

The Système International

SI Units

GEL2006

Base Quantity		Base Unit	
Name	Symbol	Name	Symbol
Time	t	second	s
Length	l	metre	m
Mass	m	kilogram	kg
Temperature	T, Θ	kelvin	K
Electric Current	I	ampere	A
Amount of Substance	n	mole	mol
Luminous Intensity	(not in A Level)	candela	cd

Physical Quantity	Defined as :	Unit	Special Name
velocity		m/s	meter per second
acceleration			
density			
momentum			
force			
pressure			
work (energy)			
power			
electrical charge			
potential difference			
resistance			

Homogenous Equations

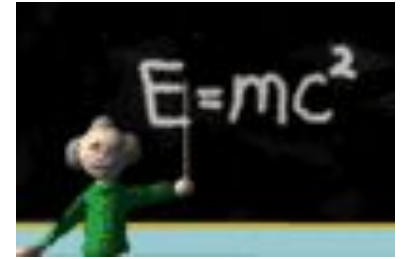
- $E_p = m g h$
| | | |
• J = kg Nkg⁻¹ m

- Nm = kg kgms⁻²kg⁻¹ m

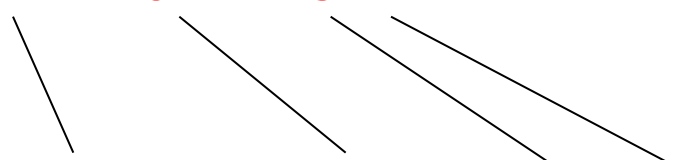
- kgms⁻² m = kgm²s⁻²

- kgm²s⁻² = kgm²s⁻²

- ∴ This equation is homogenous



Homogenous Equations

- $v^2 = u^2 + 2ax$

- $m^2s^{-2} = m^2s^{-2} + ms^{-2} m$
- m^2s^{-2} = m^2s^{-2} + m^2s^{-2}
- \therefore This equation is homogenous

Homogenous Equations

- $F = \underline{m} v$

- $N = \text{kg} \text{ ms}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-1}$

- $\underline{\text{kgms}^{-2}} = \underline{\text{kgs}^{-1}}$

- \therefore This equation is not homogenous

Homogenous Equations

- What is missing? $\underline{\text{kgms}^{-2}} = \underline{\text{kgs}^{-1}}$

$$\text{ms}^{-1} = v \text{ on rhs}$$

- \therefore The equation should read:

- $F = \frac{mv^2}{r}$

Homogenous Equations

- Try these:

- $E_k = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$

$$J = \text{kg m}^2\text{s}^{-2}$$

$$\text{N m} = \text{kg m}^2\text{s}^{-2}$$

$$\underline{\text{kg m}^2\text{s}^{-2}} = \underline{\text{kg m}^2\text{s}^{-2}} \quad \text{OK}$$

$$\text{ms}^{-1} = \text{ms}^{-1} + \text{ms}^{-2} \text{ s}^2$$

- and $v = u + at^2$

$$\underline{\text{ms}^{-1}} = \underline{\text{ms}^{-1}} + \underline{\text{m}} \quad \text{Not OK}$$

s^{-1} is missing, so equation should read:

$$V = u + at$$

Show that these equations are homogenous

a) $x = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$

b) $T = 2\pi\sqrt{l/g}$

c) $v = f\lambda$

d) $I = nAve$

e) $W = \frac{1}{2}CV^2$

What is missing here?

f) $F = mv - mu$