

National Flag of the Republic of Kazakhstan



- The national flag of the Republic of Kazakhstan was adopted on June 4, 1992.
- The author of the flag is Shaken Nyazbekov.
- The sun is the symbol of peace.
- You can see the Eagle the symbol of freedom under the sun.
- There is a traditional Kazakh ornament on the left.
- The color of the flag is blue and yellow.

The Author of the National Flag



National Emblem of the Republic of Kazakhstan





- The coat of arms of the Republic of Kazakhstan was adopted on June 4, 1992.
- The authors of the emblem are Zhandarbek Melibekov and
 - Shot-Aman Ualikhanov.
- Its 2 beams lying across symbolize the 4 parts of the world.

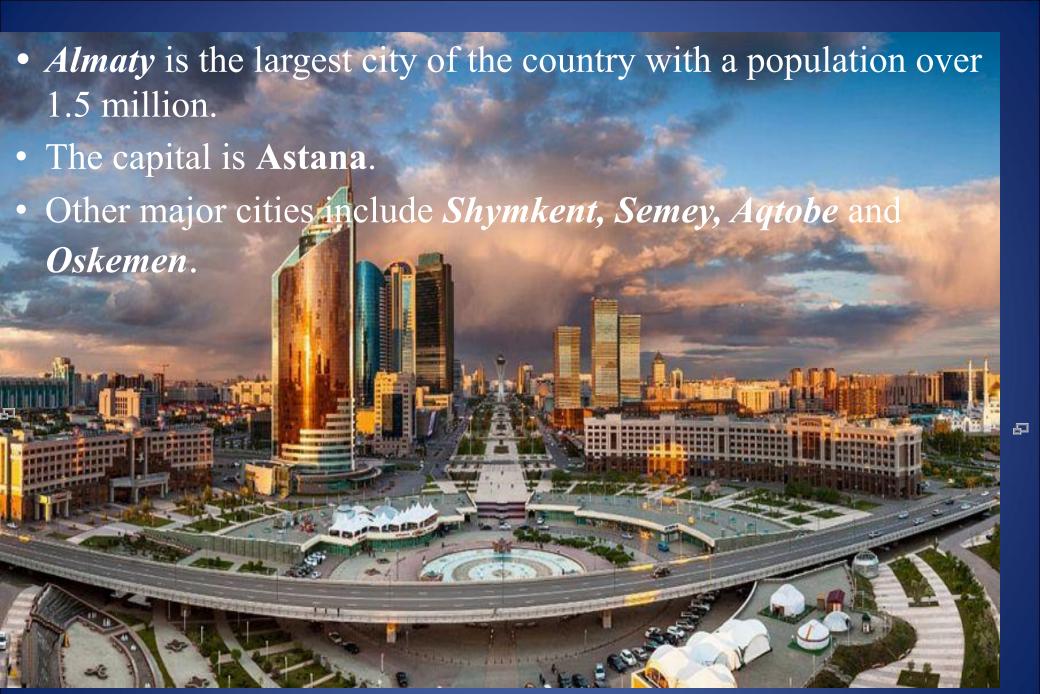
National Anthem of the Republic of Kazakhstan

- *The anthem of RK* was adopted on January 7, 2006.
- It is based on a homonymous song written in 1956, with <u>music</u> b *Shamshi Kaldayakov* and <u>lyrics</u> by **Jumeken Najimedenov**.
- The original lyrics were modified by *Nursultan Nazarbaev*.

Geography of Kazakhstan



Republic of Kazakhstan
is in the centre of Eurasian
continent. It borders on
Russia in the north, China
in the east, Kyrgyzstan,
Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan
in the south and the
Caspian Sea in the west.





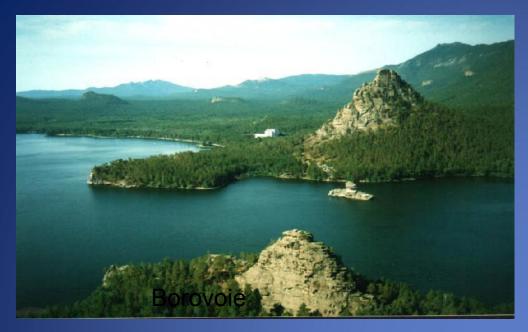
RK consists of 14 regions, 84 towns, 2 cities of republican importance — Astana and Almaty, 160 districts, 155 settlements and 7200 villages



- The population of RK is over
 17.2 million people.
- Over **100 nationalities** and **ethnic groups** live in Kazakhstan.

The official language is **Kazakh.**

Population pyramid, 2005





• Khan - Tengri

Main rivers are the Ertis, the Syrdaria, the Tobil, the Ili, the Ural, the Ishim.

There are 2 seas - the Caspian and the Aral.

Lakes are **Balkash**, **Alakol**, **Tengiz**, **Zaisan** and others.

The famous mountains are:

Tien-Shan, Tarbagatai and
Altai.

The highest peak is **Khan-Tengri**. Its height is 6996 meters

• Kazakhstan is rich in mineral resources such as copper, gold, iron, lead, nickel, silver, tin, uranium and zinc with deposits of oil and natural gas.



Traditional food in Kazakhstan



Traditions and customs

Besik Toi



Tusau Kesu



Saukele kigizy

☐ Saukele kigizy For this event the matchmakers would be invited to the new yurt. The bride's mother would put a saukele on her daughter. A saukele was an old fashioned headdress for a bride. Upon seeing the saukele for the first time, the mother-in law would give her a present called "korimdik." In this saukele the bride looked like a princess; and the entire wedding suit is beautiful.



Decorations







National clothes







National clothes of Kazakh women

National clothes of Kazakh men

I love my native town very much because it is fine and majestic. I'm proud of my city and I'm glad that I live here.

Thank you for your attention!