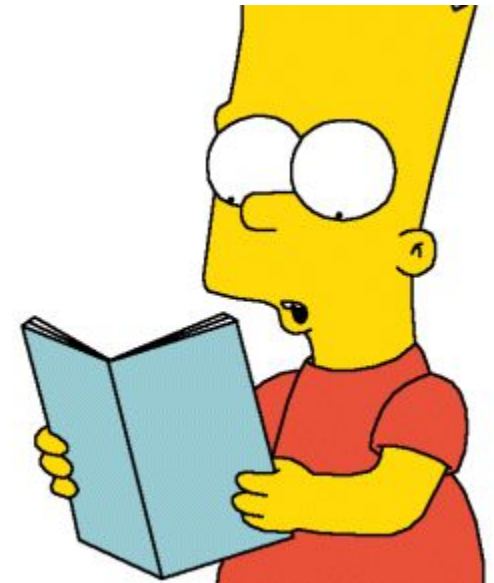
They **are** writing.

Say what he is doing.



write - is writing

read - is reading





open – **is opening**

speak – **is speaking**







jump – is jumping

dance – is dancing

sleep – is sleeping



# отрицательная форма

- При образовании отрицательной формы отрицательная частица **not** ставится **после вспомогательного глагола**.



I **am** reading.

I **am not** reading.

- She **is** singing.
- She **is not** singing.



# Отрицательные предложения (-)

## Negative

### Long form

I am not working  
You are not working  
He is not working  
She is not working  
It is not working  
We are not working  
You are not working  
They are not working

### Short form

I'm not working  
You aren't working  
He isn't working  
She isn't working  
It isn't working  
We aren't working  
You aren't working  
They aren't working

# Agree or disagree



He is doing his homework.



The man is dancing.



They are running.



The boy is fishing.

# вопросительная форма

При образовании вопросительной формы  
вспомогательный глагол ставится перед  
подлежащим.

They **are** travelling. **Are** they travelling?

I **am** sleeping. **Am** I sleeping?

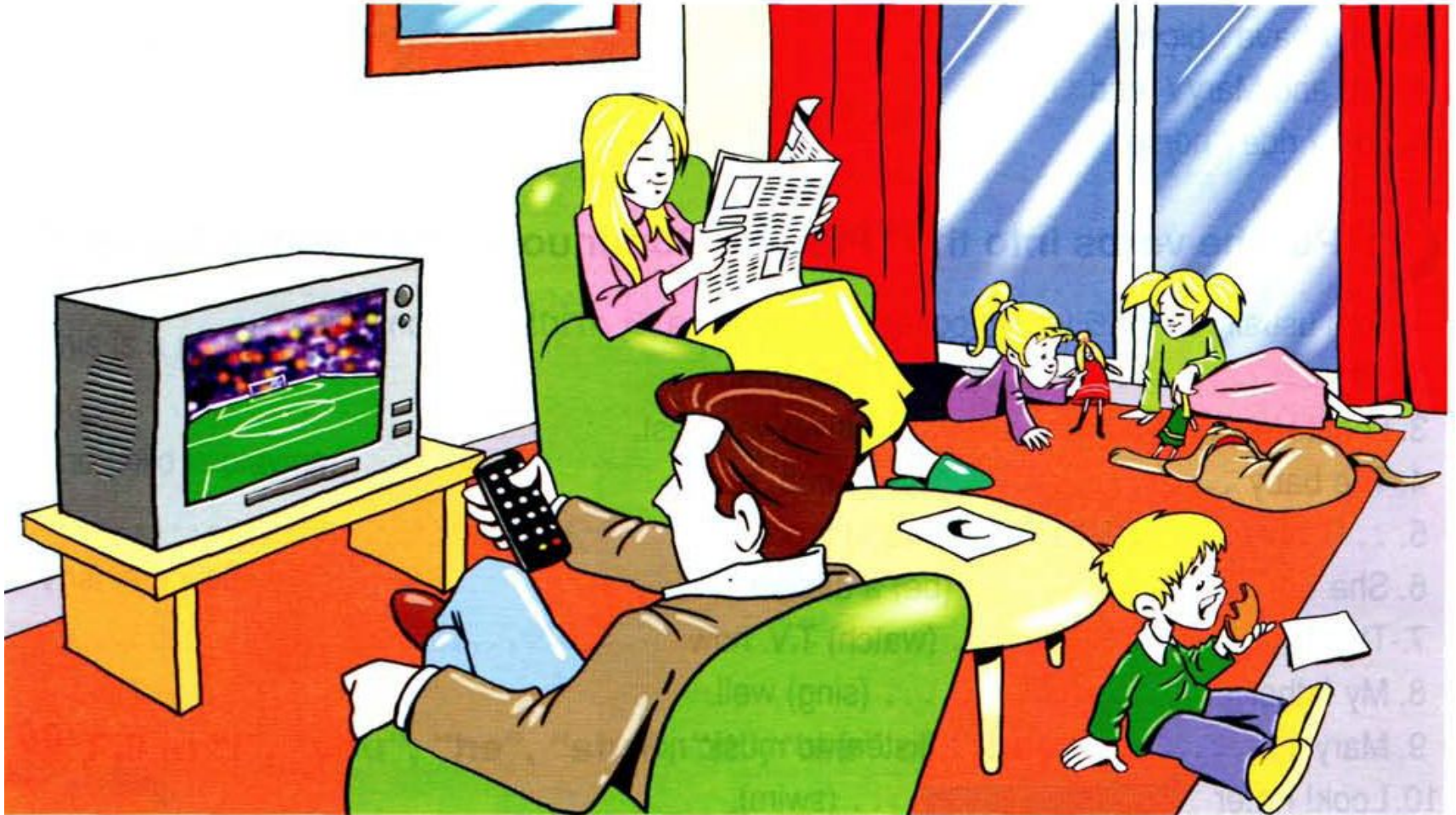
He **is** jumping. **Is** he jumping?



# *Ask the questions*

- Listen! Dan and John **are playing** the piano.
- Look! Your dog **is swimming** in the river.
- Where are you? – In the room. **I am reading** an interesting book.
- The children **are eating** a cake.
- She **is doing** her homework now.

# Describe the picture.



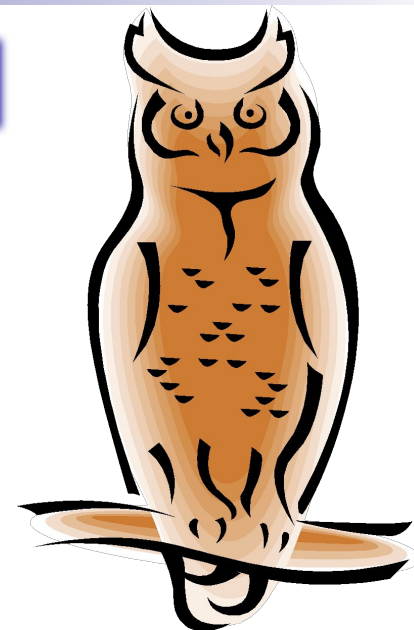
1. Father *is watching T.V.*
2. Mother
3. The girls
4. The dog
5. Jim

## *Write short answers.*

1. Is the dog barking? Yes, ... *it is.* .....
2. Are the girls laughing? No, .. *they aren't.* ..
3. Are you doing your homework? No, .....
4. Is he driving a bus? Yes, .....
5. Are they watching television? Yes, .....
6. Is it raining outside? No, .....
7. Is she running? Yes, .....
8. Are they watering the flowers? Yes, .....
9. Is he putting on his coat? No, .....
10. Are they digging in the garden? No, .....
11. Are you writing a letter? Yes, .....
12. Are they listening to the radio? No, .....



# проверь себя



• Выбери правильный вариант

• They ...

- is drawing
- am drawing
- are drawing

• I ...

- is walking
- am walking
- are walking

• Boys ...

- is playing
- am playing
- are playing

She ...

- is cooking
- am cooking
- are cooking

We ...

- is having
- am having
- are having

ошибки	0	2	3	4	5
оценка	5	4	3	2	1