


The background features several large, overlapping, hand-drawn style swirls in light green, light purple, and light blue. Scattered throughout are numerous small, yellow, starburst or triangle-shaped elements, some pointing towards the center and others pointing outwards, creating a festive and dynamic feel.

# Tag Questions

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- A decorative background on the left side of the slide features three balloons: a light green one at the top, a light blue one in the middle, and a light purple one at the bottom. Each balloon is attached to a streamer and has several small yellow triangular shapes around it, resembling confetti or streamer tassels.
- What is a tag question?
  - How are they formed?
  - Why do we use them?

# What is a tag question?

A tag question is a short question added to the end of a positive or negative statement:

- ❖ He is, **isn't he?**
- ❖ He does, **doesn't he?**
- ❖ He will, **won't he?**
- ❖ He can, **can't he?**

# How are they formed?

Normally a positive statement is followed by a negative tag, and a negative statement is followed by a positive tag:

+


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❖ You're English, aren't you?

-


+

❖ You're not German, are you?



! The statement and  
the tag are always  
separated by a comma.

( / )

A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide features three balloons: a light green one at the top, a light blue one in the middle, and a light purple one at the bottom. Each balloon is attached to a streamer and has several small yellow triangular shapes around it, resembling confetti or streamer ends.

**!** Treat any statements  
with nothing, nobody  
etc like negative  
statements.



!

The verb in the statement should be the same tense as the verb in the tag.

Present tense

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present tense

You **are** a good singer, **aren't** you?

Past tense

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past tense

You **didn't** go to work yesterday, **did** you?

Present perfect

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present perfect

You **have been** to London, **haven't** you?



# Why do we use them?

- ❖ to verify or check information that we think is true or to check information that we aren't sure is true;
- ❖ for effect, when we are trying to be sarcastic, or to make a strong point. So be sure to use them with care.



We show the meaning of  
the tag question through  
intonation  
(a rising intonation).



# Rule №1

$v (+) \dots, \text{tail} (-) ?$



$v (-) \dots, \text{tail} (+) ?$



# Rule №2

Each sentence has its  
own “tail”!

# САМОДОСТАТОЧНЫЕ глаголы

**IS, ARE, HAS GOT, HAVE GOT, CAN,  
MUST, SHOULD, WILL, SHALL, HAVE**

My brother **IS** a very good doctor, **ISN'T**  
he?

Bob **CAN NOT** run fast, **CAN** he?

Helen **HAS GOT** five kittens, **HASN'T** she?



# СЛАБЫЕ глаголы

**LIKE, GO, CLEAN, WRITE, LIVE,  
OPEN, SAW, WASHED, COOKED,  
GAVE, VISITED, DECORATED...**

Peter **MET** a friend yesterday, **DIDN'T** he?  
Your sister **DOESN'T LIKE** bananas,  
**DOES** she?



# ИСКЛЮЧЕНИЯ

## AM и HAVE

I **AM** right, **AREN'T** I?

I **AM** singing well, **AREN'T** I?

I **HAVE A** good **IDEA**, **DON'T** I?

My uncle **HAS DINNER** in the  
cafe, **DOESN'T** he?