

Frank Fabian Mankiewicz

The word "retronym" was invented by **Frank Mankiewicz** (May 16, 1924 – October 23, 2014), a jouralist, Senator Robert Kennedy's press secretary and the president of National Public Radio.

He collected this peculiar conbinations of words, and coined a name for them.

A new form of compound word has been created to help old words avoid technological displacement. Consider the word "guitar." In olden times, you could play a Spanish guitar or a Hawaiian guitar, but your instrument was accurately denoted by the single word "guitar."

Along came the electric guitar. No longer could you say, "He plays the guitar," for fear of being immediately asked, "What kind — the electric guitar or the old-fashioned guitar?" Since people do not like to be old-fashioned, especially in the music world, players of "regular," or nonelectric, guitars have come to call their instruments "acoustic guitars."

Similarly, "natural turf" is the phrase now being used by sportscasters to differentiate that old-fashioned field from "artificial turf." Another word for natural turf is "grass"; we can soon expect all signs to read: "Keep off the natural turf."

Frank Mankiewicz, president of National Public Radio, collects these terms and calls them "retronyms" — nouns that have taken an adjective to stay up-to-date and to fend off newer terms.

An actual extract from the Wiliam Safire's article, published in July 27, 1980.

William Safire was the first one to mention this word in print. It made it's appearence in his article "On Language" in "The New York Times Magazine" (July 27, 1980).

So William Safire popularized the term and opened it to the public.

... - "a word or phrase created because an existing term that was once used alone needs to be distinguished from a term referring to a new development."

"The American Heritage Dictionary"

In 2000 "retronym" officially appeared on pages of the 4th edition of "The American Heritage Dictionary". The unabridged version of the dictionary was the first major publication to include the term and, moreover, give its definition.



William Safire

William Safire wrote numerous articles on this topic in "The New York Times Magazine".

He shared with his readers interesting examples of retronymy such as: "skirt suit", "free-range chicken", "white male president".

He even insisted on using the word in The Times's crossword puzzle, which sure became a challange for some readers to guess.

He defined retronyms as "nouns that have taken an adjective to stay up to date and to fend off newer terms".

From my own experience I learned that the easiest way to understand the term is probably not reading the definitions and looking up the scarce theory, but taking a good look at examples.

Classic example is an acoustic guitar:



Once guitar was just a guitar.



But in 1930s **electric guitars** appeared, and, in order to tell the two types appart, we started using the term **acoustic guitar**.

In this case the acoustic guitar is a retronym.

Here's another example of a retronym that is extremely common and can relate to almost everyone.

Modern stores can offer you all kings of milk:

Skim milk



All kinds of persent milk



Lactose-free milk —



To distingush the usual milk, we started calling it the whole milk.

It is a retronym.

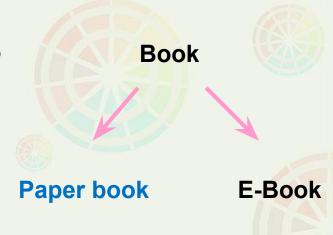


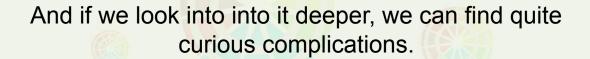
WHY DO THE RETRONYMS APPEAR

Retronyms are crated to express contrast and to defferentiate already existing things from newer inventions.

Books didn't need more precise definition, when only paper books existed.

But once E-Books were invented, it triggered development of a contrasting retronym.





This is a retronym

Phone

Landline phone

Mobile phone

Rotary phone

Push-button phone

And this is a retronym of the retronym

Keypad phone

Touchscreen phone



Proper names can be retronyms too:



When there was only the first film of the "Ice Age" franchise, we could refer to it simply calling in "Ice Age". But when in 2006 a sequel came out, it became necessary to distinguish the films. Therefore, we need to call it "Ice Age Part I" (and that is a retronym).





Vanilla Minecraft stands for the original version of the game, the one without custom mods.



Adding adjectives like **usual**, **regular**, **traditional** is a very common way of creating retronyms.



Traditional wedding (white wedding with a traditional ceremony)



Regular coffee (caffeine-containing)

And thanks to health-conscious trends, whole, organic, natural are also popular among "edible" retronyms.

Organic plants



Natural juices



Free-range eggs



DEFINITIONS



Oxford English
Dictionary gives a
following definition to
the term retronym.

"a neologism created for an existing object or concept because the exact meaning of the original term used for it has become ambiguous (usually as a result of a new development, technological advance, etc.)."



Merriam-Webster
Dictionary once made
"retronym" a word of
the day.

"a term consisting of a noun and a modifier which specifies the original meaning of the noun."

Retronyms are a consequence of technological development,

Tape recorder



Natural grass



Wet signature

Signature

Of evolution



Prehistoric people

Or of the natural progress of history.

The First World War

Neither of these things are avoidable, so we need to emrace retronyms and to learn to notice and love them.

"...the retronym has become a key to the observation of rapid, profound cultural linguistic change."

William Safire

The appearance of retronyms in a certain sphere of life proves that the sphere functions properly. And the language benefits from new collocations.

REFERENCES

- 1. Ben Zimmer An article "RIP Frank Mankiewicz, coiner of «retronym»" Available at: http://languagelog.ldc.upenn.edu/nll/?p=15399
- 2. William Safire An article "Retronym Watch" (1992) // "The New York Times Magazine" Available at: http://www.nytimes.com/1992/11/01/magazine/on-language-retronym-watch.html
- 3. William Safire An article "Retronym Watch" (1998) // "The New York Times Magazine" Available at: http://www.nytimes.com/1998/03/22/magazine/on-language-retronym-watch.html
- 4. William Safire An article "Retronymy" (2007) // "The New York Times Magazine" Available at: http://www.nytimes.com/2007/11/18/magazine/18wwln-safire-t.html
- 5. William Safire An article "Retronyms" (2007) // "The New York Times Magazine" Available at: http://www.nytimes.com/2007/01/07/magazine/07wwln_safire.t.html? r=3
- 6. Рыжкина Е.В. An article "Разноструктурные дериваты, образованные на базе английских ретронимов." // "Вестник Московского государственного лингвистического университета" (№ 552 / 2008)
 - Available at:
 - http://cyberleninka.ru/article/n/raznostrukturnye-derivaty-obrazovannye-na-baze-angliyskih-retronimov
- 7. Антонова А.Б. An article "Явление ретронимии в современном русском языке."
 //"«Master Dixit» научно-педагогический журнал Восточной Сибири" (№ 1(17) / April 2015)
 Available at: http://md.islu.ru/node/983