

# Теория языка:

Теоретическая фонетика

Теоретическая грамматика

Лексикология

Стилистика

История языка

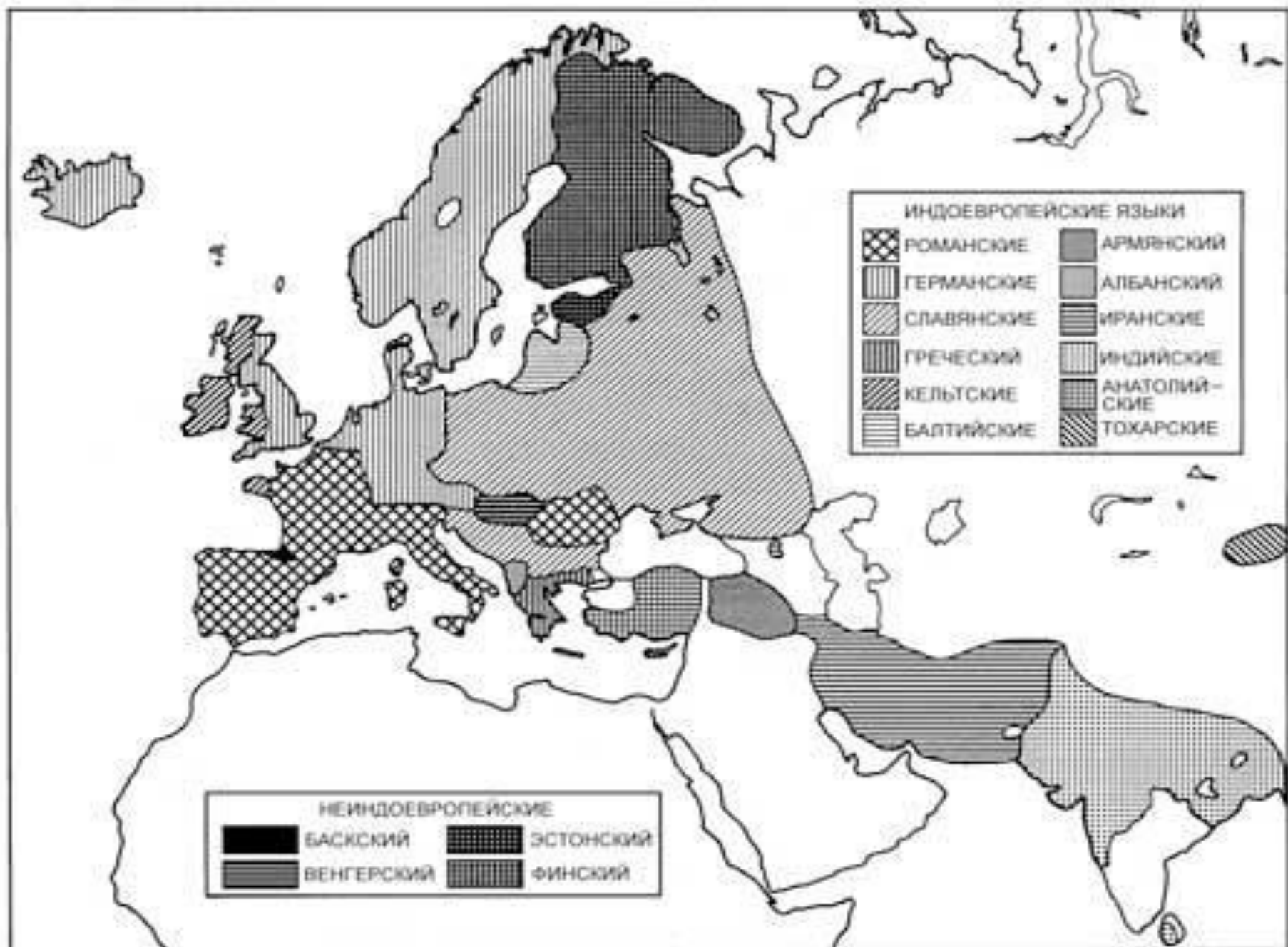
# Система языка

- Фонемный уровень
- Морфемный уровень
- Лексический уровень
- Синтаксический уровень
- ?Текстовый уровень?

Tooth decay is an ongoing process that begins with \_\_\_\_\_, a soft, transparent sticky layer of \_\_\_\_\_ bacteria that constantly \_\_\_\_\_ in the mouth.

Tooth decay is an ongoing process that begins with **plaque**, a soft, transparent sticky layer of **harmful** bacteria that constantly **forms** in the mouth.





# Первый перебой согласных (Закон Гримма)

И-е		Герм		И-е		Герм		И-е		Герм
p	>	f		b	>	p		bh	>	b
Pater pitar		Fadar Father		слабый		Slepan sleep		Bharami		bairan
t	>	þ		g	>	k		gh	>	g
Tres treis		Þreis three		Иго iugum		Juk yoke		Гость hostis		Gasts Gast
k	>	h		d	>	t		dh	>	d
Noctem octo		Nacht acht		Decem duo		Taihun twai		madhu		medu

# Периодизация истории английского языка

- V-XII вв. н.э. – древнеанглийский период  
(1066 – Завоевание Англии норманнами)
- XI-XVI вв. – среднеанглийский период  
(1455 – 1485 войны Алой и Белой Розы,  
становление абсолютной монархии  
Тюдоров)
- 1500 – н.в. – новоанглийский период

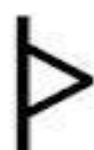




feoh - f  
"wealth"



ur - u  
"cattle"



þorn - þ  
"thorn"



os - o  
"mouth"



rad - r  
"ride"



cen - c  
"torch"



3iefu - 3  
"gift"



pynn - p  
"joy"



hæ3l - h  
"hail"



nyd - n  
"need"



is - i  
"ice"



jea - j  
"year"



eoh - eo  
"yew"



peorð - p  
"game"



eolxec3 - x  
"elk-sedge"



si3el - s  
"sun"



tyr - t  
"Tyr"



beorc - b  
"birch"



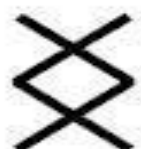
eoh - e  
"horse"



man - m  
"man"



lagu - l  
"lake"



ing - ng  
"Ing"



æðel - æ  
"estate"



dæ3 - d  
"day"



ac - a  
"oak"



æsc - æ  
"ash"



yr - y  
"bow"



ear - ea  
"earth"



iar - ia  
"serpent"



kalc - k  
"chalice"



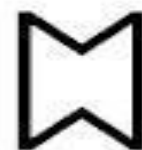
kalc - kk  
"chalice"



gar - g  
"spear"



cpeorð - cp  
"fire"



stan - st  
"stone"

# WÆT FE GARD

na mæcra dagum. þeod cyming  
þrym 7 þrumon huda æþelungas elles  
þre medon. oft seold scepnz sceapen  
þreacum mone sū mæþum meodo secla  
of teah esode eorl syddan ærest þæt  
fæ sceapz fundon he þæt trofpe seba  
peox unden polemum þeod myndum þald  
od þæt him æghpyle þara ymb sit ten dya  
of þæt hron mæde hyran seolde zomban  
zyl dan þæt god cyming. ðam ærþra þæt  
æftæc cenned zæus mæcra þone god  
sende folce to þroffe þynon. ðærfe on  
zæt þæt ær þærgon aldon æse. Linge  
hpyle him þæt lip þæt puldæt þæt aldon  
þætold ære þæt zæp. þæt þæt þæt þæt  
blæd þæt spænz seold ærþra seode  
landum m. Sæt seold ærþra seode  
se þæt ærþra þæt þæt þæt þæt

# Дж. Чосер

## Кентерберийские рассказы

And specially from every shires ende  
Of Engelond, to Caunterbury they wende,  
The hooly blisful martir for to seke  
That hem hath holpen, whan that they were seeke.  
Bifil that in that seson, on a day,  
In Southwerk at the Tabard as I lay  
Redy to wenden on my pilgrymage  
To Caunterbury with ful devout corage,  
At nyght was come into that hostelrye  
Wel nyne and twenty in a compaignye  
Of sondry folk, by aventure yfalle  
In felaweshipe, and pilgrimes were they alle

# William Shakespeare

## Sonett 116

Let me not to the marriage of true minds  
Admit impediments. Love is not love  
Which alters when it alteration finds,  
Or bends with the remover to remove:  
O no! it is an ever-fixed mark  
That looks on tempests and is never shaken;  
It is the star to every wandering bark,  
Whose worth's unknown, although his height be taken.  
Love's not Time's fool, though rosy lips and cheeks  
Within his bending sickle's compass come:  
Love alters not with his brief hours and weeks,  
But bears it out even to the edge of doom.  
If this be error and upon me proved,  
I never writ, nor no man ever loved

# Языковые единицы

- Имеют два плана: план содержания и план выражения
- Вступают в два типа отношений: синтагматические (в высказываниях) и парадигматические (в системе языка)
- Могут быть либо сегментными (фонема, морфема, слово) или суперсегментными (интонация, паузы, ударение)

# Ознакомьтесь с содержанием отрывка текста.

- Modern analytical instrumentation with high-pressure liquid chromatography, radioimmunoassay of enzymes, or flame photometry has greatly improved the sensitivity and specificity of biochemical tests of nutritional status. Measuring plasma levels or urinary excretion of proteins, lipids, electrolytes, trace minerals, and vitamins can provide evidence about body stores of these nutrients. Nutrient-dependent enzymatic tests can be applied to both red and white blood cells, and the immune status can be appraised by determining lymphocyte counts, immunoglobulin levels, and the response of lymphocytes to mitogens and by performing skin tests. Values commonly used to classify the nutritional status of patients are shown in [Table 1-7](#).

**В каких отношениях находятся между собой следующие наборы единиц? Какие общие признаки присущи единицам в пунктах З, И, К?**

**Классифицируйте далее единицы в пункте И.**

- А) can provide evidence
- Б) urinary excretion
- В) measuring plasma levels
- Г) the response of lymphocytes
- Д) instrumentation has greatly improved
- Е) can be appraised by performing skin tests
- Ж) plasma levels
- З) enzymes, tests, levels, proteins, lipids, electrolytes, minerals, blood cells, nutrients, counts, lymphocytes, mitogens, patients
- И) modern analytical instrumentation, high-pressure liquid chromatography, radioimmunoassay of enzymes, flame photometry, specificity of biochemical tests, plasma levels, urinary excretion, excretion of proteins, body stores, stores of these nutrients, nutrient-dependent enzymatic tests, immune status, lymphocyte counts, immunoglobulin levels, the response of lymphocytes, the nutritional status, status of patients
- К) has greatly improved, can provide, can be applied, are shown