


The background features several large, overlapping, colorful swirls in shades of green, purple, and light blue. Interspersed among these swirls are numerous small, yellow, starburst-like shapes, some pointing towards the center and others pointing outwards, creating a dynamic and celebratory feel.

Tag Questions

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- The background features three balloons: a green one at the top left, a light blue one in the middle left, and a purple one at the bottom left. Each balloon has a streamer and several yellow triangular streamers radiating from it, resembling a sunburst effect.
- What is a tag question?
 - How are they formed?
 - Why do we use them?

What is a tag question?

A tag question is a short question added to the end of a positive or negative statement:

- ❖ He is, **isn't he?**
- ❖ He does, **doesn't he?**
- ❖ He will, **won't he?**
- ❖ He can, **can't he?**

How are they formed?

Normally a positive statement is followed by a negative tag, and a negative statement is followed by a positive tag:

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❖ You're English, aren't you?

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+

❖ You're not German, are you?



! The statement and
the tag are always
separated by a comma.

(,)

A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide features three balloons: a light green one at the top, a light blue one in the middle, and a light purple one at the bottom. Each balloon is attached to a streamer and has several small yellow triangular shapes around it, resembling confetti or streamer ends.

! Treat any statements
with nothing, nobody
etc like negative
statements.



!

The verb in the statement should be the same tense as the verb in the tag.

Present tense

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present tense

You **are** a good singer, **aren't** you?

Past tense

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past tense

You **didn't** go to work yesterday, **did** you?

Present perfect


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present perfect

You **have been** to London, **haven't** you?

Why do we use them?

- ❖ to verify or check information that we think is true or to check information that we aren't sure is true;
- ❖ for effect, when we are trying to be sarcastic, or to make a strong point. So be sure to use them with care.

A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide features three balloons: a light green one at the top, a light blue one in the middle, and a light purple one at the bottom. Each balloon is attached to a thin streamer and has several small yellow triangular shapes radiating from it, resembling confetti or light rays.

We show the meaning of
the tag question through
intonation
(a rising intonation).



Rule №1

$v (+) \dots, \text{tail} (-) ?$



$v (-) \dots, \text{tail} (+) ?$



Rule №2

Each sentence has its
own “tail”!

САМОДОСТАТОЧНЫЕ глаголы

**IS, ARE, HAS GOT, HAVE GOT, CAN,
MUST, SHOULD, WILL, SHALL, HAVE**

My brother **IS** a very good doctor, **ISN'T** he?

Bob **CAN NOT** run fast, **CAN** he?

Helen **HAS GOT** five kittens, **HASN'T** she?



СЛАБЫЕ глаголы

**LIKE, GO, CLEAN, WRITE, LIVE,
OPEN, SAW, WASHED, COOKED,
GAVE, VISITED, DECORATED...**

Peter **MET** a friend yesterday, **DIDN'T** he?
Your sister **DOESN'T LIKE** bananas,
DOES she?



ИСКЛЮЧЕНИЯ

AM и HAVE

I **AM** right, **AREN'T** I?

I **AM** singing well, **AREN'T** I?

I **HAVE A** good **IDEA**, **DON'T** I?

My uncle **HAS DINNER** in the
cafe, **DOESN'T** he?



<http://festival.1september.ru/articles/103945/>



<http://www.learnenglish.de/grammar/tagquestions.htm>

