



# **GROUP MEMBERS**

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# INTRODUCTIO



# WHAT IS ANDROID?

- A Software platform and operating system for mobile.
- Based on the Linux kernel.
- Android was found way back in 2003.
- It was developed in Palo Alto, California.
- Android was developed by the Andy Rubin, Rich Miner, Nick Sears and Chris White.
- Android was purchased by the GOOGLE in AUGUST,2005 for 50 million \$.

### OPEN HANDSET ALLIANCE(OHA)



#### What is OHA?

- It's consortium of several companies.
- This group of companies are allowed to use source code of Android and develop applications.
- Reason for Nokia not to develop Android Mobiles is Nokia is not part of OHA.



































































































# FEATURES OF ANDROID

- Android is not a single piece of hardware.
- Android supports wireless communication using:-
  - 3G Networks
  - 4G Networks
  - 802.11 Wi-Fi Networks
  - Bluetooth Connectivity
- Android is a multi-process system, in which each application (and parts of the system) runs in its own process.



## **FEATURES OF ANDROID**



- ☐ Interface that is better then the previous touch screen mobiles.
- User gets millions of applications that user can not get in any other mobile operating system.
- Android supports advanced audio/video/still media formats such as MPEG-4, H.264, MP3, and AAC, AMR, JPEG, PNG, GIF.
- Developing an android application is not tough using SDK(standard development kit) and java emulator we can easily develop applications that we want.



# COMPARISON WITH OTHER OPERATING SYSTEMS

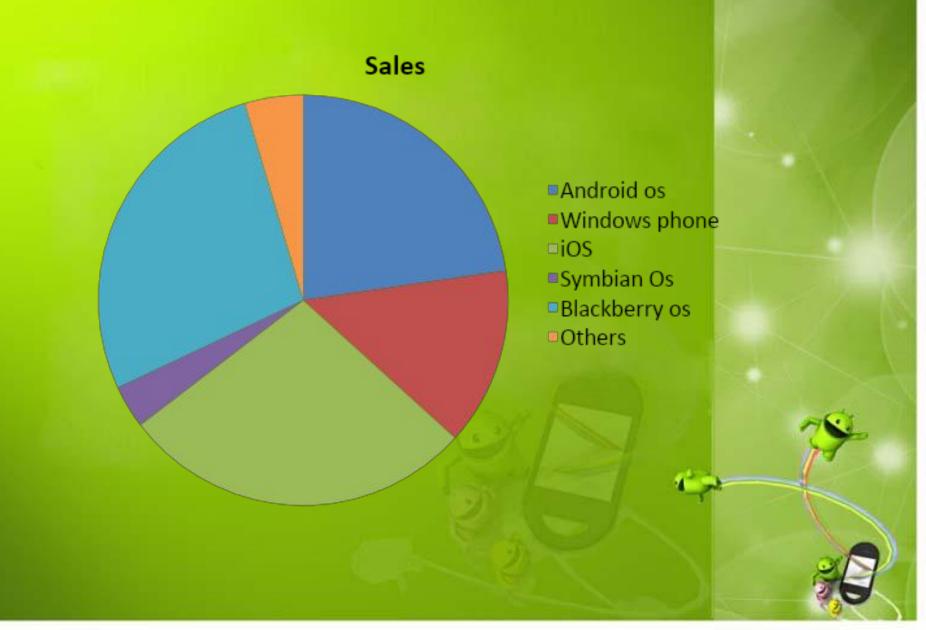
- Other then Android there are several other mobile operating system which is used.
- ☐ Symbian, iOS, windows this are one of the most used mobile operating systems.





## **SALES COMPARISON OF OS:-**



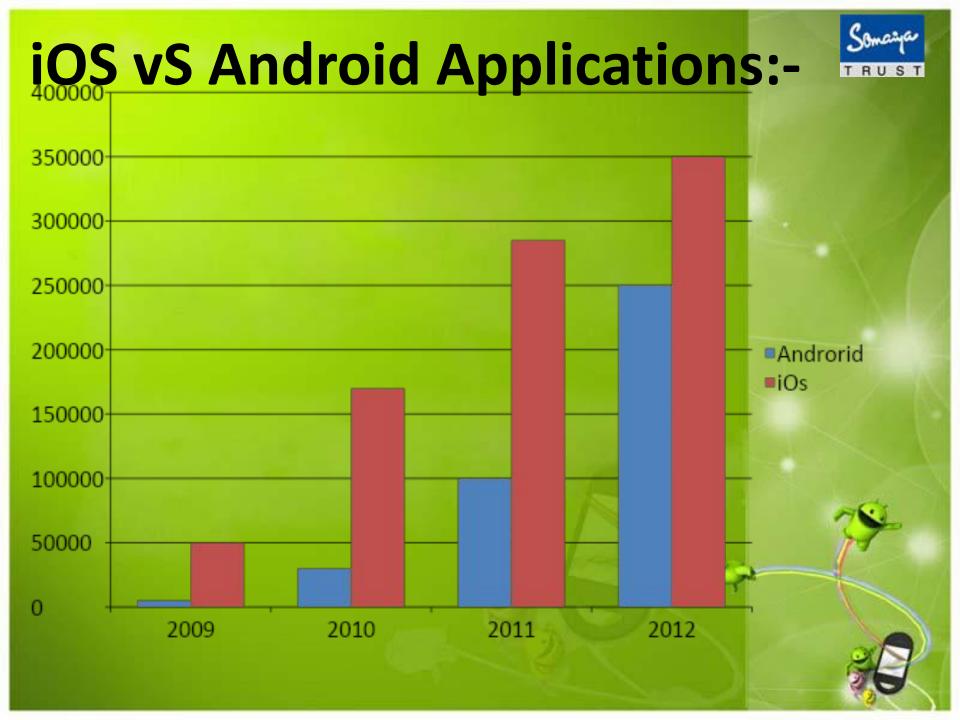






FEATURE	ANDROID	iOS
Ease of use		É
Voice to text		
Gaming		Ć
Customizable	·	
Music Player		Ć
Notification system	·	
Google voice		





# **VERSIONS OF ANDROID**

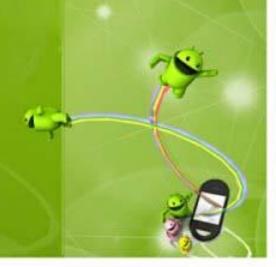


#### Android Beta

- First Version of Android.
- ✓ The focus of Android beta is testing incorporating usability.
- Android beta will generally have many more problems on speed and performance.

#### Android Astro 1.0

- First full version of android.
- ✓ Released on September 23, 2008.
- ✓ Wi-Fi and Bluetooth support.
- Quite slow in operating.
- copy and paste feature in the web browser is not present.



#### Android Cupcake 1.5

- ✓ Released on April 30, 2009.
- Added auto-rotation option.
- Copy and Paste feature added in the web browser.
- ✓ Increased speed and performance but not upto required level.



#### Android Donut 1.6

- ✓ Released on September 15, 2009.
- ✓ Voice search and Search box were added.
- ✓ Faster OS boot times and fast web browsing experience.
- ✓ Typing is quite slower.

#### ☐ Android Éclair 2.0/2.1

- ✓ Released on October 26, 2009.
- ✔ Bluetooth 2.1 support.
- Improved typing speed on virtual keyboard, with smarter dictionary.
- no Adobe flash media support.







#### □ Android Froyo 2.2

- ✓ Released on May 20, 2010.
- ✓ Support for Adobe Flash 10.1
- ✓ Improved Application launcher with better browser
- ✓ No internet calling.

#### Android Gingerbread 2.3

- ✓ Released on December 6, 2010.
- Updated User Interface with high efficiency and speed
- ✓ Internet calling
- ✓ One touch word selection and copy/paste.
- ✓ New keyboard for faster word input.
- More successful version of Android than previous versions.
- ✓ not supports multi-core processors.

#### Android Honeycomb 3.0

- ✓ Released on February 22, 2011.
- Support for multi-core processors
- Ability to encrypt all user data.
- This version of android is only available for tablets.











#### Android IceCreamSandwich(ICS) 4.0

- Released on November 14, 2011.
- ✓ Virtual button in the UI.
- ✓ A new typeface family for the UI, Roboto.
- Ability to shut down apps that are using data in the background.



#### Android JellyBean 4.1

- ✓ Released on June 27, 2012.
- ✓ Latest version of Android.
- ✓ Smoother user interface.





# LIMITATIONS:-

- Making source code available to everyone inevitably invites the attention of hackers.
- Android operating system uses more amount of battery as compared to normal mobile phones.
- As there are so many user sometimes it becomes difficult to connect all the users.
- As we call Android is world of applications we continuously need to connected with the internet which is not possible for all the users.

# CONCLUSION AND FUTURE SCOPE:-

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- Android is now stepping up in next level of mobile internet.
- There are chances of Android Mobile sales becomes more then iPhone in next two years.
- Google may launch another version of android that starts K because Google is launching all the android versions in the alphabetical order.
- There are chances of Android may become the widely used operating system in world.



# ANY QUESTIONS:PLEASE GO TO WWW.GOOGLE.COM