BUILDING OF TOTALITARIAN STATE. UKRAINE FROM 1920TH TO 1945

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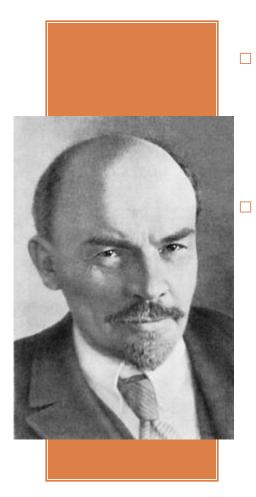
Totalitarianism

- "Closed and immovable socio-political structure where every process – from upbringing children to the manufacture and distribution of consumer goods are regulated and controlled from one center"
- Latin word "totalis" universal, general

Totalitarianism

- Benito Mussolini: "As more complicated becomes state as more the freedom of person has been limited"
 FEATURES OF TOTALIT. STATE:
 - ? Government totally controlling all spheres of life and every man personally
 - ? <u>State</u> looks like <u>machine were people are little and not</u> <u>important details</u> which can be changed every moment if necessary"

Bolsheviks ("the majority")



- The Bolsheviks came to power in Russia during the October Revolution phase of the Russian Revolution of 1917 under the direction of Vladimir Ilyich
 - Lenin

Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR)

- a single-party state
 ruled by the
 Communist Party
- In December 1922 the Bolsheviks won the Civil war, and the Soviet Union was formed



Vladimir Lenin addressing a crowd in 1920



Joseph Vissarionovich Stalin - held the position of General Secretary of the **Communist Party of** the Soviet Union's Central Committee from **1922** until his death in 1953



Two big programs of how to change the society

INDUSTRIALIZATION

COLLECTIVIZATION





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INDUSTRIALIZATION (economy)

- All plants and factories were nationalized government became the one owner of all industry (it was proclaimed that all people are the masters of industry)
- Private property was prohibited and abolished
- Maine role played heavy industry, mostly military manufacture (because totalitarian state firstly is a military state)

COLLECTIVIZATION (the agroindustrial complex)

- Private property was also destructed
- Lands which was taken from its owners were putting at the sphere of collectivization (unions were made)
- So all territories belong to everyone and nobody at the same time
- Peasants had to give their cattle, agricultural equipment in to common use

Agitation to join collective farms (kolkhoz)









Starvation

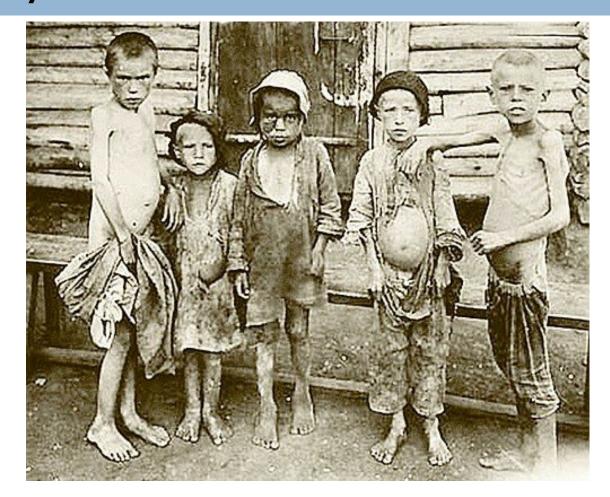
1921-1922

1932-1933

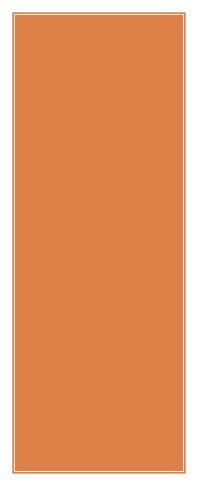
reasons:

- Natural drought
- Political:
 - ? To clean the territory from indignant, not satisfied by Bolsheviks` power, peasants

Only in 1921-1922 **8 million** of lives was taken by starvation





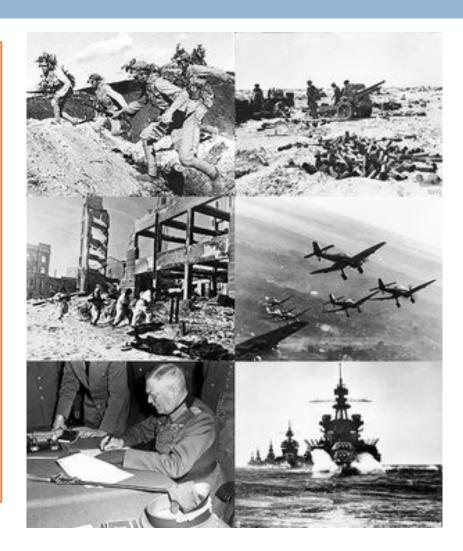


Stalin: We will be victorious over drought



SECOND WORLD WAR

- 1 September 1939 –
- 2 September 1945
- (6 years, 1 day)



- The start of the war 1 September 1939, German invasion of Poland;
- Britain and France declared war on Germany two days later

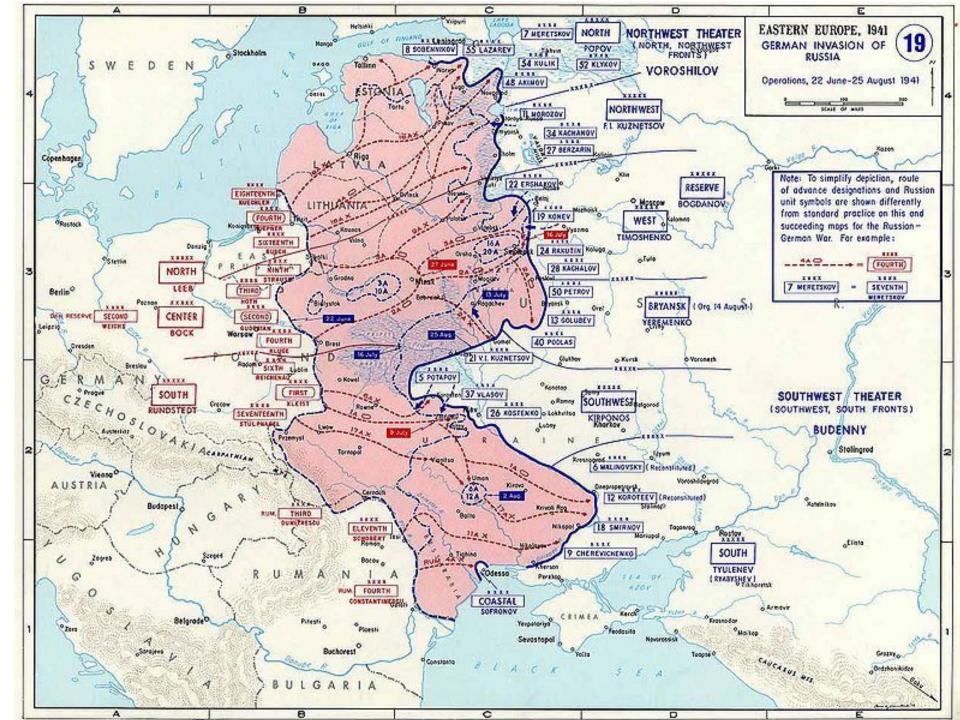
Molotov-Ribbentrop Pact

23 August 1939

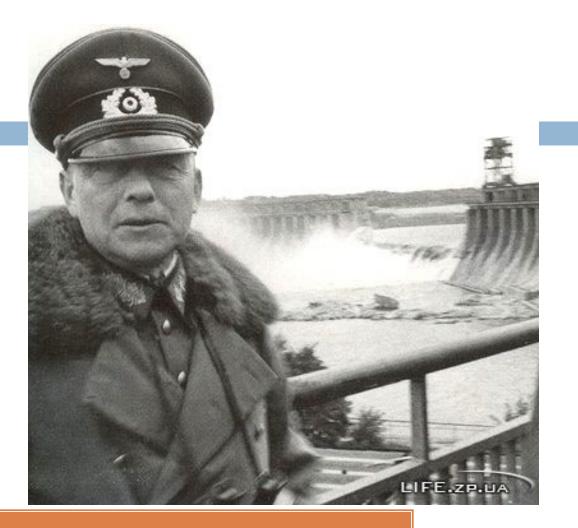
 named after the Soviet foreign minister V.
 Molotov and the German foreign minister
 J. von Ribbentrop, was an agreement officially titled the Treaty of
 Non-Aggression between Germany and the Soviet Union



- On June 22, 1941 Germany and its allied powers invaded the Soviet Union.
- Red Army suffered great losses and the soldiers often found themselves surrounded
- By the end of September, the Red Army left
 Odessa, and in the middle of October the battles
 were expanded near Kharkiv and Donbas



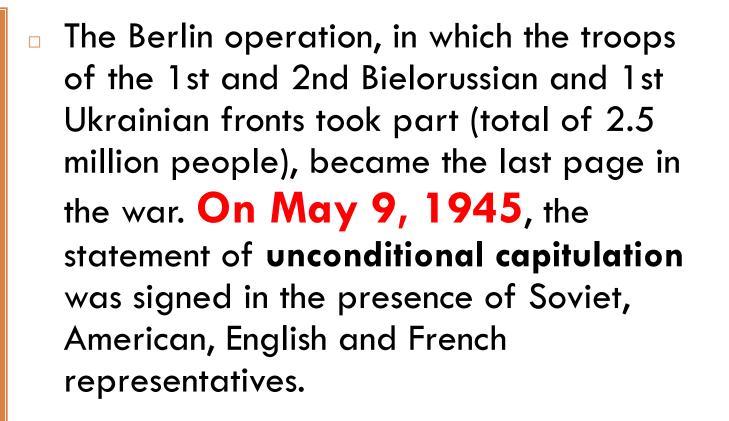
- To the December,1 1941 main part of Ukrainian lands were occupied by fascist army
- Since November 1942 turning point of the war.
 Soviet Army passed to the full-scale offensive



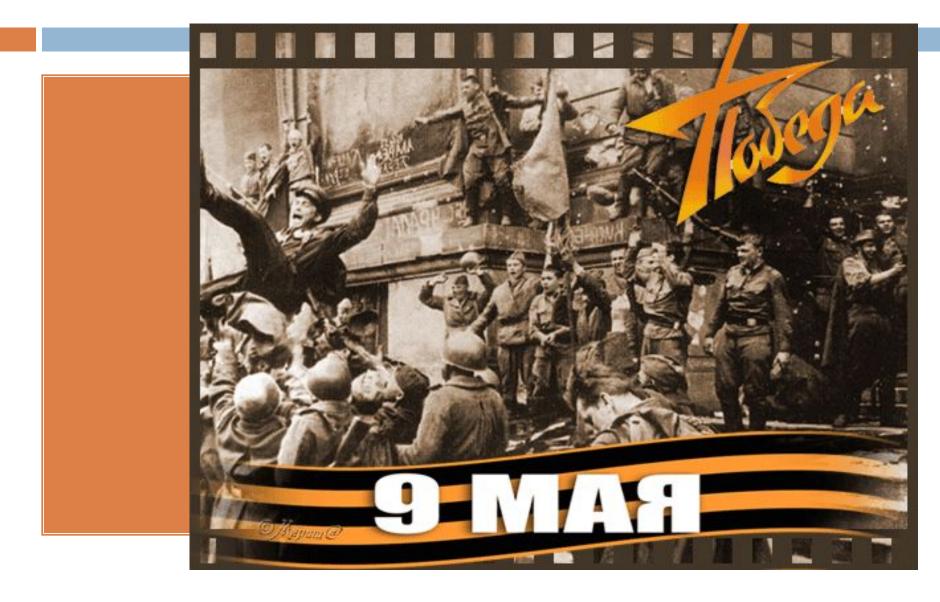
German general in Zaporozhe near DniproHES



October, 14-15, 1943 – liberation Zaporozhe □ In October 1944, the entire Ukrainian territory was free from enemy forces

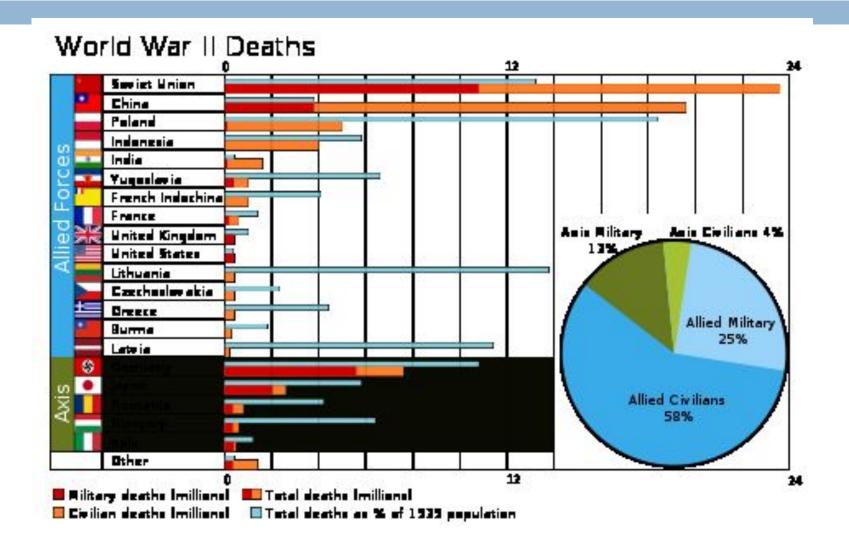


VICTORY DAY – MAY, 9 1945



- The results of the war and the postwar world order were determined by mutual actions of the countries of the anti-Hitler coalition (first of which were the **Teheran** and **Crimean conferences**).
- The conference in San Francisco in June 1945, founded the United Nations organization. Ukraine and Bielorussia, the union of republics of the USSR which had made a recognizable contribution to the defeat of nazism, were among the founding nations of the UN organization.

World War II deaths



THANK YOU!

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