



The Present Simple Tense

Учитель английского языка
МБОУ СОШ №3 ст. Фастовецкая
Бражникова Т.Р.

Explanation

- We use the present simple tense to talk about:
- Habits
- E.g. I **get up** at 6 o'clock every day.



Explanation

- We use the present simple tense to talk about:
- routines
- E.g. I brush my teeth twice a day.



Explanation

- We use the present simple tense to talk about:
- things that are always true
- E.g. It **snows** in winter.






Affirmative

(Утвердительные предложения)

- o I play
- o He plays
- o You play
- o She plays
- o We play
- o It plays
- o They play



Use the correct form of the verb to complete the sentences.

- I ... (play) football in the afternoon.
- He ... (like) to go to school.
- We ... (watch) TV in the evening.
- She ... (want) to be a singer.



Use the correct form of the verb to complete the sentences. (Answers).

- I **play** football in the afternoon.
- He **likes** to go to school.
- We **watch** TV in the evening.
- She **wants** to be a singer.

Negative

(Отрицательные предложения)

- o I don't play
- o He doesn't play
- o You don't play
- o She doesn't play
- o We don't play
- o It doesn't play
- o They don't play



Correct the sentences.

- You doesn't play tennis at school.
- She doesn't likes frogs.
- They don't wants to be pilots.
- It don't eat bananas.

Correct the sentences.(Answers).

- You **don't play** tennis at school.
- She **doesn't like** frogs.
- They **don't want** to be pilots.
- It **doesn't eat** bananas.



Questions

(Вопросительные предложения)

- o Do I play..?
- o Do you play..?
- o Do we play ..?
- o Do they play..?
- o Does he play..?
- o Does she play..?
- o Does it play..?

Short answers


(Краткие ответы)

- Yes, I do.
- Yes, you do.
- Yes, we do.
- Yes, they do.
- Yes, he does.
- Yes, she does.
- Yes, it does.

Short answers

(Краткие ответы)

- No, I don't.
- No, you don't.
- No, we don't.
- No, they don't.
- No, he doesn't.
- No, she doesn't.
- No, it doesn't.



Choose **do, does, don't** or **doesn't** to complete the sentences.

- ...you go to school? – No, I ...
- ...he like reading? – Yes, he ...
- ...they want to be doctors? – Yes, they ...
- ...she have a shower in the morning? – No, she ...



Choose **do, does, don't** or **doesn't** to complete the sentences. (Answers).

- Do you go to school? – No, I don't.
- Does **he** like reading? – Yes, **he** does.
- Do they want to be doctors? – Yes, they do.
- Does **she** have a shower in the morning? – No, **she** doesn't.

Everyday activities

- have a shower



Everyday activities

- brush your teeth



Everyday activities

- comb your hair



Everyday activities

- go to school



Everyday activities

○ play outside



Everyday activities

- wash your hands



Everyday activities

- go to bed



We use *always, usually, sometimes, hardly ever, never* + **present simple** to talk about how often we do things. These words go **before** the verb.

○ I *always* play outside



We use *always, usually, sometimes, hardly ever, never* + **present simple** to talk about how often we do things. These words go **before** the verb.

○ I **usually** play outside.



We use *always, usually, sometimes, hardly ever, never* + **present simple** to talk about how often we do things. These words go **before** the verb.

- I **sometimes** play outside.



We use *always, usually, sometimes, hardly ever, never* + **present simple** to talk about how often we do things. These words go **before** the verb.

- I *hardly ever* play outside.



We use *always, usually, sometimes, hardly ever, never* + **present simple** to talk about how often we do things. These words go **before** the verb.

○ I **never** play outside.

