

# Session 30 Contingency Planning: How to Keep Operating During Any Type of Disaster

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#### **Session Overview**

- A Personal Experience
- Contingency Planning
- Reference Information
- General Guidance
- Dear Colleague Letter GEN-04-04





# **A Personal Experience**

#### Cathy Brown University of West Florida



#### What's The Worst That Could Happen?





• Wind



- Fire
- Water

• Humans













#### "If you fail to plan, then you plan to fail"

- Evacuation Plan
  - When to close, when to evacuate?
  - Who's in charge?
  - Who stays, who goes?
  - Where to go and how?
  - When to return?



– What can you take in 15 minutes and how?





#### "If you fail to plan, then you plan to fail" (continued)

- Security/Safety
  - -Public
  - –Data
- Communications







#### "Not Just Back, Better"

- Taking care of faculty and staff
- Immediate relief for students
- Putting the pieces back together; recovering information
- It will be better





#### What We Learned

- Know the likely hazards you face plan accordingly
- Back up your data off-site
- Identify building and floor wardens
- Have personal emergency kits at the ready People care. Let them help.
- Training, training, training



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# **Contingency Planning**

#### Mary Haldane Federal Student Aid





#### What Are the Different Types of Emergency Plans

- Occupant Emergency Plan

   Ensures Safety of Occupants of a Building
  - Evacuation
  - Shelter in Place (SIP)





## What Are the Different Types of Emergency Plans (continued)

- Disaster Recovery Plan
  - Ensures the Recovery of IT Systems Contingency Plan
- Ensures the Continuation of Essential Functions Across a Wide Range of Potential Emergencies to Provide For:
  - Business Process Continuity
  - Organizational Continuity
  - IT Continuity





# Why Develop a Contingency Plan?

- Ensure the Safety of Students, Faculty, Staff, and Visitors
- Prepare Staff and Students for Any Emergency
- Ensure the Continuation of Essential Functions During an Emergency





#### Why Develop a Contingency Plan? (continued)

- Minimize Damage and Losses
   Resulting From an Inability to Perform Essential Functions
- Facilitate Decision Making During an Emergency
- Achieve a Timely and Orderly Recovery From a Disruption of Services Caused by an Emergency



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#### How to Develop a Contingency Plan – A Five Point Plan

- Contingency Plan Development Team
  - Resources
  - Roles and Responsibilities
- Business Impact Analysis
  - Requirements, Processes, and
     Interdependencies for Contingency
     Planning





#### How to Develop a Contingency Plan – A Five Point Plan (continued)

- Continuity Strategies
  - -Cost, System Sensitivity, and Recovery Time Objectives
- Plan testing, training, and exercise
- Plan maintenance





## **Important Components of a Contingency Plan**

- Response Team
- Roles:
  - Senior Management Team
  - Damage Assessment Team
  - Continuity Activities Lead and Team Members
  - Resumption Activities Lead and Team Members





- Training
- Testing
- Alternate Facilities
  - -Location
  - -Equipment





- Notification/Activation Procedures
  - Notification of Senior Management Team
  - Performing Damage Assessment
     Procedures
  - Essential Functions, Their Priority Order for Recovery, and When They Need to Be Functioning





- Continuity Activities
  - Activities to Perform to Keep Essential Functions Working
- Resumption of Normal Activities
   Procedures
  - Activities to Return the Institution to Normal Operating Procedures and Processing Capabilities



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- Communication Plan
  - Internal Procedures and Templates
  - External Procedures and Templates
  - Accounting for Faculty, Staff, and Students Procedures
  - Contact information for faculty, staff, students/parents, and internal and external dependencies





- Vital Records
  - -Location
  - -Media
  - -Access





#### **Important Components of a Contingency Plan**

- Data Backup and Off Site Storage
- Awareness and Education Activities
- Flyaway Kits
  - Cell Phones and Chargers
  - BlackBerries and Chargers
  - Identification
  - Contingency Plan
  - Occupant Emergency Plan
  - Disaster Recovery Plan
  - Vital Records





#### Lessons Learned – Contingency Planning

- People Are the First Priority
- Practice Practice Practice
- Practice Real Scenarios
- Assume No Essential Services
- Make Common Sense Decisions
- Be Prepared to Make Decisions Outside of "Rules"
- Involve Local Authorities





#### **Lessons Learned – Contingency**

Planning (continued)

- KISS Principle
- A Contingency Plan Is a Living Document
- Keep Plan Current
- Confirm Communications Are Received
- Backup
  - Essential Data
  - Response Team
  - Phone Tree Callers
- Pre-Position Vital Records at Alternate Site





#### Lessons Learned - Occupancy Emergency Planning

Establish Building Captains

Establish Floor Captains and Teams

Emergency Supplies





# **Reference Information / General Guidance** Anthony Jones Office of Postsecondary Education





#### **Reference Information**

 Dear Colleague Letters, Federal Registers, and Electronic Announcements

 General guidance for Title IV participants affected by a disaster: GEN-04-04 (FP-04-03)





#### Reference Information (continued)

- Hurricanes Katrina & Rita:
  - Electronic Announcements (posted on IFAP beginning 09/02/05) on topics including transfer students, deadline extensions, adding federal school codes, CPS and COD technical support, etc.
  - Federal Register (09/09/05) announcing deadline extensions
  - IFAP links to additional information
- 09/11 Terrorist Attacks: GEN-01-11, GEN-01-12, GEN-01-13, all posted on IFAP 09/2001
- Disaster Letter 99-28, posted on IFAP on August
   5, 1999

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#### Reference Information (continued)

- Federal Student Aid Handbook
- Regulations
  - -Professional Judgment
  - -FFEL and Direct Loans



#### **Regulatory Guidance**

- Regulatory guidance is in 34 CFR 682.211(f)(11) -- allows loan holder to grant administrative forbearance for up to 3 months if lender determines borrower's ability to make payments has been adversely affected by:
  - Natural disaster;
  - Local or national emergency (as declared by appropriate government agency); or

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Military mobilization



#### Regulatory Guidance (continued)

- Similar treatment for Federal Direct Loans
- DCL GEN-04-04 (FP-04-03) clarifies that this applies to Federally-declared disasters as well





#### **General Guidance for Disasters**

• Unless otherwise noted, guidance applies to Federally-declared disaster areas (individual or household assistance) -FEMA website is official source (www.fema.gov)





- Guidance applies to all Title IV borrowers, students, and families who, at the time of the disaster, were:
  - Residing;
  - Employed; or
  - Attending eligible postsecondary institution, in Federally-declared disaster area.





- Guidance also applies to institutions, lenders, and guaranty agencies impacted by a disaster
- Additional guidance may be issued that supplements or supercedes GEN-04-04 (usually through posts to IFAP)





- When Federally-declared disaster has impacted a school's ability to administer Title IV programs, DCL GEN-04-04 provides relief or specific guidance on how a school should proceed.
  - In many cases in which ED could not provide standard or across-the-board relief, we direct the school to contact their Case Management team for a case-by-case analysis of the school's situation.

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- Always document when deviating from otherwise required actions
  - Must document when invoking GEN-04-04 guidance
- Note that specific future statutory authority may change or enhance the guidance in GEN-04-04
  - For example, Hurricanes Katrina and Rita special exceptions and allocations, and R2T4 student grant overpayments
  - ED will most likely issue some form of guidance or statement when this authority is granted
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#### **GEN-04-04: General Provisions**

- If school is unable to continue providing student's eligible program, we encourage establishing written agreement with another institution
  - See 34 CFR 668.5 for applicable regulations
- Attempt to reconstruct any records lost, destroyed, or rendered illegible due to a disaster, but if unable to do so, document in the student's file that records were lost/destroyed/damaged due to disaster

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- If, as a direct result of a disaster, an institution is temporarily closed for a period of time that impacts the length of the academic year, the institution should contact the appropriate Case Management team

  Case Management will determine, on a
  - case-by-case basis, continued program eligibility and students' continued eligibility for Title IV assistance





• Disaster-related assistance received by from the Federal or State government by disaster victims for the purpose of financial relief, shall not be counted as income for the purpose of calculating a family's EFC. Also, this assistance shall not be counted as a resource or estimated financial assistance.



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- FAAs are encouraged to use their professional judgment authority (granted under HEA §479A) to reflect more accurately the financial need of students and families affected by a disaster
  Must still make adjustments on a
  - case-by-case basis and clearly document the student's file with the reasons





- If student fails to meet satisfactory academic progress standards due to a disaster, the institution may apply the exception provision of "other special circumstances" contained in 34 CFR 668.34(c)(3)
  - must document student's file that student's failure to maintain SAP was due to disaster



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### **GEN-04-04: General Provisions**

(continued)

- For those applicants selected for verification whose records were lost or destroyed because of a disaster, the verification requirements during the award year will not be enforced
  - Must document when verification is not performed for this reason
  - When reporting Federal Pell Grant disbursement, use verification status code "S"





• Schools are strongly encouraged to provide full refund of tuition, fees, and other institutional charges (or to provide comparable amount against future charges) if student withdraws as a direct result of a disaster





- If student withdraws because of a disaster, the institution must perform the return of Title IV funds calculations in accordance with 34 CFR 668.22, as it must for any student who withdraws
- If institution makes refund of institutional charges, R2T4 calculations must must be based upon originally-assessed charges



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- Student directly affected by disaster need not request in writing a leave of absence
  - Documentation of LOA must include reason for LOA and reason for waiving written request requirement
  - LOA definition generally applies only to clock hour or non-term programs





• If Title IV credit balance exists for any reason when a student withdraws, it must first be applied to any Title IV grant overpayment that exists as a result of the student's withdrawal





- Concerns related to deadlines and timeframes in the following areas should be addressed through the appropriate Case Management team:
  - Cash management requirements (includes credit balances; notices and authorizations; borrower request for loan cancellation; excess cash; FFELP funds; and institutional eligibility, financial responsibility, and administrative capability)

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- Concerns related to deadlines and timeframes in the following areas should be addressed through the appropriate Case Management team: (continued)
  - Return of Title IV funds (includes post-withdrawal disbursements)
  - Campus Security Reporting and Equity in Athletics Disclosures





#### **GEN-04-04: Federal Pell Grants**

- If, due to a disaster, a school is unable to meet the deadlines for:
  - reporting disbursement records, contact Case
     Management for a case-by-case analysis
  - final Pell Grant reporting, request extension by calling Pell Grant Customer Service (800-474-7268), or submit request via COD website (on "Request Post Deadline Processing" screen located on left hand side of menu under the School tab)





#### **GEN-04-04: Campus-Based Programs**

- If an institution is unable to use at least 90% of each of its Campus-Based allocations because of a disaster, the Secretary will consider the failure of an institution to expend funds solely due to a disaster as an appropriate criterion for a waiver of the underutilization penalty
- Affected institutions must make waiver request by contacting Campus-Based Call Center (877-801-7168) for waiver submission guidelines

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#### GEN-04-04: Campus-Based Programs (continued)

• If an institution is having trouble filing its complete FISAP by the published deadline because of a disaster, the institution should request assistance from the **Campus-Based Call Center** (877 - 801 - 7168)





#### **GEN-04-04: Federal Work-Study**

• If a school is unable, due to a disaster, to expend at least 7% of its FWS allocation to compensate students employed in community services, the Secretary will consider the failure of an institution to expend these funds solely due to a disaster as an appropriate criterion for a waiver of this expenditure requirement

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### **GEN-04-04: Federal Work-Study** (continued)

• Affected institutions must make waiver request by contacting **Campus-Based Call Center** (877-801-7168) or following annually-published waiver submission guidelines





# **GEN-04-04: Federal Work-Study** (continued)

• The Secretary encourages institution to employ their FWS students in the cleanup and relief efforts for the communities affected by a disaster. These efforts would be considered part of the institution's community services activities under the FWS Program.



#### **GEN-04-04: Federal Perkins Loans**

- Any borrower in "in-school" status at time of disaster should continue to be in "in-school" status during period of disaster-related nonattendance until such time as borrower withdraws or re-enrolls in next regular enrollment period (whichever is earlier)
  - Period of disaster-related nonattendance should not impact grace period

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Document student's file



### **GEN-04-04: Federal Perkins Loans** (continued)

- For a borrower who is in repayment at the time of a disaster, but is unable to continue to repay the loan due to the disaster, the Secretary authorizes the institution to grant a forbearance for a period not to exceed three months
  - Borrower may request forbearance orally or in writing without submitting documentation (beyond 3 months requires written request and documentation)
  - Institution must document student's file





### **GEN-04-04: Federal Perkins Loans** (continued)

- Institutions that have concerns regarding the following issues should contact the appropriate Case Management team for a case-by-case analysis:
  - Billing and collection activities required by Part 674, Subpart C – Due Diligence
  - Borrowers in initial or post-deferment grace periods





#### **GEN-04-04: FFEL and Direct Loans**

- Any borrower in "in-school" status at time of disaster should continue to be in "in-school" status during period of disaster-related nonattendance until such time as borrower withdraws or re-enrolls in next regular enrollment period (whichever is earlier)
  - Period of disaster-related nonattendance should not impact grace period
  - Doesn't affect how institution reports borrower's enrollment status on SSCR





### **GEN-04-04: FFEL and Direct Loans** (continued)

- If institution is unable to complete and return SSCR to NSLDS according to established schedule due to disaster, contact NSLDS Customer Service (800-999-8219) to modify reporting schedule
  - If using Nat'l Student Clearinghouse, contact Clearinghouse



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#### **GEN-04-04: FFEL Loans**

- Lenders are authorized not to disburse loan proceeds to institutions affected by a disaster if institution's operations have ceased or opening delayed.
- Revised disbursement schedules, loan periods, completion dates, etc. may be necessary.





#### **GEN-04-04: Federal Direct Loans**

• If institution is unable to meet promissory note, loan origination record, and initial and subsequent disbursement record submission requirements due to a disaster, contact appropriate Case Management team for case-by-case analysis





#### **Contact Information**

- Your feedback and comments are appreciated!
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