

TAG-QUESTIONS

Do you like bread?

General question

What do you like?

Special question

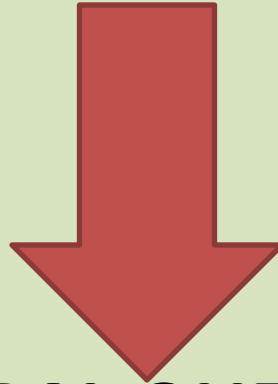
You like bread, don't you?

Tag-question

What are their types? What are differences between them?



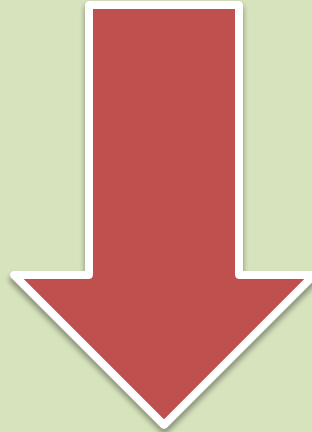
There is **no** question word.



GENERAL QUESTION



There is a question word “ WHAT”.



Special question



Tag- ending

You like bread, **don't you?**

Ты любишь хлеб, **не так ли?**

не правда ли?



Look at the examples. What do you think:

How can we build tag-questions?

- You are a pupil, **aren't you?**
- He is 6, **isn't he?**
- She can jump, **can't she?**
- They have got student's books,
haven't they?
- Pupils will read different texts,
won't they?
- Children were at home, **weren't they?**
- John must arrange flowers in a vase,
mustn't he?
- You aren't a pupil, **are you?**
- He isn't 6, **is he?**
- Jane can't jump, **can she?**
- Children weren't at home, **were they?**

V1

- She speaks English well, **doesn't she?**
- They invite our students to London, **don't they?**

V2

- Ann **spoke** English well, **didn't she?**

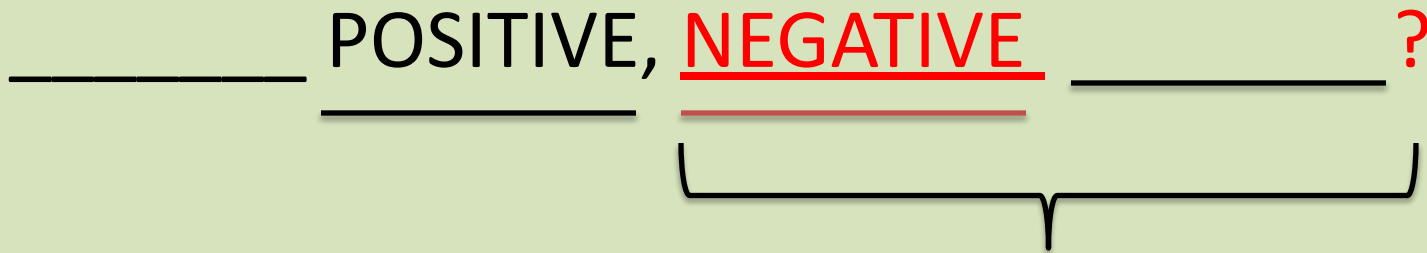
V2

- They **invited** our students to London, **didn't they?**



IN TAGS

_____ POSITIVE, NEGATIVE _____ ?



The diagram shows the words 'POSITIVE' and 'NEGATIVE' on a horizontal line. 'POSITIVE' is underlined with a black line. 'NEGATIVE' is underlined with a red line. A black bracket is drawn below 'NEGATIVE', extending to the right towards a red question mark. A black line extends to the left from the start of 'POSITIVE'.



IN TAGS

NEGATIVE , POSITIVE _____ ?

The diagram shows the words 'NEGATIVE' and 'POSITIVE' in black text. 'NEGATIVE' is underlined with a red line, and 'POSITIVE' is underlined with a black line. A black bracket is drawn underneath both words, extending from the start of 'NEGATIVE' to the end of 'POSITIVE'. To the right of the bracket, there is a red question mark. A horizontal line is drawn above the text, starting from the left edge and ending at the question mark. Another horizontal line is drawn below the text, starting from the left edge and ending at the question mark.



IN TAGS

ONLY SHORT FORMS

will not =won't

*do not=don't
not=aren't*

*did not= didn't
can not=can't*

are

shall not =shan't

*does not= doesn't
not=haven't*

*is not=isn't
has not=hasn't*

have

I'll=I shall

I'm=I am

I've=I have

He'll=he will

He's=He is

He's=he has

She'll=she will

She's=she is

She's=has

it'll=it will

It's=it is

It's =it has

we'll=we shall

We're=we are

We've=we have

you'll=you will

You're=you are

You've=you have

they'll=they will

*they're=they are
have*

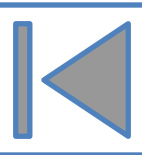
they've=they



IN TAGS

ONLY PRONOUNS:

HE, SHE, I, WE, YOU,
THEY, IT



IN TAGS

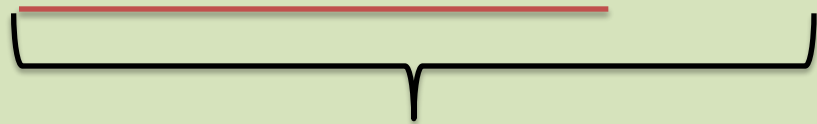
will/ shall

won't/ shan't/are/can

were/must/is/are/can

weren't/mustn't/isn't


_____ ?



IN TAGS

(I, we, you,
They)

_____ PRESENT SIMPLE , don't/ do _____ ?



IN TAGS

(he/she /it)

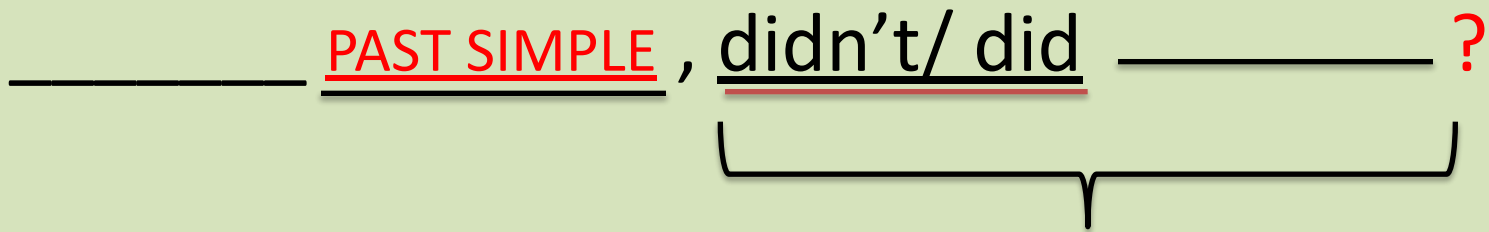
(he/she /it)

_____ PRESENT SIMPLE , doesn't/ does _____ ?



IN TAGS

_____ PAST SIMPLE , didn't/ did _____ ?



IN TAGS

Если в первой части предложения глагол стоит в утвердительной форме, то вторая часть содержит глагол в отрицательной. И наоборот.

Если в первой части есть глаголы to be, to have, will/shall, can, could, would, must, то **второй** части используется тот же самый глагол.

Если в первой части предложения нет данных глаголов. То во второй части предложения используется do/does/did/didn't

В tags подлежащее выражено только местоимением.

COMPLETE SENTENCES ABOUT YOURSELF

- I am.....
- I live in.....
- I have got.....
- I can
- I can't.....
- Yesterday I.....
- I will tomorrow.

Work in pairs. Exchange your papers. You and your partner should repeat the information with a tag.

FOR EXAMPLE:

You are Nick, aren't you?- Yes, I am.

Information resources

- www.imageafter.com
- www.morguefile.com
- www.everystockphoto.com/
- www.flickr.com/creativecommons/
- www.videosursy.ru
- www.sxc.hu
- www.fotolia.com

THANK YOU