Meeting III: Recursion + tuples, lists, dictionaries

15.06.2017

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Structure

Key points of the Meeting III: English meeting

- Quick recap of Meeting II
- Recursion
- Tuples
- Lists
- Dictionaries
- Meeting V = Midterm!
- Meeting III 10 Words
- Office Hours II this time collective struggle
- Preparation for Midterm!

Recap of Meeting I & Meeting II

- Variables
- Types of variables
- For loops
- While loops
- Conditional statements

- Functions
- Functions: Definitions
- Methods
- Bisection search

Declarative and Imperative knowledge!

Breakthrough example

Recursion

Recursion is a way of programming or coding a problem, in which a function calls itself one or more times in its body.

Recursion: finding factorial

```
def iterative_factorial(n):
    result = 1
                                                            Iteration
    for i in range (2, n+1):
         result *= i
    return result
             VS
def recursive_factorial(n):
    if n == 1:
                                                           Recursion
         return 1
     else:
```

return n*recursive_factorial(n-1)

Recursion

A recursive function has to terminate to be used in a program. A recursive function terminates, if with every recursive call the solution of the problem is downsized and moves towards a base case. A base case is a case, where the problem can be solved without further recursion. A recursion can lead to an infinite loop, if the base case is not met in the calls.

Tuples, lists, dictionaries/dicts

Tuple: ()

ninjaTurtlesTuple = ('Michelangelo', 'Leonardo', 'Donatello', 'Rafael')

- Empty tuple: ()
- Important property: It is ordered
- Can index: ninjaTurtlesTuple [1] = 'Leonardo'
- Immutable (we can't add 'Splinter' and we can't change 'Rafael' to 'Shrek')
- Mix of element types, it could be:

ninjaTurtlesTuple = ('Michelangelo', 'Leonardo', 'Donatello', 'Rafael', 3, 4.5)

• Funky stuff: ninjaTurtlesTuple[1:2] = ('Leonardo',)

List: []

ninjaTurtlesList = ['Michelangelo', 'Leonardo', 'Donatello', 'Rafael']

- Empty list: []
- Ordered
- Can index: ninjaTurtlesList[1] = 'Leonardo'
- Mutable! We CAN add 'Splinter'! We CAN change elements!
- Mix of element types, it could be:

ninjaTurtlesList = ['Michelangelo', 'Leonardo', 'Donatello', 'Rafael', 3, 2.66]

No funky stuff: ninjaTurtlesList[1:2] = ['Leonardo']

Useful remarks

Dictionary: {}

```
ninjaTurtlesDict = ['Michelangelo' : 'Leader', 'Leonardo' : 'Sniper', 'Donatello' : 'Explosives', 'Rafael' : 'Medic']
```

- Empty dictionary: {}
- There is a key
- 'Michelangelo' key0, 'leader' val0
- Mutable! We CAN add 'Splinter': 'Chief'!

ninjaTurtlesDict['Splinter'] = 'Chief'

• Quickly check:

In: 'Givi' in uselessSeparatistsDict

Out: False

(!!!!!!!!!!!HILARIOUS, 26.01.2017!!!!!!!!!)

HILARIOUS!!! In January it was:

...and in 1 week it became! :-D

• Quickly check: In: 'Givi' in uselessSeparatistsDict (!!!!!!!!!!!!HILARIOUS, 26.01.2017!!!!!!!!) Out: False

Meeting III: 10 words

Key points of the second meeting

- Quotes лапки
- Curly braces фігурні скобки
- Square brackets квадратні скобки
- Alias «псевдонім» (дзеркало)
- Tuple кортеж
- To append приєднати
- To extend продовжити
- To split розділити, розколювати
- Pointer вказівник
- Tutor репетитор

Homework till Meeting IV (09/02/17)

Homework for the following week

- PSet2 for "less comfortable" + listen Lecture 5 & Lecture 6
- Pset3 for "more comfortable"
- Create GitHub account for "more comfortable"
- START YOUR PREPARATION FOR MIDTERM!!! ©

Midterm: 29.06.2017

Key points:

You can use laptop

You can google. But everything can be solved just by your memory.

Don't be afraid – minor mistakes will not count

Office Hours II

America House, Saturday, 17/06/2017, 10:00 − 14:00...but w/o me ⊙

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Don't forget Passport/Driving License!

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Thank you!