TERRORISM







Terrorism is a criminal act that influences an audience beyond the immediate victim



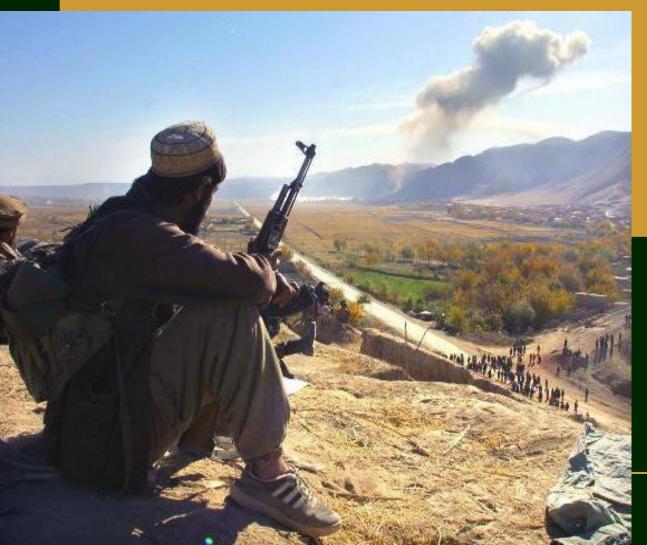


The strategy of terrorists is to commit acts of violence that .draws the attention of the local populace, the government, and the world to their cause





The terrorists plan their attack to obtain the greatest publicity, choosing



targets that symbolize what they oppose.



The effectiveness of the terrorist act lies not in the act itself, but in the public's or government's reaction to the act.









For example, in
1972 at the
Munich Olympics,
the Black
September
Organization killed

11 Israelis. The Israelis were the immediate victims.





The victims of Munich...



Moshe Weinberg, 33 Wrestling Referee



Yossef Romano, 31 Weightlifter



Yossef Gutfreund, 40 Wrestling Referee



David Berger, 28 Weightlifter



Mark Slavin, 18 Wrestler



Yaakov Springer, 51 Weightlifting Coach



Ze'ev Friedman, 28 Weightlifter



Arnitzur Shapira, 40 Track Coach



Eliezer Halfin, 24 Wrestler



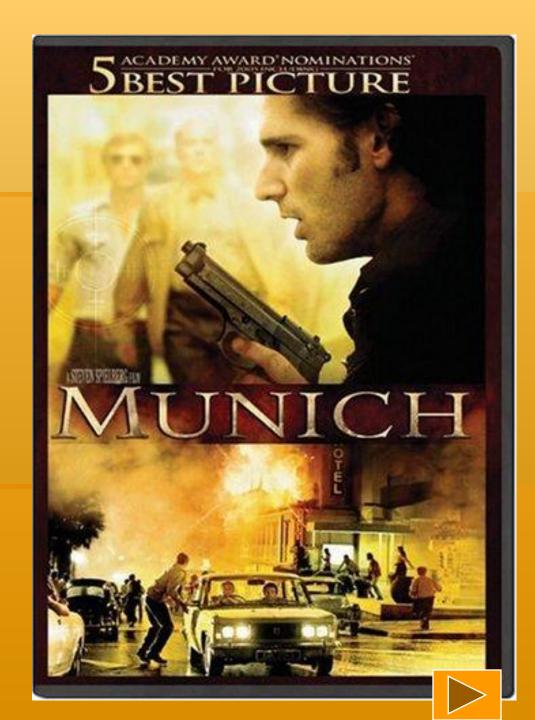
Kahat Shor, 53 Shooting Coach



Andre Spitzer, 27 Fencing Referee



 But the true target was the estimated 1 billion people watching the televised event.



Key criteria

- Violence
- Psychological impact and fear
- Perpetrated for a political goal
- Deliberate targeting of non-combatants
- Unlawfulness or illegitimacy



TYPES

- **Civil disorder**
- **Political terrorism**
- **☼Non-Political terrorism**
- Limited political terrorism
- **Official or state terrorism**









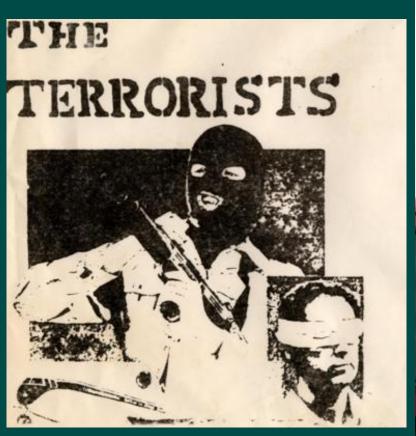


Iactics

- Secession of a territory to form a new sovereign state
- Dominance of territory or resources by various ethnic groups
- Imposition of a particular form of government
- Economic deprivation of a population
- Opposition to a domestic government or occupying army
- Religious fanatism











Some famous terrorist organizations of the 20th century include:

- the American Ku Klux Klan (founded in 1865 and revived several times since),
- the Irish Republican Army (founded 1919),
- the Pakistani Lashkar-e-Toiba and Jaish-e-Mohammad,
- two pre-state Zionist groups: Irgun (founded 1931) and Lehi (founded 1940),
- the Spanish ETA (founded 1959),
- the Canadian Front de Libération du Québec (founded 1963),
- the Palestine Liberation Organization (founded 1964),
- the German Red Army Faction (also known as the Baader-Meinhof Gang, founded 1967),
- the Italian Red Brigade (founded 1969),
- the American Weathermen (founded in 1969),
- the Peruvian Shining Path (active since the late 1960s),
- the Palestinian Black September (founded 1970),
- Puerto Rico's Los Macheteros (founded 1976),
- Hezbollah (founded 1982,
- the Islamic Jihad (active in Egypt and Palestine since the late 1970s) and
- internationaly acting al-Qaeda (founded in 1988).





List of terrorist incidents

2000s

2001 September 11, 2001 Terrorist Attack ("9/11") kills thousands in New York, and hundreds in Washington, D.C. and Pennsylvania.

2002 Moscow theatre siege

May 12, 2003 - Riyadh Compound Bombings--bombings of United States expat housing compounds in Saudi Arabia kill 26 and injure 160. Al-Qaeda blamed.

2003 Borrowing a name from a 1996 book on the tactic, Shock and Awe, the U.S. president targeted the civil infrastructure of Iraq to terrorize supporters of Saddam Hussein.



THE LEADERS





Osama bin Laden



Ayman Al-Zawahiri



Abdelkarim Hussein Mohamed Al-Nasser Ahmed Abdullah



Abdullah



Muhsin Musa Matwalli Atwah



Ali Atwa



Anas Al-Liby



Ahmed Khalfan Ghailani





Hasan Izz-Al-Din Ahmed Mohammed Hamed Ali



Fazul Abdullah Mohammed



Imad Fayez Mugniyah



Mustafa Mohamed Fadhil



Sheikh Ahmed Salim Swedan



Abdul Rahman Yasin



Saif Al-Adel



Fahid Mohammed Ally Msalam



Ahmad Ibrahim Al-Mughassil



Khalid Shaikh Mohammed



Muhammad Atef



Ali Saed Bin Ali El-Hoorie



Ibrahi Moha Al-Y

one man's terrori st is another man's freedom fighter

