### **ARCH and GARCH**

**Modeling Volatility Dynamics** 

## **Modeling Unequal Variability**

- Equal Variability: Homoscedasticity
- Unequal Variability: Heteroscedasticity
  - Means any variability (around the mean) that is not homoscedasticity
  - Models must be developed for specific cases

# What These Acronym Mean?

- ARCH
  - Autoregressive Conditional Heteroscedasticity
- GARCH
  - Generalized ARCH

### Information in e<sup>2</sup>

- Let  $\varepsilon_{t}$  have the mean 0 and the variance  $\sigma_{t}$ .
- Let e<sub>t</sub> be the residual of a model fitted.
- Then:
  - $-e_t$  estimates  $\varepsilon_t$
  - $-e_t^2$  estimates the variance  $\sigma_t^2$ .

# ARCH Modeling of $\sigma_t^2$ .

ARCH(1)

$$\sigma_t^2 = \varpi + \alpha \varepsilon_{(t-1)}^2$$

• ARCH as AR(1) on  $\varepsilon_t^2 = \sigma_t^2 + v_t$ 

$$\varepsilon_t^2 = \boldsymbol{\omega} + \alpha \varepsilon_{(t-1)}^2 + \boldsymbol{v}_t$$

#### **GARCH**

GARCH(1)

$$\sigma_t^2 = \varpi + \alpha \varepsilon_{(t-1)}^2 + \beta \sigma_{(t-1)}^2$$

• GARCH (1) as ARMA(1,1) on  $\varepsilon_t^2 = \sigma_t^2 + v_t$ 

$$\varepsilon_t^2 = \varpi + (\alpha + \beta)\varepsilon_{(t-1)}^2 + \nu_t - \beta\nu_{(t-1)}$$

## **Asymmetry in GARCH - TARCH**

• TARCH(1,1)

$$\sigma_t^2 = \omega + \alpha \varepsilon_{t-1}^2 + \gamma d \varepsilon_{t-1s}^2 + \beta \sigma_{t-1}^2$$

$$d = 1$$
 if  $\varepsilon_{t} < 0$ , and  $= 0$  if  $\varepsilon_{t} \ge 0$ 

### **Asymmetry in GARCH - EGARCH**

• EGARCH(1,1)

$$\left| \frac{\log(\sigma_{t}^{2})}{\prod_{\sigma_{t}^{2}>0}} \right| = \omega + \beta \log \sigma_{t-1}^{2} + \alpha \left| \frac{\varepsilon_{t-1}}{\sigma_{t-1}} \right| + \gamma \frac{\varepsilon_{t-1}}{\sigma_{t-1}}$$

 $\gamma \neq 0$  for asymmetric effect

### **Eviews Command**

ARCH(p, q) series\_name c