

The British Parliament



Find the Russian equivalents:

a minister [ˈmɪnɪstə] — ?

a cabinet [ˈkæbɪnət] — ?

a department [dɪˈpɑːtmənt] — ?

to coordinate [kəvˈɔːdɪneɪt] — ?

a constitution [ˌkɒnstɪˈtjuːʃn] — ?

an opposition [ˌɒpəˈzɪʃn] — ?

a Prime Minister [ˌpraɪm ˈmɪnɪstə] — ?

to control [kənˈtrəʊl] — ?

ceremonial [ˌserəˈməʊniəl] — ?

Who? What?

Which? What kind of?

monarch [ˈmɒnək] — ?

monarchy [ˈmɒnəki] — ?

democracy [dɪˈmɒkrəsi] — ?

parliament [ˈpɑːləmənt] — ?

policy [ˈpɒləsi] — ?

politician [ˌpɒləˈtɪʃn] — ?

democratic [ˌdeməˈkrætɪk] — ?

parliamentary [ˌpɑːləˈmentən] — ?

political [pəˈlɪtɪkl] — ?

Answer the questions:

- Who is the head of state in the UK?
- Who is the head of the government in the UK?
- What is the British Parliament called?
- How many Houses does it consist of?
- Which House represents the people of Britain?
- How often do British people vote for MPs?
- What are the members of the House of Commons called?

Elizabeth II



Use the scheme and find the correct statement:

1.

- A. The Queen votes on the bills.
- B. The Queen signs the bills.

2.

- A. The Queen has mostly representative functions.
- B. The Queen rules the country in fact.

3.

- A. The government represents the legislative branch of power.
- B. The government represents the executive branch of power.

4.

- A. The Cabinet is responsible for government policies.
- B. The Cabinet Ministers revise bills from Parliament.

Answers for reading:

A	B	C	D	E	F
3	6	1	2	5	7

1 – 2 points = “2”

3 – 4 points = “3”

5 points = “4”

6 points = “5”

5.
 - A. Parliament represents the legislative branch of power.
 - B. Parliament represents the executive branch of power.
6.
 - A. The House of Commons controls the government.
 - B. The government controls the House of Commons.