



SCOTLAND

EDINBURGH

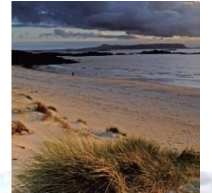


Plan

- General information
- Geographical position
- Climate, nature, natural resources
- demography and history
- Edinburgh

Facts about Scotland

- **Motto:** No one provokes me with impunity
- **Flag:** Cross of St Andrew
- **National Day:** 30 November
- **Capital City:** Edinburgh
- **Major Cities:** Aberdeen, Dundee, Glasgow
- **Anthem (song):** Flower of Scotland
- **Highest point:** Ben Nevis (1,343 m)
- **Lowest point:** Bed of Loch Morar
- **Longest river:** Tay 193 kilometres long
- **Largest Lake:** Loch Lomond (60 sq km)
- **Official Animal** Unicorn





SCOTTISHNESS



- **A national drink**

A young man arrives in a small village situated near Loch Ness. There he meets an old man and asks him:

- When does the Loch Ness Monster usually appear?
- Usually it appears after the third glass of Scotch, - answered the man.

Scottish national dress - the kilt, the tartan.

The musical instrument of the Scots – the bagpipe.

The famous Loch Ness monster.



Scotland occupies
the northern third
of the island of Great Britain.

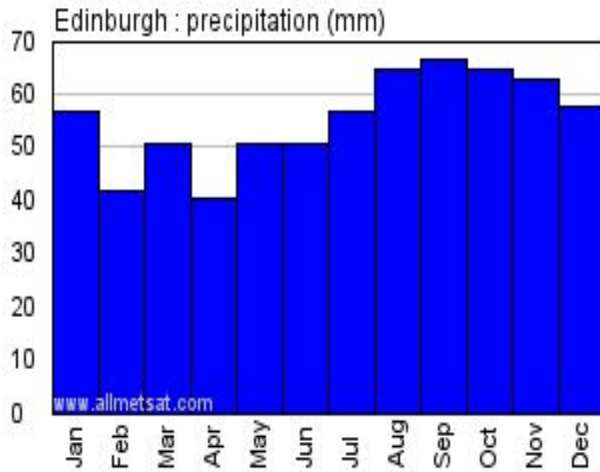


England;

the Atlantic Ocean;
the North Sea;
Solway Firth;
the Irish Sea;
North Channel.

186 nearby islands,
the Hebrides,
the Orkney Islands;
the Shetland Islands.

- **Area:**
- **Population:**
- **Terrain:**
- **Rivers, lakes:**
- **Mountains:**



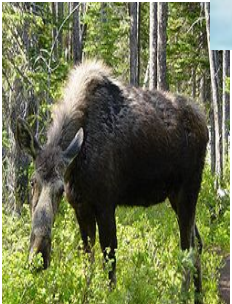
Climate

influenced
by the *surrounding seas*.

*temperate winters and cool
summers*



Plant and Animal Life



Natural Resources

- *Coal, zinc.*
- offshore oil deposits in the North Sea



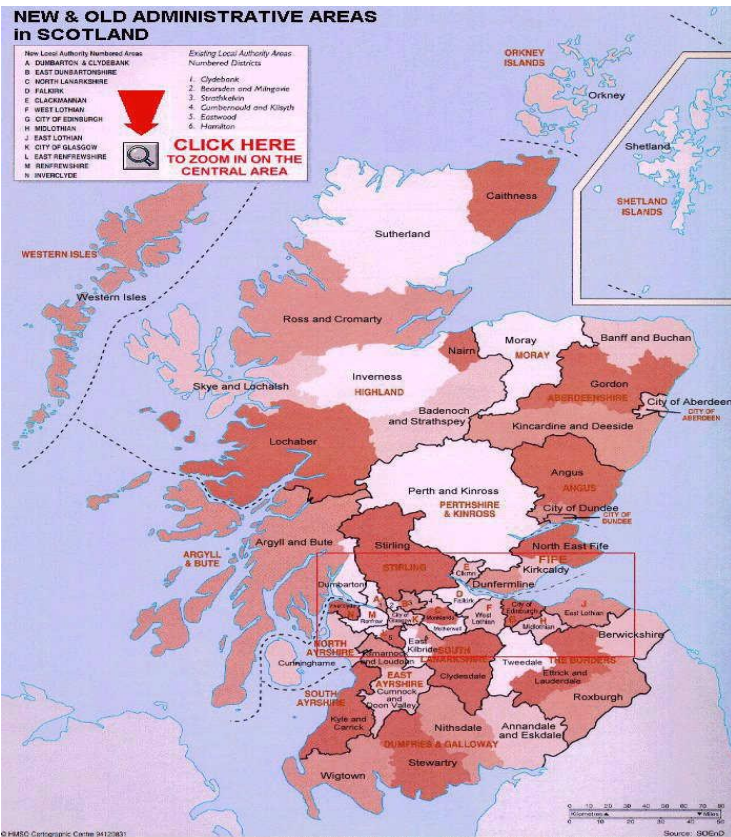
Population

Scots divide themselves into
Highlanders,
who consider themselves of
pure Celtic blood
and retain a stronger feeling of
the clan, and
Lowlanders,
who are largely of
Teutonic blood.



Scotland's government

- A new Scottish Parliament was elected in **1999**. This is the **first time Scotland has had its own parliament in 300 years**.
- **The Scottish Government is led by a First Minister.**
- ***A Secretary of State for Scotland remains part of the UK Cabinet.***

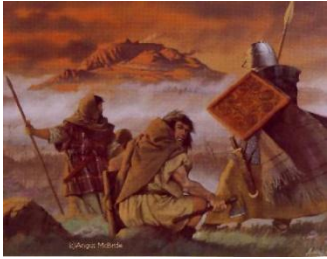


Administrative division

Local government
is divided into

29 unitary authorities
and three island authorities

HISTORY OF SCOTLAND



the first man
- 6,000 BC



Picts + Scots
+ Britons +
Angels



Vikings on
the islands



Edward I and
Stone of
Destiny



William
Wallace



Robert
Bruce

1707

The part of
the UK

GLASGOW

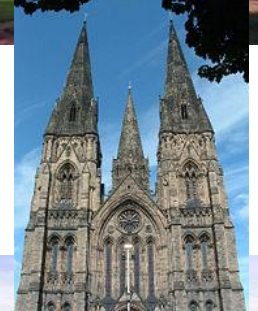




Aberdeen



Edinburgh





Edinburgh lies along *the Firth of Forth*, near *the North Sea*.



- the capital of Scotland since 1437.
- one of the major **centers of the Enlightenment**, led by the University of Edinburgh, earning it the nickname ***Athens of the North***.

HISTORY OF EDINBURGH

- Edinburgh started as a fort named **Castle Rock**
- in the 7th century, England captured this location and named it **Eiden's burgh** (burgh is an old word for fort).

Other names

- ***Auld Reekie*** (Scots for *Old Smoky*)
- ***Athens of the North*** and ***Auld Greekie***
- ***Dunedin*** from the Scottish Gaelic, ***Dùn Èideann***.
- The Scots poets Robert Burns and Robert Fergusson sometimes used the city's Latin name, ***Edina***.
- Ben Jonson described it as ***Britain's other eye***, and Sir Walter Scott referred to the city as ***yon Empress of the North***.

Do you know that ...?

- There are over **4,500 historical buildings** within the city.
- Edinburgh had a total resident **population of 448,625.**
- Edinburgh is well-known for the annual **Edinburgh Festival.**



The Edinburgh International Book Festival



The Edinburgh Military Tattoo

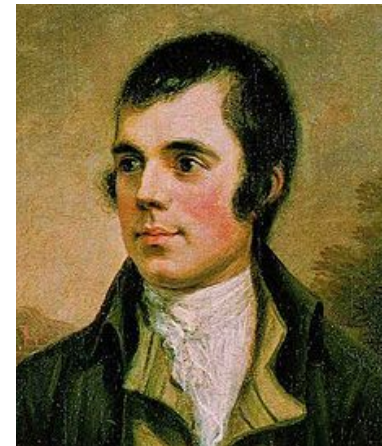
The Edinburgh Festival Fringe (The Fringe)



Hogmanay



St. Andrew's Day



Robert Burns

<i>the Hogmanay</i>	31 December
<i>Burns Night</i>	25 January
<i>St. Andrew's Day</i>	30 November
<i>the Beltane Fire Festival</i>	30 April

AREAS OF EDINBURGH



Princes Street

+

New Town

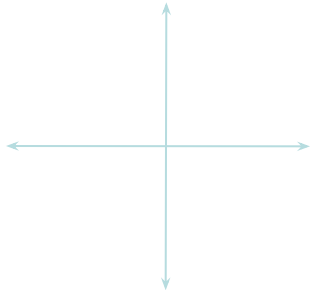
Princes Street Gardens

Edinburgh Castle

+

Old Town

**financial
district,
housing
insurance and
banking
buildings**



Old Town

University of Edinburgh



Surgeons' Hall

South Bridge

Napier University

George Square

Royal Museum of
Scotland



Law Courts

St Giles Cathedral

the Meadows



New Town

- St. Andrew Square
- Charlotte Square
- **Bute House**, the official residence of the First Minister of Scotland
- Princes Street Gardens
- **National Gallery of Scotland**
- Royal Scottish Academy Building
- **Waverley Station**



Leith is the port of Edinburgh



**Princes Street
Gardens**



**Edinburgh
Castle**



The Old Town



**St. Giles'
Cathedral**



The New Town



**The Royal
Mile**



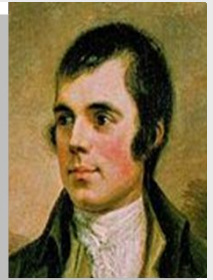
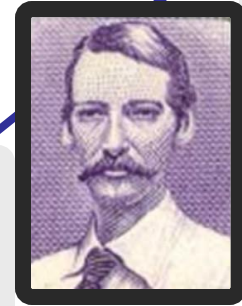
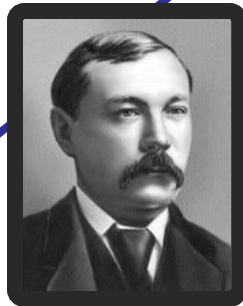
The Edinburgh Vaults



Bute House

MUSEUMS AND LIBRARIES

- the National Library of Scotland
- National War Museum of Scotland
- the Royal Society of Edinburgh
- the Museum of Edinburgh
- Museum of Childhood
- Museum of Scotland
- the Royal Museum



LITERATURE AND PHILOSOPHY

Adam Smith

James Boswell

Robert Burns

Robert Louis Stevenson

Sir Arthur Conan Doyle

Sir Walter Scott

J K Rowling

MUSIC, THEATRE AND FILM

12

theatres
+
The Scottish Chamber
Orchestra



2

repertory cinemas and
the usual range of
multiplexes

a healthy popular music scene with large gigs stages in

4

main music halls



*The Royal Lyceum
Theatre*



*The Edinburgh
Festival Theatre*



The Hub



Traverse Theatre



*The Usher
Hall*

Murrayfield Stadium



VISUAL ARTS



7
galleries

- National Galleries
- National Gallery of Scotland
- Royal Scottish Academy
- Scottish National Gallery of Modern Art
- Dean Gallery
- The Scottish National Portrait Gallery
- The Fruitmarket Gallery

UNIVERSITIES AND COLLEGES



3 universities

8 colleges

An academy

- The University of Edinburgh
- The Old College
- the King's Buildings campus
- The Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh
- Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh
- Edinburgh College of Art
- Heriot-Watt University
- Napier Technical College
- Napier University (Centre for Timber Engineering, the International Teledemocracy Centre and a large business school).
- the Screen Academy
- Queen Margaret University
- Telford College
- Stevenson College
- The Scottish Agricultural College

ARTHUR'S SEAT

Like the castle rock on which Edinburgh Castle is built, Arthur's Seat was formed by an extinct volcano system of the Carboniferous period, which was eroded by a glacier moving from west to east during the Quaternary, exposing rocky crags to the west and leaving a tail of material swept to the east. This is how the Salisbury Crags formed and became teschenite cliffs between Arthur's Seat and the city centre.



FESTIVALS



- the Edinburgh Festival (high-profile theatre productions and classical music performances)
- Edinburgh Fringe (arts festival)
- Edinburgh International Film Festival
- the Edinburgh Jazz and Blues Festival
- the Edinburgh International Book Festival
- T on the Fringe (a popular music festival)
- Tigerfest (an independent music festival)
- the Edinburgh Military Tattoo
- The Edinburgh International Science Festival
- the Beltane Fire Festival
- Hogmanay (Hogmanay now covers four days of processions, concerts and fireworks, with the actual street party commencing on New Years Eve.)